

# Housing Element

### OCTOBER 2021 – 2029

September 2021 HCD Submittal Draft Redline Version\*

\*You will see some blank pages throughout due to formatting needed for the "clean" version. As well, you will see old graphics with a red line through them to denote deletion and new graphics underlined in blue as replacements. Please refer to the clean version available at pictureculvercity.com/draft-housing-element to ensure you are referring to the correct information. The Table of Contents numeration refers to the clean version pagination.

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# INTRODUCTION

Incorporated in 1917, Culver City is centrally located between Venice Beach and Marina Del Rey to the west and downtown Los Angeles. Culver City is a community of just under 40,000 residents and measures approximately five square miles in area. According to the City's 2019-2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Culver City's top employers include Sony Pictures Entertainment, the Westfield Shopping Mall, Southern California Hospital at Culver City, Culver City Unified School District, City of Culver City, Target, and West Los Angeles College. Once their development projects are complete, Apple, Amazon Studios, and HBO will likely join that list.

Today, Culver City is a destination filled with outdoor cafes, unique shops and galleries opening onto pedestrianfriendly boulevards, nationally-recognized historic buildings, media facilities, creative offices, transit-oriented development, and the Hayden Tract, which serves as a creative industries hub. Throughout its history, Culver City has maintained a small-town atmosphere for its community members, preserved single- and two-family neighborhoods, and nurtured medium-density multiple-family apartments and condominiums.

# I. PURPOSE OF THE HOUSING ELEMENT

The Housing Element's purpose is to identify the City's housing needs and outline goals, policies, and programs to address them. The Housing Element is an eight-year plan, extending from October 15, 2021, through October 15, 2029. The Housing Element will primarily address these issues: 1) preserving and improving the existing housing stock, 2) providing housing for special needs populations, 3) supplying enough new housing to meet the City's fair share of the region's need, and 4) affirmatively furthering fair housing.

# II. OVERVIEW

State law requires that jurisdiction's prepare a Housing Element as part of its General Plan, which the State also requires (Government Code §65302(c)). Since a General Plan serves as a jurisdiction's blueprint for future development and growth, the Housing Element plays a critical role in the overall Plan. A Housing Element is the primary planning guide for local jurisdictions to identify and prioritize the housing needs of the City and determine ways to best meet these needs while balancing community objectives and resources.

The 2021-2029 Housing Element has five chapters: 1) Introduction, 2) Housing Needs Assessment, 3) Resources and Opportunities, 4) Constraints, 5) Housing Plan, and Appendices. Appendix A evaluates the 2013-2021 Housing Element and Appendix B contains background information on the City's inventory of sites for housing development. Appendix C identifies affordable housing units that are at risk of converting to market rate during the next ten years and outlines potential resources and methods that could be used to preserve their affordability. Appendix D summarizes the public participation program and Appendix E lists the Acronyms used throughout the Housing Element.

Importantly, the Housing Element quantifies how many new housing units the city needs to accommodate growth in the region as part of the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA). The State and Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) (our metropolitan planning organization) carry out this process, and allocates to each jurisdiction a share of California's new housing need based on the community's demographic trends, proximity to transit and employment, and other characteristics. As part of the Housing Element, the City must identify adequate land with appropriate zoning and development standards to accommodate the City's RHNA allocation.

When preparing the Housing Element, jurisdictions must consider California Department of Housing and Community Development's Guidelines (Government Code §65585). Jurisdictions must periodically review the Housing Element to evaluate (1) the appropriateness of its goals, objectives and policies in meeting the state's housing goals, (2) its effectiveness in attaining the City's housing goals and objectives and (3) the progress of its implementation (Government Code §65588).

# III. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The 2021-2029 Housing Element update (6<sup>th</sup> cycle) is being prepared as part of the comprehensive update to the Culver City 2045 General Plan. Outreach and public participation materials are available on the dedicated website: <u>www.pictureculvercity.com</u>, which will be summarized in Appendix D. Throughout the General Plan update process, numerous opportunities were afforded the public to discuss housing-related issues. These included:

- Interactive Project Website
- Educational Forum Video Series that includes a video on existing housing conditions and a related microsurvey (<u>https://www.pictureculvercity.com/latest-news/ecr-housing</u>)
- Online public input for the draft Housing Element (https://www.pictureculvercity.com/housing-element)
- Stakeholder and Community Leader Meetings
- General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) Meetings
- Housing Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meetings
- Advisory Committee on Housing and Homelessness Meeting
- Community Workshops + Festivals
- Pop-Up Workshops + Community Events
- Online Engagement + Surveys

Key public participation events and comments received related to the Housing Element are summarized in Appendix D.

# IV. HOUSING ELEMENT REQUIREMENTS

All Housing Elements must comply with several State laws. The preparation of the Housing Element is guided by California *Government Code*, Article 10.6. The law governing the contents of Housing Elements is among the most detailed of all elements of the General Plan. According to Section 65583 of the Government Code:

The Housing Element shall consist of an identification and analysis of existing and projected housing needs and a statement of goals, policies, quantified objectives, financial resources, and scheduled programs for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing. The Housing Element shall identify adequate sites for housing, including rental housing, factory-built housing, mobile homes, and emergency shelters, and shall make adequate provision for the existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community.

# V. CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER ELEMENTS OF THE GENERAL PLAN

This Housing Element relies on the Preferred Land Use Map of the General Plan update to provide adequate sites for RHNA. As portions of the General Plan are amended in the future, the General Plan (including the Housing Element) will be reviewed to ensure internal consistency is maintained.

Senate Bill (SB) 1087 of 2005 (Government Code §65589.7) requires cities to provide a copy of the adopted Housing Element to local water and sewer providers, and also requires that these agencies provide priority hookups for developments with lower-income housing. The Housing Element will be provided to these agencies immediately upon adoption.

# VI. CITY COUNCIL GUIDING PRINCIPLES

On April 12, 2021, the City of Culver City City Council adopted a set of Housing Element Guiding Principles, with the intention to aim higher than the State requirements and guidelines, to inform the adoption and implementation of this Housing Element. Resolution No. 2021-R034 established these Guiding Principles and is included in Appendix D. This draft Housing Element is informed by the Guiding Principles and has been revised based on public comment received as of this drafting related to the Principles.

# HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

This chapter examines the City's general population and household characteristics and trends, such as age, employment, household composition and size, household income, and special needs. Characteristics of the existing housing stock (e.g., number of units and type, tenure, age and condition, and costs) are also addressed. Finally, the City's projected housing growth needs based on the 2021 RHNA are examined. The Housing Needs Assessment uses the most recent data from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS), data compiled by SCAG, Department of Finance (DOF) Housing and Population data, and other sources such as the Westside Regional Center (WRC) which serves persons with developmental disabilities.

Many of the data sets in this chapter rely on ACS rather than Decennial Census data. Most data produced from the Decennial Census result from a "short form" questionnaire mailed to all known residential addresses. The short form asks for limited information. Most of the data needed to provide a profile of the City's characteristics are found in the ACS which is released annually. The data are extrapolated from a "long form" questionnaire which is mailed out to a random cross-section of the population. It provides a more detailed picture of the City's population, housing, income, economic, and employment characteristics. This detailed information cannot always be found in the Decennial Census data sets.

# I. POPULATION TRENDS & CHARACTERISTICS

### 1. GROWTH TRENDS

Following its incorporation in 1917, Culver City's population grew rapidly. Culver City had its most dramatic population increase in the decade after it incorporated when the City's population grew from 503 to 5,669 (1,027% increase). The following decades saw continued rapid population growth and the City's population was about 32,000 in 1960. However, the population growth rate began declining after 1960. Between 1970 and 1980, the population growth rate decreased to 7.1% and has remained below 2% since the 1990s. The DOF estimates that as of April 2020, Culver City's population was 39,075, representing a 0.7% growth since 2000 (see Table 1). This trend contrasts with other Westside cities and Los Angeles County, which grew by 5.0% and 6.9% between 2000 and 2020, respectively. As an essentially built-out community, there have been few opportunities for growth during the last 30 years, except through redevelopment and urban infill.

	Po	opulation by Y	'ear	% Change			
Jurisdiction	2000	2010	2020	2000-2010	2010-2020	2000- 2020	
Culver City	38,816	38,883	39,075	0.2	0.5	0.7	
Westside Cities*	192,400	197,127	202,040	2.5	2.5	5.0	
Los Angeles County	9,519,338	9,818,605	10,172,951	3.1	3.6	6.9	

#### TABLE 1. POPULATION TRENDS IN CULVER CITY, WESTSIDE CITIES, AND LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Sources: BOC, 2000 & 2010 Census; DOF, Table E-1, 2020

\*Note: Westside Cities includes Culver City, Santa Monica, Beverly Hills, and West Hollywood.

<u>Table 2</u> shows population, household, and employment projections for Culver City for the years 2020, 2035, and 2045 based on data compiled and analyzed by SCAG using 2016 as the base year for the projections. According to SCAG, the City's estimated population in 2020 would be 40,257, which is slightly higher than HCD's certified 2020 estimates shown in Table 2. The population's growth rate is expected to increase over the next 25 years to 3.3%. With a low expected population growth rate, the number of households is also not expected to increase by a significant amount (868 households, or 5.1%). However, the projected increase in new jobs over the same period is 3,759 jobs or 6.2%.

Jurisdiction	2020	2035	2045	Growth (%) 2020-2045
Population	40,257	41,011	41,573	3.3
Households	17,146	17,675	18,014	5.1
Employment	60,312	62,303	64,071	6.2

#### TABLE 2: CULVER CITY PROJECTED POPULATION, HOUSEHOLD, AND EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

Source: SCAG, 2020 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Data/Map Book, 2017.

However, 2045 General Plan reexamines the City's land use distribution and intensity of uses. The Preferred Land Use Map provides increased opportunities for residential growth – estimated 11,500 net new units (about 67% increase) between 2019 baseline and planning horizon of the General Plan by 2045.

#### 2. AGE COMPOSITION

The age characteristics of residents partially influence Culver City's housing needs. Persons of different ages often have different lifestyles, family structures, and income levels that affect their housing preferences and ability to afford housing. Typically, young adult households may occupy apartments, condominiums, and smaller single-family homes because of size and affordability. Middle-age adults, those between the ages of 45 and 64, may prefer larger homes as they begin to raise their families. In contrast, seniors (aged 65 and older) may prefer apartments, condominiums, mobile homes, or smaller single-family homes that have lower costs and less extensive maintenance needs. Moreover, housing needs also change over time as people age. As a result, evaluating changes in the age groups in a community can provide insight into changing housing needs in Culver City.

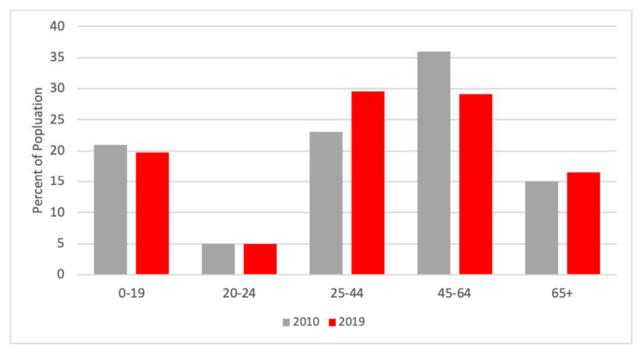
Table 3Table 3Table 3 shows that the median age of residents in Culver City increased notably from 40.5 to 42.3 from 2010 to 2019. While the median age of Los Angeles County residents is significantly lower than Culver City, it has also increased over the same period. The City's population between the ages of 25 and 44 is the fastest-growing age group, having increased by 28% from 2010 to 2019. In contrast, the population of middle-age adults decreased significantly by 18% while the senior population (age 65 and older) increased by 12%. Table 3Table 3 shows the changes in the population shares by age and that the share of adults increased most notably, and the share of middle-age adults decreased. These changes reflect a community that is attracting young adults but not families as the share of children aged 18 and under decreased. In contrast, seniors were the fastest growing population group in the County and there was a very slight decrease in the young adult population County-wide.

	2010 Estimates			2019 Estimates			2010-2019 <u>% Change</u>	
Age	#	%	LA County <u>%</u>	#	%	LA County <u>%</u>	<u>Culver</u> <u>City</u>	<u>LA</u> <u>County</u>
0-19 (children)	8,023	21	<u>28</u>	7,745	20	<u>25</u>	-3.5	<u>-13.1</u>
20-24 (college)	2,000	5	8	1,936	5	<u>7</u>	-3.2	-5.3
25-44 (adults)	9,056	23	<u>30</u>	11,586	30	<u>30</u>	27.9	<u>-1.3</u>
45-64 (middle age)	13,998	36	<u>24</u>	11,426	29	<u>25</u>	-18.4	<u>6.8</u>
65+ (seniors)	5,806	15	<u>11</u>	6,476	17	<u>13</u>	11.5	26.7
Total	38,883	100	<u>100</u>	39,169	100	100	0.7	<u>3.3</u>
Median Age	40.5	-	34.3	42.3	-	<u>36.5</u>	-	Ξ

#### TABLE 3: CULVER CITY AGE CHARACTERISTICS AND TRENDS

SOURCES: BOC, CENSUS, 2010; 2015-2019 AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY, 5-YEAR ESTIMATES, TABLE S0101

#### FIGURE 1: CULVER CITY POPULATION SHARE BY AGE



Sources: BOC, Census, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S0101

# 3. RACE AND ETHNICITY

Cultural practices sometimes influence housing needs and preferences and the nation's demographics are becoming increasingly diverse by race and ethnicity. Culver City also reflected these trends, with 39% of the population identifying as non-White (Table 4). However, Culver City is <u>somewhat</u> less diverse than Los Angeles County as a whole, where 4<u>9</u>8% of the population is non-White. Further, 24% of Culver City residents identified as Hispanic or Latino, compared with 49% of Los Angeles County residents.

As shown in Table 4, White residents made up the largest racial group in Culver City at 61% in 2019. Asians made up 16% of the population and Black residents comprised 9% of the population. The population of Black residents and residents categorized as "All Others" declined by <u>187</u>% and <u>287</u>%, respectively. <u>Similarly, the population of Black</u> residents and residents categorized as "All Others" declined in the County as a whole (by 4% and 3%, respectively). Meanwhile, the population of Asian residents and residents indicating two or more races increased by <u>12</u>+% and <u>1524</u>%, respectively. <u>Countywide, the population of Asian residents and residents indicated two or more races also increased (by 10% and 30.1%, respectively).</u> The <del>share of the</del> population of Hispanic or Latino origin increased by <u>2</u><sup>3</sup>% between 2010 and 2019. <u>Countywide, the population of Hispanic or Latino origin residents increased by 6%.</u>

#### TABLE 4: CULVER CITY DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN AND TRENDS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Racial and Ethnic	2010			2019			2010-2019 <u>% Change</u>	
Category	#	%	<u>LA County</u> <u>%</u>	#	%	<u>LA County</u> <u>%</u>	Culver City	<u>LA</u> <u>County</u>
Race								
White	23, <mark>450</mark> 03 <u>3</u>	<u>59</u> 6 0	<u>51</u>	23,981	61	<u>51</u>	<del>2.3<u>4.1</u></del>	<u>4.2</u>
Asian	5,7 <u>36</u> 42	15	14	6,396	16	<u>15</u>	11. <u>5</u> 4	<u>9.9</u>
Black or African American	<u>4,173</u> 3,69 4	1 <u>1</u> 0	<u>9</u>	3,429	9	<u>8</u>	- <u>17.8</u> 7.2	<u>-3.8</u>
Two or more races	2, <del>361<u>185</u></del>	6	<u>3</u>	2,707	7	<u>4</u>	<u>23.9</u> 14. <del>7</del>	<u>30.1</u>
All Others <sup>1</sup>	3, <del>636</del> 700	<u>10</u> 9	24	2,656	7	22	-2 <u>8.2</u> 7.0	-3.4
Total	38,8 <mark>83</mark> 27	100	100	39,169	100	100	0. <u>9</u> 7	<u>3.3</u>
Ethnic Identity								
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	9, <del>025<u>118</u></del>	23	<u>47</u>	9,291	24	<u>49</u>	<u>1</u> 2.9	<u>6.3</u>
Not Hispanic or Latino	29, <u>709</u> 85 8	77	<u>53</u>	29,878	76	<u>52</u>	0. <u>6</u> +	<u>0.7</u>
White	18,314	47	<u>28</u>	17,937	46	26	-2.1	-4.7
<u>Asian</u>	<u>5,680</u>	<u>15</u>	14	6,329	16	14	<u>11.4</u>	9.9
Black or African American	4,043	<u>10</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>3,403</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>-15.8</u>	<u>-4.4</u>
All Others <sup>1</sup>	288	1	<u>1</u>	<u>312</u>	1	1	8.3	9.5
Two or more races	<u>1,384</u>	4	<u>2</u>	<u>1,897</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>37.1</u>	<u>38.9</u>

Sources: BOC,-Census, 2010; 2006-2010 & 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table DP05

Note: 1. All Others includes residents that identified as American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and "Some other race."

# II. EMPLOYMENT

Employment is an important factor affecting housing needs within a community. The jobs available in each employment sector and the wages for these jobs affect the type and size of housing residents can afford.

### 1. CURRENT EMPLOYMENT

Current employment has a significant influence on the housing needs of the City's residents. Factors which may influence housing needs include the income earned for various jobs, where jobs are located, and whether employees are able to afford to live within a reasonable distance of their workplace. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, the City had an employed population (or workforce) of 22,132 persons. Four of the top five industries in Culver City match those in the County, except that for the City, information is the top sector, with 19% of the job share. Four of the top five industries in Culver City match those in the County, except that for these in the County, except that for the City, information is the top sector, with 19% of the job share.

Table 5 shows that the two industries with the largest number of employed Culver City residents were educational services and health care and social assistance (23% of total) and professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services (21% of total).

While the majority of Culver City's employed residents (54%) are employed in the top three industries, the jobs available within Culver City are more evenly spread out among industries (Table 5). Educational services, healthcare, and social

service jobs constitute only 15% of the jobs in Culver City (compared to 23% of the workforce). Most notably, the largest job sector in Culver City is information (19% of total jobs), but only 9% of the City's population work in this industry. The top city employers are also generally consistent with the most prevalent industries within Culver City: Sony (Arts and Entertainment), Culver City Unified School District and West LA College (Education), Southern California Hospital at Culver City (Healthcare services), and Westfield Shopping Mall (Retail).

Culver City's employment industry patterns are similar to those in Los Angeles County. Four of the top five industries in Culver City match those in the County, except that for the City, Information is the top sector, with 19% of the job share.

### TABLE 5: EMPLOYMENT BY SECTOR IN CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY

Sector	Culver C	ity (%)	LA County (%)	
	Workforce <sup>1</sup>	Jobs <sup>2</sup>	Jobs <sup>3</sup>	
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	23	15	18	
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	21	18	16	
Information	9	19	7	
Service-related				
Arts, entertainment, recreation, and accommodation/food services	10	11	14	
Retail trade	7	12	11	
Other services, except public administration	4	5	4	
Technical skilled and unskilled				
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	9	4	6	
Manufacturing	6	6	9	
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	3	2	5	
Construction	2	4	3	
Public administration	3	2	N/A	
Wholesale trade	2	2	7	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	0.2	0.3	0.12	
Total	22,132	49,935	3,871,716	

Sources: 1. BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S2405; 2. Census Transportation Planning Products 2012-2016; 3. Los Angeles County Business Patterns, 2016

# 2. JOBS-HOUSING BALANCE

A regional balance of jobs-to-housing helps to ensure that the demand for housing is reasonably related to supply. When the number of jobs significantly exceeds the housing supply, the rental and for-sale housing markets may become overheated, requiring households to pay a larger share of their income on housing and resulting in overcrowding and longer commutes as workers seek more affordable housing in outlying areas.

Jobs to housing ratios related the spatial match between jobs and housing and are often used as indicators of economic vitality and quality of life. High ratios of more jobs than housing may lead to issues of housing unaffordability and traffic congestion from commutes, as there is not enough housing to accommodate all the workers in the area. However, there is no standard jobs-housing ratio that would be considered optimum. -It is often used as a point of reference compared to regional averages. Table 66Table 6Table 6 shows that the jobs-to-housing ratio in Culver City was 2.8 in 2016. This is much higher than the balance of the County as a whole, which was about 1.3.<sup>1</sup> Based on the SCAG housing and employment growth estimates, the jobs to housing ratio is also predicted to increase over the next 25 years. However, these statistics do not reflect the fact that many people who work in Culver City live in nearby

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SCAG, Profile of Los Angeles County, Local Profiles Report 2019, May 2019. <u>http://www.scag.ca.gov/Documents/LosAngelesCountyLP.pdf</u>

Westside locations and commute relatively short distances to Culver City jobs. This could mean the workforce living nearby could offset the imbalanced jobs-to-housing ratio. However, various studies have found that over 65% of the Westside's workforce commutes from outside the Westside.<sup>2,3</sup> These reports indicate a need for more housing in Culver City and the Westside region. To address the impact of employment-generating development on housing demand, the City has adopted a linkage fee on nonresidential development. This fee will take effect in January 2022.

#### TABLE 66: CULVER CITY JOBS TO HOUSING RATIO

	2016	2020	2035	2045
Total Jobs	49,935	60,312	62,303	64,071
Housing Units	17,528	17,146	17,675	18,014
Jobs to Housing Ratio	2.8	3.5	3.5	3.6

Sources: American Community Survey 2012-2016; Census Transportation Planning Products 2012-2016; 2020 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy Data/Map Book, SCAG 2017.

The General Plan Preferred Land Use Map projects a total of 29,300 (11,500 net new) housing units and 83,000 (23,000 net new) jobs by 2045 – a jobs-to-housing ratio of 2.83. The goal of 2045 General Plan is to facilitate the increase in housing production to reverse the trend of jobs-to-housing imbalance as projected by SCAG.

# III.HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

Household characteristics indicate the type and size of housing needed in a city. The Census defines a "household" as all persons occupying a housing unit, which may include single persons living alone, families related through marriage or blood, or unrelated persons that share a single unit. Persons in group quarters such as dormitories, retirement or convalescent homes, group homes, or other similar living situations are included in population totals, but are not considered households.

### 1. HOUSEHOLD TYPES

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, there were a total of 16,796 households living in Culver City. The city's average household size of 2.31 persons is small compared to the County as a whole (2.99 persons per household). The overall share of household types has shifted little over the past ten years, with family households making up about 57% of the total households and non-family households making up 43% (see <u>Table 7</u>).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Southern California Association of Governments (February 2009). "Westside Cities Workforce Housing Study. "https://www.scag.ca.gov/Documents/WestsideWorkforceHousingStudy\_PPT.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (March 2015). "Subregional Mobility Matrix Westside Cities Final Report." Prepared by Fehr & Peers. <a href="https://media.metro.net/projects\_studies/lrtp/images/report\_mobility\_westside.pdf">https://media.metro.net/projects\_studies/lrtp/images/report\_mobility\_westside.pdf</a>

#### TABLE 7: NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE IN CULVER CITY

Heusehold Ture	20	2010		2019		
Household Type	#	%	#	%	% Change	
All Households	16,779	100	16,796	100	0.1	
Family Households	9,344	56	9,529	57	2.0	
Married-Couple	6,826	41	7,272	43	6.5	
Other Families	2,518	15	2,257	13	-10.4	
Non-Family Households	7,435	44	7,267	43	-2.3	
Single	5,649	34	5,940	35	5.2	
Other Non-Families	1,786	11	1,327	8	-25.7	
Persons Living in group quarters	311		311			
Average Household Size	2.30		2.31			

Sources: BOC, Census, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Tables S2501 and S1101; DOF, Table E-1, 2020

### 2. TENURE

Tenure in the housing industry typically refers to a housing unit's occupancy status – whether the unit is owner- or renteroccupied. Tenure preferences are primarily related to the household's income, composition, and ages of the householders. A household is cost-burdened if it spends more than 30% of its gross income on housing-related expenses, and renters tend to be more cost-burdened than owners. However, the high costs of homeownership in Southern California also result in a housing cost burden for many homeowners. The tenure distribution (owner versus renter) of a community's housing stock influences several aspects of the local housing market. Tenure influences residential mobility, or turnover, as rental units experience a higher turnover rate than owner-occupied units.

Table 8 compares the number of owner- and renter-occupied units in the City to the County in 2000, 2010, and 2019. On average, the homeownership rate in Culver City between 2000 and 2019 was about 6% higher than in the County. The homeownership rate for Culver City and the County declined consistently from 2000 to 2019.

#### TABLE 8: OCCUPIED UNITS BY TENURE IN CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY

	Tenure	2000		201	0	2019		
Jurisdiction		#	%	#	%	#	%	
	Owner	9,034	54	9,111	54	8,768	52	
Culver City	Renter	7,577	46	7,668	46	8,028	48	
	TOTAL	16,611	100	16,779	100	16,796	100	
	Owner	1,499,744	48	1,544,749	48	1,519,516	46	
LA County	Renter	1,634,030	52	1,696,455	52	1,797,279	54	
	TOTAL	3,133,774	100	3,241,204	100	3,316,795	100	

Sources: BOC, Census, 2000, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S2504

# 3. HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Household income is a primary factor affecting housing needs in a community. Except for households that own a home with little or no mortgage, residents' ability to afford housing is directly related to household income.

<u>Table 99Table 9</u> shows median household income in Culver City, LA County, and other Westside cities in 2000, 2010, and 2019. The City's median household income in 2019 (\$95,044) was substantially higher than that reported in LA County (\$68,044), as had been the case in 2010 and 2000. Income growth in Culver City also outpaced growth in LA County from 2010 to 2017. When compared to other cities in the Westside region, Culver City is most similar in median household income to Santa Monica, while the median household income of Beverly Hills is

significantly higher. Although West Hollywood has seen the largest growth in median household income, it still has the lowest median income of the Westside cities.

Jurisdiction	2000 (\$)	2010 (\$)	2019 (\$)	<u>2010-2019</u> <u>(% Change)</u>	
Culver City	52,065	72,199	95,044	<u>32</u>	
LA County	42,030	55,476	68,044	<u>23</u>	
<u>Santa Monica</u>	50,714	<u>68,842</u>	<u>96,570</u>	<u>40</u>	
<u>Beverly Hills</u>	70,945		83,463	106,936	28
<u>West Hollywood</u>	<u>38,914</u>		52,009	74,044	<u>42</u>

#### TABLE 99: MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY

Sources: BOC, Census, 2000, 2010; 2006-2010 & 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S1903

Housing needs and assistance programs are based on income categories established in state and federal law. For the Housing Element, the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) has established five income groups based on area median income (AMI), as shown in Table 10.<sup>4</sup>

#### TABLE 10: HCD INCOME CATEGORIES

Income Category	% of AMI
Extremely Low <sup>1</sup>	Up to 30% of AMI
Very Low <sup>1</sup>	31-50% of AMI
Low <sup>1</sup>	51-80% of AMI
Moderate	81-120%
Above Moderate	Greater than 120% of AMI

Source: California Dept. of Housing and Community Development

Notes: Extremely Low, Very Low and Low categories together are referred to as "Lower Income."

Under state and federal regulations, the AMI refers to the median income for a metropolitan statistical area; in this case, Los Angeles County.<sup>5</sup> The AMI for Los Angeles County, as determined by HCD, was \$77,300 in 2020. According to HCD, county median income must be used to establish income groups for the Housing Element. About 27% of Culver City households are Lower Income (Table 11). 73% of Culver City households were within the moderate/above moderate income categories (greater than 80% AMI), a higher proportion of households compared to the county as a whole (59%).

TABLE 11+1: HOUSEHOLD DISTRIBUT	TION BY INCOME CATEGORY IN	CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY
---------------------------------	----------------------------	---------------------------

Income Category	Income Category (% of AMI)	Culver City (%)	LA County (%)
Extremely Low	up to 30	11.7	20.6
Very Low	31 to 50	4.9	5.5
Low	51 to 80	10.4	15.2
Moderate	81 to 120	15.0	16.1
Above Moderate	>120	58.0	42.6
Total		100	100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> State income definitions are different compared to federal definitions. For federal housing programs, eligibility is established for households with incomes up to only 80% of the AMI. Under the federal definition these households are considered moderate income. For housing plans that are required by federal regulations, such as the Consolidated Plan and Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice, the federal income definitions are used. <sup>5</sup> A metropolitan statistical area refers to a core area with a substantial population and the adjacent communities that are economically and socially connected to that core.

Source: SCAG, RHNA Final Allocation Calculator, March 2021<sup>6</sup>

# IV. HOUSING STOCK CHARACTERISTICS

This section evaluates the characteristics of the community's housing stock, such as the number and type of housing units, recent growth trends, age and condition, tenure, and vacancy, and helps identify and prioritize needs. A housing unit is defined as a house, apartment, mobile home, or group of rooms, occupied as separate living quarters, or if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

### 1. HOUSING TYPE AND GROWTH TRENDS

### HOUSING GROWTH

Between 2000 and 2020, the rate of housing stock growth in Culver City (4.0%) trailed that of the neighboring cities of Santa Monica (10%) and West Hollywood (7.2%) and was comparable to Beverly Hills (3.7%) (see <u>Table 12</u>). Over the last seven years since the 2013-2021 Housing Element was adopted, Culver City added a total of 333 net new housing units to its housing stock, representing a growth rate of 1.9%. Much of the City's residential development <u>activities involve the demolition of existing units and recycling into high density development</u>. This growth rate is consistently lower than those in the neighboring cities of Santa Monica (2.8%) and West Hollywood (4.7%) and LA County (3.7%) from 2013 to 2020. Beverly Hills was the only neighboring city with a rate lower than Culver City (less than 0.1%) from 2013 to 2020.

Jurisdiction		# Units	% Change		
	2000	2013	2020	2013-2020	2000-2020
Culver City	17,130	17,486	17,819	1.9	4.0
Santa Monica	47,863	51,210	52,629	2.8	10.0
Beverly Hills	15,856	16,436	16,443	<0.1	3.7
West Hollywood	24,110	24,698	25,853	4.7	7.2
LA County	3,270,909	3,463,492	3,590,574	3.7	9.8

#### TABLE <u>12</u>+2: WESTSIDE CITIES HOUSING GROWTH

Sources: BOC, Census, 2010; DOF, Table E-1, 2013, 2020

### UNIT TYPE AND SIZE

<u>Table 1313Table 13</u> provides the DOF estimates for housing types for 2013 and 2020. As shown, the proportional breakdown of various housing types within the city has changed very little over the previous planning period, reflecting the city's slow growth rate and limited home construction. In 2020, the city was almost evenly divided between single-family units (48%) and multi-family units (51%). Single-family detached homes and larger multi-family complexes (5+ units) make up most of the city's housing stock at approximately 39% each. Smaller multi-family complexes (with 2-4 units) comprise approximately 12% of the city's units. About 9% of units were reported as single-family attached units (i.e., condominiums or townhomes), while mobile homes comprised the remaining 1%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> SCAG's RHNA methodology does not include the "extremely low" income category defined by HCD as up to 30% AMI. Instead, SCAG combines both the "extremely low" and "very low" income HCD categories into the "very low" income category defined as households below 50% AMI. According to HUD's Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy data, 11.7% of households are extremely low income (less than 30% AMI). However, the precise methodology for developing income distribution by these two sources may be different.

#### TABLE 1313: NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS BY TYPE IN CULVER CITY

Housing Type	2013		2020		2013-2020 Change	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Single-Family Homes	8,507	49	8,564	48	57	0.7
Single-Family Detached	6,920	40	6,963	39	43	0.6
Single-Family Attached	1,587	9	1,601	9	14	0.9
Multi-Family Homes	8,783	51	9,039	51	256	2.9
Multi-Family (2-4 units)	2,086	12	2,089	12	3	0.1
Multi-Family (5+ units)	6,697	38	6,950	39	253	3.8
Mobile Homes	196	1	216	1	20	10.2
TOTAL	17,486	100	17,819	100	333	1.9

Source: DOF, Table E-5, 2013, 2020

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, about two-thirds of housing units had two- to three-bedrooms (see <u>Table 1414Table 14</u>Table <u>14</u>). Studio and one-bedroom units made up 25% of the city's housing stock. The city's larger housing units (four or more bedrooms) only made up 11% of the housing stock.

#### TABLE 1414: NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS BY SIZE IN CULVER CITY

Unit Size	2019					
	#	%				
Studio	720	4				
1 bedroom	3,480	21				
2 or 3 bedrooms	10,754	64				
4 or more bedrooms	1,842	11				
TOTAL	16,796	100				

Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S2504

### VACANCY RATES

A certain number of vacant units are needed to moderate the cost of housing, allow sufficient choice for residents, and provide an incentive for unit upkeep and repair. Vacancy rates are generally higher among rental properties, as rental units have greater attrition rates than owner-occupied units. A healthy vacancy rate — one which permits sufficient choice and mobility among a variety of housing units — is considered to be 2-3% for ownership units and 5-6% for rental units.

Housing tenure changed slightly from 2000 to 2019, with the rate of homeownership declining slightly from 54% in 2000 to 52% in 2019 (see <u>Table 8</u>). Similarly, the share of renter-households increased from 46% to 48% during the same period. In Culver City, the vacancy rates increased from 3% to 5.1% between 2000 and 2019 (see

Table <u>15 Table 15</u>). This rise can be attributed to an increase in vacant for-rent units (which accounted for 32% of vacancies in 2000 versus 55% in 2019). <u>Units categorized as "other vacant" also made up a sizeable portion of vacant units in all the years indicated (28% in 2000 and 2010 and 26% in 2019. Short-term rentals fall into this category; therefore, this number may indicate the extent of short-term rentals in the cCity. During the same period, the proportion of for-sale vacant units dropped to 0% from 22% in 2000. While the city's rental vacancy rate is within the healthy range, the ownership vacancy rate is well below optimum providing homebuyers with virtually no choice when seeking to purchase a home within the city.</u>

#### TABLE 1515: CULVER CITY VACANCY STATUSES

Vacancy Status	20	00	2010		2019	
Vacancy Status						
Vacancy by Tenure						
Owner-occupied	112	1.2	65	0.7	0	0
Renter-occupied	164	2.1	333	4.1	495	5.7
Overall vacancy rate		3.0		4.1		5.1
Vacancy by Type						
For rent	164	32	333	47	495	55
Rented, not occupied	58	11	31	4	165	18
For sale only	112	22	65	9	0	0
Sold, not occupied	0	0	23	3	0	0
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	42	8	62	9	11	1
Other vacant	143	28	198	28	236	26
Total Number of Vacant Units	519	100	712	100	907	100

Sources: BOC, Census, 2000, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table B25004 Note: "Other Vacant" as defined by the Census is a housing unit that does not fit into any year-round vacant category. This may indicate the extent of short-term rentals in the City.

# 2. HOUSING CONDITIONS

# AGE OF HOUSING STOCK

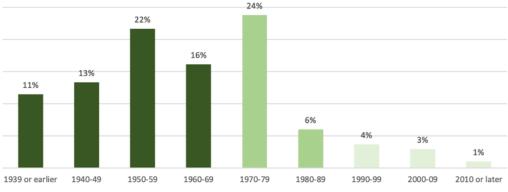
Housing age is often an important indicator of housing condition. Housing units built before stringent limits on the amount of lead in the paint were imposed in 1978, may have interior or exterior building components coated with leadbased paint. Housing units built before 1970 most likely need rehabilitation and have lead-based paint in deteriorated condition. Lead-based paint becomes hazardous to children under age six and pregnant women when it peels off walls, windows, and doors. In general, housing that is 30 years or older may exhibit a need for repairs based on the useful life of materials (such as the roof). Housing over 50 years old is considered aged and is more likely to exhibit a need for major repairs (such as electrical and plumbing systems). Figure 22

#### Figure 2

Figure 2 provides the age composition of Culver City's housing stock. About 63% of the city's housing units were built at least 50 years ago (the dark green bars). The vast majority of the City's housing stock, approximately 92%, are at least 30 years old (the dark green and medium green bars). These findings indicate that much of the city's housing possibly needs some maintenance and rehabilitation, including remediation of lead-based paint.

Culver City's housing stock is somewhat older when compared to the County as a whole. In LA County, approximately 86% of units are older than 30 years. While it is typical for housing units to remain in use for much longer than 30 years, it is important to note that older homes necessitateneed more frequent maintenance and rehabilitation in order to maintain a good condition.

#### FIGURE 22: AGE COMPOSITION OF CULVER CITY'S HOUSING STOCK



Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table B25034

# HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing is considered substandard when the living conditions do not meet the minimum standards defined in Section 1001 of the Uniform Housing Code. Households living in substandard conditions are considered to require housing assistance due to the threat to health and safety, even if they are not seeking alternative housing arrangements.

In addition to structural deficiencies and standards, the lack of infrastructure and utilities often indicates substandard conditions. <u>Table 1616Table 16</u> identifies the number of Culver City owner- and renter-occupied housing units lacking complete kitchen or plumbing facilities. Units lacking complete facilities are rare in Culver City. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, no owner-occupied units and just 0.1% of renter occupied units lacked complete plumbing facilities. Further, only 0.1% of owner-occupied housing units and 2.8% of renter occupied units lacked complete kitchens. These numbers indicate that complete kitchen facilities are a greater need than plumbing facilities and that renter-occupied units have a greater need for rehabilitation.

#### TABLE 1616: OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS LACKING COMPLETE KITCHEN AND PLUMBING FACILITIES

	Owner				Renter			
	2009		2019		2009		2019	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Occupied housing units	9,579		8,768		6,699		8,028	
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	19	0.2	0	0.0	13	0.2	11	0.1
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	38	0.4	8	0.1	134	2.0	226	2.8

Source: BOC, 2005-2009 & 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S2504

Compared to the housing conditions reported in the 2013-2021 Housing Element, housing conditions have improved overall since 2009. However, the number of rental units lacking complete kitchen facilities has increased since 2009. It is also important to note that the ACS typically undercounts substandard housing conditions as it is not able to report on other subtler housing problems, such as inadequate wiring, leaks, or inadequate or lack of heating<sup>7</sup>. Despite the increase in units lacking kitchen facilities, Culver City's housing stock is in relatively good condition with basic facilities present for most of its occupied units.

Assessing code enforcement activities provides additional insight on the overall condition of the city's housing stock. The City's Code Enforcement Services Division responds to an average of 470 code enforcement cases per year, and is currently (June 2021) addressing 660 unresolved or ongoing cases. Code enforcement cases are generally initiated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> While the ACS also reports on the lack of telephone services, in today's mobile world, landline telephone services are no longer a required service. However, the ACS does not measure Internet access, which is a more important utility for communications.

when the Division receives a complaint of a violation, which is then confirmed by staff. Code enforcement focuses on violations of the municipal code in a variety of areas, including animal regulations, business licenses, graffiti, building code violations, property maintenance, and substandard housing. Of the City's average of 470 cases per year, an average of nine are related to significant property maintenance issues, substandard housing, or hoarding. The most common issues reported were related to mold, leaks (roof or plumbing), and lack of heat. It is estimated that about half of these properties with violations need substantial rehabilitation while the other half need more minor repairs. Since code enforcement activity is primarily complaint-driven, it is difficult to make accurate assumptions about the overall condition of the city's housing stock based upon this data. However, if just nine of the city's 16,796 occupied housing units have significant property maintenance issues, this represents less than 0.01% of the City's housing stock.

# V. HOUSING COSTS & AFFORDABILITY GAP ANALYSIS

Comparing the costs of homeownership and renting to a household's ability to pay for housing can help determine how affordable a community is. This section provides information on the homeownership costs and rental costs in Culver City and compares this to an affordability analysis for households as various income levels.

### 1. HOME VALUES

Home values in this section are based on the Zillow Home Value Index (ZHVI), a smoothed seasonally adjusted measure of the typical home value for homes in the 35th to 65th percentile range within a specific geography. According to the ZHVI, the typical home in Culver City was valued at \$1,295,775 in December 2020. As shown in Table 1717 Table 17, home values have increased drastically since 2013 (69% increase overall). The value of single-family homes increased at a greater rate than condominiums (67% and 57%, respectively).

	<del>December 2013 (\$)</del>	<del>December 2020 (\$)</del>	% Change
Typical Home Value	766,110	1,295,775	69
Single-family homes	888,187	1,486,379	67
Condominiums	410,233	642,220	57

#### TABLE 1717: CHANGE IN TYPICAL HOME VALUES IN CULVER CITY

Source: Zillow Home Value Index, accessed March 2021.

<u>Figure 3Figure 3</u> compares typical-median home values in the Westside cities and LA County as a whole, based on the ZHVIestimates from the 2015-2019 American Community Survey. As shown, home values in the Westside are significantly higher than the County. Typical home values in Beverly Hills and Santa Monica are higher than in Culver City, while home values in West Hollywood are lower.

#### FIGURE 3: WESTSIDE CITIES TYPICAL MEDIAN HOME VALUES (DECEMBER 20202019)



Source: Zillow Home Value Index, accessed March 2021.BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table B25077

Since the most recent data available from the American Community Survey is from 2019, home values based on the Zillow Home Value Index (ZHVI) are included below to provide more recent data. The ZHVI is a smoothed seasonally adjusted measure of the typical home value for homes in the 35th to 65th percentile range within a specific geography. According to the ZHVI, the typical home in Culver City was valued at \$1,295,775 in December 2020. As shown in Table 17Table 1717, home values have increased drastically since 2013 (69% increase overall). The value of single-family homes increased at a greater rate than condominiums (67% and 57%, respectively).

	<u>December 2013 (\$)</u>	<u>December 2020 (\$)</u>	<u>% Change</u>
<u>Typical Home Value</u>	766,110	1,295,775	<u>69</u>
Single-family homes	888,187	1,486,379	<u>67</u>
<u>Condominiums</u>	410,233	<u>642,220</u>	<u>57</u>

#### TABLE 17: CHANGE IN TYPICAL HOME VALUES IN CULVER CITY

Source: Zillow Home Value Index, accessed March 2021.

## 2. RENTAL HOUSING

Information on current rental rates in the city was obtained by reviewing advertisements posted on Zillow during June 2021. <u>Table 18Table 18Table 18</u> summarizes median multi-family (apartment, condo, townhouses) and single-family home rents by unit size. A total of 192 units were listed for rent on Zillow in June 2021, with the majority of the listings for multi-family units (95%). Just nine single-family homes were listed for rent, with median monthly rents ranging from \$2,775 for a one-bedroom unit to \$5,200 for a three-bedroom unit. The median monthly rent for multi-family units ranged from \$3,120 for a studio unit to \$3,798 for a three-bedroom unit. It should be noted that the median monthly rent for a one-bedroom apartment (\$3,480) was higher than the rent for a two-bedroom apartment (\$3,125). The median rent for studio apartments and two-bedroom apartments were nearly the same. This is likely because many studio and one-bedroom apartments located in newly constructed buildings were listed for rent.

#### TABLE 18: MEDIAN RENT BY UNIT SIZE IN CULVER CITY (JUNE 2021)

Linth True a	# Available	Median Rent by Unit Size (\$)					
Unit Type		Studio	1-Bedroom	2-Bedrooms	3+ Bedrooms		
Multi-Family Unit	183	3,120	3,480	3,125	3,798		
Single-Family Unit	9	N/A	2,775	4,250	5,200		
All Units	192	3,120	3,475	3,150	4,990		

Source: Zillow rental listings, www.zillow.com, accessed June 2, 2021

Table 19Table 19 compares median rents for Westside cities, based on data from the 2015-2019 American Community Survey. As shown, rents in the Westside cities were higher than for LA County as a whole. Rents within the Westside cities were generally comparable; however, rents in Beverly Hills tended to be the highest.

#### TABLE 19: COMPARISON OF MEDIAN RENT BY UNIT SIZE FOR WESTSIDE CITIES (2019)

Jurisdiction	<u>Studio</u>	<u>1-Bedroom</u>	<u>2-Bedrooms</u>	<u>3-Bedrooms</u>	<u>4-Bedrooms</u>	<u>5+ Bedrooms</u>
<u>Culver City</u>	<u>1,281</u>	<u>1,678</u>	<u>2,119</u>	<u>2,795</u>	<u>1,878</u>	<u>_1</u>
<u>Santa Monica</u>	1,540	<u>1,703</u>	2,122	2,039	2,647	<u>2,127</u>
<u>Beverly Hills</u>	<u>1,378</u>	<u>1,895</u>	2,745	<u>2,965</u>	<u>3,500+</u>	<u>_1</u>
West Hollywood	<u>1,157</u>	<u>1,606</u>	2,080	<u>2,964</u>	<u>2,850</u>	<u>3,500+</u>
LA County	1,085	1,234	1,605	1,909	<u>2,110</u>	<u>2,165</u>

Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table B25077 Note: 1. Data unavailable, likely due to limited number of units of this size available.

### 3. HOUSING AFFORDABILITY GAP ANALYSIS

Housing affordability is defined as paying no more than 30 to 35% of the gross household income (depending on tenure and income level) on housing expenses (including utilities, taxes, and insurance).

<u>Table 2019</u><u>Table 20</u><u>Table 20</u> provides general estimates on affordable rents and home purchase prices by income category based on the 2020 HCD median household income of \$77,300 for LA County and general cost assumptions for utilities, taxes, and property insurance.<sup>8</sup> Given the high costs of homeownership, lower income households are usually confined to rental housing, but the affordability problem also persists in the ownership market. The situation is exacerbated for seniors with their fixed incomes and for large households with lower and moderate incomes given the limited supply of large rental units.

Based on the estimated affordable purchase prices shown in Table 19 and the typical home values presented in <u>Table 17Table 1717</u>, lower income and moderate income households are unable to afford to purchase a single-family home or condominium in Culver City. This data illustrates that public subsidies are generally required to reduce sales prices to a level that is affordable to low and moderate income buyers. With a typical condominium within the city valued at \$642,000, there is an approximately \$300,000 "gap" between the market value and the price a moderate income household can afford to pay, depending on household size. For low income households, this gap ranges from \$300,000 to over \$410,000, depending on household size.

Rental housing that does not impose a cost burden is also difficult to obtain for the city's lower income and moderate income households. Median rents in the city ranged from \$3,120 for a studio apartment to \$4,990 for a three-bedroom unit (Table 18Table 18Table 18). As shown in Table 1920, affordable monthly rents for lower income and moderate income households range from \$442 to \$2,240, depending on income category and household size. Therefore, a lower income or moderate income renter-household would not be able to afford a median priced rental unit without being cost burdened. More specifically, there is a \$2,500 gap between what an extremely low income four-person household can afford to pay and the median monthly rent for a two-bedroom apartment. For a moderate income four-person household, there is an affordability gap of about \$1,030 between what the household can afford and the median market rent for a two-bedroom unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> State and federal income limits differ. For the Housing Element, State income limits are used, which are usually higher than the federal levels used in the City's Consolidated Plan and other related documents.

#### TABLE 2019: HOUSING AFFORDABILITY MATRIX - LA COUNTY (2020)

Household	Annual Income (\$)	Monthly Affordable Housing Costs (\$)	Utilities (\$)	Taxes and Insurance (\$)	Affordable Monthly Rent (\$)	Affordable Home <u>Purchase</u> Price (\$)
Extremely Low Ir	ncome (under 30% /	MFI)				
1-Person	23,700	593	151	207	442	61,790
2-Person	27,050	676	166	237	510	72,096
3-Person	30,450	761	190	266	571	80,244
4-Person	33,800	845	223	296	622	86,069
5-Person	36,550	914	264	320	650	86,953
Very Low Incom	e (31 to 50% MFI)					
1-Person	39,450	986	151	345	836	129,241
2-Person	45,050	1,126	166	394	960	149,182
3-Person	50,700	1,268	190	444	1,077	166,966
4-Person	56,300	1,408	223	493	1,185	182,427
5-Person	60,850	1,521	264	532	1,257	191,020
Low Income (51	to 80% MFI)					
1-Person	63,100	1,578	151	552	1,427	230,524
2-Person	72,100	1,803	166	631	1,637	265,026
3-Person	81,100	2,028	190	710	1,837	297,157
4-Person	90,100	2,253	223	788	2,030	327,179
5-Person	97,350	2,434	264	852	2,170	347,334
Moderate Incom	ne (81 to 120% MFI	)				
1-Person	64,900	1,623	151	568	1,472	238,233
2-Person	74,200	1,855	166	649	1,689	274,020
3-Person	83,500	2,088	190	731	1,897	307,435
4-Person	92,750	2,319	223	812	2,096	338,527
5-Person	100,150	2,504	264	876	2,240	359,325

Sources: HCD Income Limits (2020), and Veronica Tam and Associates (2020)

Assumptions:

1. CA Dept. of Housing and Community Development (HCD) Income Limits, 2020.

2. Affordable housing costs are 30 percent of gross household income.

3. Utility costs based on Los Angeles County Development Authority (LACDA) Utility Allowance Schedule, 2020.

4. Taxes, insurance, PMI (private mortgage insurance), and HOA (homeowners association) are calculated at 35% of monthly affordable cost.

5. Affordable home\_purchase price is the total purchase price, assuming a 30-year fixed mortgage with a 3% interest rate and 10% down payment.

6. Taxes and insurance costs applies to owners only; renters do not usually pay taxes or insurance.

# VI. HOUSING ASSISTANCE NEEDS

This section outlines Culver City's existing housing needs, including those resulting from being housing cost-burdened or living in overcrowding situations. It also evaluates the housing needs for special needs groups such as seniors; persons with disabilities or those experiencing homelessness; and female-headed, large, and/or extremely low-income households.

## 1. HOUSING COST BURDEN

Housing cost burden is generally defined as households paying more than 30% of their gross income on housingrelated expenses. For renters, housing costs include rent and utilities. For owners, housing costs include the mortgage payment, taxes, insurance, and utilities. High housing costs can cause households to spend a disproportionate percentage of their income on housing. This may result in payment problems, deferred maintenance, or overcrowding. Households paying more than 50% of their income on housing are experiencing a severe housing cost burden. These households may be at risk of homelessness in the event of illness/disability or a sudden loss of income.

This section uses data from the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The CHAS provides information related to households with housing problems, including cost burden and overcrowding.<sup>9</sup> The most recent estimates posted by HUD were derived from the 2013-2017 ACS.

As shown in Table 210, nearly half of renter-households in Culver City experienced one or more housing problem, and 43% paid more than 30% of their incomes towards housing costs in 2017 compared to about one-third of homeowners. Extremely low-income households are the most vulnerable group. With limited income, 80% of the households in this income group experienced one or more housing problems, compared to 73% of very low-income households, 69% of low-income households, and 42% of households citywide. Severe housing cost burden impacted 72% of the extremely low-income households, compared to 45% of very low-income households, 26% of low-income households, and 18% of households citywide.

Table 22 provides information on housing problems and cost burden in Los Angeles County, as a point of comparison. Overall, the instance of cost burden and housing problems in general is lower in Culver City when compared to the County. However, the proportion of lower income households (HH) with a cost burden greater than 50% tends to be higher within Culver City.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The CHAS collects data on four housing issues: 1) housing unit lacks complete kitchen facilities; 2) housing unit lacks complete plumbing facilities; 3) household is overcrowded; and 4) household is cost-burdened.

#### TABLE **2120**: HOUSING PROBLEMS AND COST BURDEN IN CULVER CITY BY INCOME AND TENURE

Household by Type, Income &	Renters	Renters	Owners	Owners	Total HHs	Total HHs
Housing Problem	(#)	(%)	(#)	(%)	(#)	(%)
Extremely Low (0-30% AMI)	1,280	66	660	34	1,940	12
with any housing problems	1,045	82	510	77	1,555	80
with cost burden > 30%	1,020	80	515	78	1,535	79
with cost burden > 50%	925	72	475	72	1400	72
Very Low (31-50% AMI)	750	55	625	45	1,375	8
with any housing problems	695	93	315	50	1,010	73
with cost burden > 30%	680	91	305	49	980	71
with cost burden > 50%	495	66	135	22	625	45
Low (51-80% AMI)	1,015	50	1,025	50	2,040	12
with any housing problems	845	83	570	56	1,415	69
with cost burden > 30%	805	79	570	56	1,370	67
with cost burden > 50%	225	22	310	30	535	26
Moderate/Above Moderate (>80% AMI)	4,660	42	6,530	58	11,190	68
with any housing problems	1,200	26	1,750	27	2,950	26
with cost burden > 30%	770	17	1,565	24	2,330	21
with cost burden > 50%	30	1	335	5	365	3
Total Households	7,705	47	8,840	53	16,545	100
with any housing problems	3,780	49	3,145	36	6,925	42
with cost burden > 30%	3,275	43	2,955	33	6,215	38
with cost burden > 50%	1675	22	1,255	14	2,930	18

Source: HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) dataset, based on 2013-2017 ACS

Household by Type, Income & Housing Problem	Renters (%)	<u>Owners (%)</u>	<u>Total HHs (%)</u>
Extremely Low (0-30% AMI)	<u>79</u>	21	<u>19</u>
With any housing problems	<u>84</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>83</u>
<u>With cost burden &gt; 30%</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>81</u>
<u>With cost burden <math>&gt; 50\%</math></u>	<u>70</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>68</u>
<u>Very Low</u> (31-50% AMI)			<u>15</u>
With any housing problems	<u>91</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>83</u>
<u>With cost burden <math>&gt; 30\%</math></u>	<u>84</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>78</u>
<u>With cost burden <math>&gt; 50\%</math></u>	<u>38</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>40</u>
Low (51-80% AMI)	<u>59</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>18</u>
With any housing problems	<u>68</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>With cost burden &gt; 30%</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>53</u>
<u>With cost burden &gt; 50%</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>16</u>
Moderate/Above Moderate (≥80% AMI)			<u>48</u>
With any housing problems	<u>25</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>With cost burden &gt; 30%</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>18</u>
<u>With cost burden <math>&gt; 50\%</math></u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>
Total Households			<u>100</u>
With any housing problems	<u>62</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>With cost burden <math>&gt; 30\%</math></u>	<u>54</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>With cost burden &gt; 50%</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>23</u>

#### TABLE 22: HOUSING PROBLEMS AND COST BURDEN IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY BY INCOME AND TENURE

Source: HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) dataset, based on 2013-2017 ACS

### 2. OVERCROWDING

HCD defines overcrowding as more than one person per room, including the living room and dining room, but excluding the kitchen and bathroom. Overcrowding occurs when some households cannot accommodate high-cost burdens and instead accept smaller housing or share housing with other individuals or families. The following situations may result in overcrowding:

- A family living in a home that is too small;
- A family that houses extended family members; or
- Unrelated individuals or families doubling up to afford housing.

However, cultural differences may also contribute to the overcrowded conditions. Some cultures may prefer to share living quarters with extended family members, increasing their household sizes and creating a need for appropriately sized, affordable units.

Due to the additional stress imposed by more people living within a unit, overcrowding can strain physical facilities and the delivery of public services, reduce the quality of the physical environment, contribute to a shortage of parking in a neighborhood, and accelerate the deterioration of homes.

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, about 5% of Culver City households are living in overcrowded conditions (786 households) (Table 21Table 23). Overcrowding was significantly more common among renter-households when compared to owner-households. About 82% of overcrowded households are of renter households. Culver City residents live in relatively less crowded housing conditions than the rest of Los Angeles County, according to the ACS. The overall rate of overcrowding in the County is more than double that of Culver City at 11%, compared to 5% in the city.

	Renters		Owners		Total	
		%		%	#	%
Overcrowded Households (1.01-1.5 persons per room)	363	4.5	116	1.3	479	2.9
Severely Overcrowded (1.5+ persons per room)	283	3.5	24	0.3	307	1.8
All Overcrowded Households	646	82.2	140	17.8	786	4.7
All Households	8,028	47.8	8,768	53	16,796	100.0

#### TABLE 23: OVERCROWDING BY TENURE IN CULVER CITY (2019)

Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table DP04

### 3. SPECIAL NEEDS

Certain groups in a community may have greater difficulty finding decent, affordable housing due to special circumstances, such as those related to one's age, family characteristics, disability, or employment. As a result, some Culver City residents are at a greater risk of experiencing a cost burden, overcrowding, or other housing problems.

State Housing Element law considers persons with disabilities (including those with developmental disabilities), seniors, large households, female-headed households with children, persons experiencing homelessness, farmworkers, and extremely low-income persons and households to be "special needs" groups. These groups are not mutually exclusive, as a person or household may fall into more than one category. For example, a senior living alone may have a disability and live below the poverty level; or a large household may be female-headed and include a senior. <u>Table 2422Table 24</u> summarizes the population and households within these groups in Culver City.

#### TABLE 2422: CULVER CITY'S SPECIAL NEEDS POPULATIONS/HOUSEHOLDS (2019)

Special Needs Group <sup>1</sup>	# of Persons/ Households	% of Population/ Households
Households with Seniors <sup>2</sup>	4,779	28
Senior-Headed Households	4,136	25
Persons with a Disability	3,638	9
Persons with a Developmental Disability	485	]
Single Female-Headed Households with Children	577	3
Large Family Households (5+ persons)	658	4
Farmworkers (persons) <sup>3</sup>	29	<0.1
Persons Experiencing Homelessness	216	]
Extremely Low-Income Households	1,940	12

Sources: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates; CA Dept. Developmental Services, 2019; Los Angeles Housing Services Authority (LAHSA), Greater Los Angeles Homeless Count, 2020; HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) dataset, based on 2013-2017 ACS

Notes:

- 1. All data is from the 2015-2019 ACS, except for Persons with Developmental Disabilities (CA DDS), Persons Experiencing Homelessness (LAHSA), and Extremely Low-Income Households (CHAS).
- 2. Includes all households with one or more person age 65 and over.
- 3. Includes all members of the civilian population over 16 employed in farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.

### PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Federal laws define a person with a disability as "any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; has a record of such impairment; or is regarded as having such an impairment." In general, a physical or mental impairment includes hearing, mobility and visual impairments, chronic alcoholism, chronic mental illness, AIDS, AIDS Related Complex, and mental retardation that substantially limits one or more major life activities include walking, talking, hearing, seeing, breathing, learning, performing manual tasks, and caring for oneself.

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, about 9% (3,638 persons) of the population reported one or more disabilities. Disabilities are more common among the senior population, with 63% of the population with disabilities being 65 years or older (see <u>Table 2523Table 25</u>Table 25). Disability type also varies by age. Most seniors with disabilities have ambulatory difficulties and independent living difficulties, while cognitive difficulties are most common among children (see <u>Table 2624Table 26</u>Table 26).

### TABLE 2523: POPULATION WITH DISABILITIES IN CULVER CITY (2019)

Age (Years)	# Persons with a Disability	% of Population with a Disability	% of Total Population
Under 5	0	0	0
5 - 17	232	6	4
18 - 64	1,128	31	4
65 years and over	2,278	63	36
Total	3,638	100	9

Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S1810

#### TABLE 26<mark>24</mark>: DISABILITY TYPE BY AGE IN CULVER CITY (2019)

Disability Type <sup>1</sup>	% of Population with a Disability					
Disability Type	Under 18	18 to 64	65+	Total		
With a hearing difficulty	25	21	34	30		
With a vision difficulty	16	23	26	24		
With a cognitive difficulty	71	46	33	39		
With an ambulatory difficulty	14	39	57	49		
With a self-care difficulty	58	14	29	26		
With an independent living difficulty		41	60	50		
Total Disabled Persons	232	1,128	2,278	3,638		

Source: BOC, 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S1810 Note: 1. A person may have more than one disability type.

Because a disability may prevent a person from working, restrict mobility, or make independent living and self-care difficult, persons with disabilities often have special housing needs. These needs may be related to limited income, accessibility, and location near public transportation and other services. Additionally, some persons with disabilities may need to reside in supportive housing or an institutional setting. State and federal legislation, including the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) mandate that a percentage of units in new or substantially rehabilitated multi-family projects be made accessible to individuals with limited physical mobility. However, given the age of Culver City's housing stock, there are limited accessible units within the city. The City's Zoning Code allows for reasonable accommodations following state and federal requirements to allow exceptions to zoning regulations to better accommodate a person with a disability. Reasonable accommodations are discussed in further detail in the Housing Constraints section of the Housing Element.

### PERSONS WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

State law considers an individual's "developmental disability" to be severe and chronic if it:

- Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
- Manifests before the individual attains age 18;<sup>10</sup>
- Is likely to continue indefinitely;
- Substantially limits a person's ability to function in three or more of the following major life activity areas: selfcare, receptive and expressive language, learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent living, or economic self-sufficiency; and
- Requires a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic services, individualized supports, or other forms of assistance that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

The Census does not record developmental disabilities. However, according to the California Department of Developmental Services, there are an estimated 485 persons with developmental disabilities living in Culver City. About 52% of these residents with developmental disabilities were 18 years or older. About 75% of the residents with developmental disabilities were 18 years or older. About 75% of the residents with developmental disabilities were 18 years or older.

While many persons with developmental disabilities can live and work independently, some may require a group living environment with supervision and support. Individuals with more severe disabilities may require an institutional setting where regular medical care and physical therapy can be provided.

According to the State Community Care Licensing Division, there are two facilities with a total capacity for 10 individuals providing 24-hour non-medical care for adults ages 18-59 who need assistance with their daily needs. Additionally, there are seven facilities within the City providing residential care for persons over 60, with a total capacity of 324 persons. Residential care facilities for six or fewer persons are permitted by-right in Culver City in all residential zones and all commercial zones allowing residential development. Larger facilities are generally permitted with a conditional use permit. These requirements are discussed in more detail in the Housing Constraints section of the Housing Element.

#### ELDERLY

Seniors (persons age 65 and above) are gradually becoming a more substantial segment of the population. Americans are living longer and having fuller lives than ever before in our history and are expected to continue to do so. Elderly households are vulnerable to housing problems due to limited income, the prevalence of physical or mental disabilities, limited mobility, and high healthcare costs. The elderly, particularly those with disabilities, may face increased difficulty in finding housing accommodations.

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, about 17% of the city's population was seniors (<u>Table 2725Table 27</u>Table 27). Between 2010 and 2017, the proportion of elderly persons increased slightly from 15 to 17% (an increase of 670 persons) and senior-headed households increased from 23 to 25% (an increase of 260 households).

Many seniors depend on fixed incomes and many have some type of disability. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, 36% of the total senior population has a disability (<u>Table 2523Table 25</u>Table 25). Senior homeowners may be physically unable to maintain their homes or cope with living alone. The housing needs of this group can be addressed through smaller units, second units on lots with existing homes, shared living arrangements, congregate housing, and housing assistance programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The State of California defines developmental disabilities slightly differently than federal law. The main difference is the manifestation age, which is established at 22 under the federal definition.

#### TABLE 2725: SENIOR POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD SHARES IN CULVER CITY

Varia	Populatio	n over 65	Senior-Headed Households			
Year	#	% of total	#	% of total		
2010	5,806	15	3,876	23		
2019	6,476	17	4,136	25		

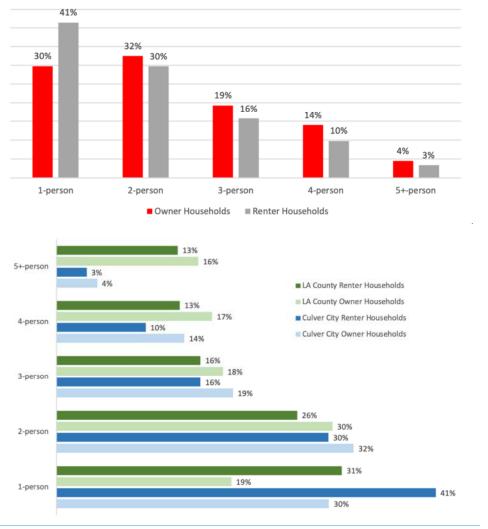
Source: BOC, Census, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S1810

# LARGE HOUSEHOLDS

Large households are defined as those with five or more members. These households are usually families with two or more children or families living with extended family members such as in-laws or grandparents. It can also include multiple families living in one housing unit to save on housing costs. Large households are a special needs group because the availability of adequately-sized, affordable housing units to serve their needs is often limited. To save for necessities such as food, clothing, and medical care, lower- and moderate-income large households may live in smaller units, resulting in overcrowding.

As shown in Figure 4Figure 4, households with five or more members comprise the smallest proportion of households in Culver City, at just 4% of owner households and 3% of renter households. While this is generally consistent with the size composition of the city's housing stock (see Table 1414 Table 14 Table 14], it may also suggest that high housing costs for larger units deter large families from moving into the community. When compared to LA County, Culver City has a significantly higher proportion of one person households. Culver City's proportion of larger households, including four person households and households with five or more people, is lower than the County's.

FIGURE 4: HOUSEHOLD SIZE IN CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY BY TENURE



Source: BOC, Census, 2010; 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table B25009

# SINGLE-PARENT AND FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS

Single-parent households, particularly female-headed households, often require special consideration and assistance because they tend to have a greater need for affordable housing, accessible daycare, healthcare, and other supportive services. Due to their relatively lower per-capita income and higher living expenses, including daycare, single-parent households have limited opportunities to find affordable, decent, and safe housing.

The number of households that are families with children has not changed greatly in the past decade <u>(see Table 28Table 28)</u>. In 2019, 27% of households had children, compared with 25% of households in 2010. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, about 825 single-parent households lived within Culver City, representing 5% of the city's households. The majority (70%) of these single-parent households were female-headed. The number of single-parent households, including female-headed, single-parent households, has declined slightly since 2010. While these households make up a small proportion of the population, their needs may be particularly acute due to the factors listed above. Additionally, families with children still make up a quarter of the households in Culver City and may require special assistance.

#### TABLE 2826: HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN IN CULVER CITY

Household Type	2010		2019		
		%	#	%	
Households with children under 18	4,266	25	4,464	27	
Single-parent households	1,050	6	825	5	
Female-headed households with children	722	4	577	3	
All Culver City households	16,870	100	16,796	100	

Source: BOC, 2006-2010 and 2015-2019 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates, Table S1101

# FARM WORKERS

Farmworker households tend to have high rates of poverty, disproportionately live in housing that is in poor condition, have high rates of overcrowding, have low homeownership rates, and are predominately members of minority groups. Migrant farmworkers generally live near agricultural areas. Although agriculture produces a total annual gross value of about \$136 million per year in LA County, no agricultural activities are found in Culver City or the surrounding communities.<sup>11</sup> Further, the city does not have any areas zoned for agriculture. The 2019 ACS identified only 29 persons (0.1% of the civilian employed population 16 years over) working in farming, fishing, and forestry occupations in Culver City. Based on the above, farm workers are not considered to be a special needs group in Culver City.

# PERSONS EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS

HUD considers a person to be living in a state of homelessness if the person lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate night-time residence, or if:

- The person is living in a place not meant for human habilitation, in emergency shelter, transitional housing, or is exiting an institution where they temporarily resided;
- The person may lose their primary nighttime residence, which may include a motel or hotel, or a doubled-up situation, within 14 days;
- A family with children or unaccompanied youth is unstably housed; or
- The person is fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence.

Shelter and service needs of the homeless population are significantly different depending on the population subgroup. A Continuum of Care (CoC) is a program designed to assist a community in its effort to end homelessness by funding nonprofit providers, helping State and local governments quickly rehouse individuals and families experiencing homelessness; improve access to homeless services; and help individuals and families experiencing homelessness become self-sufficient. Los Angeles County's CoC approach to homelessness is a coordinated and systematic local approach to meet the needs of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, episodic persons experiencing homelessness, and persons at risk of becoming homeless.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 2017 Crop and Livestock Report, Los Angeles County Agricultural Commission.

# HOMELESS COUNT

While HUD mandates a homeless count every two years for all communities that receive federal funds for homeless programs, the Los Angeles Housing Services Authority (LAHSA), the lead agency for the Los Angeles CoC, conducts a homeless count yearly (see Table 29Table 29Table 29). The Point-in-Time Count provides a snapshot of the number of people without a permanent, habitable place to live.

The Count revealed a 68% increase in the number of men, women, and children experiencing homelessness in the Los Angeles CoC between 2016 and 2020. There were 66,436 persons experiencing homelessness in 2020, compared to 39,587 in 2016. There were notable increases in the number of unsheltered individuals (56%).

For Culver City, the Count showed a 67% increase in the total number of persons experiencing homelessness. The number of unsheltered persons increased dramatically by 109%, and the largest increase was for those living in tents and encampments (142% increase). While the number of persons experiencing homelessness has increased significantly in recent years, the City's population of persons experiencing homelessness accounts for just 0.3% of the total County homeless population.

		Culver City		Los Angeles County			
	2016 #	2020 #	% Change	2016 #	2020 #	% Change	
All	129	216	67	39,587	66,436	68	
Unsheltered	80	167	109	30,753	48,041	56	
On the Street	28	62	121	10,850	17,059	57	
In Cars/Vans/Campers	40	76	90	12,166	18,904	55	
In Makeshift Shelters/Tents	12	29	142	7,737	12,078	56	
Sheltered	49	49	0	8,847	18,395	108	
In Emergency Shelters	49	49	0	4,387	14,077	221	
In Transitional Housing	0	0	0	4,445	4,234	-5	
In Safe Havens	0	0	0	15	84	460	

#### TABLE 2927: POINT-IN-TIME HOMELESS POPULATION COUNTS IN CULVER CITY AND LA COUNTY

Source: LAHSA, Homeless Counts by Community/City Dashboard, 2016, 2020

#### EMERGENCY SHELTER FACILITIES

Senate Bill 2 of 2007 (Government Code §65583) strengthened the planning requirements for local governments in emergency and transitional housing. Cities must estimate the number of persons in need of emergency shelter and determine whether adequate capacity currently exists to serve the need. If there is insufficient capacity, cities are required to identify zones where emergency shelters may be established "by-right" (i.e., without a conditional use permit).

There is one full-time emergency shelter within Culver City, Upward Bound House, located at the intersection of Washington Boulevard and Beethoven Street. This facility was approved for conversion from a motel to an 18-room emergency shelter in 2008. A maximum of 60 persons can be accommodated at the facility. The Housing Division handles the majority of housing referrals for persons experiencing homelessness. The Culver City Senior Center (4095 Overland Avenue also offers housing referral program materials. The Upward Bound House only focuses on families experiencing homelessness and not on single men or women; it does not meet the need of the entire Culver City homeless population. To minimize constraints to providing additional shelter facilities as SB 2 requires, the Zoning Code allows Emergency Shelters by-right in portions of the Industrial General (IG) zone and the East Washington Boulevard Overlay zone, an area which includes about 24 acres (119 parcels). These parcels are located along transportation corridors and therefore have access to services.

Additionally, on March 22, 2021, the City Council directed staff to move forward with the Venice Parking Lot site (9415-25 Venice Blvd.) to build 10 modular units for temporary shelter, affordable housing, or permanent supportive

housing. A budget of \$3 million has been allocated to this project. Another \$6.8 million has been allocated to construct and operate a 70-bed sprung shelter on the Venice Parking Lot site.

# EXTREMELY LOW INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

State law requires that cities analyze the existing and projected housing needs for extremely low income (ELI) households. ELI households have incomes that are 30% or less of the AMI, adjusted for household size. The 2020 AMI for LA County was \$77,300 (see <u>Table 2019Table 20</u>Table <u>20</u>), meaning that a four-person household considered to be ELI has an income of \$33,800 or less.<sup>12</sup>

ELI households have various housing problems and needs. The relatively high cost of housing on the Westside often results in cost burden or overcrowding when ELI households "double-up" with more than one family sharing living space. Such conditions may lead to overtaxed utilities and infrastructure, stress, and adverse health effects. According to the 2013-2017 CHAS, there are 1,940 ELI households in Culver City. ELI impacts renter households and senior households disproportionately. Among the ELI households, 66% are renters and 34% are owners. Senior households make up 39% of ELI renters and 64% of ELI owners.

However, ELI renter and owner households are similarly affected by housing problems and cost burdens (see <u>Table</u> <u>3028</u><u>Table 30</u><u>Table 30</u>). About 80% of ELI households have at least one housing problem,<sup>13</sup> and 79% are costburdened, paying more than 30% of their monthly income on housing.

#### TABLE 3028: ELI HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE AND TENURE IN CULVER CITY (2017)

	Renter			Owner				Total	
	Senior	Large <sup>1</sup>	All	All (%)	Senior	Large	All	All (%)	
ELI households (#)	495	40	1,280	66	420	0	660	34	1,940
Any housing problem (%)	76	100	82		80	0	77		80
Cost-burdened (%)	77	100	80		80	0	78		79

Sources: HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) dataset, based on 2013-2017 ACS <u>Note: 1. Large households are households containing five or more members.</u>

Though RHNA does not specifically call out ELI households as a category, meeting the housing needs of these persons is an issue for all municipalities. The Culver City Zoning Code allows the development of single room occupancy (SRO) housing as part of mixed use developments. <u>The Zoning Code requires each SRO unit to include bathroom and kitchen facilities and must be a minimum of 200 square feet.</u> SROs help to meet the needs of extremely-low- and very-low-income individuals.

<sup>12</sup> HCD publishes annual household income limits for each county in California. The published income limits for extremely low, very low and low income households are used to determine eligibility for some assistance programs and are adjusted upward in high housing cost areas like Southern California. Therefore, the income limits published by HCD for Los Angeles County are higher than the calculated income categories that would result from the applicable percentages of AMI.

<sup>13</sup> There are four housing problems in the CHAS data: 1) housing unit lacks complete kitchen facilities; 2) housing unit lacks complete plumbing facilities; 3) household is overcrowded; and 4) household is cost-burdened.

# VII. ASSISTED HOUSING AT RISK OF CONVERSION

# 1. OVERVIEW OF ASSISTED AND AT RISK UNITS

As part of the Housing Element, jurisdictions are required to identify lower income multi-family rental units with affordability covenants that could expire during the coming 10-year period (2021-2031). Appendix C lists affordable units that either participate in a federal, state, or local assistance program, or are income-restricted through some other control measure like a density bonus. The list specifically identifies those projects that may be at risk of converting to market rate housing. This information is used to establish quantified objectives for units that can be conserved during this planning period.

As noted in Appendix C, <u>Table C- 1Table C- 1</u> Table C- 1, 310 assisted rental housing units were identified in Culver City. Assisted affordable units that are at-risk of conversion during 2021-2031 are listed in <u>Table C- 1Table C- 1</u> Table C-1. As shown in the table, there are a total of 231 units that are at risk during this period: 59 very low income units, 134 low income units, and 38 moderate income units.

# 2. AT RISK STATUS

California Housing Element Law requires Housing Elements to include a study of all lower income rental housing units that may be lost from the affordable inventory through the expiration of affordability restrictions during the next ten-year period. For this Housing Element, the at-risk analysis covers the period from October 15, 2021, through October 15, 2031.

The premise of the Redevelopment Agency Housing Set-Aside Fund was to increase, improve, and preserve the community's supply of affordable housing for families of very-low, low- and moderate-incomes (*Health and Safety Code* §33334.2(a)). Eligible activities included acquisition, rehabilitation, rental assistance, and assistance to first-time home buyers. In exchange for the use of Housing Set-Aside Funds, income and affordability restrictions were placed on the property in the form of covenants. These covenants are for 45 years for ownership projects and 55 years for rental projects. Covenants are still in effect despite of the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency. The Culver City Housing Authority oversees existing covenants. In Culver City, over the next 10 years, affordability covenants on 231 units have the potential to expire. These include three senior housing projects (190 units), one family rental housing project (20 units), and three group homes serving 21 persons experiencing homelessness and persons with developmental and physical disabilities. To estimate costs, the 21 persons being accommodated at the group homes are treated as separate "households" as they each can be relocated to different housing arrangements as a preservation option.

# 3. COST ANALYSIS

# PRESERVATION COSTS

Preservation of at-risk units can be achieved by providing project-based rental assistance program. This type of assistance largely depends on the income of the household, the housing costs of the unit, and the number of years the assistance is provided. Given that most of the units at risk are either senior units or for persons with disabilities, and both groups tend to have smaller household size and lower incomes, the amount of subsidies required can be extensive. For a very low income two-person household in LA County, affordable rent is about \$960 (2020 level). The difference between what this household can afford and the median rent for a one-bedroom unit (\$3,480) is \$2,520 per month, resulting in an estimated \$30,240 in subsidy per unit per year and \$6.38 million per year for the 211 units for seniors and persons with disabilities.

For the other 20 rental units not dedicated to a target population, an estimated subsidy of \$1,768 per month per unit would be required based on the affordable rent of \$2,030 for a four-person low income household and the median

rent of \$3,798 for a three-bedroom unit. Overall, \$424,320 would be required annually to subsidize the 20 rental units.

# NEW CONSTRUCTION/REPLACEMENT

New construction implies construction of a new property with the same number of units and similar amenities as the one removed from the affordable housing stock. The cost of constructing new housing units can vary greatly depending on factors such as location, density, unit sizes, construction materials, and on- and-off-site improvements. The cost to construct a new unit in the City can easily exceed \$600,000.<sup>14</sup> To replace the 231 at-risk units would require more than \$138 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Demystifying the High Cost of Multifamily Housing Construction in Southern California, February 2020, UC Riverside, School of Business.

# RESOURCES AND OPPORTUNITIES I. OVERVIEW OF THE REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

The Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) is a key tool for local governments to plan for anticipated growth. The RHNA quantifies the anticipated need for housing within each jurisdiction for the 8-year period from October 2021 to October 2029. Communities then determine how they will address this need through the process of updating the Housing Element of the General Plan.

Under state law, regional councils of governments are required to develop housing needs plans for use by local governments in their Housing Element updates. The regional housing needs analysis is derived from the statewide growth forecast, which is then allocated to regions, cities, and counties based on a variety of factors such as local growth trends, future development potential, job growth, and physical constraints (e.g., floodplains, steep slopes, biological habitat). The current RHNA was adopted by SCAG in March of 2021. The methodology developed by SCAG to allocate the RHNA to local jurisdictions in the current planning cycle is notably different than previous cycles. In the 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> RHNA cycles, allocations were based only on projected household growth. In contrast, the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle methodology also considered existing housing needs, job accessibility, and transit accessibility. Also, special consideration was given to designated disadvantaged communities whereby a portion of their RHNA was distributed to jurisdictions that are not disadvantaged. According to SCAG's Final RHNA Methodology, disadvantaged communities are "jurisdictions with more than half of the population living in high segregation and poverty are low resource areas as defined by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (TCAC)/HCD Opportunity Index Scores".

# 1. 2021-2029 RHNA FOR CULVER CITY

SCAG determined the RHNA for each city within the SCAG region, plus the unincorporated areas. The total housing growth need for the City of Culver City during the 2021-2029 planning period is 3,341 units. This total is distributed by income category as shown in <u>Table 3129Table 31</u>Table 31.

Extremely Low*	Very Low	Low	Moderate	Above Moderate	Total
554	554	604	560	1,069	3,341
16.5%	16.5%	18.0%	17.0%	32.0%	100%

#### TABLE 3129: 2021-2029 REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR CULVER CITY

\*The RHNA did not include the extremely low category. It is estimated to be ½ of the very-low-income need, per Government Code §65583.a.1<u>. The</u> total very-low-income RHNA is 1,108; therefore, 554 is designated as extremely-low-income and 554 is designated as very-low-income. Source: SCAG 6<sup>th</sup> Cycle Final RHNA Allocation Plan, adopted March 2021

# 2. INVENTORY OF SITES FOR HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

Section 65583(a)(3) of the Government Code requires Housing Elements to contain an "inventory of land suitable for residential development, including vacant sites and sites having potential for redevelopment, and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites." A detailed analysis of vacant land and potential redevelopment opportunities has been prepared and is described in Appendix B. The results of this analysis are summarized in <u>Table 3230Table 32Table 32</u> below, which indicates the number of dwelling units approved as well as potential units that could be built based on the analysis of parcels shown in Appendix B. The table shows that under the City's current General Plan, available capacity is not adequate to accommodate the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle RHNA, based on the selection of available sites using objective criteria and known conditions. After adopting the 2045 General Plan (anticipated in 2022), assuming the Preferred Land Use Map, opportunities for housing development in Culver City would be significantly expanded.

Assignment of sites into RHNA income level is based on a combination of density and site size. A default density of 30 dwelling units per acre (du/ac) or more is considered adequate to facilitate lower income housing, pursuant to State law (Assembly Bill [AB] 1397), provided that the site must be at least 0.5 acre in size. Sites meeting the selection criteria offer an overall 4971% buffer above the RHNA for Culver City in the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle.<sup>15</sup> Surplus in sites assigned to the lower income RHNA can compensate the small shortfall in sites for above moderate income, based on density.

#### TABLE 3230: RHNA CAPACITY UNDER CURRENT AND GENERAL PLAN PREFERRED LAND USE MAP

	Lower	Moderate	<u>Above</u> <u>Moderate</u>	<u>Total</u>
RHNA	<u>1,712</u>	<u>560</u>	1,069	<u>3,341</u>
Approved/Entitled/Proposed/Pipeline Projects	122	<u>20</u>	<u>358</u>	<u>500</u>
Current General Plan				
Projected ADUs (Conversion/Expansion)	240	24	136	400
Low Density Two-Family/Medium Density Multi-Family	<u>0</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>196</u>
<u>CG/CN</u>	1,329	<u>73</u>	<u>32</u>	1,434
<u>Capacity (Projects + Sites)</u>	<u>1,691</u>	<u>313</u>	<u>526</u>	<u>2,530</u>
<u>Surplus/(Shortfall)</u>	<u>(21)</u>	<u>(247)</u>	<u>(543)</u>	<u>(811)</u>
2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map				
Incremental Infill				
Conversion/Expansion Scenario	<u>240</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>400</u>
Redevelopment Scenario		<u>50</u>	104	<u>154</u>
Opportunity Sites	<u>60</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>493</u>	<u>593</u>
Neighborhood Multi-Family (50 du/ac)	184	<u>477</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>661</u>
Mixed Use Medium (65 du/ac)	<u>767</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>178</u>	<u>973</u>
<u>Mixed Use High (100 du/ac)</u>	<u>645</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>749</u>
Neighborhood/Corridor MU1	<u>0</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>32</u>	105
Neighborhood/Corridor MU2	<u>1,578</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,578</u>
Capacity (Projects + Sites)	<u>3,594</u>	<u>738</u>	<u>1,379</u>	<u>5,711</u>
<u>Surplus/(Shortfall)</u>	<u>1,882</u>	<u>178</u>	<u>310</u>	<u>2,370</u>
<u>% Buffer</u>	<u>110%</u>	<u>32%</u>	<u>29%</u>	<u>71%</u>

	Housing Units					
	Lower	<del>Moderate</del>	Above -Moderate	<del>Total</del>		
RHNA	<del>1,712</del>	<del>560</del>	<del>1,069</del>	<del>3,341</del>		
Approved/Entitled/Proposed/Pipeline Projects	<del>122</del>	<del>20</del>	<del>358</del>	<del>500</del>		
Current General Plan						
Projected accessory dwelling units (ADUs) (Conversion/Expansion)	<del>360</del>	<del>36</del>	<del>204</del>	<del>600</del>		
Low Density Two-Family/Medium Density Multi-Family	θ	<del>196</del>	θ	<del>196</del>		
Commercial General/Commercial Neighborhood (CG/CN)	<del>681</del>	<del>25</del>	θ	<del>706</del>		
<del>Capacity (Projects + Sites)</del>	<del>1,163</del>	<del>277</del>	<del>562</del>	<del>2,002</del>		
Surplus/(Shortfall)	<del>(549)</del>	<del>(283)</del>	<del>(507)</del>	<del>(1,339)</del>		

<sup>15</sup> HCD recommends a buffer of at least 15 to 30% to ensure that sufficient capacity exists in the Housing Element to accommodate the RHNA throughout the planning period. HCD, No Net Low Lass Memorandum, October 2, 2019.

		Housing Units				
	Lower	<del>Moderate</del>	Above -Moderate	<del>Total</del>		
2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map <sup>76</sup>						
Incremental Infill						
-Conversion/Expansion Scenario	<del>360</del>	<del>36</del>	<del>204</del>	<del>600</del>		
-Redevelopment Scenario		<del>212</del>	<del>424</del>	<del>636</del>		
Opportunity Sites	<del>60</del>	<del>40</del>	<del>493</del>	<del>593</del>		
Neighborhood Multi-Family (50 du/ac)	<del>184</del>	<del>477</del>	θ	<del>661</del>		
Mixed Use Medium (65 du/ac)	<del>682</del>	θ	θ	<del>682</del>		
Mixed Use High (100 du/ac)	<del>619</del>	θ	θ	<del>619</del>		
Neighborhood/Corridor MU-2	<del>691</del>	θ	θ	<del>691</del>		
<del>Capacity (Projects + Sites)</del>	<del>2,718</del>	<del>1,209</del>	<del>1,055</del>	<del>4,982</del>		
Surplus/(Shortfall)	<del>1,006</del>	<del>225</del>	<del>410</del>	<del>1,641</del>		
<del>% Buffer</del>	<del>58%</del>	<del>40%</del>	<del>38</del>	<del>49%</del>		

<sup>16</sup> See the Constraints Section below for further detail on the Preferred Land Use Alternative designations.

# II. FINANCIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE RESOURCES

The City has access to several funding sources to preserve at-risk housing, improvement of existing housing, and development of affordable housing.

# 1. STATE AND FEDERAL RESOURCES

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM (CDBG)

Federal funding is available from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through the CDBG program administered by Los Angeles County. The City receives about \$200,000 in funding annually through Los Angeles County Development Authority (LACDA) CDBG Program. The City uses CDBG funds for programs serving seniors, persons with disabilities, and to fund infrastructure improvements.

Through the CARES Act, the City has received also additional one-time CDBG funding (CDBG-CV) from LACDA to address the needs associated with impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

## SECTION 8 RENTAL ASSISTANCE

The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program assists very low income seniors, families, and persons with disabilities with the cost of rental housing. Generally, a tenant pays 30% of their adjusted income towards the rent and the Section 8 program pays the balance directly to the landlord. The Culver City Housing Division selects program participants from a waiting list of qualified households, giving preference to Culver City residents, Veterans, the elderly and persons with disabilities. Currently, 215 households are being served with HCVs.

# SB 2 PERMANENT LOCAL HOUSING ALLOCATION

In 2017, Governor Brown signed a 15-bill housing package aimed at addressing the State's housing shortage and high housing costs. Specifically, it included the Building Homes and Jobs Act (SB 2, 2017), which establishes a \$75 recording fee on real estate documents to increase the supply of affordable homes in California. Because the number of real estate transactions recorded in each county will vary from year to year, the revenues collected will fluctuate.

The first year of SB 2 funds are available as planning grants to local jurisdictions. Culver City received \$160,000 for planning efforts to facilitate housing production. For the second year and onward, 70 percent of the funding will be allocated to local governments for affordable housing purposes. A large portion of year two allocations will be distributed using the same formula used to allocate federal Community Development Block Grants (CDBG). However, as a non-entitlement jurisdiction participating in the CDBG program under the Los Angeles County CDBG program, Culver City is receiving funding under the Permanent Local Housing Allocation (PLHA) component of SB 2 through LACDA. SB2 PLHA funds can be used to:

- Increase the supply of housing for households at or below 60 percent of AMI
- Increase assistance to affordable owner-occupied workforce housing
- Assist persons experiencing or at risk of homelessness
- Facilitate housing affordability, particularly for lower and moderate income households
- Promote projects and programs to meet the local government's unmet share of regional housing needs allocation

# 2. LOCAL RESOURCES

# CULVER CITY SUCCESSOR AGENCY

The Culver City Housing Authority serves as the City's Successor Agency to oversee the Low/Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund (LMIHAF). The City anticipates that about \$12 million in LMIHAF will be available over the next six years. LMIHAF is used to implement the City's various housing programs. Planned uses of the LMIHAF have been incorporated in the housing programs of this Housing Element.

# 3. PUBLIC/PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

The City will partner with nonprofit housing developers to preserve and develop affordable housing. Active nonprofit developers in Southern California include, but are not limited to:

- •\_\_\_Bridge Housing
- <u>Community Corporation of Santa Monica</u>
- Habitat for Humanity
- Jamboree Housing
- Linc Housing
- Los Angeles County Development Authority
- Many Mansions
- Mercy Housing
- Meta Housing
- National CORE

The City will actively pursue affordable housing opportunities with qualified developers.

# III. ENERGY CONSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES

State law (Government Code §65583(a)(7)) requires a Housing Element to provide an analysis of opportunities for energy conservation in residential development. Not only do such energy conservation measures reduce consumption of non-renewable or limited resources, but they can also substantially lower housing maintenance costs. Despite the mild climate of Southern California, old fixtures and appliances and older housing construction may wastefully consume water, gas, and electrical resources.

In Culver City, where 50% of the housing stock was constructed before 1950 and more than two-thirds was built before the state adopted energy conservation standards in 1975, a substantial number of units are likely to be using energy and water inefficiently. The City's best strategy for effective energy conservation is to promote and encourage energy-efficient retrofitting of existing homes. Common and effective measures include weather-stripping, caulking doors and windows, and installing insulation in ceilings and walls.

All new residential construction in the city is required to be constructed in an energy efficient manner by complying with state energy conservation standards. Also, pursuant to the City's Solar Photovoltaic Ordinance, all new construction projects, commercial or multi-family, of 3 or more units or 10,000 new square feet or greater, are required to install 1 kilowatt (kw) of solar photovoltaic power for each 10,000 square feet of new construction, not including parking garage areas. Additionally, new additions of over 10,000 square feet or major renovations of over 10,000 square feet are required to install 1 kilowatt of solar photovoltaic power for each 10,000 square feet of major renovation or additional area. The solar photovoltaic requirement does not apply to new construction, major remodels, or additions of less than 10,000 square feet. One kilowatt of solar photovoltaic power is estimated to add less than half of 1% to the cost of construction. This ordinance not only helps to conserve energy, but also reduces greenhouse gas emissions.

The City's Green Building Ordinance also helps to reduce energy costs by requiring new developments to incorporate Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) equivalent measures. These include energy-efficient glazing, additional building insulation, improved heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) efficiency; planting or

retaining on-site trees providing shade; and using re-cycled materials during construction. <u>While these requirements</u> may add to the cost of development, energy conservation is a statewide goal. Many affordable housing programs also encourage the incorporation of green building measures. Furthermore, these measures would reduce long-term operating costs. There is no requirement that projects obtain LEED certification.

The City has also adopted a Water Conservation Ordinance designed to limit water consumption and effectively reduce monthly water costs.

These programs, along with land use strategies that promote transit-oriented development (TOD) projects, will further local and statewide energy conservation goals.

# CONSTRAINTS I. GOVERNMENTAL CONSTRAINTS

# 1. LAND USE PLANS AND REGULATIONS

# GENERAL PLAN

Each jurisdiction in California must prepare a comprehensive, long-term General Plan to guide its future. The Land Use Element of the General Plan establishes the community's vision, goals, and policies for the city's urban form and physical development. The Land Use Element includes basic land use designations and density of development within the various areas of the City. In this way, the Land Use Element and its land use categories greatly influence the type and density of residential development that can occur with a jurisdiction. Culver City's current General Plan was adopted in 1996; however, a comprehensive update to the General Plan, including the Land Use Element, is currently underway and anticipated to be completed in the Fall of 2022. The update will include significant changes to the City's land use designations; therefore, both the current designations and draft proposed designations are discussed in this section.

<u>Table 3331Table 33</u>Table 33 summarizes the six residential land use designations set forth in the existing Land Use Element. In addition to the residential land use categories, housing is also permitted in several commercial land use designations, including the Neighborhood Serving Corridor, General Corridor, and Downtown designations. Within the commercially designated areas, residential development must be part of a mixed-use (MU) development, which combines both commercial and residential uses within the same project. The industrial land use designations do not allow housing.

Designation	Maximum Density (du/ac)	Description
Low Density – Single Family	8.7	One dwelling unit per lot on lots typically 5,000 square feet in area, Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs), Junior ADUs (JADUs)
Low Density – Two Family	17.4	One to two dwellings per lot/parcel on parcels of not less than 5,000 square feet, ADUs, JADUs
Low Density – Three Family	29	Up to three dwelling units per parcel at not less than 1,500 square feet of net lot area per unit, ADUs, JADUs
Low Density -Multiple Family	15	Multiple family dwellings, as well as single family, two family and three family dwellings, on parcels of 15,000 square feet or more, ADUs, JADUs
Medium Density – Multiple Family	29	Multiple family dwellings, as well as single family, two family and three family dwellings, on parcels of up to 13,000 square feet, ADUs, JADUs
Planned Residential Development	Flexible	Large residential complexes which may consist of more than one building on a site of one acre or larger

#### TABLE 3331: CURRENT RESIDENTIAL LAND USE CATEGORIES - CULVER CITY GENERAL PLAN

Source: Culver City General Plan, 1996; ADU Ordinance (Code Section 17.400.095, 2020)

Table 33-34 summarizes the Preferred Land Use Map land use designations. Under the Preferred Alternative, new housing growth is distributed throughout the city. The previous Low Density Two Family, Three Family, and Multiple Family designations would be consolidated into the new Incremental Infill designations which would allow for infill development up to four units per parcel, inclusive of ADU and JADUs. The Neighborhood/Corridor designations would allow for a greater mix of uses compared to present conditions, including standalone residential, at more moderate densities. The proposed Mixed Use High designation allows for up to 100 units per acre, significantly higher than what is allowed in any designation under the existing Land Use Element.

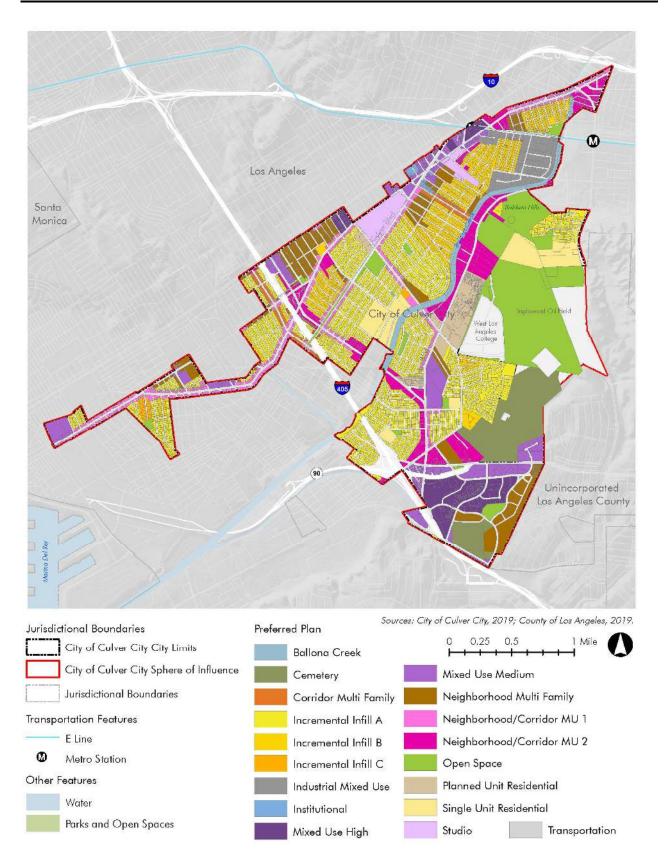
#### TABLE 3432: DRAFT PREFERRED LAND USE MAP DESIGNATIONS - 2045 GENERAL PLAN

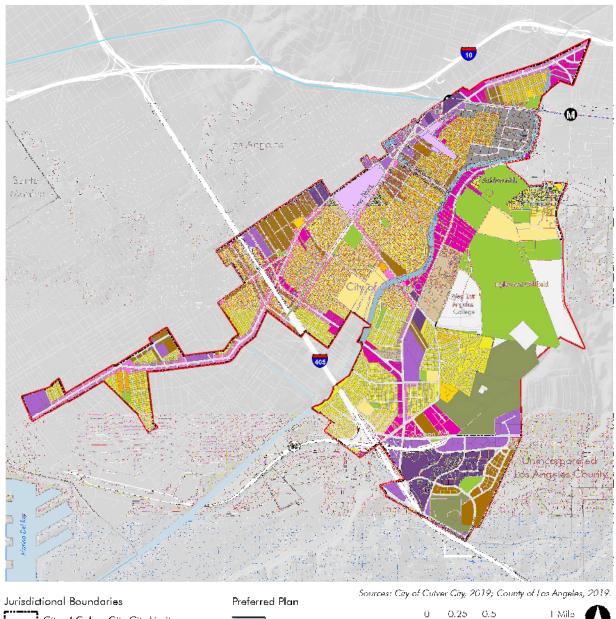
Proposed Designations	Maximum Density (du/ac)	Description
Incremental Infill A (Parcels <4,950 square feet)	8.7	<ul> <li>Detached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing residential single family (R1) zoning</li> <li>Allows up to 2 stories</li> </ul>
Incremental Infill A (Parcels >4,950 square feet)	35	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs, duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing R1 zoning</li> <li>Allows up to 2-stories and 4 units per lot</li> <li>4<sup>th</sup> unit must be affordable</li> <li>Triplex/fourplexes are inclusive of ADUs and JADUs</li> </ul>
Incremental Infill B	35	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs, duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing residential two family (R2)/ residential three family (R3) zoning</li> <li>Allows up to 2 stories and 4 units per lot for R2</li> <li>Allows up to 2 stories and 5 units per lot for R3</li> <li>4<sup>th</sup> unit must be affordable</li> <li>Triplex/fourplexes are inclusive of ADUs and JADUs</li> </ul>
Incremental Infill C	15	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs, duplexes, triplexes, and low density multi-family</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing RLD zoning</li> <li>Allows up to 2 stories</li> </ul>
Corridor Multi-Family	30	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs, duplexes, triplexes, and moderate density multi-family</li> <li>Standards consistent with RMD zoning</li> <li>Allows up to 2 stories and 9 units per lot</li> </ul>
Neighborhood Multi-Family	50	<ul> <li>Mix of multi-family residential</li> <li>Allows up to 3 stories</li> </ul>
Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1	35	<ul> <li>Lower-scale, mixed use blending residential, commercial, and retail uses and public spaces serving both surrounding neighborhoods and visitors from nearby areas</li> <li>Allows up to 3 stories and 2.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)</li> </ul>
Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2	50	<ul> <li>Moderate-scale, mixed use blending residential, commercial, retail uses, and public spaces</li> <li>Allows up to 4 stories and 2.5 FAR</li> </ul>
Mixed Use Medium	65	<ul> <li>A broad range of commercial, office, and residential uses serving both surrounding neighborhoods and visitors from nearby areas</li> <li>Allows up to 4 stories and 2.5 FAR</li> </ul>
Mixed Use High	100	<ul> <li>High-intensity active uses and mixed-use development, including retail stores, restaurant, hotels, services, residential, and office uses</li> <li>Allows up to 5 stories and 3.5 FAR</li> </ul>
Industrial Mixed Use	65	<ul> <li>A transition between mixed-use and high industrial areas with a mix of residential and industrial uses</li> <li>Allows up to 2.5 FAR</li> </ul>

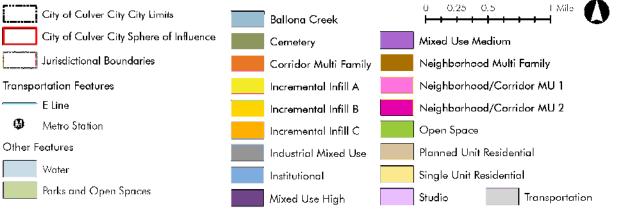
Source: City of Culver City, City Council/Planning Commission Memo, June 28, 2021; Raimi and Associates, Designation Refinement Process, July 2021

As the City is updating the Land Use Element and the Housing Element simultaneously, it has ensured that the policies and land use designations of the Land Use Element will promote residential development to meet the City's RHNA; therefore, the 2045 General Plan preferred land use map designations will not constrain residential development within the city.

FIGURE <u>5</u>5: PREFERRED LAND USE MAP – 2045 GENERAL PLAN







# ZONING DESIGNATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The City regulates the type, location, density, and scale of residential development through the Municipal Code. Zoning regulations serve to implement the General Plan and are designed to protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare of residents. The Municipal Code also helps to preserve the character and integrity of existing neighborhoods, and sets residential development standards for each zone district. Once the City has adopted the new 2045 General Plan, a comprehensive update to the Zoning Code will be necessary to ensure that the Zoning Code is consistent with and can effectively implement the new General Plan. The following section contains an analysis of the current Zoning Code as it will continue to govern development in the City until updates are adopted.

The six zones that allow for exclusive residential use are as follows:

- R1 Single-Family Residential
- R2 Two-Family Residential
- R3 Three-Family Residential
- RLD Low Density Multiple-Family Residential
- RMD Medium Density Multiple-Family Residential
- RHD High Density Multiple Family Residential

In addition to these zones, residential uses are permitted within either mixed-use or live/work projects in the following four commercial zoning districts:

- CN Commercial Neighborhood
- CG Commercial General
- CC Commercial Community
- CD Commercial Downtown

A summary of the types of residential use permitted within each zoning district is provided in Table <u>3335</u>.

#### TABLE 3533: PERMITTED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT BY ZONE

Housing Type Permitted	R1	R2	R3	RLD	RMD	RHD	CN	CG	CC	CD
Single-family Detached <sup>1</sup>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Duplex		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Triplex			Р	Р	Р	Р				
Multi-Family				Р	Р	Р				
Residential Care Facility (6 or fewer residents)	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Residential Care Facility (7 or more residents)	C <sup>3</sup>	C <sup>3</sup>	C <sup>3</sup>	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Supportive Housing <sup>4</sup>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	$P^2$	P <sup>2</sup>	$P^2$	P <sup>2</sup>
Transitional Housing <sup>4</sup>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	$P^2$	$P^2$	$P^2$	P <sup>2</sup>
Accessory Dwelling Units	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р				
Emergency Shelters							С	С	С	
Single Room Occupancy Units							$P^2$	P <sup>2</sup>	$P^2$	P <sup>2</sup>
Senior Citizen Congregate Care				С	С	С	С	С	С	
Live/work units							Р	Р	Р	Р
Mixed Use Projects							Р	Р	Р	Р

P=Permitted Use; C=Conditional Use Permit Required

Source: Culver City Zoning Code

Notes:

1. Includes factory built modular homes and mobile homes/manufactured housing on permanent foundations

2. Use only allowed as part of a mixed use project.

3. Only allowed on 5+ acre sites

4. Use is subject only to those restrictions that apply to other residential uses of the same type in the same zone.

The East Washington Boulevard Overlay Zone also provides for some residential uses, including live/work units and mixed use projects. Emergency shelters are also permitted by-right in some portions of the Overlay Zone. Low income housing can be accommodated in all zones permitting residential use in Culver City. These may include accessory dwelling units (ADUs) in the R1, R2, and R3 districts, multi-family apartments in the RLD, RMD and RHD zones, as well as high-density commercial/residential mixed-use developments within the Commercial districts.

The Residential Hillsides Overlay Zone (RH) provides area-specific regulations for incremental improvement and sustainable development of hillside neighborhoods. It has slightly different development standards than underlying zoning, mostly taking slope constraints into account.

#### DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS

A summary of the development standards for the six zones permitting residential development is provided in\_-Table 35<u>Table 36Table 36</u>. Allowable densities range from 8.7 units/acre in the R1 zone up to 29.0 units/acre in the RMD and RHD zones. These development standards continue to be viewed as necessary to protect the public health, safety\_ and welfare and maintain the quality of life, and are not considered constraints on the development of housing for all income levels.

The Planned Development (PD) District is applied to areas of existing large scale, multiple-family residential and commercial complexes and to sites suitable for similar large-scale development. Within the PD District, there is no maximum density - only minimum site area (one acre) and height limit (56 feet) apply. A Comprehensive Plan establishes all other standards within the PD District.

#### TABLE 3634: DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES

Development Standard <sup>6</sup>	R1	R2	R3	RLD	RMD	RHD	
Minimum Lot Area (sq.ft.) <sup>1</sup>	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	
Minimum Front Yard (ft.)	20	15	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	
Minimum Interior Side Yard (ft.)	5	4	5	10	5	10	
Minimum Rear Yard (ft.)	15	10	10	15	10 <sup>3</sup>	15	
Maximum Building Height (ft.)	30	30	30	30	30	40	
Maximum Density (units/acre) <sup>4</sup>	8.7	17.4	26.1	15.0	29.05	29.0	
Minimum Unit Size (sq. ft.)	1,000 ground floor	SF: 1,000 Duplex: 750/unit	SF: 1,000 Duplex/ Triplex: 750/unit	Nicro-unit: 350         Studio: 500         1 Bedroom: 700         2 Bedroom: 900         3 Bedroom: 1,100         > 3 Bedroom: 1,100 + 150 for each         additional bedroom			

Source: Culver City Zoning Code, 2021

Notes:

1. Condominium, townhome, or planned development projects may be subdivided with smaller air space sizes for ownership purposes.

2. Or one-half of building height, whichever is greater

3. 5 feet when adjacent to an alley

4. Based on applicable minimum development standards (excluding density bonus)

5. Up to a maximum of 9 units (excludes RMD parcels on Grand View Blvd. between Washington Pl. and Herbert St.)

6. Parcels subject to the RH Overlay may have slightly different standards based on slope.

#### DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN MIXED-USE DISTRICTS

Residential/commercial mixed-use projects are allowed in four of the City's six commercial zoning districts at a base density of 35 units per acre. In February 2021, the City Council approved an ordinance modifying the City's mixed-use development standards and modified the Community Benefit Incentive program to require a minimum of 15 percent affordable units in new mixed-use projects while also providing an increase in the base density up to 65 units per acre (see <u>Table 3735Table 37</u>). The ordinance further incentivizes affordable units within mixed-use developments for projects that also qualify for a State Density Bonus by allowing the State bonus to be calculated in addition to the Community Benefit Density Bonus, thus resulting in higher density. In other words, the State Density Bonus would be calculated based on the Community Benefit Density of 50-65 units per acre rather than calculated based on the base density of 35 units per acre.

Development standards for mixed-use projects are summarized in <u>Table 3735Table 37</u>. These development standards allow building heights ranging from 35 to 56 feet depending on location. The 35-foot height limit only applies to parcels that are adjacent to lower-density R1 or R2 areas. The 56-foot height limit is on parcels in the CD and CG zones where they will not create conflicts with adjacent residential uses or on sites that are adjacent to a parcel in another jurisdiction where a density higher than 35 units/acre is permitted.

#### TABLE 3735: MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

#### Minimum Lot Size

5,000 square feet

(Two or more abutting parcels may be combined to create a total site development area that is at least 5,000 square feet.)

Density

Base Density: 35 dwelling units/acre

Density with Community Benefit Incentive:

- 1. Up to 50 dwelling units/acre; or,
- 2. Up to 65 dwelling units/acre on lots identified for transit-oriented development; or,
- 3. Up to a density allowed by an abutting jurisdiction (up to 65 dwelling units/acre) on a split jurisdiction lot For projects that also qualify for a State Density Bonus, the density bonus shall be calculated in addition to the Community Benefit Density.

Height			
Adjacent to R1 or R2 Zone	Adjacent to R3, RLD, RMD, or RHD Zone	Adjacent to Non-Residential Zone	Split Jurisdiction Lot
CN/CD/CG Zone: • 35 ft • 45 ft for portion of building ≥35 ft from R1/R2 Zone	<ul> <li>CN Zone: 45 ft</li> <li>CD/CG Zone:</li> <li>45 ft on lots &lt;150 ft in depth</li> <li>56 ft on lots ≥150 ft in depth</li> </ul>	CN Zone: 45 ft CD/CG Zone: 56 ft	CN Zone: 45 ft CD/CG Zone: 56 ft
Setbacks <sup>1</sup>			
Building Height	Front	Side and Rear Adjacent to Residential Zone⁴	Side and Rear Adjacent to Non- Residential Zone
Underground	None Required		
Portion of building ≤15 ft	Ground-level 15 ft pedestrian setback required, except setback may vary from 0-15 ft when pedestrian improvements are included in the setback area as approved by the Director <sup>2</sup>	10 ft <sup>3,5</sup>	O ft <sup>5</sup>
Portion of building >15 ft	5 ft	60 degree clear-zone angle must be maintained, measured from 15 ft above existing grade and 10 ft from the rear/side property lines	0 ft <sup>5</sup>
Portion of building >35 ft abutting R1 or R2 Zone	N/A	35 ft	N/A
Portion of Building >45 ft abutting R3, RLD, RMD or RHD Zone	N/A	50 ft	N/A

Source: Culver City Zoning Code, 2021

 Screening, landscaping or greater setback than prescribed herein, may be required where necessary to comply with visual clearance requirements for driveways and where the reviewing authority under a site plan review may condition the use necessary to protect the public interest due to lot, site plan or building configuration and operations.

2. Pedestrian improvements include landscaping, benches, outdoor dining, planters, additional bike racks, additional street trees, small plazas, mobility related improvement, or other similar features.

3. Adequate screening and landscaping shall be provided

4. The width of an alley may be credited toward the setback requirement for properties adjacent to residential zones.

5. If abutting an alley, a minimum 2-foot setback is required, except within the TOD area.

#### OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

The City's parking requirements for residential zones vary by residential type and housing product (Table 3836Table 38). Two off-street parking spaces are required per unit for single-family, duplex, or triplex dwellings. Parking requirements for multi-family dwellings and the residential component of mixed-use development are based on the number of bedrooms and include standards for guest parking. Mobile homes are required to have one space per site, plus one guest parking space for each two mobile home sites. The Code does not have a direct incentive to reduce parking standards for providing affordable housing. However, the city's Density Bonus Ordinance includes incentives following Government Code §65915. The number of parking spaces provided may also be reduced by paying parking in-lieu fees or for implementing mobility measures as part of project approval.

The graduated parking requirement based on unit size in multi-family projects, and the reduced standard for senior housing units help encourage development of smaller, more affordable units. Reductions in parking for mobility measures aimed at improving transportation options for non-drivers can also benefit residents of affordable projects and encourage the development of new affordable housing. These parking standards are reasonable and do not act as a constraint to affordable developments.

The City is pursuing a comprehensive parking code update which will consider eliminating parking minimums, adopting parking maximums, and measures to reduce required parking by implementing transportation demand management measures.

Type of Unit	Minimum Parking Space Required	
Single Family, duplex, and triplex units, includes supportive housing and transitional housing	2 spaces per dwelling unit	
Mobile home park	1 space for each mobile home site plus 1 guest space for each 2 mobile home sites	
	Studio micro-units – 0.5 space, or 0 spaces for units in the TOD district	
Multi-family dwellings and residential component of mixed-use development, includes supportive housing and transitional	Studio and 1 bedroom, less than or equal to 900 sf - 1 space	
	Studio and 1 bedroom, greater than 900 sf - 2 spaces	
	2-3 bedroom units – 2 spaces	
housing	4 bedroom units – 3 spaces (plus 1 space for every bedroom greater than 4)	
	Guest parking – 1 space for every 4 units	
Accessory dwelling units	None required	
Live/work unit	Up to 900 sf – 2 spaces 900 sf to 1500 sf–3 spaces Greater than 1500 sf – 4 spaces	
Senior housing	1 space per unit, plus 1 guest parking space for each 10 units	
Senior citizen congregate care housing	1 space for each 2 residential units, plus one guest/employee space for each 4 units	
Single room occupancy units	0.5 spaces per unit, none required if within TOD district	
Residential care facilities	1 space for each 3 patient beds	

#### TABLE 3836: RESIDENTIAL PARKING REQUIREMENTS

Source: Culver City Zoning Code, 2021

#### DENSITY BONUS

State density bonus regulations have changed significantly in recent years. AB 1763, adopted in 2019, requires a density bonus to be granted for projects that include 100 percent lower income units, but allows up to 20 percent of total units in a project that qualifies for a density bonus to be for moderate-income households. Additionally, density bonus projects must be allowed four incentives or concessions, and developments within ½ mile of a major transit stop are allowed a height increase of up to three additional stories or 33 feet. For most projects, a density bonus of 80 percent is required; however, there are no limitations on density for projects located with ½ mile of a major transit stop. The bill also allows developers to request the elimination of minimum parking requirements for rental units affordable to lower-income families that are either supportive housing or special needs housing, as defined. AB 2345, which took effect on January 1, 2021 further incentivizes the production of affordable housing by increasing the maximum density bonus from 35 percent to 50 percent for projects not composed exclusively of affordable housing.

The City last updated its Zoning Ordinance pertaining to Density Bonus in 2005 (Chapter 17.580). However, the ordinance was written in anticipation of future state legislative changes to density bonus law in that it consistently references California Government Code Section 65915 rather than explicitly stating the requirements within the ordinance. Therefore, the City's density bonus regulations comply with recent changes to state law and are not required to be updated at this time. The city has used the Density Bonus Program in the past to support dwelling units developed for lower-income seniors, persons with disabilities, and families.

## HOUSING FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Persons with physical, mental, and/or developmental disabilities may have special housing needs related to restricted mobility or difficultly caring for oneself. The City's Zoning Code, permitting procedures, and building codes have been analyzed to identify any potential constraints to development of housing for persons with disabilities. The city's provisions for these housing types are discussed below.

#### RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES

The Culver City Municipal Code provides the following definition for residential care facilities:

Facilities providing 24-hour residential, assisted living, social and personal care for children, the elderly, and people with limited ability for self-care. Varying levels of care and supervision are provided. Residential care facilities may include basic services and community space. Includes board and care homes; children's homes; orphanages; rehabilitation centers; convalescent homes, nursing home and similar facilities. Excludes emergency shelters, transitional housing, supportive housing, and facilities for persons requiring surgical or other primary medical treatment.

Health and Safety Code §§1267.8, 1566.3, and 1568.08 require local governments to treat licensed residential care facilities with six or fewer residents no differently than other by-right single-family housing uses. "Six or fewer persons" does not include the operator, the operator's family, or persons employed as staff. Local agencies must allow these licensed residential care facilities in any area zoned for residential use and may not require licensed residential care facilities for six or fewer persons to obtain conditional use permits or variances that are not required of other family dwellings.

The Code identifies residential care facilities that serve six or fewer persons as permitted uses within all residential zones and all commercial zones allowing residential development with no required discretionary review. Large residential care facilities (7 or more persons) are conditionally permitted in all residential zones, as well as the CN, CG and CC zones. In the R1, R2, and R3 zones, a minimum 5-acre site is required.

The Zoning Code requires one parking space for each three patient beds for residential care facilities. For small facilities with six or fewer persons, this constitutes a parking requirement equivalent to that of a single-family residence. The Zoning Code contains no other development standards that are specific to residential care facilities.

There are currently two group homes in Culver City that address the supportive service and housing needs of persons ages 18 to 59 with developmental disabilities. These homes serve a total of 10 persons.

#### DEFINITION OF FAMILY

Some definitions of "family" may impermissibly limit the development and siting of group homes for persons with disabilities by defining a family based on biological relation or by size. However, California court cases have ruled that such definition is invalid. The Culver City Zoning Code contains no definition of family and therefore does not place any constraints on housing for persons with disabilities in this regard.

#### REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION PROCEDURES

In July of 2013, the City Council adopted amendments to the Zoning Code that provide for reasonable accommodation procedures consistent with State law. According to the definition in the Zoning Code, reasonable accommodation means "providing an individual with a disability, or developers of housing for individuals with disabilities, flexibility in the application of land use and zoning regulations or policies, including the modification or waiver of certain requirements when necessary to eliminate barriers to housing opportunities." The Director may grant reasonable accommodations using the same procedures that are applied to administrative modifications.

# PROVISION FOR A VARIETY OF HOUSING TYPES

Housing Element law specifies that jurisdictions must identify adequate sites to be made available through appropriate zoning and development standards to encourage the development of a variety of types of housing for all income levels, including single- and multi-family homes, mobile homes, transitional and supportive housing, emergency shelters and low barrier navigation centers, and farmworker housing. A summary of the housing types permitted in each zoning designation is provided in <u>Table 3533Table 35</u>Table 35. Additional discussion on various housing types is included below.

#### SINGLE-FAMILY HOMES

The Culver City Zoning Code defines single-family dwellings as "a building designed for and/or occupied exclusively by one family. The definition also includes: factory-built, modular housing units, constructed in compliance with the Uniform Building Code (UBC), and mobile homes/manufactured housing on permanent foundations." Single-family homes are permitted by-right in all of the City's residential zones.

With the General Plan update, the Preferred Land Use Map proposes to replace the Low Density Residential designation with Incremental Infill, which would allow single-family lots above 4,950 square feet to be developed with a total of three units, or four units if one of the units is deed restricted as affordable housing, inclusive of an ADU and JADU.

#### MOBILE HOMES/MANUFACTURED HOUSING

There is often an economy of scale in manufacturing homes in a plant rather than on site, thereby reducing cost. State law precludes local governments from prohibiting the installation of mobile homes on permanent foundations on single-family lots. It also declares a mobile home park to be a permitted land use on any land planned and zoned for residential use and prohibits requiring the average density in a new mobile home park to be less than that permitted by the Municipal Code.

As noted above, mobile homes and manufactured housing on a permanent foundation are included in the definition of single-family dwelling and are, therefore, permitted by-right in all of the City's residential zones and subject to development standards consistent with single-family detached dwellings.

#### MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING

The Zoning Code defines multiple-family dwellings as "a building or a portion of a building used and/or designed as residences for four or more families living independently of each other. Includes: apartments; townhouse

development (four or more attached single-family dwellings where no unit is located over another unit); senior citizen multiple-family housing; and common interest development (such as condominiums)."

Currently, multi-family housing is permitted in the RLD, RMD, and RHD zones. Multi-family housing is also permitted as part of mixed use projects within the CN, CG, CC, and CD zones. Duplexes are also permitted in all residential zones except for the R1 zone and triplexes in all residential zones except for the R1 and R2 zones.

Pursuant to the Preferred Land Use Map for 2045 General Plan, duplex, triplex, and fourplex structures will be permitted in Incremental Infill, inclusive of ADUs and JADUs. In addition, multi-family housing will be permitted in Corridor Multi-Family and Neighborhood Multi-Family areas. Standalone multi-family housing will also be permitted in all mixed use designations, and not required to be part of a mixed use project.

#### FARM WORKER HOUSING

The City's Zoning Ordinance does not identify farm worker housing separately as a permitted use. No agricultural activities are found within Culver City or in the surrounding communities. Additionally, the 2014-2018 American Community Survey identified only 18 persons with agricultural occupations residing in Culver City. Therefore, there is no significant need to provide farm worker housing.

#### EMERGENCY SHELTERS AND LOW BARRIER NAVIGATION CENTERS

SB 2 of 2007 strengthened the planning requirements for local governments in the area of emergency shelters and transitional/supportive housing. Cities must estimate the number of persons in need of emergency shelter and determine whether adequate capacity currently exists to serve the need. If there is insufficient capacity, cities are required to identify at least one zone where emergency shelters may be established "by-right" (i.e., without a conditional use permit) or enter into a multi-jurisdictional agreement with up to two other agencies to provide a facility.

Passed in 2019, Assembly Bill 139 limits the standards for emergency shelters that may be imposed by local jurisdictions to only standards that apply to residential or commercial development within the same zone, except that a local jurisdiction may apply standards that include the following:

- The maximum number of beds
- Sufficient parking to accommodate all staff, provided that the standards do not require more parking for emergency shelters than other residential or commercial uses in the same zone
- The size and location of onsite waiting and client intake areas
- The provision of onsite management
- The proximity to other emergency shelters, provided that emergency shelters are not required to be more than 300 feet apart
- The length of stay
- Lighting
- Security during hours that the emergency shelter is in operation

In Culver City, emergency shelters are allowed by-right in parts of the IG zone and the East Washington Boulevard Overlay zone as designated in the Zoning Code. The area where emergency shelters are allowed includes about 119 parcels (24 acres) of land. In addition, on March 22, 2021, the City Council directed staff to move forward with the Venice Parking Lot site (9415-25 Venice Blvd.) to build 10 modular units for temporary shelter, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing. A budget of \$3 million has been allocated to this project. Another \$6.8 million has been allocated to construct and operate a 70-bed sprung shelter on the Venice Parking Lot site.

According to the 2020 point-in-time homeless count completed by LAHSA, there are an estimated 49 sheltered and 167 unsheltered persons experiencing homelessness living in Culver City. Based on this population, the parcels where emergency shelters are allowed by-right, along with the Venice Parking Lot projects, are adequate to provide emergency shelters for the unsheltered homeless population. Emergency shelters are also conditionally permitted within the CN, CG and CC commercial zoning districts.

Chapter 17.320 of the Zoning Code (Off-Street Parking and Loading) requires that one parking space be provided for each bed within an emergency shelter. Additional standards related to the development of emergency shelters are contained in Section 17.400.046 of the Zoning Code and include requirements related to lot size, facilities for laundry, secure storage of personal property and refuse, and limitations on outdoor activity. As part of the Zoning Code update to implement 2045 General Plan, the City will address the parking standards for emergency shelters.

Enacted in 2019, AB 101 requires cities to permit a Low Barrier Navigation Center development by-right in areas zoned for mixed uses and nonresidential zones permitting multifamily uses if it meets specified requirements. A "Low Barrier Navigation Center" is defined as "a Housing First,<sup>17</sup> low-barrier, service-enriched shelter focused on moving people into permanent housing that provides temporary living facilities while case managers connect individuals experiencing homelessness to income, public benefits, health services, shelter, and housing." Low Barrier shelters may include options such as allowing pets, permitting partners to share living space, and providing storage for residents' possessions. AB 101 also sets a timeline for jurisdictions to act on applications for Low Barrier Navigation Center developments. The requirements of this bill are effective through the end of 2026, at which point they are repealed. As part of the Zoning Code update to implement 2045 General Plan, the City will address the provisions for Low Barrier Navigation Centers.

# TRANSITIONAL AND SUPPORTIVE HOUSING

Per State Law (SB 2 passed in 2007 and SB 745 passed in 2013), transitional and supportive housing shall be considered residential uses that are subject only to those procedures and requirements that apply to other residential dwellings of the same type in the same zone. In July of 2013 zoning code amendments were adopted by the City Council that contain definitions for transitional and supportive housing and provide regulations for these uses that are no more restrictive than other residential developments of the same type in the same zone.

Adopted in 2018, AB 2162 requires supportive housing projects of 50 units or fewer (for cities with a population of less than 200,000) to be permitted by-right in zones where multi-family and mixed-use developments are permitted. The supportive housing project must meet certain criteria, such as providing a specified amount of floor area for supportive services. The bill also prohibits minimum parking requirements for supportive housing within ½ mile of a public transit stop and requires developers to provide the planning agency with documentation detailing the type of supportive services that would be provided with the housing development. The Housing Plan includes a program to address supportive housing as part of the Zoning Code update to implement 2045 General Plan.

# SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCY

In July of 2013, the City Council adopted Zoning Code amendments (Section 17.400.106) that include explicit reference, development standards and permit procedures to encourage and facilitate Single Room Occupancy (SRO) housing. SRO housing is a permitted use as part of mixed use projects in the CN, CG, CC, and CD zones. The Zoning Code requires SRO housing units to be a minimum of 200 square feet and include kitchen and bathroom facilities. One parking space is required for each unit.

# ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS

The creation of an accessory dwelling unit is permitted by right in all residential zones. Recent state legislation, including AB 68, AB 587, AB 881, and SB 13, modifies the fees, application process, and development standards for accessory dwelling units, with the goal of lowering barriers to accessory dwelling unit development and increasing overall numbers of accessory dwelling units. In January 2020, the City Council adopted updates to the zoning ordinance to comply with current state law (Section 17.400.095). Per the Zoning Code, accessory dwelling units may not exceed 850 square feet for a one-bedroom unit or 1,200 square feet for a two-bedroom or larger unit. The Zoning Code does not require

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Housing First refers to an approach to serving people experiencing homelessness by first providing a decent, safe place to live before addressing any other barriers that may have resulted in the person's homelessness and could put them at risk of homelessness again (e.g., increasing income, improving health, or reducing harmful behaviors).

parking for an accessory dwelling unit, and replacement parking is not required when existing off-street parking is demolished or converted in conjunction with the construction of an accessory dwelling unit. Accessory dwelling units may not be sold separately from the primary dwelling or rented for less than 30 days.

The proposed 2045 General Plan redesignates the single-family neighborhoods as Incremental Infill areas. Each single-family lot over 4,950 square feet can accommodate up to four units if one of the units is dedicated as affordable housing, inclusive of ADUs and JADUs. The Zoning Code will be updated to implement the 2045 General Plan, including amending the ADU ordinance to implement the Incremental Infill concept, should the City Council adopt the General Plan with the Preferred Land Use Map (adoption scheduled for Fall 2022).

#### EMPLOYEE HOUSING

State Employee Housing Act (Health and Safety Code Section 17021.5) specifies that any employee housing providing accommodations for six or fewer employees should be deemed a single-family structure with a residential land use designation. In Culver City, caretaker and employee housing is allowed with a conditional use permit in the Light Industrial (IL) and General Industrial (IG) zones. The Housing Plan includes a program to address employee housing as part of the Zoning Code update to implement the 2045 General Plan.

## CONDOMINIUM CONVERSIONS

Section 17.400.040 of the Zoning Code contains provisions for the conversion of existing rental dwelling units to condominiums. Condominium conversions of existing developments of five or more rental dwelling units may be permitted subject to approval of a Site Plan Review and Tentative Map by the Planning Commission. Compliance with basic development standards for the zoning district is required. Developments of less than five rental units are prohibited from converting to condominiums.

# BUILDING CODES AND ENFORCEMENT

State law prohibits the imposition of building standards that are not necessitated by local geographic, climatic, or topographic conditions and requires that local governments making changes or modifications in building standards must report such charges to the Department of Housing and Community Development and file an expressed finding that the change is needed.

The City's Building Code currently incorporates the 2019 California Building Codes (CBC) as mandated by the State. Newly constructed and renovated buildings must conform to the standards of the CBC.

In 2019, the City also adopted local amendments to the CBC to establish "Reach Code" standards (Culver City Municipal Code (CCMC) Section 15.02.1100). The purpose of the Reach Code is to reduce the use of natural resources, create healthier living environments, and minimize the negative impacts of development on local, regional, and global ecosystems. The City's Reach Code is in addition to all current Title 24 Energy Code requirements. The extent of additional improvements required is based upon the type and size of the project.

Additionally, the City's Solar Photovoltaic Ordinance requires all new construction projects of 10,000 square feet or greater to install 1 kilowatt (kw) of solar photovoltaic power for each 10,000 square feet of new construction, not including parking garage areas. Additionally, new additions of over 10,000 new square feet or major renovations of over 10,000 square feet are required to install 1 kilowatt of solar photovoltaic power for each 10,000 square feet of major renovation or additional area. The solar photovoltaic requirement does not apply single- and two-family residences. One kilowatt of solar photovoltaic power is estimated to add less than half of 1% to the cost of construction.

These codes and regulations are reasonable and necessary to ensure health and safety, as well as encourage energy conservation and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. No additional regulations have been imposed by the city that would unnecessarily add to housing costs.

The CBC and the City's amendments to the CBC are implemented by the Building Division during the plan check and permit issuance process. Additionally, Code Enforcement Division staff is responsible for monitoring compliance with the

CBC and other property maintenance issues. Code Enforcement staff attempts to assist property owners in carrying out needed maintenance and repairs by providing information and referrals to city assistance programs, particularly for low-income persons, persons with disabilities, and the elderly.

# SHORT TERM RENTALS

As home-sharing websites have risen in popularity in recent years, there has been a significant increase in the number of homes being offered on a short-term basis to generate rental income. Homes may be offered as "home-shares," where the primary resident offers one or more rooms to visitors while remaining on site, or whole homes may be rented on a daily or weekly basis. While the impact of short-term rentals on housing availability and affordability is still being evaluated, there is evidence that short-term rentals have a negative effect on housing affordability by changing the way residential properties are used and reducing housing availability for local residents.

Jurisdictions vary in their approach to short-term rentals. On one end of the spectrum, some cities remain silent on the issue and do not create specific permits or regulations for short-term rentals. On the other end, some cities choose to ban short-term rentals of any kind in their city. Many cities do allow short-term rentals in at least some zones, while also requiring permits for rental properties and including performance standards for short-term rentals.

Currently, short-term rentals (less than 30 days) are prohibited in Culver City. The City Council has considered changing the regulations to permit short-term rentals in some form. To provide guidance on this issue, the City formed both a task force and City Council Subcommittee in 2017. Several public meetings were held to gather input from the public on the topic, and to consider proposed short term rental regulations. In February 2019, the City Council held a special meeting to begin the formal process of drafting policy recommendations for short term rentals. Following public input and discussion, the City Council directed staff to begin writing a short-term rental ordinance that would:

- 1. Allow short term residential rentals in Culver City
- 2. Limit short term rentals to the host's primary residence only
- 3. Allow both hosted and unhosted short term rentals
- 4. Not impose a limitation on the number of nights short term rented annually
- 5. Not allow short term rental of a duplex, triplex, or apartment unit, except for the primary residence of the owner if it is on site
- 6. Require neighbor notification by hosts
- 7. Require annual reporting to City Council on short term residential rentals

# 2. DEVELOPMENT PROCESSING PROCEDURES

# RESIDENTIAL PERMIT PROCESSING

State Planning and Zoning Law provides permit processing requirements for residential development. Within the framework of state requirements, the city has structured its development review process to minimize the time required to obtain permits while ensuring that projects receive careful review.

Early consultation with City staff is encouraged to identify issues as soon as possible and reduce processing time. Many residential uses are permitted by-right and do not require discretionary permits (see <u>Table 3533Table 35Table 35</u>). However, some permitted uses do require Preliminary Project Review (PPR) and/or administrative site plan review as described below.

For projects requiring discretionary permits, the applicant must submit a formal discretionary application with the Current Planning Division after addressing any changes/comments made during the PPR process. Concurrent processing of required discretionary entitlements (e.g., subdivision and site plan review requests) is also provided to expedite the review process. Discretionary project applications are first reviewed by the Project Review Committee (consisting of staff representatives from the Public Works, Building Safety, Fire Prevention, and Current Planning Departments and Divisions). The applicant will then make any required corrections or provide additional information prior to the item being scheduled for a Planning Commission public hearing. Once a decision is made by the Planning

Commission, the discretionary application is then ready for building permit plan check (unless the discretionary entitlement procedures require final approval by City Council). The procedures for common discretionary permits are described in greater detail below.

#### PRELIMINARY PROJECT REVIEW

Applicants are required to undergo a PPR for some discretionary projects. This process allows the applicant to determine the feasibility of the project and make adjustments during the preliminary planning stages to minimize costs. A PPR Request form summarizing the project, along with a proposed site plan indicating parking, and pedestrian and vehicular access, are circulated among city departments for review. The applicant then attends a meeting of the Project Review Committee (PRC) (comprised of representatives of the reviewing departments) at which comments and corrections are provided by the PRC. The PRC meeting is typically held within two to three weeks after the PPR request submittal. Ministerial or non-discretionary projects do not require PPR or PRC review. For discretionary projects, the applicant should address any comments/corrections from the PRC prior to submitting a discretionary permit application.

#### SITE PLAN REVIEW

As stated in Chapter 17.540 of the Zoning Code, the purpose of the Site Plan Review process is to ensure compliance with the required standards, design guidelines, and ordinances of the City; minimize potential adverse effects on surrounding properties and the environment; and protect the integrity and character of the residential, commercial, and public areas of the City. Site Plan Review is required for residential projects which include the construction of three or more units. For projects consisting of less than ten units, the Community Development Director may approve the site plan review administratively. However, for residential projects proposing ten or more units, or projects that require approval of another discretionary permit, a public hearing is required in front of the Planning Commission, which is the approval authority. The City is currently working on a text amendment to increase the thresholds for Site Plan Review to increase the number of housing units that may be approved administratively that include affordable housing. This is anticipated to be complete in 2021.

Pursuant to AB 1397, RHNA sites that require rezoning to accommodate the lower income RHNA shortfall are subject to by-right approval if the project includes 20% affordable units. To avoid inconsistent application of this incentive, the City will extend the by-right approval to all multi-family projects that include 20% affordable to lower income households.

To approve a site plan review, the Director or Planning Commission must make the following required findings:

- The general layout of the project, including orientation and location of buildings, open space, vehicular and pedestrian access and circulation, parking and loading facilities, building setbacks and heights, and other improvements on the site, is consistent with the purpose and intent stated above, the requirements of the zoning district in which the site is located, and with all applicable development standards and design guidelines.
- The architectural design of the structure(s), and their materials and colors, are compatible with the scale and character of surrounding development and other improvements on the site. The designs are also consistent with the purpose and intent stated above, the requirements of the zoning district in which the site is located, and with all applicable development standards and design guidelines.
- The landscaping, including the location, type, size, color, texture, and coverage of plant materials, provisions for irrigation, and protection of landscape elements, has been designed to create visual relief, complement structures, and provide an attractive environment, and is consistent with the purpose and intent stated above, the requirements of the zoning district in which the site is located, and with all applicable development standards and design guidelines.
- The design and layout of the proposed project will not interfere with the use and enjoyment of neighboring existing or future development, will not result in vehicular or pedestrian hazards, and will be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and general welfare.

- The existing or proposed public facilities necessary to accommodate the proposed project (e.g., fire protection devices, parkways, public utilities, sewers, sidewalks, storm drains, streetlights, traffic control devices, and the width and pavement of adjoining streets and alleys) will be available to serve the subject site.
- The proposed project is consistent with the General Plan and any applicable specific plan.

#### CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT

Conditional use permits are discretionary permits intended to allow for specific activities and uses whose effect on the surrounding area cannot be determined before being proposed for a particular location (Chapter 17.530 of the Zoning Code). Conditional use permits are not required for the majority of residential uses; however, the City requires a conditional use permit for all large residential care facilities, emergency shelters in the CN, CG, and CC zones, and senior citizen congregate care facilities. Conditional use permits require a public hearing before the Planning Commission. To approve a conditional use permit, the Planning Commission must make five required findings as stated in Chapter 17.530 of the Zoning Code. The Planning Commission may also impose conditions of approval to ensure that the project complies with the required findings. The typical processing time for conditional use permits is three to six months.

#### TENTATIVE TRACT MAP / TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP

Subdivision of land is regulated by Chapter 15.10 of the Culver City Municipal Code and the Subdivision Map Act. Tentative parcel maps are required when a project proposes to subdivide land into four or fewer parcels. Projects proposing the creation of more than four parcels require a tentative tract map. Both tentative tract maps and tentative parcel maps require a public hearing before the Planning Commission, which is the approval authority. Both tentative tract and tentative parcel maps take approximately three to six months to process.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

Environmental review is required for all development projects under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Most projects in Culver City are either Categorically Exempt or require only an Initial Study and Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration. Developments that have the potential of creating significant impacts that cannot be mitigated require the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report. Environmental review typically occurs concurrently with entitlement review and the time it takes to process a Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration does not typically add to the overall processing time for an application. Additionally, Categorical Exemptions such as accessory dwelling units require a minimal amount of time to process. As a result, state-mandated environmental review does not pose a significant constraint to housing development.

#### PLAN CHECK

The building permit plan check review period for the processing of residential building permits is generally ten days for the first round of reviews by various city departments and five days for resubmittal, depending on the city's workload. Building codes are applied to new construction, and are monitored and inspected under the building permit process. Where no permits have been obtained, inspections are made in response to request and complaints. As indicated previously, the City's Building Code incorporates the California Building Codes 2019 Edition. The city's Building, Mechanical, Plumbing and Electrical codes include minor revisions and amendments to the Uniform Codes that exceed state standards. These amendments are related to fire alarms, smoke detectors, sprinkler systems, and other basic safety measures. All new structures are required to provide fire sprinklers. Although this requirement adds incrementally to the cost of construction, it is considered a vital public safety issue that justifies the additional cost.

#### PROCESSING TIME

Permit processing times are often cited as a factor that contributes to the high cost of housing. However, development review and permit processing procedures are necessary to ensure that development proceeds in an orderly manner, consistent with the General Plan. Additionally, the City is obligated to comply with various time requirements imposed by State law, including the Permit Streamlining Act, the Subdivision Map Act, and the California Environmental Quality Act. The processing times listed in Table 3937Table 39 include the preliminary plan review process and environmental review, as well as entitlement review.

#### TABLE 3937: PLANNING PERMIT PROCESSING TIMES

Development Application	Processing Time (months)	Reviewing Body
Site Plan Review	6-12	Community Development Director / Planning Commission
Conditional Use Permit	3-6	Planning Commission
Variance	3-6	Planning Commission/City Council
Zone Change	9-12	Planning Commission/City Council
General Plan Amendment	9-12	Planning Commission/City Council
Tentative Parcel Map	3-6	Planning Commission
Tentative Tract Map	3-6	Planning Commission/City Council

Source: City of Culver City, 2021

In summary, the City's review procedures and related processing times help to ensure that the development review process meets all legal requirements and facilitates high quality development within the City. Many proposed residential developments can be approved administratively and discretionary permits are processed concurrently to minimize processing time. Therefore, the city's review procedures do not cause a significant unwarranted constraint to housing development.

# 3. PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT FEES

State law limits fees charged for development permit processing to the reasonable cost of providing the service for which the fee is charged. Various fees and assessments are charged by the City and other public agencies to cover the costs of processing permit applications and providing services and facilities such as schools, parks, and infrastructure. Almost all of these fees are assessed through a pro rata share system, based on the magnitude of the project's impact or on the extent of the benefit that will be derived.

<u>Table 4038</u><u>Table 40</u>Table 40 shows the planning fees for the City of Culver City compared to other Westside cities. As shown, Culver City's fees are most similar to the City of Beverly Hills; however, all the cities shown are generally comparable. Per state law, these fees may not exceed the city's cost to review and process the permit. The City periodically evaluates the actual cost of processing development permits when revising its fee schedule. The last fee schedule update was adopted in 2013.

Fee Туре	Culver City <sup>1</sup>	Santa Monica	Beverly Hills	West Hollywood
Site Plan Review	Administrative: \$4,411 Planning Commission: \$20,541	N/A	N/A	Development Permit, Class A: \$23,910 Development Permit, Class B: \$6,855
Conditional Use Permit	1-2 Units: \$8,392 Other: \$19,401	\$17,241	\$21,457	Major: \$9,082 Minor: \$6,246
Variance	\$17,833	\$14,328	\$14,954	\$8,021
Zone Change	\$28,627	\$24,527	Actual cost; deposit determined by staff	\$19,012
General Plan Amendment	\$30,310	\$16,513	Actual cost; deposit determined by staff	\$19,012
Tentative Parcel Map	\$15,130 <sup>2</sup>	\$8,247	\$20,247	\$4,084
Tentative Tract Map	\$16,663 + \$30/lot	\$8,247	\$20,247	\$4,084
Time Extension	Administrative: \$358 Planning Commission: 50% of application fee		Without public hearing: \$1,070 With public hearing: \$1,774	Administrative: \$2,079 Planning Commission: 50% of application fee

#### TABLE 4038: COMPARISON OF PLANNING FEES FOR WESTSIDE CITIES

Notes:

Fee includes a 4% Technology Fee.

2. Fee is reduced to \$7,868 if processed in conjunction with a site plan review.

Sources: City of Culver City, 2013; City of Santa Monica, 2020; City of Beverly Hills, 2020; City of West Hollywood, 2018

In addition to the planning entitlement fees discussed above, development projects are subject to building permit, plan check, impact, and development fees. Plan check, building permits, and other associated fees cover the cost for the City to review the project to ensure compliance with the California Building Code. Development fees are assessed on new development projects to cover the cost of the additional burden the project places on existing infrastructure and services, including the sewer system, transportation network, parks, and schools. Impact and other fees may be required to support amenities like mobility and parks infrastructure and paying a fair share of costs toward affordable housing. For example, the City recently approved a mobility improvement fee and linkage fee.

Because many of the City's fees are based on building valuation, it is difficult to summarize total fees that apply to all residential projects. Therefore, a specific project example is used to provide a per unit cost for illustrative purposes. Table 4139Table 41Table 41 provides a summary of the development fees and permit costs for a mixed-use project which includes 97 apartment units, approximately 14,000 square feet of commercial space, and one level of subterranean parking. As shown, the total fees per unit for the project are \$15,589. However, it should be noted that for a mixed-use project, it is difficult to separate certain fees by the residential and commercial portions of the project; therefore, the actual per unit cost for a standalone residential project is likely lower than what is presented because some fees that apply to the commercial portion of the project have been included in the per unit calculation below. It is also important to note that not all of these costs are due during the entitlement phase of the project. Some fees, including school and sewer facility fees, are due at building permit issuance or before receiving the certificate of occupancy.

Since the City provides an exemption from the public art fee and the parkland fee for affordable projects, a per unit cost for a hypothetical affordable project is also included in <u>Table 4139Table 41</u>. With these fees excluded, the per unit cost is \$14,766.

#### TABLE 4139: SUMMARY OF FEES FOR A TYPICAL MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT AT 11924 WASHINGTON BLVD.

Fee Description	(35,313 s.f.) Cost (\$)	
Planning Entitlement Fees		
Preliminary Plan Review	2,392	
Site Plan Review	20,541	
Environmental Analysis: Mitigated Negative Declaration	6,045	
Surcharge for New Residential Construction (\$250/unit, \$12,750 maximum) <sup>1</sup>	12,750	
Building & Safety Fees		
Building Permit Fee (based on project valuation)	373,108	
Seismic Fees (Residential, 3 stories or less = valuation x \$0.00013, Commercial or Residential, over 3 story = valuation x \$0.00028)	Residential: 3,564 Commercial: 834	
Plan Check Fees (75% of building permit fee)	279,943	
Other Fees	100	
Temporary Certificate of Occupancy (3 at \$500 each)	1,500	
CA Building Standards Fee	1,216	
Fire Prevention Plan Check Fee	59,697	
Structural Outside Review Fee	11,165	
Technology Surcharge (4% of all permit/plan check fees)	28,565	
Development and Impact Fees		
School Fees (Residential=\$4.08/s.f., Commercial = \$0.66/s.f.)	Residential: 484,065 Commercial: 7,569	
Commercial/Industrial Tax (\$25 for first \$250,000 of valuation plus 1.5% of any amount over \$250,000) <sup>2</sup>	40,947	
In Lieu Parkland Fee <sup>3</sup>	79,854	
New Development Impact Fee <sup>2</sup>	8,124	
Culver City Sewer Facility Fee	80,451	
City of LA Sewer Facility Fee	67,172	
Art in Public Places <sup>3</sup> (1% of project valuation)	Project chose an installation over fee	
Total Fees	1,569,601	
Cost per Square Foot (entire project)	11.58	
Cost per Unit⁴	15,589	
Cost per Unit for Affordable Project <sup>5</sup>	14,766	

Source: City of Culver City, Planning, Building & Safety and Public Works Departments

Notes:

I, This fee was enacted as means of recovering the cost of staff time associated with projects - larger projects tend to take up more time so the fee is based on number of units rather than a flat rate.

2. Applies to commercial projects only.

3. Affordable projects are exempt from parkland and public art fees.

- 4. The cost per unit calculation excludes fees specifically applied to the commercial portion of project. However, in some cases (i.e. building permit fees and plan check fees), it is difficult to separate the fees based on the commercial/residential portions of the project. Therefore, per unit costs for a standalone development of 97 units would likely be lower than what is presented here.
- 5. The cost per unit for affordable project calculation excludes fees specifically applied to the commercial portion of the project, parkland fees, and public art fees.

As shown in <u>Table 4139<del>Table 41</del>Table 41</u>, development impact fees make up a significant proportion of the total required fees for a project. A discussion of these fees is included below.

# SCHOOL FEES

The city collects school fees on behalf of the Culver City Unified School District to pay for new facilities and the ongoing maintenance of existing buildings and facilities. School fees are levied for all new development, both commercial and residential, over 500 square feet. However, since new residential development naturally creates an additional need for school facilities through the resulting population growth, school fees are significantly higher for residential projects than for commercial projects (\$4.08 per square foot compared to \$0.66 per square foot). While school fees are often the largest individual fee required to be paid by a developer, the fee amounts are set by the District and the City has no authority over this constraint.

#### PARKLAND AND PUBLIC ART

Public parks are developed and maintained by the City's Parks, Recreation, and Community Services Department. Municipal Code Title 15, §§15.06.300-15.060.330 (Residential Development Park Dedication and In Lieu Parkland Fee) requires that all new residential developments of two or more dwelling units or additions of one or more units on existing residential developments either dedicate land or pay a fee for the development and/or maintenance of public parks. Title 15 states a goal of providing 3 acres of parkland for every 1,000 residents or, if no land is available, to pay a fee that quantifies the 3 acres per 1,000 resident objective.

Culver City implements an Art in Public Places Program (APPP) requirement for all new residential development projects of five or more units, or remodels of five or more units. The required APPP allocation is 1% of the project valuation. If the APPP allocation is \$75,000 or less, it is required to be paid into the Culver City Cultural Trust Fund. If the APPP allocation is greater than \$75,000, then the developer may choose to either deposit the amount into the Fund or commission a work of art equivalent in value to the APPP allocation.

To facilitate development of covenanted low and moderate-income units, the City specifically exempts such projects from In-lieu Parkland Fees and Art in Public Places Fees.

# SEWER FACILITY FEES

In Culver City, sewer facility fees are due to both the City of Culver City and the City of Los Angeles. Fees are used to fund ongoing maintenance of the wastewater system and expansion of capacity as necessary. The City's wastewater infrastructure is discussed further in the Infrastructure Constraints section

# MOBILITY IMPROVEMENT FEE

In June 2021, the City Council adopted the Mobility Improvement Fees Ordinance to partially fund mobility improvement projects and programs to support forecasted growth related to new development. This Ordinance will apply a Mobility Improvement Fee requirement to both new residential and nonresidential development. Beginning August 27, 2021 (the effective date), the fee for new residential developments will be \$7,636 per single-unit residential unit, \$3,394 per multi-unit residential unit, and \$3,818 per accessory dwelling unit. While the City completed a nexus study and economic analysis to ensure the appropriateness of the fee, the City Council has expressed an interest in ongoing monitoring of this new fee to ensure that it does not constrain residential development.

### AFFORDABLE HOUSING LINKAGE FEE

In July 2021, the City Council adopted the Affordable Housing Commercial Development Impact Fee Ordinance to fund affordable housing projects. This Ordinance will apply a "linkage" fee to new non-residential development. Beginning in January 2022, the fee will be applied to new non-residential development at \$5 per net leasable square foot. The City completed a nexus study to ensure the appropriateness of the fee.

### 4. ON-AND OFF-SITE IMPROVEMENTS

After the passage of Proposition 13 and its limitation on local governments' property tax revenues, cities and counties have faced increasing difficulty in providing public services and facilities to serve their residents. One of the main consequences of Proposition 13 has been the shift in funding of new infrastructure from general tax revenues to development impact fees and improvement requirements on land developers. The City requires developers to provide on-site and off-site improvements necessary to serve their projects. Such improvements may include water, sewer and other utility extensions, street construction and traffic control device installation that are reasonably related to the project. Dedication of land or in-lieu fees may also be required of a project for rights-of-way, transit facilities, recreational facilities, and school sites, consistent with the Subdivision Map Act.

The City's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) contains a schedule of public improvements including streets, bridges, and other public works projects to facilitate, among other things, the continued build-out of the City's General Plan. The CIP also helps to ensure that construction of public improvements is coordinated with private development.

City road standards vary by roadway designation as provided in <u>Table 4240Table 42</u>. The City's road standards are typical for cities in Los Angeles County and they do not act as a constraint to housing development. Since the City is fully developed, it is unlikely that any new streets or roadway widening will be required through the subdivision process. With new development projects (housing, commercial, or mixed-use), the City's Public Works Department will usually require improvements for public rights-of-way adjacent to proposed development projects. These improvements can vary depending on the specifics of each development and may include relocation of utilities, new street trees and tree grates, repaving or repair of adjacent alleys, repaving of adjacent sidewalks and streets, restriping of traffic lanes, and installation of traffic signals.

Roadway Designation	Number of Lanes	Right-of-Way Width
Primary Arterial	4 - 6	95 ft.
Secondary Arterial	2 - 4	80 – 94 ft.
Collector Street	2	60 – 79 ft.
Local Street	2	60 ft. or less

### TABLE 4240: ROAD IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS

Source: City of Culver City General Plan, Circulation Element

Although development fees and improvement requirements increase the cost of housing, cities have little choice in establishing such requirements due to the limitations on property taxes and other revenue sources needed to fund public improvements.

# II. NON-GOVERNMENTAL CONSTRAINTS

### 1. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRAINTS

Environmental constraints include physical features such as steep slopes, fault zones, floodplains, sensitive biological habitat, and agricultural lands. In many cases, development of these areas is constrained by state and federal laws (e.g., Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) floodplain regulations, the Clean Water Act and the Endangered Species Act, and the State Fish and Game Code and Alquist-Priolo Act). The Public Safety Element of the City's General Plan discusses the environmental hazards that have the potential to impact the city, including urban fires, seismic shaking, and landslides. The Public Safety Element contains policies to address these hazards and "reduce adverse economic, environmental, and social conditions resulting from fires and geologic hazards." In keeping with the goals and policies of the Public Safety Element, the City's land use plans have been designed to protect sensitive areas from development, and to protect public safety by avoiding development in hazardous areas. While these policies constrain residential development to some extent, they are necessary to support other public policies.

### 2. INFRASTRUCTURE CONSTRAINTS

As in most cities of similar age, Culver City faces challenges of aging infrastructure and related maintenance issues. However, the city's physical infrastructure is generally of adequate size and capacity to accommodate the projected build-out of the General Plan.

### WASTEWATER

The city is served by the Hyperion Wastewater Treatment Plant operated by the City of Los Angeles. The treatment plant has a design capacity of 450 million gallons per day. It is currently functioning at approximately 275 million gallons per day which is about 61% of its capacity. It is unlikely, but expansion of the Hyperion treatment plant may be required if changes in Los Angeles or Culver City land uses cause increased wastewater flows. Costs for wastewater system expansions are passed on to Culver City by the City of Los Angeles in accordance with the Amalgamated Sewer Agreement between the cities. Culver City collects sewer facility charges from new developments to offset these costs. In addition, new development has the potential to impact the local sewer collection system and require capacity upgrades. Developers are required to fund these improvements when necessary. As noted in the previous section, developers are also required to pay sewer facility fees to both Culver City and Los Angeles to fund ongoing maintenance and necessary increases in capacity.

### WATER

Water for city residents is supplied by Golden State Water Company and the City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (for the portion of the city west of McLaughlin Avenue). The system depends primarily on imported water from Metropolitan Water District (MWD). Water system expansions to individual projects are the responsibility of the developer with fees paid to cover major capital expenditures.

# DRY UTILITIES

Gas, electricity, cable, internet, and telephone services are provided by Southern California Gas Company, Southern California Edison, as well as AT&T, Spectrum, and Verizon Communications. All systems are adequate and are upgraded as demand increases. Supplies of natural resources, such as gas, currently appear adequate.

### STORM WATER DRAINAGE

Storm water runoff is primarily handled by a flood control system maintained by the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. Surface drainage uses streets and gutters until the runoff reaches catch basins. The storm drain system is

currently operating within capacity and is sized to accommodate planned growth within the city. The City is required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) to address water quality runoff for construction activities and post-construction runoff from all types of development, including residential projects. In November 2016, city residents approved Measure CW, which provides funding for stormwater projects to improve water quality in the city and region. Best management practices (BMPs) are implemented through the city's NPDES regional storm-water discharge permit. Individual projects are required to comply with all applicable NPDES requirements.

### ROAD IMPROVEMENTS AND PARKING

Roadways in Culver City are subject to high levels of traffic, which would be further impacted by new development. To the extent possible, the City addresses this issue by requiring developers to mitigate negative traffic impacts through various methods, such as improvements to the roadway network and traffic control systems, implementation of the Travel Demand Management strategies, and Mobility Improvement Fees to pay a fair share into citywide mobility improvements to reduce vehicle miles traveled.

One of the primary infrastructure issues associated with the current level of development is the limited capacity of onstreet parking. The City is addressing this constraint incrementally by ensuring that all new developments, both residential and commercial, provide adequate off-street parking.

The City has a Capital Improvement Program to schedule public improvements including roadway network, traffic control systems and other public works projects to allow for, among other things, the continued build-out of the city's General Plan. This helps to ensure the progression of improvements is coordinated with anticipated development.

# 3. LAND COSTS

Land represents one of the most significant components of the cost of new housing. Land values fluctuate with market conditions, and overall have been steadily increasing since the Great Recession. Like much of the region, Culver City is essentially built-out with has little to no vacant land available for residential development. An online survey of residential and commercial real estate listing websites (Zillow and LoopNet) conducted in January 2021 indicated that no vacant property was listed for sale within Culver City. Therefore, properties with existing improvements must be recycled, further adding to the high cost of land.

Per-unit land cost is directly affected by density – higher density allows the cost to be spread across more units, reducing the total unit price. The Culver City Zoning Code allows a base density of 35 units per acre in some areas of the city, which can be increased up to 65 units per acre for projects that incorporate community benefits and <u>located within 1/2</u> mile of major transit facilities and higher for projects that use the affordable housing density bonus <u>pursuant to State</u> <u>Density Bonus law</u>. This facilitates lower per-unit land costs compared to lower-density development.

# 4. CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Construction cost is affected by the price of materials, labor, development standards and general market conditions. According to Cumming, a project management company that compiles data on the construction industry, construction costs in the Los Angeles area can reach over \$200 per square foot for single-family residential development, and \$294-\$529 per square foot for multi-family residential development.<sup>18</sup> The city has no direct influence over materials and labor costs, and the building codes and development standards in Culver City are not substantially different from other cities in the West Los Angeles area.

Similar to land costs, higher density development allows for a reduction in construction costs through economies of scale. This reduction in cost can be particularly beneficial when a project is also receiving a density bonus for affordable

<sup>18</sup> Source: Cumming, U.S. Costs per Square Foot of Gross Floor Area 2020

housing. Chapter 17.580 of the Culver City Municipal Code contains provisions for density bonuses for developments providing affordable housing as required by state law.

# 5. TIMING AND DENSITY

Market factors can also constrain the timing between project approval and requests for building permits. In some cases, this may be due to developers' inability to secure financing for construction. In Culver City, the average time between project approval and request for building permit is typically 1 - 3 months.

The City's Mixed Use Ordinance offers a Community Benefits program, whereby if a mixed use project includes 15% of the units as affordable housing, the project would be eligible for a local density bonus that increases the base density to 50 du/ac or up to 65 du/ac if the project is located within the Transit Oriented Development District. The project would also be eligible for the State density bonus (to be calculated after the Community Benefit bonus is applied). Inclusion of micro units also provides additional density bonus up to 4014%. Therefore, mixed use projects in Culver City typically achieve over 65 du/ac and up to 80 du/ac using a combination of local and State density bonus laws (see Appendix B for examples of recent mixed use projects and their achieved densities). Also, residential development projects in medium density residential zones rarely go below 80% of the allowable density due to the high land costs.

# 6. FINANCING AND FORECLOSURES

Culver City is similar to most other communities with regard to private sector home financing programs. The crisis in the mortgage industry and 2008 recession affected the availability and cost of real estate loans and rate of foreclosures. Foreclosures peaked in Culver City in 2011, with 94 foreclosures that year and a total of 410 foreclosures between 2007 and 2018. However, as of 2018, foreclosure rates had dropped to pre-recession levels, with only three foreclosures in 2018.<sup>19</sup> The rise in foreclosure rates and subsequent changes in mortgage underwriting standards are likely to have greater impacts on low-income families than other segments of the community.

The sharp rise in unemployment as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic may impact households' ability to pay their mortgage, particularly lower income households, and may result in an uptick in foreclosures. However, historically low interest rates have also resulted from the pandemic, creating more opportunity for home purchases and refinancing. Overall, the full impact of the pandemic is still unknown.

Table 4341 Table 43 summarizes applications for home loans in Culver City in 2018. Of the total applicants, 68 percent were approved. Loan approval rates are similar to rates in Los Angeles County overall, where 67 percent of all county loans were approved in 2018. Applications for refinance were the most common, comprising about half of all loan applications. Refinance applications were approved 67 percent of the time. Approximately 36 percent of applications were for conventional purchase loans, which were approved 77 percent of the time. Home improvement loans had the highest denial rate at 38 percent.

Under state law, it is illegal for real estate lending institutions to discriminate against entire neighborhoods in lending practices because of the physical or economic conditions in the area ("redlining"). City staff is not aware of any significant incidence of discriminatory lending practices in recent years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Source: SCAG 2019 Local Profiles, <u>City of Culver City</u>

### TABLE 4341: HOME PURCHASE AND IMPROVEMENT LOAN APPLICATIONS IN CULVER CITY (2018)

Loan Type	Total Applicants	Percent Approved	Percent Denied	Percent Withdrawn
Conventional Purchase	538	77	8	16
Government-Backed Purchase	3	67	0	33
Home Improvement	208	53	38	10
Refinance	757	67	19	14
Total	1,506	68	17	14

Source: www.ffiec.gov, Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) data for 2018.

Note: Approved applications include those that are approved and originated (accepted by the applicants) and those that are approved but not accepted by the applicants.

In 2018, FFIEC changed the format of HMDA reporting. Due to delays in the reformatting of data, publicly available data after 2018 is not currently available at city level.

# HOUSING PLAN

# I. GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Goals, objectives, and policies convert the community's vision for housing into actions. Goals describe a desired future condition or "end" state and are based on needs and constraints, meant to be aspirational, and orient changes and outcomes. Objectives are specific statements of purpose to achieve goals and policies guide the related actions needed.

- Goal 1 A city that proactively provides equitable access to <u>safe, healthy, and</u> affordable housing for all income levels to <u>create a balanced jobs-to-housing ratio</u> and <u>commits to addressing</u> one that has multiple programs to address the housing needs of <u>persons experiencing homelessness</u> the housing needs populations.
- Goal 2 A city with a variety of <u>rental and ownership</u> housing opportunities that complement and enhance the city's goals for continued economic vitality and prosperity.
- Goal 3 A city that plans to grow sustainably and intelligently by revisiting policies and programs frequently to update and adjust if they are not meeting goals.
- Goal 4 A city that affirmatively furthers fair housing to reverse the legacy of segregation and provide housing and opportunity for historically disenfranchised groups.
- **Objective 1. Housing Maintenance**. Encourage a high level of housing maintenance to promote the availability of decent housing and to protect the quality of neighborhood environments.
  - Policy 1.A Maintain a housing stock free of health or safety hazards.
  - Policy 1.B Maintain quality neighborhood living environments throughout the entire city.
  - Policy 1.C <u>Assist Provide assistance to low and moderate income and special needs</u> households to encourage the rehabilitation and adequate maintenance of existing housing units.
  - Policy 1.D Monitor the maintenance of residential properties and enforce the provisions of the City's building code and property maintenance regulations.
  - Policy 1.E Promote assistance programs and enforce applicable health and safety standards to prevent overcrowding in units.
  - Policy 1.F Promote sustainable development through energy conservation, water consumption, and waste reduction measures to reduce future operating costs, and ensure local regulations support environmental justice that protects public health and open space, and expands the tree canopy.
  - Policy 1.G Promote rehabilitation or replacement of substandard housing with healthy, safe, and affordable housing.

Objective 2. Housing Supply. Expand opportunities for developing a variety of housing types.

- Policy 2.A Provide for a residential lifestyle that is environmentally sound and aesthetically pleasing and that places a high priority on quality development.
- Policy 2.B Coordinate the plans, programs, and policies of all city departments to ensure that residential development is orderly, and that new development is adequately and effectively served by a balanced system of transportation, transit, amenities, community facilities, and public services. Residential development must be sensitive to the environmental, recreational, social, and economic needs of the community. The City

should promote access, where feasible, to the LA Metro E Line Culver City Station, for new residential development. Policy 2.C Promote mixed use residential development that is sensitive to adjacent residential uses and reinforce the compatible nonresidential commercial uses of the area. Policy 2.D Encourage the incremental infilling of residential neighborhoods to enhance housing affordability and supply through the provision of smaller units. Policy 2.E Promote programs that seek to provide housing opportunities to meet the needs of people who work in the city. Policy 2.F Streamline entitlement, environmental, and permitting processes for sustainable buildings and affordable housing. Policy 2.G Promote reduced parking requirements and discretionary thresholds for review, for affordable housing, to incentivize production Policy 2.H Encourage infill development, such as brownfield site redevelopment. Policy 21 Explore repurposing of City-owned surface parking lots for affordable housing development.

Objective 3. Housing Affordability. <u>Encourage a diverse range of Provide</u> rental and ownership housing opportunities that are compatible with the <u>needs of all socioeconomic segments of the communityrange</u> of income levels of Culver City residents.

- Policy 3.A Encourage the inclusion of affordable housing units in new housing developments by granting incentives as called for by the Zoning Code and the <u>S</u>state <u>D</u>density <u>B</u>bonus law.
- Policy 3.B Actively support affordable housing development by private and non-profit housing developers.
- Policy 3.C Encourage a balanced geographical distribution of lower income housing to avoid the potential of creating areas of high concentrations of any one type of household.
- Policy 3.CD Conserve existing affordable housing, particularly rental and assisted units<u>such as</u> affordable housing that exists naturally in the market.
- Policy 3.DE
   Explore strategies to Incentivize and reduce the costs of affordable housing production

   like a 100% affordable housing overlay zone, transit-oriented communities programs, and partnership funding opportunities.
- Policy 3.EF Incentivize converting existing market rate and vacant rental units into affordable units and extend expiring affordability covenants to preserve affordability.
- Policy 3.FG Encourage an equitable distribution and the production of affordable housing in areas that have historically not accommodated affordable housing or have excluded diverse housing opportunities, especially in the highest opportunity areas, to help overcome historic patterns of segregation. Explore strategies like public funding, incentives, infrastructure investments, and a "Right to Return" program to support historically displaced families and individuals in Culver City with housing.
- Policy 3.H Promote the reduction of parking requirements, especially for affordable housing, to incentivize production.
- Policy 3.GJ Explore partnering with a non-profit organization to form a community land trust to assist housing providers in developing housing for lower income households.-

Policy 3.H	Encourage new affordable housing production by providing incentives to consolidate adjacent lots and assisting affordable housing developers to identify and consolidate lots.
Policy 3.1	Explore City-owned sites for 100% affordable housing production.
Policy 3.J	Incentivize housing development on surface parking lots on underused sites that would not displace existing residents.
Policy 3.K	Incentivize adaptively reusing existing structures for affordable housing and existing ground floor commercial space for artists and live-work use.

**Objective 4. Housing Access.** Improve access to quality housing for all members of the community by eliminating discrimination, reducing physical governmental and non-governmental constraints, increasing the number of affordable housing units, and supporting access to emergency shelters.

Policy 4.A	Promote efforts aimed at the development of housing available to all income and age levels.
Policy 4.B	Promote housing opportunities for households of all income levels to help maintain the family-oriented character of the city into the future.
Policy 4.C	Assist first time home buyers to purchase housing with alternative financing mechanisms.
Policy 4.D	Promote rental assistance programs to minimize the extent to which lower income households must pay more than 30% of their income for housing.
Policy 4.E	Promote fair housing and non-discrimination in housing sales and rentals <u>for all,</u> <u>including those outside of designated protected classes</u> , by supporting organizations that provide information, counseling and mediation on fair housing laws and landlord-tenant disputes.
Policy 4.F	Prohibit discrimination in the sale or renting of housing to anyone on the basis of their special characteristics as protected by state and federal fair housing laws.
Policy 4.G	Encourage the rehabilitation and construction of barrier-free housing for persons with disability.
Policy 4.H	Assist persons experiencing homelessness by referral to services and provision of emergency services.
Policy 4. <u>H</u> ł	Enable elderly and/or <u>persons with disabilities<del>disabled persons</del> to age in place by providing housing arrangements and programs that accommodate their needs.</u>
Policy 4. <mark> <del>]</del></mark>	Promote the education of homebuyers and renters on their rights, <u>for housing practices</u> and requirements, financing, available subsidies, <del>and</del> protections <u>, and housing unit</u> <u>changes.<del>.</del></u>
Policy 4.J	Explore ways to encourage the development of ownership housing for affordable, moderate/workforce housing, including opportunities for employer-provided permanent housing.

 
 Policy 4.K
 Promote home ownership and related wealth generation opportunities through accessible education and technical assistance, particularly in communities of color and among special needs populations.

Policy 4.L	Increase access and transparency in the lease-up process for restricted affordable housing units, particularly for those who have experienced or are at-risk of displacement and those who may not be aware of affordable housing choices.
Policy 4.K	Ensure an adequate supply of emergency or temporary housing for people experiencing or who are at risk of homelessness.
Policy 4.L	Promote the rapid re-housing of persons experiencing homelessness.
Policy 5.E	-Create a community engagement and education program to continuously connect with the community on the complexity of how individuals become unhoused and the multitude of solutions and programs needed to support rehousing.
	Stability. Preserve existing affordable housing, prevent the displacement of existing prevent homelessness.
Policy 5.A	Actively work to prevent or minimize the displacement of existing residents and neighborhood instability from foreclosures. Ensure that rehabilitation of existing units does not negatively impact or permanently displace existing residents. The City shall notify residents about Ellis Act protections and other rights, and provide resident protections including a temporary relocation program with oversight during construction to minimize resident disruption.
Policy 5.B	Promote outreach and education programs that protect communities, particularly communities of color and special needs populations, from predatory lending, speculative real estate transactions, land acquisition, and other practices that undermine intergenerational wealth growth and housing stability.
Policy 5.C	Assist persons experiencing homelessness by referral to services and provision of emergency services.
Policy 5.D	Ensure an adequate supply of emergency or temporary housing for people experiencing or who are at risk of homelessness.
Policy 5.E	Promote the rapid re-housing of persons experiencing homelessness.
Policy 5.F	Apply a Housing-First approach to ending homelessness that matches persons experiencing homelessness with appropriate services or services with housing, like permanent supportive and rapid-re-housing options.
Policy 5.G	Provide a high level of outreach to priority populations experiencing homelessness, as determined by the lead Continuum of Care agency, to inform them of their rights and opportunities for housing and support services.
Policy 5.H	Encourage a regional fair share approach to providing housing opportunities and assistance to households with special needs, those experiencing homelessness, and extremely low-, very low-, and low-income households.
Policy 5. I	Create a community engagement and education program to continuously connect with the community on the complexity of how individuals become unhoused and the multitude of solutions and programs needed to support rehousing.
Policy 5.J	Remove barriers to housing for persons experiencing homelessness, including those related to siting and operating restrictions, that disproportionately affect populations in protected classes, and special needs populations.

Objective <u>65</u> Housing Production Accountability. Monitor <u>rental and ownership</u> housing production effectiveness throughout the planning period and adjust as necessary <u>to meet projected needs</u>.

Policy <u>6<del>5</del>.A</u>	Conduct a mid-cycle assessment of the City's progress toward achieving RHNA <u>, and</u> adjust if needed.
Policy <u>6.B</u>	Should a mid-cycle assessment require adjustment, implement strategies like establishing a density bonus on inventory sites that is proportionate to the deficit accrued during the first half of the planning period, an affordable housing overlay that applies the density and design standards of the Neighborhood Multi Family designation to Incremental Infill lots for development of deed-restricted affordable units, and expansion of development types subject to by-right approvals.
Policy <u>6.C</u> 5.B	Monitor and report on housing production towards achieving RHNA periodically throughout the planning period.
Policy <u>6.D</u> 5.C	Facilitate a balanced jobs to housing ratio citywide.
<u>Policy 6.E</u> <del>5.D</del>	<u>Continue to evaluate and reduce regulatory and procedural barriers to housing</u> production_ <u>at all income levels</u> , such as streamlining the entitlement, environmental, and building permit processes for households <u>of all income levels and those with special</u> <u>needs.</u>
Policy 6.F	Periodically review City regulations and fees to ensure they are not suppressing housing development.
Policy 6.G	Ensure that local regulations support innovations in construction technology to the extent that is technically feasible.
<u>Policy 6.H</u> <del>5.E</del>	Create a community engagement and education program to continuously connect with the community <u>on growth</u> , <u>housing need</u> , <u>homelessness</u> , <u>discriminatory housing</u> <u>practices</u> , <u>how current land use patterns and socioeconomic disparities reflect historically</u> <u>racist policies</u> , <u>planning</u> , <u>zoning</u> , <u>and real estate practices</u> ; <u>and</u> the benefits of mixed use and income communities, <u>and amplify and prioritize underrepresented voices to ensure</u> <u>more equitable outcomes</u> .
Policy 6.1	Explore a pre-approved standard plan program for ADUs subject to ministerial entitlement approval.
Policy 6.J	Develop objective design standards for residential and mixed use projects to add certainty to the permitting process, promote quality development that maximizes the benefit of nearby amenities and minimizes exposure to features that may result in negative health or environmental impacts, apply universal design principles, promote complete neighborhoods with amenities like open space, and ensure seamless transitions between single-family and multi-family development, commercial and residential development, and industrial and residential development.
Policy 6.K	Promote public outreach and education on the need to address housing needs relative to other important outcomes like health, the environment, public safety, and transportation.

### Quantified Objectives

The City's eight-year quantified housing objectives are described in <u>Table 4442Table 44</u>. These objectives reflect the City's assessment of what is feasible during the planning period in light of existing and proposed housing programs, land use policies, financial resources, and anticipated economic conditions.

### TABLE 4442: QUANTIFIED OBJECTIVES

	Extremely Low/Very Low	Low	Moderate	Above Moderate	Total
RHNA <u>New</u> Construction	1,108	604	560	1,069	3,341
New Construction	<del>400</del>	<del>400</del>	<del>600</del>	<del>1,200</del>	<del>2,600</del>
Preservation	60	60	0	0	120
Conservation	59	134	38	0	231

# II. HOUSING PROGRAMS

California State housing law requires that the Housing Element set forth an eight-year schedule of actions for the 2021-2029 planning period that the City intends to undertake to implement its stated policies and objectives. The following section describes the measures that the city plans to implement consistent with its identified policies and objectives described above. Table 4543Table 45 Table 45 identifies the timeframe, responsible agency, and funding source for implementation of housing programs and their quantitative objectives.

### MEASURE 1. PROGRAMS TO ENHANCE HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

- A. Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program. Help very low and extremely low income households secure decent, safe and sanitary affordable housing through the provision of rental subsidies through the Section 8 program and conduct outreach to attract new property owners. Through the County of Los Angeles Homeless Initiative and approved by HUD, 50% of annual turnover vouchers will be provided to unhoused individuals.
- B. **Rental Assistance Program**. Assist extremely low income up to and including moderate income households to pay for housing through the Rental Assistance Program (RAP).
- C. Shared Housing. Through the Los Angeles County Measure H Rapid Rehousing Program, assist persons experiencing homelessness with up to 18 months of rental assistance and supportive services.
- D. **Existing Covenanted Buildings**. Monitor existing covenanted buildings for compliance with affordability restrictions, and with occupancy and maintenance covenants to upgrade and maintain the character and condition of the neighborhoods while preserving affordability to residents. Housing units covered in the monitoring program include: ownership units assisted under the Mortgage Assistance Program (MAP), affordable rent-restricted units, mobile home park units, and group homes for persons with disabilities.
- E. **Preserve At-Risk Affordable Housing Units**. There are a total of 231 affordable units at risk between 2021 and 2031. Pursuant to new State law, the Housing Division will contact property owners at least three years in advance to inquire about their interest in extending their covenants. In exchange for extending covenants the City will offer property owners funding assistance for rehabilitation to address deferred maintenance through the Neighborhood Preservation Program (NPP) and rental assistance to qualified households through the Rental Assistance Program should funding becomes available. In addition, the City will contact non-profit organizations with the capacity to assist in preserving the at-risk units.
- F. Affordable Housing Development Assistance. Provide financial support and technical assistance to organizations that acquire/rehabilitate and/or develop housing for lower and moderate income households (including extremely low income) and populations with special needs (including persons experiencing homelessness, seniors, persons with developmental or other disabilities). To encourage the

inclusion of affordable housing units in new housing development, the Housing Division will partner with the Current Planning Division to offer density bonuses and financial assistance (as funding permits) to developers. The City will continue to inform developers when they first contact Current Planning that the City may be able to provide some financial assistance to their project in exchange for affordability commitments. Additionally, Current Planning will continue to inform developers about the benefits of density bonus when projects are submitted for review.

- G. Inclusionary Housing. The City amended its Mixed Use Ordinance (§17.400.065) in February 2021 to incentivize inclusion of affordable units in mixed use development projects with a community benefit density bonus. The City will review the ordinance to ensure consistency with 2045 General Plan.
- H. Linkage Fee. In July 2021, the City Council adopted the Affordable Housing Commercial Development Impact Fee Ordinance to fund affordable housing projects. This Ordinance will apply a "linkage" fee to new non-residential development. Beginning in January 2022, the fee will be applied to new nonresidential development at \$5 per net leasable square foot. The City completed a nexus study to ensure the appropriateness of the fee.

### MEASURE 2. PROGRAMS TO ADDRESS SPECIAL HOUSING NEEDS

- A. Homeless and Special Needs Housing. The City identified several Successor Agency owned properties for affordable housing (including extremely low income) and special needs housing (including for persons experiencing homelessness, seniors, persons with developmental or other disabilities). The City will continue to evaluate other agency-owned properties or opportunity sites available on the market for affordable and special needs housing.
- B. **Zoning Code Amendments to Address Special Needs Housing**. Various bills were passed in the last few years to address the housing choices available to special needs groups. The City will revise the Zoning Code to address the provision for emergency shelters, supportive housing, low barrier navigation center, and employee housing.
- C. Homeless Service Referrals. Through a contract with Saint Joseph Center, the City provides homeless outreach, data collection, service referral, and emergency motel vouchers. Homeless outreach was expanded to include evenings until 10 pm and Saturdays.
- D. **Emergency Shelters.** Upward Bound House (UBH) Family Shelter provides 18 emergency housing beds for families with children experiencing homelessness. Through a contract with UBH, the City provides case management and supportive services to children and their families experiencing homelessness and to children experiencing homelessness and attending Culver City Unified School District.
- E. **Group Homes**. A total of six group homes for persons with developmental disabilities provide affordable housing and supportive services to 26 low to moderate income individuals annually. Monitor group homes and housing for persons with special needs to ensure compliance with the Federal Housing Quality Standards (HQS), and City Health and Safety Codes.

### MEASURE 3. PROGRAMS TO IMPROVE HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD CONDITIONS

- A. The Neighborhood Preservation Program (NPP). The NPP provides Deferred Maintenance Grants of up to \$5,000 are provided to multi-family property owners who will lease to a Section 8 or household experiencing homelessness.
- B. **Healthy and Safe Grant.** The program also offers Healthy and Safe Senior Grants of up to \$1,500 to low income seniors to address life safety and code enforcement violations.

C. **Graffiti Removal**. Work with property owners to remove graffiti through the Public Works Department and encouraging local monitoring by owners. Continue to help community groups to organize volunteer graffiti removal activities.

# MEASURE 4. PROGRAMS TO FACILITATE ADDITIONAL HOUSING

A. Adequate Sites for RHNA and Monitoring of No Net Loss (SB 166). The current Culver City General Plan does not offer adequate capacity and housing choices to meet the community's housing needs or the State mandated RHNA of 3,341 units for the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element. Based on the current General Plan and objective criteria and local knowledge used to identify available sites with near-term development potential, the City has an overall shortfall of 8111,339 units (21544 lower very low-income, 5 low income, 24783 moderate income, and 543407 above moderate income).

Based on direction from the Culver City City Council, the 2045 General Plan provides for significantly higher density and capacity above the City's RHNA requirements. The City anticipates adopting the 2045 General Plan by Fall 2022. Pursuant to State law, land use designations and implementing zoning to accommodate lower income RHNA shortfall of <u>811549</u>-units, plus a buffer to accommodate no net loss requirements. For lower income RHNA and buffer, the sites will provide maximum density of at least 30 du/ac and minimum density of at least 20 du/ac on sites that can accommodate at least 16 units on site. The City will complete the Zoning Code Update to implement 2045 General Plan within three years from October 15, 2021.

The City will develop a monitoring procedure to ensure adequate capacity remains to accommodate the City's remaining RHNA for all income groups, as sites are being developed for residential, nonresidential, or mixed use developments. The City will also conduct a midterm review of the effectiveness of the new land use policies and development standards to ensure the City is on track with its housing production goals.

- B. **By-Right Approval**. Pursuant to AB 1397, RHNA sites that are require rezoning to accommodate the lower income RHNA shortfall are subject to by-right approval if the project includes 20% affordable. To avoid inconsistent application of this incentive, the City will extend the by-right approval to all projects that include 20% affordable to lower income households.
- C. **Density Bonus Program**. Provide information on the various density bonus incentives to housing and mixed use development applicants. These include:
  - Mixed Use Ordinance Inclusionary Incentive with Community Benefit Program
  - Micro Units Bonus
  - State Density Bonus
- D. Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) Ordinance. This program has two components:
  - ADU Ordinance Amendment: Amend the ADU Ordinance to implement the Incremental Infill designation of 2045 General Plan, which allows up to three units on lots over 4,950 square feet, or up to four units if one of the units is dedicated as affordable housing, inclusive of the ADU and JADU units. The designation would also reimagine the hierarchy of unit size and allow for all units to be of equal size, or whatever breakdown desired by project.
  - Monitor ADU Trend: The Housing Element projects <u>4600</u> ADUs to be constructed over eight years. Monitor the trend of ADU construction to evaluate the effectiveness of Incremental Infill and ADU construction in other residential zones, especially regarding occupancy and affordability. If necessary, adjust the ADU Ordinance to provide additional incentives or remove constraints to ADU construction.
- E. Affordable ADU Incentive Program. Provide information on the various incentives the City offers to facilitate affordable ADUs:

- Tier 1: Workforce. Provide grants of \$25,000 in exchange for affordability covenants.
- Tier 2: Low/Moderate Income. Through an Amnesty Program, provide grants of \$50,000 to legalize illegally converted ADUs in exchange for affordability covenants.
- Tier 3: Homeless. One year trial for the creation of homeless units through the provision of \$50,000 rehabilitation grants with a ten-year affordability covenant. ADU owners will also receive additional landlord incentives through the Homeless Incentive Program, and tenants will be paired with a Culver City HCV.
- F. **Affordable Housing Tools and Best Practices**: The City will explore additional tools and best practices by other communities to facilitate affordable housing. These may include, but are not limited to:
  - 100% Affordable Housing Overlay
  - Transit-Oriented Communities concept
  - Affordable housing partnership funding opportunities
  - Enhanced Density Bonus
  - Emergency Development Streamlining (increasing the unit threshold that triggers site plan review)
  - Lobby for Article 34 Authority to permit the City to be directly engaged in the development and ownership of affordable housing
  - ADU pre-approved standard plans program
  - <u>Right to Return program</u>
- G. Hotel/Motel Conversion. The City conducted a hotel/motel conversion study and identified potential properties for conversion into affordable housing. The City will continue to pursue properties for acquisition and adaptive reuse or redevelopment as affordable and special needs housing.
- H. Objective Design Standards. Develop objective design standards to comply with SB 330.
- H.I. Permit Streamlining and Monitoring. The Current Planning Division is drafting a proposal that will increase the unit threshold that triggers discretionary site plan review. As part of its annual Planning Commission Work Plan review, the Current Planning Division will continue to evaluate processing time improvements to streamline the process. This will include establishing a method to monitor and periodically report on processing times. The Current Planning Division will also continue to recommend adjusting to facilitate housing production when needed.

### MEASURE 5. PROGRAMS TO AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING

### Fair Housing Outreach and Enforcement

A. **Fair Housing Counseling**. The City participates in the CDBG program under the LACDA CDBG Urban County program. Through the County's program, the Housing Rights Center (HRC) is retained as the fair housing service provider for the participating jurisdictions. The City will continue to refer fair housing inquiries to the HRC.

### Housing Mobility and New Housing Opportunities in High Resource Areas

B. Source of Income Protection. SB 329 and SB 222 require rental property owners to accept <u>Housing Choice</u> <u>Voucher (HCV)</u> and other public assistance as legitimate sources of income for housing payments. Property owners no longer have the ability to reject HCV, Veterans Affairs Supporting Housing (VASH), or other rental assistance. The City will develop outreach and education materials regarding the use of HCVs. Focus outreach to the Incremental Infill areas to encourage property owners to accept HCVs.

See also Affordable ADU Incentive Program<u>under Measure 4.E</u>.

### Anti-Displacement and Tenant Protections

- C. **Permanent Rent Control Ordinance**. The Culver City Permanent Rent Control Ordinance sets restrictions on rent increases:
  - Landlords may not impose more than one Rent increase for a Covered Rental Unit in any 12- month period.
  - The maximum permissible annual rent increase is based on the average annual change in the consumer price index ("CPI change").
  - If CPI change is less than 2%, maximum allowable annual rent increase is 2%.
  - If CPI change is more than 5%, maximum allowable annual rent increase is 5%.
  - A Landlord may impose a Rent increase that takes effect sooner than twelve (12) months following the date of the latest permitted Rent increase under the Interim Rent Control Ordinance, but the prior increase under Interim Rent Control Ordinance in combination with a rent increase under permanent ordinance may not exceed the maximum allowable annual rent increase under the permanent ordinance.

Exemptions to the Ordinance include:

- Dwelling units expressly exempt from rent control per state or federal law.
- Dwelling units occupied after February 1, 1995.
- Single-family homes, condominiums and townhomes.
- Subdivided interest in a subdivision.
- Government subsidized dwelling units.
- D. Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board. The City's bylaws on the Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board (LTMB) were expanded to include mediation for habitability issues and to require property owners to include a lease addendum for all tenants informing them about the LTMB and mediation services.
- E. Housing Replacement. This program has two components:
  - AB 1397 Replacement Requirement: Development on nonvacant sites with existing residential units is subject to replacement requirement, pursuant to AB 1397. The City will amend the Zoning Code to require the replacement of units affordable to the same or lower income level as a condition of any development on a nonvacant site consistent with those requirements set forth in State Density Bonus Law.
  - Replacement of Units Lost due to Successor Agency Actions: Use financial resources, if available, to help replace residential units lost as a result of Successor Agency actions.
- F. **Promotion of Housing Programs**. Market the availability of various housing programs with brochures, flyers, and other public information materials. Specifically, focus promotion of housing programs to neighborhoods with concentrated areas of housing issues.

### MEASURE 6. -- PROGRAMS TO BE INITIATED OR REINSTATED WITH ADDITIONAL FUNDING

With the elimination of redevelopment, the City has limited funding to implement housing programs and services. During the 2021-2029 Housing Element planning period, the City will actively pursue funding to reinstate or initiate the following programs:

- A. **Temporary Emergency Rental and Relocation Assistance Program**. Provide funds for security deposit for individuals forced to relocate due to change of use or code enforcement, or for up-to-moderate income tenants involuntarily displaced due to government action such as code enforcement actions or change in land use.
- B. **Property Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program**. Provide opportunities to create affordable housing through the Property Acquisition and Rehabilitation program. <u>The program may consider strategies such as providing loan assistance, for example through establishing a trust fund. It may also consider identifying funding for nonprofit affordable housing providers and allowing such providers the right of first offer to acquire existing multi-unit residential properties as they come to market.</u>

- C. West Culver City Residential Rehabilitation Program. Offer rehabilitation grants to eligible property owners in West Culver City and provide grants to affordable housing developers who wish to acquire and rehabilitate units to provide low income rental housing.
- D. Surcharge Fee for New Construction. Offset the New Construction Surcharge fee for affordable units assisted by LMIHAF.
- E. **Homebuyer Assistance**. Explore resources, financing mechanisms, and/or partnership with nonprofits and lenders to facilitate affordable homeownership opportunities for first-time buyers.
- F. Community Land Trust. Explore the feasibility of establishing a Community Land Trust that can be used for various affordable housing activities.

### TABLE 4543: PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY – 2021-2029

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
Measure 1. Programs to En	hance Housing Afford	lability		
A. Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	Housing Authority	HUD	215 households	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
B. Rental Assistance Program	Housing Authority	LMIHAF	16 households	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
C. Shared Housing	Housing Authority	Measure H Rapid Rehousing Program	5 households	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
D. Existing Covenanted Buildings	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Compliance with affordability agreement, Housing Quality Standard, and occupancy requirements.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
E. Preserve At-Risk Affordable Housing Units	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	<ul> <li>Monitor the at-risk status of 231 affordable units that are potentially at risk of converting to market-rate housing.</li> <li>Pursuant to new State law, contact property owners at least three years prior to covenant expiration dates for at-risk projects. If owners intend to file a Notice of Intent to opt out of affordable housing, ensure their compliance with the three-year, one-year, and six-month noticing requirements.</li> <li>Contact nonprofit developers with the capacity and interest in assisting in the preservation of at-risk units.</li> <li>Pursue funding to assist in the preservation of at-risk units.</li> <li>Provide information on rental assistance available to affected tenants.</li> </ul>	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
F. Affordable Housing Development Assistance	Housing Authority	LMIHAF	<ul> <li>Projects with allocated resources include:         <ul> <li>Venice Parking Lot – 10 modular housing units for persons experiencing homeless</li> <li>Virginia Parking Lot – 12 modular housing units for persons experiencing homeless</li> <li>Community Garden – 6 modular units as permanent supportive housing</li> <li>United Methodist Church – 75 affordable units</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	As feasible development opportunities become available.
G. Inclusionary Housing	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	<ul> <li>Review and revise the Mixed Use Ordinance as appropriate to ensure consistency with 2045 General Plan.</li> <li>Monitor to ensure the Mixed Use Ordinance effectively supports affordable housing production.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>By 2023</li><li>Ongoing</li></ul>
H. Linkage Fee	Economic Development Division	Economic Development Division Budget	<ul> <li>Review and revise the Affordable Housing Commercial Development Impact Fee Ordinance as appropriate to ensure consistency with 2045 General Plan.</li> <li>Monitor to ensure the Affordable Housing Commercial Development Impact Fee Ordinance effectively supports affordable housing production.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>By 2023</li><li>Ongoing</li></ul>
Measure 2. Programs to Ac	dress Special Housing	Needs		
A. Housing for Homeless and Special Needs	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	<ul> <li>Venice Parking Lot – 10 modular housing units for persons experiencing homelessness and 70-bed sprung shelter on balance of lot</li> <li>Virginia Parking Lot – 12 modular housing units for persons experiencing homelessness and 100-unit supportive housing or mixed income housing on balance of lot</li> <li>Community Garden – 6 modular units as permanent supportive housing</li> <li>Continue to identify other agency-owned properties for affordable and special needs housing.</li> </ul>	Pursue projects by 2025

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
B. Zoning Code Amendments to Address Special Needs Housing	Planning Division	Planning Division Budget	<ul> <li>Supportive Housing (AB 2162) - Supportive housing projects of 50 units or less (for cities with a population of less than 200,000) to be permitted by right in zones where multi-family and mixed-use developments are permitted. The supportive housing project must meet certain criteria, such as providing a specified amount of floor area for supportive services. The bill also prohibits minimum parking requirements for supportive housing within ½ mile of a public transit stop.</li> <li>Emergency Shelter (AB 139) – Parking standards be established solely based on staffing level.</li> <li>Low Barrier Navigation Center (AB 101) – Requires cities to permit a Low Barrier Navigation Center development by right in areas zoned for mixed uses and nonresidential zones permitting multifamily uses if it meets specified requirements. A <i>"Low Barrier Navigation Center" is defined as a "Housing First, low-barrier, service-enriched shelter focused on moving people into permanent housing that provides temporary living facilities while case managers connect individuals experiencing homelessness to income, public benefits, health services, shelter, and housing." CGC §65660</i></li> <li>Employee Housing (California Health and Safety Code Section 17021.5) – Requires that housing for fix or fewer employees be considered a single-family residential use.</li> </ul>	By 2023, as part of the comprehensive Zoning Code update to implement 2045 General Plan
C. Homeless Service Referrals	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	<ul> <li>Continue to work with St. Joseph and/or another homeless service provider to conduct homeless outreach and connect individuals experiencing homelessness to services.</li> <li>Continue to provide up to 50 hotel/motel vouchers as needed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ongoing</li> <li>Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval</li> </ul>
D. Emergency Shelters	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Provide 18 year-round beds for women with dependent children through Upward Bound House Family Shelter.	Ongoing
E. Group Homes	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Monitor six group homes for persons with developmental disabilities annually.	Ongoing

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
Measure 3. Programs to Im				
A. Neighborhood Preservation Program	Housing Authority	LMIHAF	Provide 10 NPP Deferred Maintenance Grants.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
B. Healthy and Safe Grant	Housing Authority	LMIHAF	Provide 5 Safe and Healthy Senior and Disabled Rehabilitation Grants.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
C. Graffiti Removal	Public Works	Public Works Budget	Remove graffiti within 48 hours.	Ongoing
Measure 4. Programs To Fo	acilitate Additional Ho	using		
A. Adequate Sites for RHNA	Advance Planning Division	Advance Planning Division Budget	<ul> <li>Adopt 2045 General Plan to provide adequate capacity for RHNA.</li> <li>Develop a procedure to monitor for No Net Loss (SB 166) to ensure the City continue to have adequate sites for its RHNA for all income groups.</li> <li>Complete Zoning Code Update to implement 2045 General Plan.</li> <li>Update the sites inventory to determine adequate capacity for remaining RHNA.</li> <li>If the City is not meeting its housing production goals, review and revise the Land Use policy and development standards as appropriate to facilitate housing, especially affordable housing for lower income households and those with special needs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>By Fall 2022</li> <li>By 2022</li> <li>At least semi-annually</li> <li>By Within three years from October 15, 2021</li> <li>2024</li> </ul>
B. By-Right Approval	Advance Planning Division	Advance Planning Division Budget	As part of the Comprehensive Zoning Code Update to implement 2045 General Plan, amend the Zoning Code to provide by-right approval of projects that set aside 20% affordable units for lower income households.	Within three years from October 15, 2021
C. Density Bonus Program	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Continue to promote the various density bonus incentives to residential and mixed use development applicants.	Ongoing
	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	As funding permits, provide financial assistance to affordable housing approved with a Density Bonus.	Ongoing

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
D. Accessory Dwelling Units Ordinance	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Amend ADU Ordinance to implement the Incremental Infill designation of 2045 General Plan assuming the Preferred Land Use Map is adopted, with the goal of achieving <u>600 400</u> ADUs through conversion/expansion of existing properties and 636 ADUs/multiplexes through the demolition/reconstruction of properties.	Upon adoption of General Plan 2045 and within three years from October 15, 2021
	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	<ul> <li>Monitor the construction trend of ADUs.</li> <li>If ADU construction falls below projection, amend the ADU Ordinance to provide additional incentives or to remove constraints to development.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Annually</li><li>By 2024</li></ul>
E. Affordable ADU Incentive Program	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Assist homeowners to pursue affordable ADUs: Tier 1: Workforce – 43 Affordable ADUs Tier 2: Low/Mod – 20 Amnesty Properties Tier 3: Homeless – 4 Affordable ADUs	Ongoing
H. Affordable Housing Tools and Best Practices	Advance Planning Division	Advance Planning Division Budget	<u>Study and</u> prioritize the various affordable housing tools for research and analysis.	Ву 2022
G. Hotel/Motel Conversion	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to identify properties and negotiate for acquisition and adaptive reduce or redevelopment as affordable and special needs housing.	Ongoing
H. Objective Design Standards	Advance Planning Division	Advance Planning Division Budget	Develop Objective Design Standards to comply with SB 330.	By 2023
I. Permit Streamlining and Monitoring	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Establish a permit processing time tracking, monitoring, and reporting system.	Ву 2023
Measure 5. Programs to At	ffirmatively Furthering I	Fair Housing		
A. Fair Housing Counseling	LACDA/HRC	Urban County CDBG	Continue to refer fair housing inquiries to the HRC.	Ongoing
B. Source of Income Protection	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Develop outreach and education materials and implement an outreach campaign.	Ву 2023
C. Permanent Rent Control Ordinance	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to implement the Rent Control Ordinance.	Ongoing
D. Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Provide services as requested throughout the planning period	Ongoing

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Objectives	Schedule
E. Replacement Housing	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Amend Zoning Code to comply with AB 1397, requiring replacement housing as a condition of project approval on nonvacant sites with existing units.	By 2022
	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to use financial resources of the Redevelopment Agency to help replace residential units lost as a result of Successor Agency actions as applicable.	Ongoing
F. Promotion of Housing Programs	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Develop multi-media informational materials to promote the various housing programs.	Ву 2023
Measure 5. Programs to be	Initiated or Reinstated	l with Additional Fund	ling	
A. Temporary Emergency Rental and Relocation Assistance Program	Housing Authority	Not Available	Explore available funding from County, State, and Federal programs.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
B. Property Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program	Housing Authority	Not Available	Explore available funding from County, State, and Federal programs.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
C. West Culver City Residential Rehabilitation Program	Housing Authority	Not Available	Explore available funding from County, State, and Federal programs.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
D. Reduced Surcharge Fee for New Construction/Other Fees	Current Planning Division	Not Available	Explore available funding from County, State, and Federal programs.	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
E. Homebuyer Assistance	Housing Division	Not Available	Explore resources, financing mechanisms, and/or partnership with nonprofits and lenders	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval
F. Community Land Trust	Housing Division	Not Available	Explore resources, financing mechanisms, and/or partnership with nonprofits and lenders	Annually reviewed with Housing Authority Budget and Work Plan approval

# APPENDIX A: EVALUATION OF THE 2013-2021 HOUSING ELEMENT

Section 65588(a) of the Government Code requires that jurisdictions evaluate the effectiveness of the existing Housing Element, the appropriateness of goals, objectives and policies, and the progress in implementing programs for the previous planning period. This appendix contains a review of the housing goals, policies, and programs of the previous housing element, adopted in 2014 and evaluates the degree to which these programs have been implemented during the previous planning period. This analysis also includes an assessment of the appropriateness of goals, objectives, and policies. The findings from this evaluation have been instrumental in determining the City's 2021-2029 Housing Implementation Program.

Table A-1 summarizes the programs contained in the previous Housing Element along with the source of funding, program objectives, accomplishments, and implications for future policies and actions. Table A-2 presents the City's progress in meeting the quantified objectives from the previous Housing Element.

# EFFECTIVENESS IN ADDRESSING SPECIAL NEEDS

The extent of special housing needs far exceeds the City's financial capacity, especially with the elimination of redevelopment. Many of the City's special needs housing programs had to be defunded or substantially reduced in scope due to funding limitation. Nevertheless, the City was able to pursue Measure H funds and partnership with LACDA and nonprofits such as Upward Bound House to address special housing needs, especially for persons experiencing homelessness.

The City was able to reinstate the Home Secure program to provide rehabilitation grants for low income and households with disabilities to address health and safety issues in their homes. The most significant progress in addressing special needs population is the City's continued efforts in implementing the Comprehensive Housing Strategy (CHS). The following projects are in progress:

- Venice Parking Lot Working on installing 10 modular residential units on the lot as temporary shelter. Longterm, this site is targeted for affordable housing or permanent supportive housing.
- Virginia Lot Working on site plans for 12 modular units as housing for persons experiencing homelessness.
- Community Garden Site Working on plans to install 6 modular units for permanent supportive housing.
- Pilot ADU Program for Homeless Housing One year trial for the creation of homeless units through the provision of \$50,000 rehabilitation grants with 10-year covenants. ADU owners will also receive additional landlord incentives through the Homeless Incentive Program, and tenants will be paired with a Culver City Section 8 voucher.

The City will continue to pursue additional funding to facilitate affordable housing and special needs housing.

### TABLE A-1: HOUSING ELEMENT PROGRAM EVALUATION, 2014-2021

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
Measure 1. Continue Current	Housing Programs				
1.A. Section 8 Program	Housing Authority	Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Continue to assist 384 very and extremely low income households to pay for housing through the Section 8 Program.	Funding of \$1.3 million serves up to 215 households annually. A Section 8 Waiting List was created in 2016 and approximately 9,000 applicants are on the waiting list. Staff has pulled 1,000 applications from the list. Through the County of Los Angeles Homeless Initiative and approved by HUD, 50% of annual turnover vouchers will be provided to individuals experiencing homelessness (a total of 5 vouchers for Culver City). To date, 6 turnover vouchers have been issued to persons experiencing homelessness and 4 voucher holders have secured permanent units.	Continue to assist very low income households through the Section 8 program and conduct outreach to attract new property owners.
1.B. Rental Assistance Program	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Assist 68 extremely low to moderate income households to pay for housing through the Rental Assistance Program (RAP).	Due to reduced funding as a result of the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency, this program will sunset within the next 5-10 years. Rental subsidy to persons experiencing homelessness, elderly, and persons with disabilities created under the former RDA are winding down. The program size has been reduced to 16 households (\$239,220 expended annually).	With the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency the waiting list is closed for this program and no new applicants will be pulled from the waiting list.
1.C. Shared Housing	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. Measure H funds have been	Continue to assist 150 households to locate alternative independent living situations through the Shared Housing Program.	The shared housing program was eliminated in FY 2010-2011 due to the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency. In FY 2019-2020, the program was reintroduced with funding from the County of Los Angeles Measure H Rapid Rehousing	Continue to use Measure H funding to assist up to 5 persons experiencing homelessness annually.

### City of Culver City Housing Element

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
		identified as a new funding source.		Program. Up to 5 persons experiencing homelessness will be assisted with up to 18 months of rental assistance and supportive services. Currently, there are 6 applicants pending approval. The program is funded at \$30,000.	
1.D. Existing Covenanted Buildings	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue monitoring annually and as needed to assure compliance.	Monitoring of income and affordable rent restricted units is conducted annually and starts in November. Monitoring for compliance continues on all Mortgage Assistance Program (MAP), senior housing, mobile home park units, group homes for persons with disabilities, and multi-family housing units with income and rent restrictions.	Continue to monitor existing covenanted buildings for occupancy and maintenance.
1.E. Homeless Service Referrals	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to assist individuals and families experiencing homelessness through referral to a sponsor agency; provide 20 individuals with hotel/motel vouchers as needed; work with a homeless service provider to conduct homeless outreach	<ul> <li>Through a contract with Saint Joseph Center, the City provides homeless outreach, data collection, service referral, and emergency motel vouchers.</li> <li>Homeless outreach was expanded to include evenings until 10 pm and Saturdays. For the period of July 1-December 30, 2020, the following services were provided:</li> <li>Total of 184 individuals served/referred to supportive services</li> <li>21 persons linked to housing programs</li> <li>9 persons placed in permanent housing</li> <li>30 motel vouchers issued</li> </ul>	Continue to work with St. Joseph and/or a homeless service provider to conduct homeless outreach and connect individuals experiencing homelessness to services. Continue to provide hotel/motel vouchers as needed.
1.F. Emergency Shelters	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to make existing facilities available and provide 65 year-round beds for women with dependent children through the Upward Bound House Family Shelter.	Upward Bound House (UBH) Family Shelter provides 18 emergency housing beds for families with children experiencing homelessness. Through a contract with UBH, the City provides case	Continue to support the Upward Bound House Family Shelter to provide emergency shelter services to children and their families experiencing homelessness. Continue to contract with UBH to provide case management and

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
				<ul> <li>management and supportive services to children and their families experiencing homelessness in addition to children experiencing homelessness attending Culver City Unified School District. For 2020:</li> <li>Total of 108 persons (57 children)/42 families served</li> <li>52 persons/20 families placed in permanent housing</li> </ul>	supportive services to children and families experiencing homelessness.
1.G. Emergency Food Vouchers	Parks, Recreation & Community Services Department (PRCS)	PRCS Budget	Continue to refer needy clients to food voucher providers; secure food vouchers from providers.	The City has referred many patrons in need to the Culver City Area Interfaith Alliance and the SAVES program of St. Augustine Catholic Church. Patrons are also referred to the following organizations: S.O.V.A. Food Pantry (West LA location), the Christian Food Center, St. Gerard's Food Bank, St. Joseph Family Center and Food Pantry, and Muslim Food Bank of Los Angeles. Not all organizations will provide vouchers, but all will provide food.	The city will continue to refer needy clients to the Culver City Interfaith Alliance, the SAVES program at St. Augustine Catholic Church and other organizations. However, this program does not involve direct City funding. It is not included in the 2021-2029 Housing Element as a City program.
1.H. Group Homes	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to monitor group homes annually or as-needed to ensure compliance with the city's Group Home Programs.	A total of six group homes for persons with developmental disabilities provided affordable housing and supportive services to 26 low to moderate income individuals annually.	Continue to monitor group homes to ensure compliance.
1.1. Neighborhood Preservation Program (NPP)	Housing Division	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. This program has been reintroduced due to DOF approval of Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) payments.	Continue to implement the Neighborhood Preservation Program (NPP) for qualified low and moderate income households and to owners of multi-family housing with qualified low income tenants. The annual objective is 75 units.	The program was reintroduced in FY 2018-2019. Neighborhood Preservation Grants of up to \$5,000 are provided to multi- family property owners who will lease to a Section 8 or households experiencing homelessness. Healthy and Safe Senior Grants of up to \$1,500 are provided to low income seniors to address life safety and code enforcement violations.	Continue to provide Neighborhood Preservation Grants to multi-family property owners who lease to homeless and low income households and Safe Senior Grants to low income seniors.

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
1.J. Graffiti Removal	Public Works	Public Works Budget	Continue to work with building owners to remove graffiti by coordinating the services of removal companies and encouraging local monitoring by owners. Continue to help community groups organize volunteer graffiti removal activities. Achieve a 48 hour removal rate.	The Culver City Graffiti Crew continues to work with local businesses and homeowners to abate graffiti.	Continue to work with property owners, businesses, and residents to identify and remove graffiti within 48 hours.
1.K. Fair Housing Counseling	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Continue to provide information and assistance regarding landlord/ tenant rights and issues as needed; sponsor one fair housing workshop annually.	The City has contracted with Bet Tzedek to provide Fair Housing counseling services. The City enacted Permanent Rent Control and Tenant Protection Ordinances in September 2020. Bet Tzedek provides legal services for Culver City residents under the Ordinances. Bet Tzedek also provides legal services for Culver City resident under the Statewide Eviction Moratorium.	Although funding for this program was eliminated, the Housing Division will continue to provide fair housing information and refer to the Housing Rights Center. The 2021-2029 Housing Element includes a new series of programs and actions that the City will undertake to affirmatively furthering fair housing.
1.L. Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board	Housing Authority	Housing Authority	Continue to mediate disputes between landlords and tenants through the Landlord Tenant Mediation Board as requested.	The bylaws on the Landlord- Tenant Mediation Board (LTMB) were expanded to include mediation for habitability issues and to require property owners to include a lease addendum for all tenants informing them about the LTMB and mediation services. In 2019, a total of 6 mediations were requested and 3 mediations were conducted. No mediations were requested in 2020.	Continue to fund mediations of rent increase and habitability issues between landlords and tenants through the Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board.
1.M. Temporary Emergency Rental and Relocation Assistance Program	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Continue to provide security deposit assistance to individuals forced to relocate due to change of use or code enforcement as needed.	This program was not implemented due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.	Implementation of the measure will be resurrected once funding from State/Federal resources becomes available and the city is eligible for such funding sources.
1.N. Property Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the	Provide opportunities to eliminate blight and create affordable housing by providing assistance for management and preservation of affordable	This program was discontinued prior to its scheduled implementation due to the elimination of the Redevelopment Agency.	Implementation of the measure will be resurrected once funding from State/Federal resources becomes available and the city is eligible for such funding sources.

Implementation			Implementation	A 101 -	
Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
		City Redevelopment Agency. I	housing to specified problem buildings.		
1.O. Home Secure	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. This program has been reintroduced due to DOF approval of ERAF payments.	Continue to contract with Jewish Family Services to install security and safety devices and offer education & community resource information to the elderly and persons with disabilities, with an annual objective of 20 households.	This program was reintroduced in FY 2018-2019 due to DOF approval of ERAF payments. The Healthy and Safe Grant Program provides rehabilitation grants up to \$1,500 to low income and/or households with disabilities to address health and safety issues in their homes.	Continue to provide Healthy and Safe Grants to low income and/or households with disabilities to address health and safety issues in their homes.
1.P. Affordable Housing Development Assistance	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. This program has been reintroduced due to DOF approval of ERAF payments.	Offer funding assistance to affordable housing developers to acquire, rehabilitate, and provide affordable housing as feasible opportunities become available.	This program was reintroduced in FY 2018-2019 due to DOF approval of ERAF payments. In January 2021, the Council adopted an Inclusionary Mixed Use Ordinance including the approval of micro-units of 350 sq. ft. A total of 357 new units is projected to be constructed over the next 5 fiscal years. Other incentives include: administrative approval of affordable housing units and reduction of building permit fees for affordable and workforce housing units.	Through the implementation of the mechanisms listed, continue to offer affordable housing development assistance.
1.Q. Redevelopment Agency Housing Replacement	Housing Division	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Continue to use financial resources of the Redevelopment Agency to help replace residential units lost as a result of Successor Agency actions as applicable.	There were no residential units lost due to Redevelopment Agency actions during the planning period.	This measure will remain in the event that actions by the Successor Agency results in a loss of units. A new replacement housing requirement pursuant to AB 1397 is included in the 2021-2029 Housing Element.
Measure 2. Programs To Fo		ising			
2.A. Density Bonus Program	Housing Authority and Planning Divisions	Housing Authority and Planning Division Budgets	Implement local Density Bonus Ordinance and provide information to applicants.	Information regarding the Density Bonus Program is provided to developers inquiring about construction of new residential units.	Continue to provide information to applicants/developers and process any Density or Other Bonus Incentive (DOBI) applications that are submitted during the next Planning Cycle.
					Additionally, provide appropriate funding for affordable housing approved with a Density Bonus if

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
					such funding sources become available in the future.
2.B. West Culver City Residential Rehabilitation Program	Housing and Current Planning Divisions	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Implement program to offer rehabilitation grants to eligible property owners and provide grants to affordable housing developers to acquire and rehabilitate units to provide housing to lower income renters.	This program was not implemented during the planning period due to dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.	Implementation of this program will be resurrected once funding from State/Federal sources becomes available.
2.C. Accessory Dwelling Ordinance	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Implement the ordinance which permits accessory dwelling units subject to an Administrative Use Permit.	In January 2020, the City adopted an updated ADU ordinance to comply with recent changes in state law including AB 68, AB 587, AB 670, AB 671, and AB 881. The Affordable ADU Incentive Program commenced outreach in December 2020. The program provides grants to homeowners who wish to create an ADU unit either through new construction or garage conversion. The grant amounts are up to \$50,000 in exchange for a covenant restriction to rent to workforce, low/moderate and households experiencing homelessness.	The Planning Division will continue to work with applicants who wish to build ADUs under the Accessory Dwelling Ordinance provisions. The Division will continue to monitor changes in State law pertaining to ADUs and update the City's zoning code accordingly. The General Plan update introduces a new strategy for ADU development through the Incremental Infill land use designation.
2.D. Design Guidelines	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Develop Design Guidelines for residential zones to ensure new multi-family development is consistent with the existing low- density character. Ensure that the guidelines do not cause an undue burden on housing supply and affordability.	Design guidelines have been completed for the Gateway and Gateway Adjacent neighborhoods. The City is in the process of creating guidelines for the remaining residential neighborhoods.	The 2021-2029 Housing Element includes a program to develop objective design standards pursuant to SB 330.
2.E. Nine Units per Lot Restriction	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Submit to City Council an analysis of the impact(s) of the 9 units-per-lot restriction by September 2014.	The Current Planning Division has continued to study this issue and will report their findings to the City Council.	The General Plan update proposes a new Land Use Plan that addresses the nine units per lot restriction.
2.F. Comprehensive Housing Strategy (CHS)/ Redevelopment Site Study	Redevelopment Agency	Housing Authority/ Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the	Complete and present a study of former Redevelopment Agency- owned sites to analyze opportunities for housing or mixed-use developments with	Due to the elimination of Redevelopment funding, only years 1 & 2 were completed which include: Culver Villas (3 low income, 9 moderate income	Assist CHS sites with appropriate funding should funding sources become available in the future. For FY 2020-2021, \$8 million is earmarked to support affordable

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
		City Redevelopment Agency.	affordable components, as identified beyond years one and two of the CHS, including sites along commercial corridors that are currently underutilized to determine the feasibility of small scale parking garages combined with housing.	units); Tilden Terrace (14 very low income, 6 low income, and 12 moderate income units); and Globe Ownership Housing (4 low income, 4 moderate income, 2 workforce units). For FY 2020-2021, \$8 million is earmarked to support affordable housing production and the implementation of an ADU Incentive Program.	housing production and the implementation of an ADU Incentive Program.
2.G. Comprehensive Housing Strategy and Infill Development Programs	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget/ ERAF payments	Pursue affordable housing development in years one and two by monitoring development applications and encouraging developers to use DOBI or similar programs to ensure the incorporation of an affordable housing component.	Current Planning staff monitors incoming projects and interest in project sites to discuss and encourage DOBI applications in order to include affordable housing within development projects. With the introduction of ERAF payments, a series of Request for Proposals were released in FY 2018-2019 soliciting firms to provide site plans for both residential and commercial lots throughout the City. These lots will be considered for the production of affordable and workforce housing and housing for the persons experiencing homelessness. These studies will review conversion of underutilized motels for the creation of affordable units or emergency shelters, site planning for a Safe Parking Program for the homeless and a regional homeless shelter, and other alternative housing types for affordable housing such as storage containers and micro- units.	Staff will continue to process affordable housing development proposals that are part of the CHS and encourage DOBI applications to include affordable units within proposed residential developments. Continue to study selected lots for potential sites for affordable and workforce housing, and/or housing for persons experiencing homelessness. Specific infill Successor Agency owned properties that are targeted for affordable housing are incorporated into the 2021-2029 Housing Element.
2.H. Comprehensive Housing Strategy/Housing Priority List	Housing Division	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Facilitate production of the city's RHNA allocation within the planning period by acquiring sites on the priority list.	Prior to its implementation this program was defunded due to State legislated elimination of the Redevelopment Agency.	Specific infill Successor Agency owned properties that are targeted for affordable housing are incorporated into the 2021-2029 Housing Element.

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
2.1. Washington/Venice Land Use	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Present feasibility analysis of the two sites identified in the CHS for potential multi-family affordable housing development after year 1 and 2 of the CHS.	This program has been eliminated due to lack of funding.	Specific infill Successor Agency owned properties that are targeted for affordable housing are incorporated into the 2021-2029 Housing Element.
2.J. Work Force Housing	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Increase awareness of need for workforce housing and present CHS feasibility sites to the Redevelopment Agency after program year 2 of the CHS.	This program has been eliminated due to lack of funding.	Specific infill Successor Agency owned properties that are targeted for affordable housing are incorporated into the 2021-2029 Housing Element.
2.K. Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Housing	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Work with developers wishing to construct SRO Housing.	An amendment addressing SRO's was adopted by the City Council in July of 2013	Process applications for SRO development. This routine function is not included in the 2021-2029 Housing Element as a separate program.
2.L. Zoning for Emergency Shelters and Transitional/ Supportive Housing	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Work with developers wishing to construct emergency shelters and Transitional/Supportive Housing. Amend the Zoning Code for Supportive Housing to ensure consistency with SB2 by July of 2014.	An amendment addressing emergency shelters and transitional/supportive housing was adopted by the City Council in July of 2013.	AB 2162, adopted in 2018, imposes new requirements on how cities regulate supportive housing. This program will be modified to include updating the Zoning Code to comply with new requirements. Process applications for Emergency Shelters and Transitional/Supportive Housing development.
2.M. Definition of "Family"	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Add a definition of "family" in the Municipal Code in 2013- 2014 to be consistent with State law.	The Housing Element contains a definition of "family" which is consistent with State law. The Zoning Code contains no definition and there is no need for a definition within the Code at this time.	This program has been completed and is not be included in the 2021- 2029 Housing Element.
2.N. Reasonable Accommodation Procedures	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Work with individuals who apply for Reasonable Accommodations.	An amendment addressing reasonable accommodation procedures was adopted by the City Council in July of 2013. Staff continues to work with individuals who apply for Reasonable Accommodations.	Continue to process applications for Reasonable Accommodations. This routine function is not longer listed in the 2021-2029 Housing Element as a separate housing program.
2.O. Reduced Parking For Affordable Units	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Adopt reduced parking in the Municipal Code in 2013-2014.	The Current Planning Division has continued to study this issue and will report their findings to the City Council. The City currently complies with State Density Bonus Law regarding	This will be conducted as part of the comprehensive Zoning Code update to implement the new General Plan.

### City of Culver City Housing Element

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
				parking for affordable housing projects.	
2.P. Reduced Surcharge Fee for New Construction/Other Fees	Current Planning Division	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	The city will offset the New Construction Surcharge fee for affordable units assisted by the Redevelopment Agency with housing set-aside funds.	This measure cannot be implemented due to the State legislated elimination of Redevelopment Agencies. It will be resurrected when funding sources become available.	This program will be resurrected should state/federal funding sources become available and the city is eligible for such funding.
Measure 3. Housing Division A	dministrative Activities				
3.A. Financial Support and Technical Assistance	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure was de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. This program has been reintroduced due to DOF approval of ERAF payments.	Provide ongoing financial support and technical assistance to organizations that develop housing for populations with special needs as feasible projects are identified.	This program was reintroduced in FY 2018-2019 due to DOF approval of ERAF payments. A total of \$7.5 million is programmed over 5 fiscal years to provide capital costs for modular housing units and gap financing for new construction of 186 affordable housing units.	Continue to provide technical assistance and financial support as funding allows.
3.B. Facilitate Financing Negotiations for Affordable Housing Development	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency. This program has been reintroduced due to DOF approval of ERAF payments.	Work with local lending agencies, on behalf of developers, to assist in securing financing for low- and moderate-income rental housing, as feasible projects are identified.	This program was reintroduced in FY 2020-2021 due to DOF approval of ERAF payments. A total of \$7.5 million is programmed over 5 fiscal years to provide capital costs for modular housing units and gap financing for new construction of 186 affordable housing units.	Continue to provide technical assistance and financial support as funding allows.
3.C. Facilitate Financing Negotiations for Home Purchases	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Work with private lenders to encourage them to provide mortgage financing that facilitates home ownership.	This measure cannot be implemented due to the State legislated elimination of Redevelopment Agencies. It will be resurrected when funding sources become available.	This program will be modified and reinstated should state/federal funding sources become available and the City is eligible for such funding.
3.D. Preserve At-Risk Housing Units	Housing Authority	Implementation of this measure is de-funded due to state legislative action eliminating the City Redevelopment Agency.	Contact property owners one year prior to covenant expiration dates for at-risk projects, to gauge interest in and incentivize further participation. Offer NPP funding (should it become available) to property owners to address deferred maintenance in exchange for extending affordability covenants.	This measure cannot be implemented due to the State legislated elimination of Redevelopment Agencies. It will be resurrected when funding sources become available.	Preservation of at-risk housing is a requirement of the Housing Element law. This program is modified in the 2021-2029 Housing Element to focus on monitoring and coordination with nonprofits with the financial capacity of preserve at-risk housing.

### City of Culver City Housing Element

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
4. Regulatory Incentives					
4.A. Development Incentives	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Publicize the DOBI program on the city website and at the public counter, work with developers wishing to participate by dedicating a percentage of dwelling units as affordable in exchange for incentives, and process applications as received.	Current Planning staff continues to provide information on the availability of affordable housing density bonus incentives to applicants constructing multi- family housing projects.	The city will continue to provide information on the DOBI program and work with developers who wish to process a DOBI application.
4.B. Streamline Permit Approval Process	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Give priority processing to projects providing affordable units to reduce development costs associated with time delays.	The city has made efforts in streamlining applications with affordable housing components. No additional application fee or special request by the applicant is required.	The 2021-2029 Housing Element includes a program to develop procedures to comply with SB 35 streamlined processing.
4.C. Consultant Priority Processing Program	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Facilitate affordable housing development by giving applicants the option to expedite project processing through the use of outside contract staff throughout the planning period.	The Fee for Service program has not been requested by applicants and staff has not needed to use this program for processing in a timely manner.	The City will continue to offer this service should applicants request it. However, this is a routine function and is not included in the 2021- 2029 Housing Element as a separate housing program.
5. Distribute Public Information	ı				
5.A. Promotion of Housing Programs	Housing Authority	Housing Authority budget	Continue to promote the housing rehabilitation and maintenance programs with brochures, flyers, and other public information materials.	In an effort to attract and retain property owners to participate in affordable housing programs, an Owner Fair was approved for the 2019-20 FY. The program was scheduled for April 2020. This program is on hold due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The program will promote incentives to property owners to lease to Section 8 and persons experiencing homelessness. Incentives include signing bonuses, rehabilitation grants, vacancy loss and assistance with security deposits.	Continue to promote the housing rehabilitation and maintenance programs with brochures, flyers, and other public information materials. Hold an Owner Fair to promote incentives to property owners to lease to Section 8 and unhoused persons when permitted by public health guidelines.
5.B. Distribution of Anti- Graffiti Design Information	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Continue to promote anti-graffiti program and provide developers with information regarding architectural designs, building materials and landscaping that serve to deter graffiti.	City staff has yet to formally research this program. However, the following anti-graffiti design measures are utilized: Public Works Department requires anti- graffiti coating on certain items such as poles for discretionary projects;	This is a routine staff function and is not included in the 2021-2029 Housing Element as a separate housing program.

Implementation Measures/Programs	Responsible Agency	Funding Source	Implementation Measure/Program Objectives	Accomplishments	Recommended Future Actions
				Current Planning Division has landscaping requirements which on a case-by-case basis will serve to deter graffiti.	
5.C. Distribution of Noise Abatement Information	Current Planning Division	Current Planning Division Budget	Continue to distribute information about noise abatement practices, and materials including landscape elements such as walls or berms that may reduce noise impacts to the community.	The City's Noise Ordinance is enforced by the Code Enforcement Division and Police Department. Formal distribution of information regarding noise abatement practices and materials has not been conducted by the City. However, upgraded noise reduction measures for multi-family and mixed use projects are required either by code or as project- specific mitigation measures.	Continue enforcement of the Noise Ordinance by Code Enforcement and the Police Department. Continue to incorporate noise reduction measures into multi- family and mixed use projects as required either by code or as project-specific mitigation measures.
5.D. Database of Housing Opportunities	Current Planning Division and Housing Authority	Current Planning Division and Housing Authority Budgets	Continue to maintain database of housing development opportunities on commercial and industrial lots in the city.	With the introduction of ERAF payments, a series of Requests for Proposals will be released in 2019 and 2020 soliciting firms to provide site plans, maps, and cost estimates for both residential and government-owned properties throughout the City. These properties will be considered for the production of affordable and workforce housing, and housing for the unhoused, and an emergency shelter. The Emergency Shelter Feasibility Study and the Motel Reuse Feasibility Study were completed and City currently considering next steps.	Pursuant to State law, the City will provide the land inventory for residential development on City website and update at least annually. This is incorporated into the Adequate Sites for RHNA program.

### TABLE A- 2: PROGRESS IN ACHIEVING QUANTIFIED OBJECTIVES, 2013-2021

Program Category	Quantified Objective	Progress 2013-2021
New Construction*		
Very Low	48	39
Low	29	13
Moderate	31	25
Above Moderate	77	717
Total	185	890
Rehabilitation		
Very Low	13	
Low	12	
Moderate	15	
Above Moderate	0	
Total	40	
Conservation		
Very Low	101	
Low	7	
Moderate	4	
Above Moderate	0	
Total	112	

\*Quantified objective for new construction is for the period October 2013 – October 2021 per the RHNA

# APPENDIX B: RESIDENTIAL SITES INVENTORY

## I. OVERVIEW

This appendix details the residential sites inventory for accommodating the RHNA. The City of Culver City is in the process of updating the General Plan. This Housing Element is consistent with the Preferred Land Use Map for 2045 General Plan. The sites identified represent a subset of sites made available through the General Plan update and meeting certain criteria for being considered with development or redevelopment potential at the time of writing this Housing Element. These criteria include existing uses, existing FAR, age of structures (year structure built), improvement-to-land ratio, lot size, adjacency to parcels with redevelopment potential and lot consolidation potential, and expressed interest of developers or property owners, among others. It should be noted that sites properly designated for residential and mixed use development, but do not meet these objective criteria are not included in the sites inventory. However, not making the sites inventory list in the Housing Element does not preclude properties from being able to develop according to their General Plan designation and zoning.

## II. PROGRESS TOWARD RHNA

While the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element planning period covers from October 15, 2021, through October 15, 2029, the RHNA projection period begins June 30, 2021. <u>Table B-1 shows the progress towards meeting the RHNA</u>. Housing projects that have been proposed, approved, or entitled for construction during the projection period can be credited against the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle RHNA. Pipeline projects are those with development application forthcoming. Income distribution of the units is based on project applications or proposals.

For the United Methodist Church project, the City is providing a \$2 million permanent loan to assist in the construction of affordable units at the rear of the Church parking area. For the Virginia lot, the City is currently working on site plans to provide 12 modular units on site as housing for persons experiencing homelessness.

Project	Туре	Extremely Low/ Very Low (50 AMI)	Low (80 AMI)	Moderate (120 AMI)	Workforce (129 AMI)	Above Moderate	Total
Plan Check							
3725 Robertson	Mixed Use	1	0	1	1	9	12
Entitled							
Jackson Condos - 4051 and 4055 Jackson	Residential	0	0	0	0	9	9
Proposed							
Triangle Site - 12717 Washington	Mixed Use	5	0	11	1	127	144
11111 Jefferson	Mixed Use	19	0	0	0	211	230
Community Garden (City-Owned)	Residential	6	0	0	0	0	6
7th Day Adventist - 11828 Washington	Residential	4	0	8	0	0	12
Pipeline Projects							
United Methodist - 4464 Sepulveda	Residential	75	0	0	0	0	75
Virginia Lot Modular - 10555 Virginia	Residential	12	0	0	0	0	12
Total		122	0	20	2	356	500

#### TABLE B-1: PROGRESS TOWARD RHNA

## III.OPPORTUNITY SITES

City staff identified several opportunity sites for future residential housing (see Table B-2):

- Virginia Lot: This City-owned site is being planned for residential uses. A portion of this site is being planned for 12 modular units (see Pipeline Projects above). The balance of the site (about 2.37 acre) has a parking lease that is set to expire in 2025. The City plans to pursue either permanent supportive housing or a mixed income affordable housing project upon expiration of the parking lease. This site has a Neighborhood/Corridor MU2 designation under 2045 General Plan, with a base density of 50 units per acre. Given the lot site the City anticipates 100 mixed income units can be achieved.
- Westfield Shopping Center: This shopping center is currently for sale. Based on the City's discussions with the property owner and prospective buyer/developer, future plans for the shopping center include adding residential units to the back of the shopping center. An estimated 193 market rate units have been proposed by the property owner.
- Entrance Parcels to West Los Angeles Community College (WLAC): The Los Angeles Community College District owns two vacant parcels (totaling 7.87 acres) toward the entrance to the WLAC. The College District has expressed interest in making the parcels available for residential development. Current zoning for these parcels is IG but will become Neighborhood/Corridor MU2 under 2045 General Plan. An estimated 300 market rate units can be accommodated on these vacant parcels.

#### TABLE B-2: OPPORTUNITY SITES

Site	Current Status	2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use	Allowable Density (du/ac)	Size (ac)	Potential Units	RHNA Income Level
Virginia Lot 10555 Virginia APN: 4209030901	Remaining piece of property, excluding modular units site Current parking lease expires in 2025 Target for supportive housing or affordable housing	Neighborhood/ Corridor MU 2	50	2.37	100	40% Very Low 20% Low 40% Moderate
Westfield Shopping Center APN: 4134003011	Westfield is for sale and developer in discussion with City regarding acquisition and development of housing to the back of the mall	Mixed Use High	100	3.57	193	Market rate housing
Parcel at entrance to WLAC APN: 4296001902 4296001903	Site owned by College District	Neighborhood/ Corridor MU 2	50	3.93 3.94	300	Market rate housing

## V.INCREMENTAL INFILL

#### 1. INFILLING SINGLE-FAMILY NEIGHBORHOODS

The Culver City 2045 General Plan preferred land use map introduces a new concept – Incremental Infill – into the City's existing low density residential neighborhoods, allowing for more than just detached single-family units, ADUs, and JADUs, in these neighborhoods. <u>See Figure B-1 for illustrations of incremental infill</u>. Lots over 4,950 square feet will allow up to four units, if the fourth one is dedicated as affordable housing to lower income households, inclusive of an ADU and JADU. Specifically:

#### Proposed development standard changes:

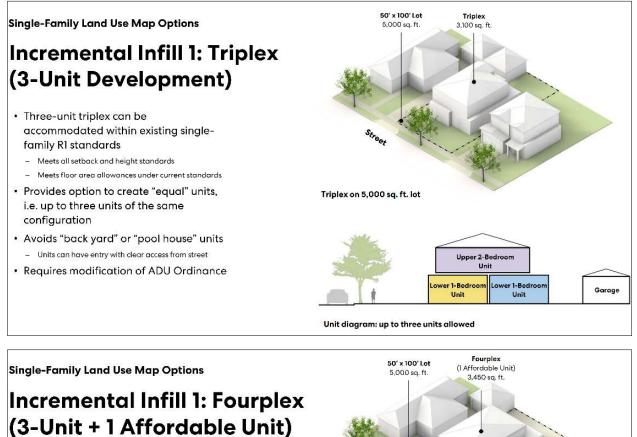
- Modification (relaxation) of ADU standards
- Allowance of up to 3 market-rate and 1 additional affordable unit (4 total), effectively increasing the density to 35 units per acre, compared to the existing 8.7 units per acre
- Allowance to use maximum floor area currently allowed (0.45 FAR + 1,200 square feet for ADU) without requirement for detached unit
- No size limitation for individual units, i.e. all units could be the same size and type
- Current standards are 1,200 square feet for a two-bedroom detached ADU, 800 square feet for a onebedroom ADU, and 500 square feet for a JADU
- Maintain all existing R1 height and setback standards

#### Development options:

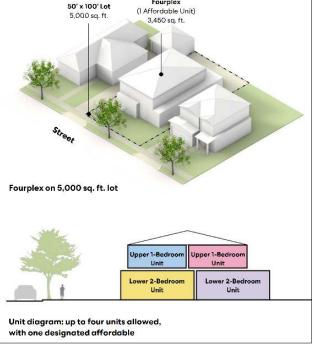
Infilling the single-family neighborhood can occur under two different scenarios:

- Conversion and/or addition: An owner can convert and add to an existing single-family home for a total of up to four units on the property, inclusive of ADU/JADU. The total square footage is intended to would match what is currently allowed in the associated zoning district, 0.45 FAR + 1,200 square feet associated with the ADU. On a typical 5,000 square feet lot, that would equate to 3,450 square feet.
- **Redevelopment:** New construction of up to four new units, inclusive of ADU/JADU, with 0.45 FAR + 1,200 square feet associated with the ADU with the total square footage intended to match what is currently allowed in the associated zoning district.

#### FIGURE B-1: INCREMENTAL INFILL ILLUSTRATIVE EXHIBITS



- Fourplex can generally be accommodated within existing R1 standards
  - Meets all setback and height standards
  - May slightly exceed floor area allowances on small lots
- Creates opportunity for dedicated affordable units
- Provides option to create "equal" units, i.e., four units of the same configuration
- Avoids "back yard" or "pool house" units
   Units can have entry with clear access from street
- Requires modification of ADU Ordinance



### 2. ESTIMATING CAPACITY FOR RHNA

Based on the Assessor's data on estimated lot size, a total of 5,598 parcels within the Incremental Infill designation are over 4,950 square feet and therefore eligible to utilize the flexibility offered by this designation. However, many factors can affect the overall yield, most critically the condition and placement of the existing units on site and the property owners' interest in redevelopment or infill development.

### CONVERSION/ADDITION SCENARIO

- A property owner can take advantage of the flexible ADU standards and develop two to three additional units on site. Pursuant to State law, estimate of ADU capacity for RHNA purposes can only be based on trend and not on eligible lots. The City updated its ADU Ordinance in August 2020 and implementation has contributed to the following trends:
- The production of more, smaller housing units Since the adoption of the ordinance, no existing single-family residential homes have been completely demolished without being rebuilt with an ADU. The average rebuild (including the ADU floor area) totaled 3,370 square feet, approximately 300 square feet less than the average in preceding years when less than 10% were rebuilt with an ADU.
- A higher percentage of overall single-family residential building permits that resulted in renovation/remodel with an ADU as opposed to full demo/rebuild.
- A higher ratio of new units produced per building permit issued because when individuals are choosing to invest in their properties, they are opting to add units as opposed to just demolition/rebuild or remodel their existing home.

Using August 14, 2020, as the cutoff date for establishing trend, the City's ADU production trend from conversion/expansion is as follows:

- August 14, 2017 August 13, 2018: 29 ADUs
- August 14, 2018 August 13, 2019: 50 ADUs
- August 14, 2019 August 13, 2020: 52 ADUs
- August 14, 2020 August 13, 2021: 49 ADUs (projected)

Based on the ADU production trend, it would be conservative to assume 50 ADUs per year from conversion/expansion. . However, the Incremental Infill designation will significantly incentivize the production of ADUs and JADUs. For the purpose of projecting ADU construction under this scenario, a 50% increase to 75 ADUs a year is projected, for a total of 600 ADUs over eight years. The City will develop a mechanism to monitor the production and affordability of ADUs, especially the required affordable units, assuming a stable trend similar to the past three year. Housing Element law requires that the City facilitate the development of ADUs. The income distribution of the 400 ADUs shown in Table B-3 over eight years is based on SCAG's survey and recommended distribution, which have been received and approved by the State HCD for use in the Housing Element. This Housing Element also includes Implementation Measures 4.D, 4.E, and 4.F to facilitate ADU production.

#### TABLE B-3: ADU INCOME DISTRIBUTION PER SCAG AFFORDABILITY STUDY

	Extremely Low	Very Low	Low	Moderate	Above Moderate	Total
SCAG Affordability Study	15.0%	2.0%	43.0%	6.0%	34.0%	100.0%
Projected ADUs	<del>90<u>60</u></del>	<u>8</u> 12	<u>172</u> 258	<u>24</u> 36	<del>204<u>136</u></del>	<del>600<u>400</u></del>

Note: SCAG Affordability Study takes into consideration that a portion of the ADUs/JADUs are being available to family and extended family members at no or reduced rents.

### REDEVELOPMENT SCENARIO

Within the Incremental Infill designation, a property owner can choose to redevelop the site into any configuration, including a fourplex (inclusive of the ADU and JADU), and not restricted to single-family detached/attached units with ADUs. As mentioned before, 5,598 parcels designated Incremental Infill meet the lot size requirement of 4,950 square feet or larger. However, it is unrealistic to anticipate that all the eligible properties will be redeveloped. The following criteria are used to exclude the less likely properties:

- Sites currently occupied by public uses such as parks and utility easements
- Sites with existing structure built within the last 50 years
- Sites with Improvement-to-Land Value Ratio more than 0.50 (i.e., improvements on site worth 50% of land value and less are more likely to be demolished)
- Existing FAR more than 0.25 (and therefore redevelopment is less likely to yield significant net increase in square footage above the allowable FAR of 0.45 plus 1,200 square feet)
- Net increase (subtracting existing units on site) is not more than two units

Application of these criteria would remove about 75% of the parcels as potential redevelopment sites, with 1,410 parcels remaining. Assuming each would redevelop to maximize the potential on site (four units), the net increase would be 4,266 units or an average yield of just above three units per parcel. However, property owners' interest in redevelopment, which is not measurable, is the most critical factor in determining the realistic yield in the Incremental Infill area. According to data collected for a study conducted by UCLA, which examines the trend of recycling in singlefamily neighborhoods 20, Culver City could potentially expect 109 market feasible units per 1,000 eligible parcels for recycling. Therefore, the 1,410 eligible parcels could be expected to generate 154 market feasible units. While the City's Incremental Infill concept encourages the inclusion of affordable units in recycling activities, this Housing Element conservatively assumes about 1/3 of the net new units as moderate income units and the remaining as above moderate income units. Between 2017 and 2020, total teardown and rebuild represented about 15% of all residential building permits. Assuming about 15% (212) of these parcels may be redeveloped over the next eight years, a net yield of 636 units could be expected. State law does not allow the pre-calculation of affordable units or density bonus in estimating sites capacity (except for ADUs/JADUs). Despite the allowable density of 35 units per acre, lot sizes in the Incremental Infill neighborhoods do not meet State law requirement of 0.5 acre for facilitating lower income housing, therefore these potential units are assigned to the 1/3 moderate and 2/3 above moderate income RHNA. Detailed listing of the parcels is included at the end of this appendix.

## V.INVENTORY OF SITES

### 1. AVERAGE DEVELOPMENT DENSITY

Residential recycling in Culver City primarily occurs on small lots zoned for R2, R3, RLD and RMD. Given the high cost of land and small lots, the average yield is about 14 du/ac at R2 and RLD lots (about 83% of the allowable density). See Table B-4 for more information on the density of recent residential and mixed use projects. Average yield is about 25 du/ac at R3, RMD, and RHD lots (about 85% of the allowable density). For this sites inventory analysis, an average yield of 80% is used for recycling residential properties.

However, the majority of the residential construction in recent years has occurred as part of a mixed use development within the City's various commercial districts. <u>Underutilized Underused</u> commercial uses are being redeveloped into multi-story mixed use projects, often involving the consolidation of <u>at least</u> two to three parcels. Under the current General Plan, standalone residential projects are not allowed in these commercial districts but would be permitted under the 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map. <u>Under current General Plan and zoning</u>, <u>b</u>Base density for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> "One to Four: The Market Potential of Fourplexes in California's Single-Family Neighborhoods" by Paavo Monkkonen, Ian Carlton, and Kate Macfarlane, June 2020.

mixed use development is 35 du/ac but increases to 50-65 du/ac if located within the Transit-Oriented District. Due to the <u>community benefit program for mixed use projects with 15% very low income</u> inclusionary housing requirement for <u>mixed use projects</u>, virtually all mixed use projects exceed 65 du/ac with State density bonus. For mixed use development<u>or residential projects in mixed use areas</u>, the sites inventory assumes an average yield at 90% of the allowable density, excluding density bonus.

Most selected parcels meet all three criteria (old structures, low existing FAR, and low improvement-to-land ratio)and exclude existing uses that are not likely to recycle. Such uses include existing public uses or uses that are associated with national or regional chains where redevelopment potential involves the strategic planning of a larger than local context. However, some parcels that do not meet all three criteria are included because the parcels are located within a block of primarily underused properties, or high vacancies render the properties feasible for redevelopment even if the structures may be somewhat valuable.

Project	Туре	Site Size (acres)	Units	Actual Density (du/ac)	Lot Consolidation	Prior Uses
Residential						
4044-4068 Globe	For-Sale	0.74	10	13.5	5 parcels	Caltrans surplus property
4219-4229 Ince	For-sale	0.42	6	14.4	3 parcels	Residential
4112-4118 Wade	For-Sale	0.27	4	14.8	1 parcel	Residential
3906-3910 Sawtelle	Rental	0.16	4	25.0	2 parcels	Residential
4032-4038 La Salle	For-Sale	0.16	4	25.0	1 parcel	Residential
4180 Duquesne	For-Sale	0.16	4	25.0	1 parcel	Residential
4051-4055 Jackson	For-Sale	0.31	9	29.0	2 parcels	Residential
Mixed Use						
3725 Robertson	Rental	0.14	12	85.7	2 parcels	City-owned parking Underutilized Industrial
11141 Washington	Assisted Living Units	0.88	116	131.8	4 parcels	Underutilized Commercial
11111 Jefferson	Rental	3.43	230	67.1	4 parcels	Surface Parking, USPS, Restaurant, Auto Repair
12821 Washington	Rental	0.55	37	67.3	2 parcels	Motel

#### TABLE B-4: DENSITY OF RECENT RESIDENTIAL AND MIXED USE PROJECTS

### 2. INTENSIFYING EXISTING MULTI-FAMILY NEIGHBORHOODS

Under the current General Plan, the existing multi-family residential neighborhoods offer densities between 15 and 29 du/ac. The majority of the residential recycling activities have resulted in small condo/townhome developments that do not provide opportunity for affordable housing. The 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map provides two multi-family residential designations: Corridor Multi-Family (30 du/ac) and Neighborhood Multi-Family (50 du/ac). Within the Corridor Multi-Family area, recycling opportunities are limited despite the increase to 30 du/ac, given the lot sizes and existing uses. Therefore, this analysis of recycling opportunities focuses on the Neighborhood Multi-Family designation, which offers a density of up to 50 du/ac, significantly above the current allowable densities. To identify potential properties for recycling, the following criteria were applied:

- Existing lot is vacant
- For nonvacant lots:
  - Existing use is not condos, townhomes, apartments, or civic uses (i.e., schools)
  - Existing structure is at least 50 years old
  - Existing Improvement-to-Land Ratio (ILR) is less than 1.0 (i.e., the land is more valuable than the structure)
  - Net increase in housing units if redeveloped under 2045 General Plan at 40 du/ac (80% of allowable density) is at least four times the existing number of units on site

A total of 162 parcels met these criteria all containing only a single-family home or duplex units on site. The current General Plan designates these parcels primarily as Low Density Two Family and Medium Density Multi-Family and would yield only 265 net new units. Given the small lot sizes and density ranging from 17 to 29 du/ac, these parcels could facilitate moderate income housing only.

With a significantly increased density to 50 du/ac, these properties present potential for intensification to yield a total of 656 net new units under 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map. Without lot consolidation, however, these parcels are too small individually to facilitate affordable housing pursuant to the state law threshold of 0.5 acre as minimum size. This sites inventory identifies several groups of contiguous parcels with the potential for lot consolidation and feasible for facilitating 184 lower income units based on density. The remaining small sites can accommodate 477 moderate income units.

#### 3. INTEGRATING RESIDENTIAL USES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS

Under the current General Plan, mixed use development is permitted in CN, CD, and CG zones at a base density of 35 du/ac. However, the City amended the Mixed Use Ordinance in 2021, incentivizing 15% of the units to be affordable to very low income households in a mixed use development if a developer takes advantage of the community benefit density bonus, and increasing the base density to 50-65 du/ac. 2045 General Plan provides for several mixed use designations. To identify potential properties for redevelopment, the following criteria were applied:

- Existing lot is vacant
- For nonvacant lots:
  - Existing structure is at least 30 years old
  - Existing ILR is less than 1.0 (i.e., the land is more valuable than the structure)
  - Existing FAR is less than 1.0

Aerial photos were reviewed to examine the exterior condition, lot dimensions, and physical configuration of structures on site to determine if there are obvious constraints to redevelopment. A few small parcels, while not meeting the above criteria, are included in the inventory because they are located adjacent to groups of contiguous underutilized parcels.

## NEIGHBORHOOD/CORRIDOR MIXED USE

Many areas proposed to be designated as Neighborhood/Corridor Mixed Use 1 have been identified by local architects and developers as exhibiting signs of disrepair and decline. -The challenge in these areas is small lot sizes. -A total of 26 parcels were identified to have near-term potential due to existing conditions and uses. -These parcels total 3.84 acres and can accommodate 105 units. -Based on existing conditions, these parcels have an average FAR of only 0.78 and ILR of 0.53. Most existing structures were constructed more than 50 years ago. -However, due to their small sizes, these parcels are not assigned to the lower income sites inventory. -If a site can be consolidated with no more than five parcels to at least 0.5 acre, the parcels are assigned to moderate income RHNA. -Otherwise, parcels are assigned to above moderate income RHNA.

Three-Several blocks of commercial strip businesses within the Neighborhood/Corridor Mixed Use 2 area have been identified with redevelopment potential. Average existing FAR among these three blocksthese is 0.3942 with an average ILV ratioR of 0.547. The majority of these structures were built during the 1950s and 1960s. These areas are currently zoned CG that allows mixed use development at 50 du/ac. Under 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map, the Neighborhood/Corridor Mixed Use designation would also allow standalone residential development at 50 du/ac and up to four stories. Based on existing conditions, these three blocksareas (total 15.86-35.9acres) present potential for redevelopment and can facilitate the development of lower income housing. An estimated 1,576691 units can be accommodated at 90% of the allowable density. Most parcels are over 0.5 acre. -However, these blocks of contiguous parcels can be developed as large-scale developments or by consolidating three to four parcels into moderately sized projects. -Consolidating three to four parcels for mixed use and multi-family development is a typical trend in Culver City.

### MIXED USE MEDIUM

Three blocksA total of 37-(26 parcels) of existing underutilized commercial and industrial uses offer potential for redevelopment, including twoa shopping centers with single-story structures and significant areas designated for surface parking.\_\_Currently, these areas26 parcels are designated CRR, CG, CN, and IG, and are developed with single-story

and mostly antiquated . Both the commercial and industrial <u>uses areas identified in this sites inventory are developed</u> with antiquated single-story uses. Average existing FAR among these properties is only 0.<u>31 and an average ILR of</u> 0.3214.

Two shopping centers with potential for residential development similar to the scenario presented by the Westfield Mall (see Opportunity Sites discussions) are included in the inventory:

- Target Site (with uses as Target, 99 Cents, Pet Smart, Toys R US, which went out of business) only 20% of this site (primarily the parking area) is used to estimate potential for residential units.
- Trader Joe's site Trader Joe's and a fast food restaurant are the primary tenants. Only 20% of this site (primarily the parking area) is used to estimate potential for residential units.

Development of the surface parking areas at the shopping center sites is expected to most likely yield mixed income projects.

Mixed use development is permitted in the CG and CN properties at a base density of 50 du/ac. An estimated 270 321 units can be accommodated on the 12 parcels currently zoned CG and CN. The other CRR and IG properties have no potential for new housing based on current development regulations.

Under 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map, these areas are designated for Mixed Use Medium with a density of 65 du/ac and allow up to four stories. The regional shopping center (with uses such as 99 Cents, Pet Smart, Toys R US, which went out of business) presents potential for residential development similar to the scenario presented by Westfield (see Opportunity Sites discussions). Only 20% of this site (primarily the parking area) is used to estimate potential for residential units. Another parcel included in this mix is the Payless site. Payless also recently went out of business. Overall, these three areas blocks can potentially accommodate <u>682-973</u> units. Based on the density and lot consolidation potential, these areas are feasible for facilitating lower income housing.

### MIXED USE HIGH

Mixed Use High area is currently developed with hotels, office parks, commercial/retail uses, and public institutional uses; most may not have near-term redevelopment potential. However, four parcels designated for Regional Center under the current General Plan are developed with older single-story office use. Structures were constructed more than 30 years ago. Average existing FAR is about 0.30. 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map designation of Mixed Use High would allow this area to intensity ten-folds and up to five stories. These parcels can be developed individually or consolidated as a single project. This 6.9-acre area can potentially accommodate 619 units at 100 du/ac. Based on density, Mixed Use High can facilitate lower income housing. <u>-Parcels can potentially be developed separately or jointly, with each parcel exceeding one acre in size.</u>

In addition, the Raintree Plaza is also included in the inventory. This shopping center is located adjacent to existing medium density residential uses. This shopping center was built in 1974 with a low use of the land. Tenants at this single-story shopping center include small restaurants, grocery store, and a UPS store. Only 20% of this site (primarily the parking area) is used to estimate potential for 130 residential units. A mixed income project is assumed in this sites inventory.

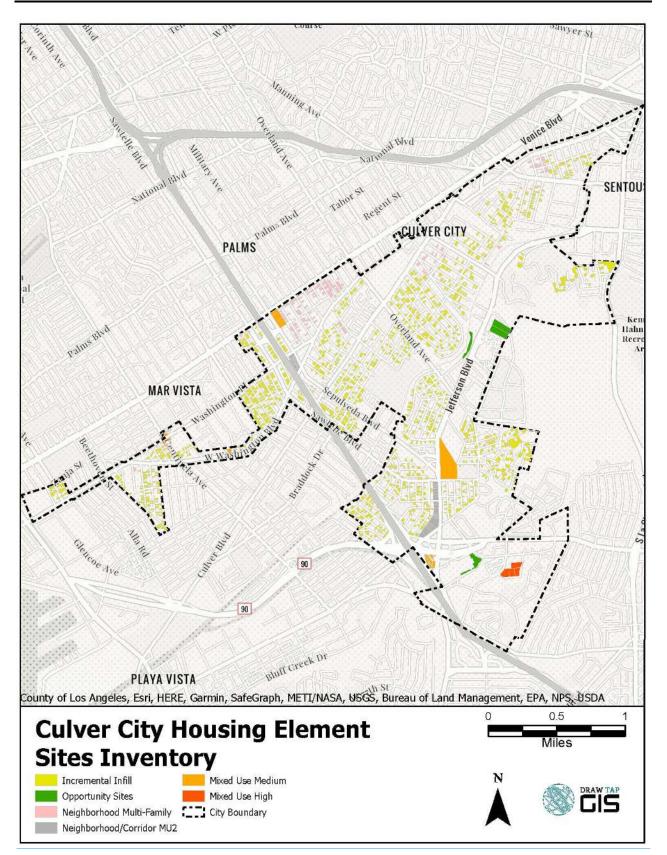
### 4. SUMMARY

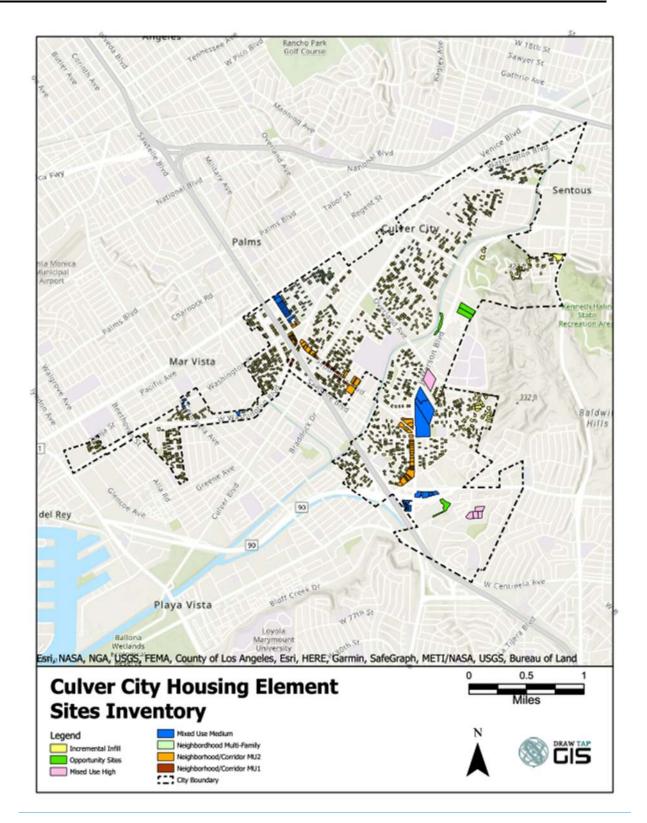
Table B-5 summarizes the capacity of the sites selected following the above methodology. These sites offer limited residential potential under the current General Plan. With 2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map, the same sites offer a buffer of <u>7149</u>% above the RHNA. <u>Figure B-2 provides a visual summary of the sites inventory.</u>

# TABLE B-5: CAPACITY FOR RHNA UNDER CURRENT GENERAL PLAN AND 2045 GENERAL PLAN PREFERRED LAND USE MAP

	Lower	Moderate	Above Moderate	Total	
RHNA	1,712	560	1,069	3,341	
Approved/Entitled/Proposed/Pipeline Projects	122	20	358	500	
Current General Plan					
Projected ADUs (Conversion/Expansion)	<del>360<u>240</u></del>	<u>24</u> 36	<u>136</u> 204	<u>4</u> 600	
Low Density Two-Family/Medium Density Multi-Family	0	196	0	196	
CG/CN	<del>681<u>1,329</u></del>	<u>73</u> 25	<u>32</u> 0	<u>1,434</u> 706	
Capacity (Projects + Sites)	<del>1,163<u>1,691</u></del>	<u>313</u> 277	5 <u>26</u> 62	2, <u>530</u> 002	
Surplus/(Shortfall)	( <u>21</u> 549)	(2 <u>47</u> 83)	(5 <u>43</u> 07)	( <u>811<del>1,339</del>)</u>	
2045 General Plan Preferred Land Use Map					
Incremental Infill					
Conversion/Expansion Scenario	<u>240</u> 360	<u>24</u> 36	<u>136</u> 204	<u>400</u> 600	
Redevelopment Scenario		<del>212<u>50</u></del>	<u>104</u> 424	<u>154</u> 636	
Opportunity Sites	60	40	493	593	
Neighborhood Multi-Family (50 du/ac)	184	477	0	661	
Mixed Use Medium (65 du/ac)	<u>767</u> 682	<u>28</u> 0	<u>178</u> 0	<u>973</u> 682	
Mixed Use High (100 du/ac)	6 <u>45</u> 19	<u>26</u> 0	<u>78</u> 0	<u>749</u> 619	
Neighborhood/Corridor MU1		<u>0</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>32</u>	
Neighborhood/Corridor MU2	<u>1,578<mark>691</mark></u>	<u>0</u> 0	0	<u>1,578</u> 691	
Capacity (Projects + Sites)	<del>2,718<u>3,594</u></del>	<u>738</u> 1,209	<u>1,379</u> 1,055	<u>5,711</u> 4,982	
Surplus/(Shortfall)	<u>1,882</u> 1,006	<u>178</u> 225	<u>310</u> 410	<u>2,370</u> 1,641	
% Buffer	<u>110<mark>58</mark>%</u>	<u>32</u> 40%	<u>29<mark>38</mark>%</u>	<u>71</u> 49%	

FIGURE B-2: SUMMARY OF SITES INVENTORY





The parcel level sites inventory is presented on the following pages.

#### Legend:

Incremental Infill
Opportunity Sites
Neighborhood Multi-Family
Neighborhood/Corridor MU1
Neighborhood/Corridor MU2
Mixed Use Medium
Mixed Use High

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Lov Parcel Number Inco	N- LOW-	 mo	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4126 MINERVA AVE	4233026005		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1944	
4026 MINERVA AVE	4233027008		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.44	1945	
4036 MINERVA AVE	4233027010		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1944	
4111 BLEDSOE AVE	4233026027		 1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1941	
4060 MINERVA AVE	4233027015		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
4043 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027028		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1945	
4039 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027029		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1945	
4029 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027031		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1944	
4137 BLEDSOE AVE	4233026022		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.49	1944	
4076 MINERVA AVE	4233027018		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.28	1925 1940	
4059 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027025		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	· · ·	1.00	0.25		
4030 MINERVA AVE	4233027009		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.14	1944 1950	
4047 BLEDSOE AVE 4019 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027027		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
4019 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027033 4233028002		1	2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.25	1949	
4050 BLEDSOE AVE	4233028002		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	
4025 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233027006		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
4065 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027000		 1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.00	0.19	1945	
4035 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027023		 1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1947	
4031 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028012		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1932	
4039 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028014		 1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	<u> </u>
4131 BLEDSOE AVE	4233026023		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.17	1947	
4070 MINERVA AVE	4233027017		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.17	1940	
4063 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027024		 1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	<u> </u>
4051 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027026		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.46	1947	
4017 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028010		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	
4062 BLEDSOE AVE	4233028024		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1942	
4114 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233029010		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1951	——
4047 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028016		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.29	1946	
4075 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028031		1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.35	1944	
4118 BLEDSOE AVE	4233029016		1	2	0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
4114 BLEDSOE AVE	4233029015		1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1941	
4068 BLEDSOE AVE	4233028025		1	2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1949	
4131 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233029028		1	2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.32	1950	
4067 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233028033		1	2	0.19	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.32	1951	
4125 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233029036		1	2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.32	1950	
11317 HERBERT ST	4233030010		1	2	0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.18	1942	
4028 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030024		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
4020 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030026		1	2	0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1946	
4048 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030020		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1946	
4047 GLOBE AVE	4233031004		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1944	
4052 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030019		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	
4016 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030027		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	s = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	
4024 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030025		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.50	1946	
4051 GLOBE AVE	4233031002		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1951	
4027 GLOBE AVE	4233031008		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1949	
4059 GLOBE AVE	4233031027		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.46	1944	
4077 GLOBE AVE	4233032017		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1944	
4073 GLOBE AVE	4233032018		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.50	1927	
4072 GLOBE AVE	4233033020		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.21	1944	
3949 REDWOOD AVE	4236027011		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1947	
3923 REDWOOD AVE	4236027018		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.32	1943	
3927 REDWOOD AVE	4236027017		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1941	
3919 REDWOOD AVE	4236027019		1	2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_tamily	1.00	0.31	1956	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Moderate	(Acroc)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
3937 REDWOOD AVE	4236027014		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	
3932 WALGROVE AVE	4236027031				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
3940 WALGROVE AVE	4236027033				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1947	
3934 GLENCOE AVE	4236028016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1949	
3933 REDWOOD AVE	4236027015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1941	
3952 WALGROVE AVE	4236027036				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
13350 ZANJA ST	4236028022				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.39	1946	
3922 WALGROVE AVE	4236027037		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1947	
3931 WALGROVE AVE	4236028027				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1943	
3936 WALGROVE AVE	4236027032				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.29	1946	
3938 GLENCOE AVE	4236028015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.25	1949	
3932 GLENCOE AVE	4236028017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1943	
3953 WALGROVE AVE	4236028033				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1943	
3922 GLENCOE AVE	4236028019				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.11	1953	
13356 ZANJA ST	4236028021				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
13344 ZANJA ST	4236028023				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
3933 WALGROVE AVE	4236028028				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1943	
3851 GLOBE AVE	4214001027				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3841 GLOBE AVE	4214001025				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3939 GLOBE AVE	4214002007				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1951	
3975 GLOBE AVE	4214002033				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1943	
3945 GLOBE AVE	4214002008		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.22	1948	
3969 GLOBE AVE	4214002034				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1943	
3955 GLOBE AVE	4214002037				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.10	1943	
3959 GLOBE AVE	4214002036				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1943	
3929 GLOBE AVE	4214002005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.13	1948	
3946 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003032				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3962 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003029				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.19	1947	
3952 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003031				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3916 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003044				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1947	
3922 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003037				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1947	
11324 MATTESON AVE	4214003041				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
11320 MATTESON AVE	4214003042				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3856 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214004007				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1947	
3966 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214003028				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1944	
3822 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214004015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1949	
3816 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214004016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1949	
3828 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214004013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3836 BLEDSOE AVE	4214005010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	-	0	
3842 BLEDSOE AVE	4214005009				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3828 BLEDSOE AVE	4214005011				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.42	1950	
3850 BLEDSOE AVE	4214005007				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1948	
3822 BLEDSOE AVE	4214005013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.37	1947	
3839 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005020				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1949	
11321 MATTESON AVE	4214004029				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1946	
3849 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005022				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1947	
3829 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005018				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
3825 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.18	1950	
3845 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005021				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1952	
3855 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005023				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.18	1947	
4211 HUNTLEY AVE	4217011039				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1929	
4135 HUNTLEY AVE	4217011036				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
4205 HUNTLEY AVE	4217011038				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1926 1945	
4201 HUNTLEY AVE	4217011037		1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_lamily	1.00	0.25	1945	

Other Multiple Avie         Other Multiple Avie         Other Multiple Avie         State Multiple Avie	Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income Low- Income	Moderate-	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
DBBB/EDGNALDS         1         2         3         Loncomy Sequence         FIL         Numer sequence         State         State <td></td> <td></td> <td>• • •</td> <td>1 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1929</td> <td></td>			• • •	1 2										<u> </u>			1929	
1688       COUND D5       4128003       1       2       3.11       Los Denty Sing Ferry       R.1       constraint Inf.A       35       33 No-Vocant sing. Entry       1.00       35.8         D55       D000000000000000000000000000000000000								Incremental Infill A									1929	
1059       1059																	1951	
S2X S LANOME         C 4000031         I = 0         C 1         I as Densing Single Frage         R 1         Nonenal InflA         S 3         None and single frage         S 1         Nonenal InflA         S 1         Nonenal InflA <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1951</td><td></td></th<>																	1951	
SPT5 SUME SUF       9110034       1       2       0.11       1.0       1.0       0.21         SPT5 SUMES AVE       0110004       1.2       0.21       1.0       1.0       0.21         SPT5 SUMES AVE       0110004       1.2       0.21       1.0       1.0       0.21         SPT5 SUMES AVE       010004       1.2       0.11       1.0       1.0       0.21         SPT5 SUMES AVE       010004       1.2       0.11       1.0       1.0       1.0       0.21         SPT5 SUMES AVE       010004       1.2       0.11       1.0       1.0       1.0       1.0       0.0																	1951	
Statis Mir       4180004       1       2       0.12       Las Destry System       1       Loweward HIA       55       3 Korkward angl, Bunjy       1.00       0.47         USS MURS AF       4280004       1       2       3.11       Las Destry System       8       Norward HIA       55       3 Korkward angl, Bunjy       1.00       0.24         USS MURS AF       4280005       1       2       3.11       Las Destry System       1.00       0.24       0.25 </td <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>																	1951	
2015 SMR2 AVE       41800048       1       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       0.24         1055 MCD/MLD T       42800058       1       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       0.81         1055 MCD/MLD T       42800056       1       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       8.4         1055 MCD/MLD T       42800056       1       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       8.4         2055 MCD/MLD T       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       8.4         2055 MCD/MLD T       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00       8.4         2055 MCD/MLD T       2       0.11 Loo Denky Seg <sup>1</sup> Farmy       R1       horament int IA       25       3       Nov-Xoart single, Smith       0.00														<u> </u>			1951	
1555       USE       0.01       Loberty Strge Family       PI       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       100       0.27         1556       MCDANAL ST       471808058       1       2       0.11       Loberty Strge Family       R1       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       0.00       0.01         1565       MCDANAL ST       471800078       1       2       0.11       Loberty Strge Family       R1       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       0.00       0.01         1565       MCDANAL ST       471800078       1       2       0.11       Loberty Strge Family       R1       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       0.00       0.07         2575       SELMARALE CR       471800074       1       2       0.11       Loberty Strge Family       R1       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       0.00       0.07         2575       SELMARALE CR       471800074       1       2       0.11       Loberty Strge Family       R1       Locemental InflA       35       3 Mer-Neart ingle_family       0.00       0.07         2545       SELMARALE CR       471800074       1       2       0.1																	1951 1951	
1151       021000000       1       2       0.13       Low Dends Single Fainty       Fit       Incremental INIA       35       33       Ster-Yound single, Emrity       10.0       0.13         1151       DODANLOS       421100000       1       2       0.13       Low Dends Single Fainty       Fit       Incremental INIA       35       Ster-Yound single, Emrity       0.00       0.55         1151       DODANLOS       1       2       0.11       Low Dends Single Fainty       Fit       Incremental INIA       35       Ster-Yound single, Emrity       0.00       0.02																	1951	
11643       0130000000       01300000000000000000000000000000000000														<u> </u>			1951	
10161 MCONALD ST       4 24000005       1       2       0.10 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       3 Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.28         2005 BLANCRAK AV       421000005       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       3 Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.44         2005 BLANCRAK AV       42100000       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       3 Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.44         2005 BLANCRAK AV       421000000       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       3 Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.35         244 SELAMANE DR       421000000       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       3 Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.34         244 SELAMANE DR       421000000       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA       35       Non-Vacant single.fminy       100       0.34         245 SELAMANE DR       421000000       1       2       0.11 Law Density Single Fainty       File       Incremental InFLA <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, , ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>						, , ,								· · · ·			1951	
STOR EMPCORA AVE         4 21000115         1         2         0.11         Low Damping Single From/, Rith         11         Non-Youth Single Single Single From/, Rith         11         Non-Youth Single														<u> </u>			1951	
2525 SEL MARANE R       47400002       1       2       0.11 Loo Denný Snjeř Franív       R1       hucenstvál infl A       35       3 Nor-Vacent single, family       1.00       0.44         2525 SEL MARANE R       42100002       1       2       0.11 Loo Denný Snjeř Franív       R1       bucenstvál infl A       35       3 Nor-Vacent single, family       1.00       0.01         2525 SEL MARANE R       42100002       1       2       0.11 Loo Denný Snjeř Franív       R1       bucenstvál infl A       35       3 Nor-Vacent single, family       1.00       0.03         2524 SEL MARANE R       42100002       1       2       0.11 Loo Denný Snjeř Franív       R1       bucenstvál infl A       35       3 Nor-Vacent single, family       1.00       0.03       0.05														<u> </u>			1951	
S215 ELIAMANNE IR       421803934       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family       100       0.27         S225 ELIAMANNE IR       42180305       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family R1       100       0.23         S245 ELIAMANNE IR       42180303       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family R1       100       0.23         S244 ELIAMANNE IR       42180302       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family R1       100       0.23         S244 ELIAMANNE IR       421803042       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family R1       100       0.24         S255 ALISON AVE       421803049       1       2       0.11       Low Davidy Space Family R1       R1       Incremental InflA       35       3 Nor-Vacant single, family R1       100       0.24         S255 ALISON AVE       421803049       1 <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>																	1951	
S225 SELARAME DR       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       1.00       0.23         S234 SELARAME DR       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       1.00       0.23         S244 SELARAME DR       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       1.00       0.23         S144 SELARAME DR       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       36       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       0.00       0.23         S25 SLASION AF       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       36       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       0.00       0.25         S25 SLASION AF       4 (1800025       1       2       0.11       Loc Denty Single Finity       R1       Incremental Infli A       36       3 Nor-Vacatt single finity       0.00       0.55         S25 SLASION AF       4 (1800105       1       2																	1951	
1162: MCDAULD ST       427800017       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       Pit I herzemetal Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         2544 SELMARANE DR       42780033       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         2544 SELMARANE DR       427800303       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         2545 SELMARANE DR       427800503       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         2545 SELMARANE DR       427800503       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         255 SELMARANE DR       42780054       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Yeart single, Early       100       0.28         255 SELMARANE DR       42780054       1       2       0.11: Low Density Single Farmy       R1       Incremental Infili A <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, , ,</td> <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>						, , ,											1951	
S234 ELIAMANE CR       421000033       1       2       0.11       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.28         S144 ELIAMANE CR       421000342       1       2       0.12       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.28         S144 SLAUSANK       42100053       1       2       0.11       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.04         S235 SLAUSANK       42100052       1       2       0.11       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.04         S235 SLAUSANK       42100055       1       2       0.11       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.04         S55 SLAUSANK       42100055       1       2       0.11       Low Denty Single Tamy, R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Yacant single, Enhry       1.00       0.04       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.01       0.01       0.02       0.01																	1951	
S244 SELMAANLE CR       42000302       1       2       0.12 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.0       0.32         S164 SELMAARAN ER       42000040       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.0       0.25         S25 SLAUSON NKE       42000003       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       55       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.034         S164 SELMAANNE OR       421000049       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       55       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.042         S25 SLAUSON NKE       421000349       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       53       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.042         S25 SLAUSON NKE       42100107       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       homemat limli A       53       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.02       1.00       1.00       0.02       1.00       0.01       0.02       1.00       0.01       0.02       0.01       0.01 <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>																	1951	
5164 EEX.MARANE DR       421800904       1       2       0.12 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.25         5263 EUX.DSON AVE       4218009053       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.25         5263 EUX.DSON AVE       4218009053       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.025         5253 EUX.DSON AVE       421800904       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.025         5263 EUX.MARANE DR       4218011027       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.025         5430 EUX.MARANE DR       4218011027       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       Non-Vacant single, family       1.00       0.025         5430 EUX.MARANE DR       4218011022       1       2       0.11 too Density Single Family														<u> </u>			1951	
5345 SUASON V/E       42805953       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.25         535 SUASON V/E       42805953       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.24         5164 SELMARANE DR       42805954       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.25         525 SUASON V/E       42805954       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.25         5405 SELMARANE DR       4218011025       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.26         5405 SELMARANE DR       4218011025       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A       35       3 Non-Xeant single Samily       100       0.26         5435 SELMARANE DR       4218012016       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       horemental Infli A <td< td=""><td>5164 SELMARAINE DR</td><td></td><td></td><td>1 2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td>1.00</td><td></td><td>1951</td><td></td></td<>	5164 SELMARAINE DR			1 2										<u> </u>	1.00		1951	
2233 ELANGAN AKE       421800962       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.24         2035 ELANGAN KE       421809054       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.42         2035 ELANGAN KE       421809054       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.42         2368 ELANGAN KE       4218011027       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.52         6430 SELANGAN KE       7418011022       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.25         5381 ELANGAN KE       741801102       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernential Intili A       35       3 Kon-Vacant single_Emily       1.00       0.25         5381 ELANGAN KE       7418011021       1       2       0.11 Low Densky Single Family       R1       Incernent	5245 SLAUSON AVE	4218009053		1 2		, , ,	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.25	1951	
Stoff SLAUSON AVE         421000049         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.49           St58 SLAUSON AVE         421001027         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.55           St68 SLAUSON AVE         4210011027         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.25           St63 SLAUSON AVE         4210011027         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.25           St83 SLAURANE DR         421001209         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.25           St83 SLAURANE DR         421001209         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_smily         100         0.45           St83 SLAURANE DR         421001	5235 SLAUSON AVE	4218009052		1 2			R1	Incremental Infill A			35				1.00	0.34	1951	
5255 SLANGON AVE         421809094         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5365 SLAMARANE DR         4218011025         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5408 SELMARANE DR         4218011022         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5438 SELMARANE DR         421801202         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5438 SELMARANE DR         4218012014         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5413 SELMARANE DR         4218012014         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         100         0.25           5313 SELMARANE DR<	5184 SELMARAINE DR	4218009038		1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
State         Example         4/18011027         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.59           S400 SELMARANE DR         4/18011022         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25           S430 SELMARANE DR         4/18011020         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25           S431 SELMARANE DR         4/18101044         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.45           S431 SELMARANE DR         4/18101012         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.45           S31 SEMPORIA AVE         4/18101012         1         2         0.11         Low benty Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         Non-Vacant single_family	5205 SLAUSON AVE	4218009049		1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.49	1951	
9406 SELMARANE DR       421011025       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       1       100       0.25         9530 SELMARANE DR       421011020       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       11       0.00       0.25         9538 SELMARANE DR       421011020       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       11       normental Infli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       100       0.25         9538 SELMARANE DR       421012014       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       incremental Infli A       36       3 Non-Vacant single family       100       0.42         9413 SELMARANE DR       42101212       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       incremental Infli A       36       3 Non-Vacant single family       100       0.25         931 EMPCRIA AVE       42101202       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       36       3 Non-Vacant single family       100       0.25         931 EMPCRIA AVE       421013017       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       36       3 Non-Vacant single family       100       0.25       533       533	5255 SLAUSON AVE	4218009054		1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
S430 SELUARANE DR       421601102       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S385 SELLARANE DR       421601200       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.49         S423 SELLARANE DR       4216012014       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.49         S423 SELLARANE DR       4216012014       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S371 ETHELDO AVE       4216013029       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S372 ETHELDO AVE       4216013029       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S373 EMPORIA AVE       4216013029 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Incremental Infill A</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1951</td><td></td></td<>								Incremental Infill A									1951	
5885 ESLAMARANE DR         4218012009         1         2         0.14         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.25           S881 ETHELDO AVE         4218012014         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.49           S413 ESLAMARANE DR         4218012014         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.25           S31 ENPCRIA AVE         4218012012         1         2         0.011         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.025           S32 ENPCRIA AVE         4218013017         1         2         0.011         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.25           S33 ENPCRIA AVE         4218013028         1         2         0.011         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single famil														<u> </u>			1951	
S381 ETHELDO AVE         4218013008         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3         Non-Vacant Single_family         1.00         0.49           5429 SELMARAINE DR         4218012014         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3         Non-Vacant Single_family         1.00         0.25           5391 EDMCRIA AVE         4218012012         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3         Non-Vacant Single_family         1.00         0.42           5391 EDMCRIA AVE         4218013029         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3         Non-Vacant Single_family         1.00         0.42           5272 ETHELDO AVE         4218013028         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3         Non-Vacant Single_family         1.00         0.25         528           5282 EMPCRIA AVE         4218014029         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family								Incremental Infill A									1951	
S429 SEL MARAINE DR         4218012014         1         2         0.12 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.25           5413 SEL MARAINE DR         4218012012         1         2         0.13 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.25           5371 EMPORIA AVE         4218013029         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.42           5372 EMPORIA AVE         4218013028         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.25           5383 EMPORIA AVE         4218013028         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.25           5284 ETHELDO AVE         4218013029         1         2         0.12 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         100         0.24           4024 COLONIAL AVE																	1951	
5H3 SELMARA/NE DR       4/18012012       1       2       0.13 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S33 EMPCRIA AVE       4/18013027       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S37 ETHELDO AVE       4/18015004       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S38 EMPCRIA AVE       4/18013028       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         S38 EMPCRIA AVE       4/18014029       1       2       0.16 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26       4028         S404 COLONIA AVE       4/28014029       1       2       0.16 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26       4028         S404 COLONIA AVE       4/281003005       1       2       0.18 Low Density Si																	1951	
5331 EMPORIA AVE       4218013029       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.40         5372 ETHELDO AVE       4218013017       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         5383 EMPORIA AVE       4218013028       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         5284 ETHELDO AVE       4218014029       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.24         4028 COLONIALAVE       4231001051       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4028 COLONIAL AVE       4231001054       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26 <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>																	1951	
5372 ETHELDO AVE       4218013017       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         11773 HAMMACK ST       4218015004       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         5284 ETHELDO AVE       4218013028       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.24         5284 ETHELDO AVE       4218014029       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.24         4026 COLONIAL AVE       4231001051       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26         4046 WASATCH AVE       4231003009       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003011       1																	1951	
11773 HAMMACK ST       4218015004       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         5383 EMPORIA AVE       4218013028       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         5284 ETHELDO AVE       4218014029       1       2       0.16       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.02         4028 COLONIAL AVE       4231001051       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.03         4026 WASATCH AVE       4231003009       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02       0.02 <td></td> <td>1951</td> <td></td>																	1951	
538 EMPORIA AVE         4218013028         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25           5284 ETHELDO AVE         4218014029         1         2         0.16         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.24           4028 COLONIAL AVE         4231001054         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25           4014 COLONIAL AVE         4231001054         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25           4046 WASATCH AVE         4231003004         1         2         0.13         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25         4           4046 WASATCH AVE         4231003004         1         2         0.13         Low Density Single Family         R1														<u> </u>			1951	
5284 ETHELDO AVE         4218014029         1         2         0.16         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.24           4028 COLONIAL AVE         4231001051         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.23         0.00         0.24         0.012         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.26         0.00						, , ,								8 - ,			1951	
4028 COLONIAL AVE       4231001051       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4014 COLONIAL AVE       4231001054       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4026 WASATCH AVE       4231003009       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003004       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003011       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25<																	1951	
4014 COLONIAL AVE       4231001054       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       4026         4026 WASATCH AVE       4231003009       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26       4048         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003004       1       2       0.18       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       4048         4016 WASATCH AVE       4231003004       1       2       0.18       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003006       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3																	1951 1939	
4026 WASATCH AVE       4231003009       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003004       1       2       0.18       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.35       1         4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003011       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003006       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00																	1939	
4048 WASATCH AVE       4231003004       1       2       0.18       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.35       1         4016 WASATCH AVE       4231003011       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003026       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1       0       0.25       1       0       0.26       1       0       0.06       1       0       0.26       1       0       0.26																	1944	
4016 WASATCH AVE       4231003011       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant_single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003006       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant_single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant_single_family       1.00       0.31       1         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant_single_family       1.00       0.31       1         4019 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant_single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35						, , ,								8 - ,			1947	
4042 WASATCH AVE       4231003006       1       2       0.13       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25         4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.31       0.31         4045 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4045 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.26       1         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3														<u> </u>			1949	
4049 COLONIAL AVE       4231003024       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.31       0.031         4045 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25       0.025         4019 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26         4019 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.29       1         12732 MAXELLA AVE       4231004001       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non																	1942	
4045 COLONIAL AVE       4231003025       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.25         4019 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.29       1         12732 MAXELLA AVE       4231004001       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.36       1         4035 COLONIAL AVE       4231003027       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family <td></td> <td>1941</td> <td></td>																	1941	
4019 COLONIAL AVE       4231003018       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.26         4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.29       1         12732 MAXELLA AVE       4231004001       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.36         4035 COLONIAL AVE       4231003027       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.36         4035 COLONIAL AVE       4231003027       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.44       1         4352 MOORE ST       4231004018       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infil A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1924</td><td></td></t<>																	1924	
4023 COLONIAL AVE       4231003019       1       2       0.15       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.29       1         12732 MAXELLA AVE       4231004001       1       2       0.11       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single family       1.00       0.36       1         4035 COLONIAL AVE       4231003027       1       2       0.14       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.44       1         4352 MOORE ST       4231004018       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.44       1         4352 MOORE ST       4231004018       1       2       0.12       Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infill A       35       3       Non-Vacant single_family       1.00       0.25       1																	1940	
12732 MAXELLA AVE         4231004001         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.36           4035 COLONIAL AVE         4231003027         1         2         0.14 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.44           4352 MOORE ST         4231004018         1         2         0.12 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.25         1														<u> </u>			1949	
4035 COLONIAL AVE         4231003027         1         2         0.14         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family         1.00         0.44           4352 MOORE ST         4231004018         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         1.00         0.44																	1950	
4352 MOORE ST 4231004018 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R1 Incremental Infill A 35 3 Non-Vacant single_family 1.00 0.25 1														<u> </u>			1944	
														<u> </u>			1951	
		4231004028					R2				35					0.25	1953	
														<u> </u>			1927	
	4373 MCCONNELL BLVD																1951	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Moderate	Parcel Size (Acres)	Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Built lid	onso- dation
4361 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231004032		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1958	
4358 MOORE ST	4231004020				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1928	
4353 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231004034				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.22	1947	
4249 MILDRED AVE	4231005012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.44	1926	
4257 MILDRED AVE	4231005014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1938	
4217 MILDRED AVE	4231005004				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	8 - ,	1.00	0.20	1924	
4204 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005024				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1924	
4216 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005027				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1924	
4232 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005031				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.36	1926 1938	
4240 MCCONNELL BLVD 4260 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005033 4231005037				Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35			other	- 1.00	0.35	1938	
4236 MCCONNELL BLVD					Low Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1927	
4244 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005032 4231005034				Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
4244 MILDRED AVE	4231005034				Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1937	
4264 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231005038				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1927	
4252 MILDRED AVE	4231005058				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1932	
4264 MILDRED AVE	4231006013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1925	
4244 MILDRED AVE	4231006010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1925	
4221 NEOSHO AVE	4231006022				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1926	
4240 MILDRED AVE	4231006010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1948	
4211 NEOSHO AVE	4231006020				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.11	1947	
4321 NEOSHO AVE	4231007008				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.26	1947	
4314 MILDRED AVE	4231007012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.10	1926	
4267 NEOSHO AVE	4231006031				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.37	1948	
4333 NEOSHO AVE	4231007013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
4276 MILDRED AVE	4231007027		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1948	
4357 NEOSHO AVE	4231007033				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1938	
4309 NEOSHO AVE	4231007003				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1942	
4306 MILDRED AVE	4231007007		1	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1931	
4272 MILDRED AVE	4231007026		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.16	1926	
4037 WASATCH AVE	4231019036		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.31	1947	
4017 WASATCH AVE	4231019032		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1948	
4023 BOISE AVE	4231019051		1	2 0.20	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.48	1950	
4173 NEOSHO AVE	4231022014		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.48	1951	
4133 NEOSHO AVE	4231022007		1	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1941	
4124 MILDRED AVE	4231022021		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.35	1928	
4152 MILDRED AVE	4231022028		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.30	1941	
4177 NEOSHO AVE	4231022015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	- 5	1.00	0.28	1941	
4187 NEOSHO AVE	4231022017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1947	
4132 MILDRED AVE	4231022023				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1923	
4172 MILDRED AVE	4231022033				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1948	
4143 NEOSHO AVE	4231022009				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.48	1924	
4177 MILDRED AVE	4231023022				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	-	0	
4145 MILDRED AVE	4231023014				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.35	1952	
4136 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023030				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1924	
4142 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023032				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> – <b>,</b>	1.00	0.25	1926	
4133 MILDRED AVE	4231023011				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			other	-	0.25	1926	
4189 MILDRED AVE	4231023025				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1930	
4190 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023044				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1924	
4174 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023040				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.50	1927	
4172 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023039				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1948	
4148 MCCONNELL BLVD 4129 MILDRED AVE	4231023033				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1925 1926	
	4231023010				Low Density Two Family	R2 R1	Incremental Infill B			35			other	- 1.00	0.30	1926	
4150 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023034			2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	KI	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_lamily	1.00	0.18	1924	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income Low- Income	Moderate	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4154 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023035		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.26	1924	
4129 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231024006		1	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
4189 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231024021		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
4255 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1924	
4233 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1947	
4237 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025011				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1932	
4209 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.27	1947	
4241 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025012		-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.35	1947	
4249 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
4158 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023036				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.21	1924 1924	
4186 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231023043				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.28		
4110 MOORE ST	4231026013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00 1.00	0.28	1944 1942	
4140 MOORE ST 4027 MEIER ST	4231026020 4231027011				Open Space Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1942	
4027 MEIER ST	4231027011				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1947	
4043 MEIER ST	4231027014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1940	
4065 ROSABELL ST	4231027015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.48	1940	
4003 NOSABELL ST 4023 MEIER ST	4231027013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1940	
4035 MEIER ST	4231027012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1951	
12251 HERBERT ST	4232008005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.24	1950	
12315 HERBERT ST	4232007001				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
12275 HERBERT ST	4232008007				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.06	1950	
12227 HERBERT ST	4232008003				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
12350 HERBERT ST	4232009005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.48	1950	
4026 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1930	
4040 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001009		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.34	1944	
4036 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.46	1946	
4080 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001001		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
4070 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001003		1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
4081 MINERVA AVE	4233001030		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
4061 MINERVA AVE	4233001026		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1940	
4031 MINERVA AVE	4233001020		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1944	
4212 BERRYMAN AVE	4233002013		1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1940	
4116 BERRYMAN AVE	4233002020		1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.22	1939	
4057 MINERVA AVE	4233001025				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1949	
4071 MINERVA AVE	4233001028		-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
4126 BERRYMAN AVE	4233002018				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1939	
4161 MINERVA AVE	4233002034				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.11	1947	
4141 MINERVA AVE	4233002030				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1926	
4151 MINERVA AVE	4233002032				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1944	
4127 MINERVA AVE	4233002027				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
4137 MINERVA AVE	4233002029				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.36	1952	
4226 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1926	
4232 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953 1924	
4238 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	-	
4218 COOLIDGE AVE 4206 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003019				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1954 1926	
4206 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003021				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1926	
4202 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003022 4233003038				Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1946	
4209 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003038				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.29	1940	
4117 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003032		-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.28	1948	
4110 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003039				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1924	
4233 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003028				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1945	
4028 COOLIDGE AVE	4233003043				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1925	
	420004011			2 0.12	Low Density Onlyte Family	IX1					·	- Non-Vacaill	Singlo_idiniiy	1.00	0.09	1344	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor	ow-	-	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
229 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003042			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
027 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004019			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.29	1944	
061 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004026			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.37	1946	
219 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003040			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1947	
068 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004003			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1941	
034 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004010			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	s = ,	1.00	0.25	1944	
071 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004028			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1946	
077 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004029			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1939	
048 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004007			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1946 1944	
031 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004020			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.20	1944	
018 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004013				2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A					Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.25		
021 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004018 4233004027						Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1944 1946	
041 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004027			1	3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other		0.33	1946	<u> </u>
052 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233004022			1			Low Density Single Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		- 1.00	0.34	1944	<u> </u>
039 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005000			1	2	•••••	Low Density Single Family	 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1944	
022 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233005023			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.29	1944	<u> </u>
081 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004030			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
072 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233004030			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1944	<u> </u>
046 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233005002			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.23	1940	
075 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005030			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.44	1947	
025 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005020			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.40	1944	
049 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005025			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.35	1953	<u> </u>
059 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005025			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.35	1933	<u> </u>
228 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006010			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.00	1946	
218 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006012			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.37	1944	<u> </u>
208 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006014			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1944	<u> </u>
202 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006015			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.40	1944	<u> </u>
035 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005022			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1944	
045 COOLIDGE AVE	4233005024			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.30	1944	
248 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006006			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.47	1947	
136 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006016			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.25	1940	
130 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006017			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1940	
121 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006026			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.17	1941	_
127 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006027			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
222 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006011			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
238 MCLAUGHLIN AVE	4233006008			1	2		Low Density Three Family	R3	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
117 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006025			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.35	1939	
213 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006032			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
131 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006028			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
239 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006037			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1926	
423 SHERBOURNE DR	4312025005			1	2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1940	
419 SHERBOURNE DR	4312025004			1	2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.36	1931	
427 SHERBOURNE DR	4312025006			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.34	1957	
335 SHERBOURNE DR	4312024010			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1922	
339 SHERBOURNE DR	4312024011			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.39	1924	
0757 FLAXTON ST	4203001047			1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
0721 FLAXTON ST	4203001040			1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.47	1948	
0753 FLAXTON ST	4203001046			1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
0737 FLAXTON ST	4203001043			1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.49	1948	
0747 FLAXTON ST	4203001045			1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
0786 DESHIRE PL	4203002016			1	2	. 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1956	
0806 DESHIRE PL	4203002020			1	2	0.18	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1956	
0796 DESHIRE PL	4203002018			1	2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.19	1956	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor L	ow-	-	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
10790 DESHIRE PL	4203002017			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1956	
10814 CLARMON PL	4203003001			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1953	
10784 CLARMON PL	4203003008			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
10793 OVERLAND AVE	4203003014			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
10798 CLARMON PL	4203003005			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
10773 OVERLAND AVE	4203003012			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.47	1951	
10803 OVERLAND AVE	4203003015			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1951	
10816 GALVIN ST	4203003035			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.43	1951	
10815 FLAXTON ST 10893 GALVIN ST	4203003029 4203003038				1 2 1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.25	<u>1951</u> 1951	
10801 GALVIN ST	4203003038			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1951	<u> </u>
10802 CLARMON PL	4203003018			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.38	1951	
10853 GALVIN ST	4203003023				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1952	
10810 CLARMON PL	4203003054			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.30	1952	<u> </u>
10727 KELMORE ST	4203004053			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1948	<u> </u>
10873 GALVIN ST	4203003055			1	1 2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1951	
10728 WHITBURN ST	4203004072			1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.49	1948	
10743 KELMORE ST	4203004056			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1948	
10732 WHITBURN ST	4203004071			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1948	_
10772 WHITBURN ST	4203004063			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
10737 WHITBURN ST	4203004084			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.24	1948	
10731 WHITBURN ST	4203004083			1	1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.49	1948	
10738 FLAXTON ST	4203004102			1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1948	
10728 FLAXTON ST	4203004104			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.33	1948	
10741 WHITBURN ST	4203004085			1	1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
10721 WHITBURN ST	4203004081			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1948	
10727 WHITBURN ST	4203004082			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.27	1948	
10748 FLAXTON ST	4203004100			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.44	1948	
10760 FLAXTON ST	4203004098			1	1 2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1948	
10718 FLAXTON ST	4203004106			1	1 3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.23	1948	
10662 DRAKEWOOD AVE	4203007062			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.35	1955	
10618 FLAXTON ST	4203007052			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1958	
10646 DRAKEWOOD AVE	4203007059			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1961	
10641 YOUNGWORTH RD	4203007069			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1955	
10608 FLAXTON ST	4203007076			1	1 2 1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.27	1958	
10649 YOUNGWORTH RD	4203007068				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.25	1955	
10724 KELMORE ST 10611 YOUNGWORTH RD	4203008062 4203007075				1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.49	1948 1956	
10724 RANCH RD	4203007075				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1956	<u> </u>
10815 KELMORE ST	4203009002			1	1 2	2 0.25	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - · ·	1.00	0.40	1954	<u> </u>
10682 RANCH RD	4203008087			1	1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.23	1953	<u> </u>
10871 KELMORE ST	4203009007			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.23	1953	
10705 CRANKS RD	4203008090			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.22	1954	<u> </u>
10912 WHITBURN ST	4203009013			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1954	
10890 WHITBURN ST	4203009015			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.19	1951	
10828 WHITBURN ST	4203009021			1	1 2	•	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.10	1951	
10803 WHITBURN ST	4203009027			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
10815 WHITBURN ST	4203009028			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.29	1951	
10816 WHITBURN ST	4203009022			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1951	
10889 STEVER ST	4203010009			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.48	1951	
10849 STEVER ST	4203010005			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
10803 STEVER ST	4203010001			1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
10915 STEVER ST	4203010011			1	1 2	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.24	1951	
10828 STEVER ST	4203011013			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Lo Parcel Number Inco	Incom	loderate- Income	Above Moderate Income	(Acree	-	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
0944 STEVER ST	4203011002		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1314 RUDMAN DR	4203013002		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1237 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013020		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
1210 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013039		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1301 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013027		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.28	1951	
1340 MALAT WAY	4203014004		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
1267 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013023		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.45	1951	
1230 GRAYRIDGE DR 1300 MALAT WAY	4203013037 4203014008		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.28	1951 1951	
1364 MALAT WAY	4203014008		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
1218 MALAT WAY	4203014002		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1210 MALAT WAT	4203014017		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.25	1951	
1257 RUDMAN DR	4203014018		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.23	1951	
1217 RUDMAN DR	4203014022		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.00	1951	
1277 RUDMAN DR	4203014028		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
1266 MALAT WAY	4203014012		1		2 0.		ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1255 MALAT WAY	4203015007		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
1241 HANNUM AVE	4203015036		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- <u>3</u>	1.00	0.25	1944	
1221 HANNUM AVE	4203015040		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.15	1944	
1243 STEVENS AVE	4203015055		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1949	
0750 RANCH RD	4203016253		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1954	
0752 RANCH RD	4203016254		 1		2 0.	21 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.25	1954	
717 TELLEFSON RD	4203016249		1		2 0.	14 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1954	
0746 MOLONY RD	4203017054		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1954	
920 CULVIEW ST	4203017048		1		2 0.	13 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.29	1954	
913 TELLEFSON RD	4203017069		1		2 0.	15 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1954	
915 TELLEFSON RD	4203017068		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1954	
0756 MOLONY RD	4203017057		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1954	
1328 HANNUM AVE	4203018006		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1942	
1346 HANNUM AVE	4203018010		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5	1.00	0.25	1941	
1352 HANNUM AVE	4203018011		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1941	
1319 PLAYA ST	4203018014		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.08	1942	
1336 HANNUM AVE	4203018008		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1949	
1313 STEVENS AVE	4203018025		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1942	
1358 HANNUM AVE	4203018028		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.49	1941	
1349 MALAT WAY	4203018042		1		2 0.		ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	8 - ,	1.00	0.25	1951	
0742 CRANKS RD	4203019043		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1954 1954	
021 CULVIEW ST 0744 CRANKS RD	4203019038 4203019044		1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1954	
0744 CRANKS RD	4203019045		 1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.20	1954	
0747 STEPHON TER	4203019055		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.45	1954	
0751 STEPHON TER	4203019055		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other		0.25	1954	
0729 CRANKS RD	4203019054		1		• •		ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		- 1.00	0.23	1954	
0744 STEPHON TER	4203019058		1		-		ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1954	
0741 CRANKS RD	4203019072		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1954	
716 TELLEFSON RD	4203019084		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.20	1954	
739 CRANKS RD	4203019071		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1954	
0743 CRANKS RD	4203019073		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.00	1954	
0731 CRANKS RD	4203019068		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1954	
1329 HANNUM AVE	4203021042		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1941	
1319 HANNUM AVE	4203021044		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1942	
1359 HANNUM AVE	4203021022		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1941	
1345 HANNUM AVE	4203021025		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1942	
0609 FLAXTON ST	4203022205		1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1955	

10612 ZVUKSVICRTH RD         4202029194         1         2         0.44         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nov-Vacatet single_family           05058 CRANKS RD         420200107         1         2         0.13         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nov-Vacatet single_family           05051 CRANKS RD         420202100         1         2         0.51         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         Nov-Vacatet single_family           10566 TRANKA WAY         4203030116         1         2         0.52         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nov-Vacatet single_family           10562 STERINA WAY         420302187         1         2         0.52         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nov-Vacatet single_family           10562 LORENK AVE         420401015         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili B         35         Nov-Vacatet single_family           0211 NICE BLIX AVE         420401012         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1	g Imp-Lan R Ratio			Conso- lidation
1061 TV QUARKINGT HED         420322210         1         2         0.27         Leg Marking Single Family Family Single Family Fa	0 0.2	0.23	1959	
SYTE IR NOCN WW       40330236       1       3       0.16       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0540 YOUNKWORTH RD       42332261       1       2       0.36       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0540 YOUNKWORTH RD       42332261       1       2       0.36       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0507 STEPK RT       42332216       1       2       0.31       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0507 STEPK RT       42332216       1       2       0.31       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0507 STEPK RT       423320114       1       2       0.41       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0502 LOCENEK AK       4243020116       1       2       0.51       Low Denky Stype Family       F1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Ber-Vecant single, family         0502 LOCENEK AK       4243020114	0 #DIV/0!		0	
SPT:1EVERWARD ID         42030282/8         1         2         0.1         Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1068 TVXXXXXXXX11         4203024201         1         2         6.0         Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1068 TVXXXXXXX11         2         2.0.1         Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1008 TVXXXXXX11F10         2.002 Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1008 TVXXXXX11F10         2.002 Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1008 TVXXXXX11F10         4.0030017         1         2         0.2 Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1008 TVXXXXX11F10         4.03300177         1         2         0.2 Low Dentily Stope Family         F1         Nucreantial Infl A         35         3 Nor-Youtent stope, family           1008 TVXXXXX11F10         4.0300014         1         2         0.011100011001010101000000000000000000		0.43	1955	
1084 VQLNOVQRTH RD         443020119         1         2         0.30         Doe Density Stype Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3         Non-Yoart strage_family           577 STEVER GT         430020219         1         2         0.51         Low Density Stype Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3         Non-Yoart strage_family           0533 VQLNCVORTH RD         430020219         1         2         0.51         Low Density Stype Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3         Non-Yoart strage_family           0533 VQLNCVORTH RD         42002211         1         2         0.54         Low Density Stype Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3         Non-Yoart strage_family         Incremental Infl A         36         3         Non-Yoart strage_family         Incremental Infl A         35         3         <		0.25	1954	
1081       43332/201       1       2       0.0       Loce Densy Syste Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO STEVER FA       433828195       1       2       0.31       Loce Density Syste Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO LNOX MTR D       433828195       1       2       0.34       Loce Density Syste Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO LNOX MTR D       433828194       1       2       0.44       Loce Density Syste Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO LNOX MTR D       43380201       1       2       0.35       Commission Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO LNOX MTR D       43380116       1       2       0.35       Commission Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3       Nun-kaset single_fam/s         1058 TVO LNOX MTR D       43380116       1       2       0.35       Commission Fam/s       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       Nun-kaset single_fam/s <td></td> <td>0.31</td> <td>1954 1956</td> <td></td>		0.31	1954 1956	
STAT STEVER CT         420028219         1         2         0.11         Low Durstly Style Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         33         34 Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         42002914         1         2         0.24         Low Durstly Style Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         42002914         1         2         0.44         Low Durstly Style Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         420020127         1         2         0.4         Low Durstly Style Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         420020201         1         0.5         S Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         420020201         1         2.05         Inor Durstly Style Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         S Nor-Vacant single, family           1058 YOUNKOWORTH D         420020201         1         2.05         Inor Durstly Stringe Tamily         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         S Nor-Vacant single, family		0.33	1956	
1018         2 <th2< th="">         2         2         2</th2<>		0.49	1956	
10583 PCUNKWORTH RD       420302211       1       2       0.4 Low Desky Single Samly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single Samly         10588 DEX PLANK RD       420300127       1       2       0.4 Low Desky Single Samly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single Samly         1088 DEX PLANK RD       420300127       1       2       0.5 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       3 Non-Vacant single Samly         1086 ICERAINK RD       420302293       1       2       0.57 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       Non-Vacant single Samly         1086 ICERAINK RD       420302216       1       2       0.52 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       Non-Vacant single Samly         1088 DESTERNA WAY       420300116       1       2       0.51 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       Non-Vacant single Samly         2022 VDLKOWDRH RD       420300116       1       2       0.11 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental Infli A       35       Non-Vacant single Samly         2022 VDLKOWDR RD       420401109       1       2       0.11 Low Desky Single Famly       R1       Incremental		0.43	1956	
10612 YOUKWORTH RD         423028194         1         2         0.44 Low Danks' Sing Family         Normeral Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           9082 ULCERNE AVE         420401009         1         2         0.31 Low Danks' Sing Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           9082 ULCERNE AVE         420401009         1         2         0.31 Low Danks' Sing Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           10868 DETRINK MAY         420300116         1         2         0.32 Low Danks' Sing Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           10868 DETRINK MAY         420302197         1         2         0.32 Low Danks' Sing Family         R1         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           10822 VOLKSMOK CPT 4         420401015         1         2         0.02 Low Danks' Yow Family         R2         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           928 LUCERNE AVE         420401015         1         2         0.02 Low Danks' Yow Family         R2         Incremental Infl A         35         3 Nor-Vecant sing family           928 LUCERNE AVE         420401014         1		0.40	1956	
9022 LUCENNE AVE         424040100         1         Low Density Stape Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10580 ESTERNA WAY         433032016         1         2         0.57         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10580 ESTERNA WAY         433030116         1         2         0.52         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10622 YOLNGWORKTH RD         433022917         1         2         0.22         Low Density Tow Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           9024 LUCENNE AVE         4340401015         1         2         0.17         Low Density Tow Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3024 LEDENE AVE         434041012         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3024 CESTAVE WA         4340411042         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35		0.09	1956	
9022 LUCENNE AVE         424040100         1         Low Density Stape Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10580 ESTERNA WAY         433032016         1         2         0.57         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10580 ESTERNA WAY         433030116         1         2         0.52         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           10622 YOLNGWORKTH RD         433022917         1         2         0.22         Low Density Tow Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           9024 LUCENNE AVE         4340401015         1         2         0.17         Low Density Tow Family         R2         Incremental Infit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3024 LEDENE AVE         434041012         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3024 CESTAVE WA         4340411042         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infit A         35	0 0.3	0.36	1956	
10600 ESTERNA WWY         420303114         1         2         0.50 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           10626 ESTERNA WWY         420303116         1         2         0.52 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           10622 YOUKWYORTH RD         420302197         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli B         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           9024 LICENNE AVE         420400105         1         2         0.11 Low Density Tore Family         R2         Incremental Infli B         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3024 LICENNE AVE         4204011019         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3028 USENDE         420401002         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3028 USEND TER         420401002         1         2         0.11 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infli A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3028 USEND TER <td>0 0.4</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>1953</td> <td></td>	0 0.4	0.42	1953	
10686 ESTERNA WAY       42030116       1       2       0.52 (DURNORHED       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         1052 VOLWNORHED       4203021197       1       2.0 L2 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         1052 VOLWNORHED       420401103       1       2       0.12 Low Density Two Family       R2       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         4215 INCE BLVO       420401103       1       2       0.12 Low Density Two Family       R2       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         3982 SENCE       420401103       1       2       0.32 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         3982 SENCE       4204011042       1       2       0.17 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         3828 CENCE       4204011042       1       2       0.17 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infli       35       3 Non-Vacant single_family         3838 CENCE       4204013025       1       2       0.11 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infli       35       Non-Vacant single_family		0.25	1959	
10622 VOUNSMORTH RD         420329197         1         2         0.22 Low Density You Family         R1         Incremental Inflit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           0964 UCERNE AVE         420401005         1         2         0.12 Low Density You Family         R2         Incremental Inflit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           0924 UCERNE AVE         420401015         1         2         0.12 Low Density You Family         R2         Incremental Inflit B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3802 USENCE         420401109         1         2         0.21 Low Density You Family         R1         Incremental Inflit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         R1           3802 USENCE         4204011002         1         2         0.17 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Inflit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         R1         Non-Vacant single_family         R1         Incremental Inflit A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family         R1         Non-Vacant single_family		0.22	1922	
9068 LUCENNE AVE         420400103         1         2         0.12 Low Density Two Family         R2         Incremental Initi B         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           9074 LUCENNE AVE         4204001015         1         2         0.01 Low Density Two Family         R2         Incremental Initi B         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           4115 INCE BLVD         4204010105         1         2         0.02 Low Density Two Family         R2         Incremental Initi B         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3828 SHEDD TER         420401002         1         2         0.17 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Initi A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3828 SHEDD TER         420401020         1         2         0.17 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Initi A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3829 CESTOR         420401026         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Initi A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           3847 SHEDD TER         420401020         1         2         0.41 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Initi A         35         3 Non-Vacant single family           9206 WIGHTCREST DR <t< td=""><td></td><td>0.25</td><td>1957</td><td></td></t<>		0.25	1957	
9024 LUCERNE AVE         420401015         1         2         0.17 Low Density Two Family         R2         Incremental Infili B         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3402 AVES INCE         4204010137         1         2         0.20 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3402 STONE CT         420401002         1         2         0.31 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3403 VICSTONE CT         420401002         1         2         0.17 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3404 LEVLEW CT         420401304         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3404 LEVLEW CT         420401304         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3409 LEVLEW AD         420401302         1         2         0.21 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Acaent single, family           3409 KICHTCRE		0.25	1956	
4215 INCE BLVD         42040101037         1         2         0.20 Low Density Yange Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3803 NICDS TER         4204011002         1         2         0.17         Low Density Yange Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3803 VICSTONE CT         4204011042         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3804 IEEVIEW KD         4204011042         1         2         0.11         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3967 SHEDD TER         4204013040         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3967 SHED TER         4204013040         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single, family           3968 WICHTCREST DR         4204013042         1         2         0.72         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A </td <td></td> <td>0.25</td> <td>1948</td> <td></td>		0.25	1948	
3882 SHED TER       420411019       1       2       0.32 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant Single family         3803 VICSTOW CT       4204011042       1       2       0.17 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       36       3 Non-Vacant Single family         3849 LESTVIEW RD       4204011042       1       2       0.17 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       36       3 Non-Vacant Single family         3849 LESTVIEW RD       4204012026       1       2       0.17 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant Single family         3849 LEVEW CT       4204013040       1       2       0.41 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant Single family         7009 WIRGHTCREST DR       4204013021       1       2       0.13 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant Single family         7009 WIRGHTCREST DR       4204013043       1       2       0.12 Low Density Single Family       R1       Incremental Infili A       35       3 Non-Vacant Single family         3928 CED TER       420401043       1       2       0.12 Low Density Single Family <td></td> <td>0.41</td> <td>1923</td> <td></td>		0.41	1923	
SB32 VCSTONE CT         420401002         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3839 CRESTVIEW RD         4204011042         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3849 LEEV WCT         4204013040         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3867 SHEDD TER         4204013040         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           5000 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013045         1         2         0.15         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           5026 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013043         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3827 SECSTVIEW RD         4204013043         1         2         0.38         Low Density Single Family         R1         Increme		0.16	1941	
B382 CRESTVIEW RD         4204011042         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3849 LEEVIEW CT         4204012026         1         2         0.21         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           7009 WRIGHTOREST DR         4204013045         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           7009 WRIGHTOREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           7006 WRIGHTOREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3825 CRESTVIEW RD         4204011043         1         2         0.71         Row Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4204013043         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2		0.36	1960	
3849 LEEVIEW CT         4204012026         1         2         0.21         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3867 SHEDD TER         4204013040         1         2         0.41         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           009 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013045         1         2         0.15         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           5926 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.23         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3825 CRESTVIEW RD         4204013043         1         2         0.32         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3970 SHEDD TER         4204013043         1         2         0.32         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incrementa		0.36	1955	
3867 SHEDD TER         4204013040         1         2         0.41 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           7009 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013045         1         2         0.41 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           7009 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.31 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           7009 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013042         1         2         0.31 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           3825 CRESTVEW RD         4204013043         1         2         0.17 Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008004         1         2         0.12 Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family           3102 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12 Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infili B         35         3 Nor-Vacant single_family <td< td=""><td></td><td>0.47</td><td>1959 1957</td><td></td></td<>		0.47	1959 1957	
7009 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013045         1         2         0.34         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           5026 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204015021         1         2         0.34         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           006 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.32         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3875 SHEDD TER         4204013043         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infil A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008004         1         2         0.31         Ballona Creek         R2         Incremental Infil B         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3130 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infil B         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3228 ROBERTS AVE         420501006         1         2         0.12		0.29	1957	
5928 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204015021         1         2         0.15         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           7006 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.23         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3252 CREST/VEW RD         4204013043         1         2         0.38         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infili A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3128 REID AVE         4205008004         1         2         0.31         Balona Creek         R2         Incremental Infili B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3138 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.31         Balona Creek         R2         Incremental Infili B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           310 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infili B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3204 ROBERTS AVE         4205011004         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infili B		0.43	1902	
7006 WRIGHTCREST DR         4204013022         1         2         0.23         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3825 CRESTVIEW RD         4204011043         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3827 SHEDD TER         4204013043         1         2         0.31         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           310 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3226 ROBERTS AVE         4205011006         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant single_family           3204 ROBERTS AVE         4205011010         1         2		0.43	1956	
3825 CRESTVIEW RD         4204011043         1         2         0.17         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3979 SHEDD TER         4204013043         1         2         0.38         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008004         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3138 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3110 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3204 ROBERTS AVE         4205011006         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3210 ROBERTS AVE         4205011014         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental		0.41	1964	
3979 SHEDD TER         4204013043         1         2         0.38         Low Density Single Family         R1         Incremental Infill A         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3122 REID AVE         4205008004         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3138 REID AVE         4205008007         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3100 REID AVE         420501006         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3226 ROBERTS AVE         4205011006         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3234 ROBERTS AVE         4205011010         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3109 REID AVE         4205011010         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infil		0.45	1959	
3122 REID AVE4205008004120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3138 REID AVE4205008017120.31Ballona CreekR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3110 REID AVE4205008007120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3206 ROBERTS AVE4205011006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011004120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE420501101120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3209 ROBERTS AVE420501101120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3109 RCBERTS AVE420501103120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family313 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family313 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family31		0.22	1962	
3110 REID AVE4205008007120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3226 ROBERTS AVE4205011006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3234 ROBERTS AVE4205011004120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3210 ROBERTS AVE420501101120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacantsingle_family3143 REID AVE42050110201	0 0.2	0.25	1926	
3226 ROBERTS AVE4205011006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3234 ROBERTS AVE4205011004120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3210 ROBERTS AVE4205011010120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3209 ROBERTS AVE4205012006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2<	0 0.4	0.43	1948	
3226 ROBERTS AVE4205011006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3234 ROBERTS AVE4205011004120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3210 ROBERTS AVE4205011010120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3209 ROBERTS AVE4205012006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2<	0 0.2	0.25	1938	
3210 ROBERTS AVE4205011010120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3209 ROBERTS AVE4205012006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Inc	0 0.2	0.25	1946	
3109 REID AVE4205011013120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3209 ROBERTS AVE4205012006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE420501101120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Increme		0.46	1946	
3209 ROBERTS AVE4205012006120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family		0.33	1949	
3113 REID AVE4205011014120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353Non-Vacant_single_family		0.30	1940	
3133 REID AVE4205011019120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3147 REID AVE4205011021120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3204 ROBERTS AVE4205011011120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family3143 REID AVE4205011020120.12Low Density Single FamilyR2Incremental Infill B353 Non-Vacant single_family		0.09	1939	
3147 REID AVE         4205011021         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family           3204 ROBERTS AVE         4205011011         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family           3143 REID AVE         4205011020         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family           3143 REID AVE         4205011020         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family		0.08	1925	
3204 ROBERTS AVE         4205011011         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family           3143 REID AVE         4205011020         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3         Non-Vacant_single_family		0.44	1948	
3143 REID AVE 4205011020 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R2 Incremental Infill B 35 3 Non-Vacant single family		0.41	1915	
		0.38	1942	
		0.04	1928	
3414 MCMANUS AVE         4205012002         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family           3460 FAY AVE         4205015003         1         2         0.12         Low Density Single Family         R2         Incremental Infill B         35         3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.26	1923 1946	
Second PATAVE     42050 15005     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single raminy     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single raminy       3452 FAY AVE     4205015005     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single family		0.23	1940	
3444 FAY AVE     4205015005     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single raminy     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family       3444 FAY AVE     4205015007     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.35	1947	
3444 FX AVE     42050 15007     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family       3410 FAY AVE     4205015015     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.25	1925	
Second Arrive     420010013     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single raminy     12     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family       3426 FAY AVE     4205015011     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.36	1931	
3422 FAY AVE 4205015012 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R2 Incremental Infill B 35 3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.25	1947	
3401 MCMANUS AVE     4205015017     1     2     0.12     Low Density Single Family     R2     Incremental Infill B     35     3 Non-Vacant single_family		0.45	1942	
3460 CATTARAUGUS AVE 4205016001 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R2 Incremental Infill 35 3 Non-Vacant single family		0.24	1928	
3414 CATTARAUGUS AVE 4205016012 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R2 Incremental Infill B 35 3 Non-Vacant single family		0.25	1939	
3413 FAY AVE 4205016017 1 2 0.12 Low Density Single Family R2 Incremental Infill B 35 3 Non-Vacant single family		0.25	1923	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	low-	loderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
3443 FAY AVE	4205016024		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1941	
3410 CATTARAUGUS AVE	4205016013		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1923	
3409 FAY AVE	4205016016		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1928	
3455 FAY AVE	4205016027		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1937	
3451 FAY AVE	4205016026		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.35	1923	
3465 FAY AVE	4205016029		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1947	
3350 SHERBOURNE DR	4205018024		1	1 2	••••	Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1922	
3430 SHERBOURNE DR	4205019018		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3421 CATTARAUGUS AVE	4205019005		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1936	
3438 SHERBOURNE DR	4205019020		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1947	
3322 SHERBOURNE DR	4205018018		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.38	1927	
3413 CATTARAUGUS AVE	4205019003		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1923	
3540 SCHAEFER ST	4206002014		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1947	
3574 SCHAEFER ST	4206002022		1	1 2 1 2	••••=	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1923 1923	
3578 SCHAEFER ST 3556 SCHAEFER ST	4206002023		1			Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1923	
3548 HELMS AVE	4206002018 4206003010		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family		Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1931	
3562 HELMS AVE	4206003010		1	1 <u>2</u> 12		Low Density Two Family Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3530 HELMS AVE	4206003013		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1925	
3570 HELMS AVE	4206003005		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	- 0.34	1925	
3549 SCHAEFER ST	4206003013		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.23	1924	
3574 HELMS AVE	4206003016		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 - ,	1.00	0.25	1922	
3556 HELMS AVE	4206003012		1	1 2	••••=	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1925	
3584 HELMS AVE	4206004001		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.35	1923	
3592 HELMS AVE	4206004003		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.48	1925	
3602 HELMS AVE	4206004005		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.10	1922	
3606 HELMS AVE	4206004006		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1937	
3610 HELMS AVE	4206004007		. 1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1945	
3628 HELMS AVE	4206004011		. 1	1 2	••••=	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1927	
3617 SCHAEFER ST	4206004029		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1928	
3638 HELMS AVE	4206004013		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1925	
3586 WESLEY ST	4206005002		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.26	1945	
3594 WESLEY ST	4206005004		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1948	
3630 HELMS AVE	4206004012		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.34	1927	
3643 HELMS AVE	4206005023		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1887	
3632 WESLEY ST	4206005012		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1925	
3635 HELMS AVE	4206005025		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.26	1928	
3625 HELMS AVE	4206005027		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	
3562 WESLEY ST	4206006011		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.14	1936	
3556 WESLEY ST	4206006010		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.33	1940	
3541 HELMS AVE	4206006026		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1927	
8862 CARSON ST	4206007009		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.46	1950	
8906 CARSON ST	4206008001		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1945	
4160 HIGUERA ST	4206008014		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1922	
3625 WESLEY ST	4206008029		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1952	
3607 WESLEY ST	4206008033		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.06	1936	
8952 CARSON ST	4206008011		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1928	
4156 HIGUERA ST	4206008013		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.14	1924	
9026 CARSON ST	4206009010		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.31	1922	
9030 CARSON ST	4206009009		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.20	1924	
9020 CARSON ST	4206009011		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1924	
4161 HIGUERA ST	4206009014		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1952	
9041 LUCERNE AVE	4206009026		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.18	1923	
9033 LUCERNE AVE	4206009024		1	1 2	0.14	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_lamily	1.00	-	1938	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	0W-	₋ow- come	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate	(Acre		Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
)	4206010003				1	3 (	0.14 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Vacant	other	-	-	0	~
0047 LUCERNE AVE	4206009027				•			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.11	1937	
0048 HUBBARD ST	4206010006							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
016 HUBBARD ST	4206010013				•			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.21	1928	
0022 HUBBARD ST	4206010012							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	
0015 CARSON ST	4206010021							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.27	1929	-
0021 CARSON ST 0055 CARSON ST	4206010022 4206010030							ow Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35 35			t single_family	1.00	0.44	1923 1924	
3951 CARSON ST	4206010030					° '		Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	- 1.00	0.25	1924	
3906 HUBBARD ST	4206011021				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_lamily	1.00	0.19	1923	
3955 CARSON ST	4206011002				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.43	1922	-
3934 HUBBARD ST	4206011020				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.45	1922	
112 HIGUERA ST	4206011015							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	
3898 HUBBARD ST	4206012001				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.25	1929	
108 HIGUERA ST	4206011014				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.21	1923	3
116 HIGUERA ST	4206011016				1	2 (	0.12 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.26	1922	2
3948 HUBBARD ST	4206011011				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	7
126 HIGUERA ST	4206011018				1	2 (	0.14 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.27	1938	
3902 HUBBARD ST	4206011001				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.43	1950	
3912 HUBBARD ST	4206011003				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.31	1922	
3944 HUBBARD ST	4206011010							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.36	1946	-
3952 HUBBARD ST	4206011012				•			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1924	
3885 CARSON ST	4206012012				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	
1917 KRUEGER ST	4206016022				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	-
3916 KRUEGER ST	4206017003							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.41	1951 1949	
8922 KRUEGER ST 8929 HUBBARD ST	4206017004 4206017023							ow Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B Incremental Infill B			35 35			t single_family	1.00	0.32	1949	-
3929 HUBBARD ST	4206017023				-			Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family t single family	1.00	0.30	1926	
1037 HIGUERA ST	4206017020							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_lamily	1.00	0.25	1922	
0047 HUBBARD ST	4206018025				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			other	-	0.48	1925	
0011 KRUEGER ST	4206019018				-	-		ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.33	1938	-
1979 HIGUERA ST	4206019016				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.28	1947	-
)	4206019029				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			other	-	-	0	
120 VAN BUREN PL	4206024014				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.47	1925	5
230 IRVING PL	4206025007				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.30	1927	7
240 IRVING PL	4206025009				1	2 (	0.12 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	1
9523 LUCERNE AVE	4206025011				1	2 (	0.11 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.34	1950	-
121 VAN BUREN PL	4206025016							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.36	1947	
1065 VAN BUREN PL	4206026025							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.47	1923	
091 VAN BUREN PL	4206026030							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1936	
167 BALDWIN AVE	4207013010							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.42	1923	
177 BALDWIN AVE	4207013012							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.34	1940	
144 BALDWIN AVE	4207014027				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1921	
125 LA SALLE AVE	4207014005 4207014014							ow Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B Incremental Infill B			35 35			other t single family	- 1.00	0.25	1928 1949	
177 LA SALLE AVE	4207014014				-			Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_lamily	1.00	0.37	1949	-
154 BALDWIN AVE	4207014034				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			office	-	0.33	1923	
125 MADISON AVE	4207014029					° '		ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	- 1.00	0.43	1930	
121 MADISON AVE	4207015004				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single family	1.00	0.36	1924	
151 MADISON AVE	4207015010							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.41	1926	
115 MADISON AVE	4207015003				-			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.25	1925	
135 MADISON AVE	4207015007							ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.45	1923	
110 LA SALLE AVE	4207015020				1			ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.00	0.42	1947	1
141 MADISON AVE	4207015008				1	2 (	0.16 L	ow Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	3

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Lo	ery bw- bme	 erate- come	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plar Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
110 MADISON AVE	4207016020		1	2	0.15	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.11	1920	
120 MADISON AVE	4207016022		1	2	0.15	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.29	1926	
155 LINCOLN AVE	4207016011		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.32	1929	
184 MADISON AVE	4207016035		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.02	1941	
150 LINCOLN AVE	4207017029		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.31	1956	
121 LAFAYETTE PL	4207018004		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	· · ·	1.00	0.26	1947	
174 LINCOLN AVE	4207017034		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1927	
115 LAFAYETTE PL 140 LAFAYETTE PL	4207018003 4207019008		 1	2		Low Density Two Family Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B Incremental Infill B			35 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	<u> </u>	0.25	1927 1923	
184 LAFAYETTE PL	4207019008		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.41	1923	
180 LAFAYETTE PL	4207019016		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1920	
164 LAFAYETTE PL	4207019013		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single family	1.00	0.40	1920	
171 IRVING PL	4207019035		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.20	1926	
621 FARRAGUT DR	4207019041		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1938	
181 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021002		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1946	
115 IRVING PL	4207019023		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1916	
240 LAFAYETTE PL	4207020008		1	2	0.18	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
191 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021004		1	2	0.17	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1925	
230 LAFAYETTE PL	4207020006		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.32	1930	
145 IRVING PL	4207019030		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1923	
175 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021001		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	· · ·	1.00	0.30	1923	
185 IRVING PL	4207019038		1	2	0.12	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1938	
215 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021008		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1924	
221 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021009		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1938	
225 LAFAYETTE PL	4207021010		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1938 1924	
214 LINCOLN AVE 220 LINCOLN AVE	4207022018		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B Incremental Infill B			35 35		Non-Vacant	o _ ,	<u> </u>	0.33	1924	
220 LINCOLN AVE	4207022019 4207023006		 1	2		Low Density Two Family Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1926	
211 LINCOLN AVE	4207023002		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.23	1941	
240 MADISON AVE	4207023021		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1938	
944 FARRAGUT DR	4207023016		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.14	1942	
234 MADISON AVE	4207023020		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.17	1922	
244 MADISON AVE	4207023022		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1938	
224 LA SALLE AVE	4207024022		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1926	
225 LA SALLE AVE	4207025005		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	-	0	
234 LA SALLE AVE	4207024024		1	2	0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.42	1930	
275 MADISON AVE	4207024015		1	2	0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1927	
265 MADISON AVE	4207024013		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.33	1927	
205 LA SALLE AVE	4207025001		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.10	1921	
234 BALDWIN AVE	4207025023		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.48	1924	
220 BALDWIN AVE	4207025020		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.28	1947	
224 BALDWIN AVE	4207025021		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1921	
244 BALDWIN AVE	4207025025		 1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.24	1923	
254 BALDWIN AVE 245 BALDWIN AVE	4207025027 4207026009		 1	2		Low Density Two Family Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		<u> </u>	0.25	<u>1923</u> 1914	
245 BALDWIN AVE	4207026009		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.26	1914	ليجعد
231 BALDWIN AVE	4207026005		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.45	1920	
220 REVERE PL	4207026020		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1923	
221 BALDWIN AVE	4207026004		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.40	1938	
210 REVERE PL	4207026018		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0 - ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1940	
244 REVERE PL	4207026025		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.50	1925	
224 REVERE PL	4207026021		1	2	0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
230 REVERE PL	4207026022		1	2	0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.32	1923	
261 REVERE PL	4207027006		1	2	0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income Low- Income Income	Moderate	(Acroc)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4290 JACKSON AVE	4207027020		1	2 0.18	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B	•		35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1928	
4284 JACKSON AVE	4207027019		1	2 0.14	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.24	1928	
10842 OREGON AVE	4208013007		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.26	1950	
10880 OREGON AVE	4208013013		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1928	
10856 OREGON AVE	4208013009		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1950	
10827 ARIZONA AVE	4208013029				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.37	1951	
10835 OREGON AVE	4208014032		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1929	
10886 OREGON AVE	4208013014		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.29	1952	
10847 OREGON AVE	4208014030				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1928	
10815 OREGON AVE	4208014036				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1928	
10889 OREGON AVE	4208014900				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	-	1951	
10819 OREGON AVE	4208014035				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.24	1928	
10761 OREGON AVE	4208015019		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.14	1928	
10771 OREGON AVE	4208015017		1		Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.25	1939 1950	
10757 OREGON AVE	4208015021 4208015020		1		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
10757 OREGON AVE	4208015020		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	<b>6</b> – ,	1.00	0.27	1949	
10717 OREGON AVE	4208015028		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1929	
10713 OREGON AVE	4208015027		1		Low Density Single Family	 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1950	
4054 HURON AVE	4208015029		1		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
4028 HURON AVE	4208025006		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1929	
4034 HURON AVE	4208025007		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>6</b> – ,	1.00	0.29	1923	
4060 CHARLES AVE	4208023007		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1940	
4038 HURON AVE	4208025008				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.00	1947	
4124 HURON AVE	4208026014				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1946	
4063 CHARLES AVE	4208025030				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1946	
4117 CHARLES AVE	4208025022				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1951	
4153 MILTON AVE	4208026020		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
4129 MILTON AVE	4208026057		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
4121 CHARLES AVE	4208025021		1	2 0.11	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.23	1951	
4101 CHARLES AVE	4208025026		1	2 0.16	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1954	
4128 HURON AVE	4208026015		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1939	
10934 ALETTA AVE	4208027007		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	
4137 MILTON AVE	4208026055		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1941	
4133 MILTON AVE	4208026056		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
10952 ALETTA AVE	4208027012		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
4166 JASMINE AVE	4209001034				Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
4170 JASMINE AVE	4209001035		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.33	1952	
4174 JASMINE AVE	4209001036		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
4412 VINTON AVE	4209005009		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1952	
4396 VINTON AVE	4209005006				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.25	1952	
4436 VINTON AVE	4209005013		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.49	1952	
4384 VINTON AVE	4209005004		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.43	1952	
4212 VINTON AVE	4209007003				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1939	
4248 VINTON AVE	4209007010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1939	
4324 VINTON AVE	4209006003		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>6</b> – ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
4218 VINTON AVE	4209007004		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1938	
4339 JASMINE AVE	4209006013		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
4314 VINTON AVE	4209006020		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.37	1940	
4272 VINTON AVE	4209007015		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1938	
4282 VINTON AVE 4262 VINTON AVE	4209007017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1938 1938	
	4209007013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00		<u>1938</u> 1941	
4223 JASMINE AVE	4209007035		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<b>b</b> - <b>i</b>	1.00	0.49		
4114 VINTON AVE	4209008004			2 0.17	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	i i	3 Non-Vacant	single_lamily	1.00	-	0	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- ncome		Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Built li	Conso- idation
4293 JASMINE AVE	4209007021			1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	
4259 JASMINE AVE	4209007028			1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1941	
4120 VINTON AVE	4209008005			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.39	1928	
4140 VINTON AVE	4209008009			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1938	
4144 VINTON AVE	4209008010			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.28	1938	
4229 JASMINE AVE	4209007034			1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	0 - · ·	1.00	0.25	1941	
4160 VINTON AVE	4209008013			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1938	
4170 VINTON AVE	4209008015			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1938	
4150 VINTON AVE	4209008011			1	1 2 1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1938 1928	
4140 MOTOR AVE 4163 JASMINE AVE	4209009013 4209008022				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill B			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.48	1928	
4150 MOTOR AVE	4209008022				1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R1				35			5 - 5	1.00	0.25	1946	
4133 JASMINE AVE	4209009015				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1 R2	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1938	
4123 JASMINE AVE	4209008028				1 2		Low Density Two Family Low Density Two Family	R2 R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	0	
4234 MOTOR AVE	4209008031			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	- 0.29	1939	
4164 MOTOR AVE	4209009018			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.29	1939	
4154 MOTOR AVE	4209009016				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.27	1939	
4179 VINTON AVE	4209009023			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- <u>5</u>	1.00	0.25	1939	
4120 MOTOR AVE	4209009009				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.45	1954	
4173 VINTON AVE	4209009024			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.45	1938	
4220 MOTOR AVE	4209010004			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1939	
4279 VINTON AVE	4209010024			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.26	1940	
4209 VINTON AVE	4209010038			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.36	1937	
4229 VINTON AVE	4209010034			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.49	1937	
4320 MOTOR AVE	4209011008			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
4419 VINTON AVE	4209012013			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- 5	1.00	0.16	1952	
4321 MOTOR AVE	4209013003			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>0</b> = ,	1.00	0.48	1952	
4401 VINTON AVE	4209012016			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
4363 VINTON AVE	4209012021			1	1 2	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.50	1952	
4315 VINTON AVE	4209011019			1	1 2	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4321 VINTON AVE	4209011018			1	1 2	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4369 MOTOR AVE	4209013011			1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4387 MOTOR AVE	4209013014			1	1 2	2 0.17	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4354 LE BOURGET AVE	4209013021			1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1952	
4330 LE BOURGET AVE	4209013025			1	1 2	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.34	1952	
4324 LE BOURGET AVE	4209013026			1	1 2	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4264 LE BOURGET AVE	4209014005			1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
4281 MOTOR AVE	4209014011			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	- 5	1.00	0.26	1939	
4274 LE BOURGET AVE	4209014007			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
4280 LE BOURGET AVE	4209014015			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1939	
4140 LE BOURGET AVE	4209015015			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 - · ·	1.00	0.25	1928	
4150 LE BOURGET AVE	4209015017			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.46	1940	
4143 MOTOR AVE	4209015032			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1928	
4174 LE BOURGET AVE	4209015022			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1938	
4139 MOTOR AVE	4209015033			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.44	1940	
4153 MOTOR AVE	4209015030			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - 5	1.00	0.32	1940	
4163 MOTOR AVE	4209015028			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1928	
4114 MENTONE AVE	4209016009			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
4149 MOTOR AVE	4209015031			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1941	
4148 MENTONE AVE	4209016016		_	1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.31	1939	
4178 MENTONE AVE	4209016022			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1939	
4119 LE BOURGET AVE	4209016041			1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1939	
4268 MENTONE AVE	4209017013		_	1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	s = ,	1.00	0.46	1940	
4188 MENTONE AVE	4209016024			1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_tamily	1.00	0.49	1939	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Very Parcel Number Incom	LOW-	Moderat Income	Moderate	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4129 LE BOURGET AVE	4209016039			1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1940	
4139 LE BOURGET AVE	4209016037					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
4158 MENTONE AVE	4209016018					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.47	1939	
4142 MENTONE AVE	4209016015					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.39	1940	
4173 LE BOURGET AVE	4209016030					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.37	1939	
4163 LE BOURGET AVE	4209016032					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
4228 MENTONE AVE	4209017005					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.12	1938	
4238 MENTONE AVE	4209017007					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.29	1939	
4169 LE BOURGET AVE 4232 MENTONE AVE	4209016031					Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00 1.00	0.32	1938 1949	
4237 LE BOURGET AVE	4209017006 4209017022					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1949	
4237 LE BOURGET AVE						Low Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A					Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.44	1940	
4227 LE BOURGET AVE	4209017024 4209017015					Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1939	
4263 LE BOURGET AVE	4209017013					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.30	1939	
4203 LE BOURGET AVE	4209017017					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.39	1939	
4391 MENTONE AVE	4209019006			•	2 0.10	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.49	1959	———
4351 LE BOURGET AVE	4209018008					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1952	
4390 KEYSTONE AVE	4209019019			-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- 5	1.00	0.25	1952	
4438 KEYSTONE AVE	4209019011					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1952	
4397 KEYSTONE AVE	4209020002					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.48	1952	——————————————————————————————————————
4457 KEYSTONE AVE	4209020012					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.29	1952	
4535 JASMINE AVE	4209020014					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1952	
4319 MENTONE AVE	4209021004				2 0.10	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1952	
4325 MENTONE AVE	4209021005					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
4343 MENTONE AVE	4209021008					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5	1.00	0.23	1952	
4355 MENTONE AVE	4209021010			1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1952	
4336 KEYSTONE AVE	4209021015			1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1952	
4331 MENTONE AVE	4209021006			1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1952	
4349 MENTONE AVE	4209021009			1	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4318 KEYSTONE AVE	4209021018			1	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4324 KEYSTONE AVE	4209021017			1	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.29	1952	
4242 KEYSTONE AVE	4209022008			1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1949	
4201 MENTONE AVE	4209022023			1	2 0.21	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.42	1946	
4241 MENTONE AVE	4209022017			1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.41	1942	
4154 KEYSTONE AVE	4209023012					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
4212 KEYSTONE AVE	4209022002			1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
4261 MENTONE AVE	4209022013			1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1939	
4140 KEYSTONE AVE	4209023009					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.40	1939	
4144 KEYSTONE AVE	4209023010					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
4190 KEYSTONE AVE	4209023019					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1928	
4133 MENTONE AVE	4209023034			-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5 –	1.00	0.40	1948	
4257 KEYSTONE AVE	4209025008					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.29	1939	
4159 MENTONE AVE	4209023029			•		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5	1.00	0.25	1940	
4197 KEYSTONE AVE	4209024015					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.48	1939	
4119 KEYSTONE AVE	4209024030					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1947	
4229 KEYSTONE AVE	4209025013			-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
4235 KEYSTONE AVE	4209025012					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1938	
4123 MENTONE AVE	4209023036			-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.37	1941	
4115 MENTONE AVE	4209023037					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.41	1923	
4319 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026038			•		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
4325 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026039					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.08	1952 1936	
4169 KEYSTONE AVE	4209024020					Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25		
4355 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026015			-		Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1952 1952	
4361 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026016				2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	KI	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_idifiliy	1.00	0.38	1952	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	OW-	-	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate Income	(Acros		Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
4313 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026037			1	1	2 0	.14 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1952	
4331 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026011			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
4123 KEYSTONE AVE	4209024029			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1928	
4367 KEYSTONE AVE	4209026017			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.26	1952	
5112 PICKFORD WAY	4210001018			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	
5039 PICKFORD WAY	4210002013			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1941	
5008 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210002020			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.37	1944	
5045 PICKFORD WAY	4210002012			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	<u>1941</u> 1941	
5166 PICKFORD WAY 5152 PICKFORD WAY	4210001029			1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- 3	1.00 1.00	0.43	1941	
5029 PICKFORD WAY	4210001026 4210002015			1				ow Density Single Family ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.39	1939	
5044 PICKFORD WAY	4210002015			1						Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.35	1941	
5028 PICKFORD WAY	4210002011			1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1941	
5034 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210002008			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.40	1943	
5024 PICKFORD WAY	4210002023			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1943	
5028 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210002024			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.23	1941	
5025 PICKFORD WAY	4210002016			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.40	1944	
5012 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210002021			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1948	
5018 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210003011			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.01	1944	
5039 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210003002			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1940	
5113 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210003020			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1948	
5035 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210003024			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.28	1941	
5029 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210003025			1	1			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1949	
5113 PICKFORD WAY	4210004010			1	1			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.46	1937	
5107 PICKFORD WAY	4210004011			1	1			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.43	1949	
5142 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210004019			1	1	2 0	.11 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.42	1938	
5116 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210004032			1	1	2 0	.11 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
5113 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210004028			1	1	2 0	.11 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.38	1928	
5132 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210004017			1	1	2 0	.12 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.49	1929	
5123 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210004026			1	1	2 0	.12 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1930	
10841 PICKFORD WAY	4210006006			1	1			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.35	1939	
10951 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210005019			1	1	2 0	.11 Lo	ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
5132 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210004035			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.48	1938	
10965 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210005016			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.39	1940	
10845 PICKFORD WAY	4210006005			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	· · ·	1.00	0.29	1937	
10840 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210006016			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.48	1938	
10820 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210006012			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1944	
10810 PICKFORD WAY	4210007015			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1938	
10824 PICKFORD WAY	4210007018			1	•			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.22	0	
10844 PICKFORD WAY	4210007022			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.34	1939	
10936 PICKFORD WAY	4210008021			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
10912 PICKFORD WAY	4210008016			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.22	1939	
10966 PICKFORD WAY	4210008027			1	•			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1944	
10947 PICKFORD WAY	4210009006			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1940	
10906 PICKFORD WAY 10962 PICKFORD WAY	4210008015			1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.38	1939 1943	
	4210008026			1				ow Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A					Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1943	
10975 PICKFORD WAY 10963 PICKFORD WAY	4210009001 4210009003			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.47	1944	
10963 PICKFORD WAY 10920 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210009003			1				ow Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
10920 FAIRBANKS WAY 10937 PICKFORD WAY	4210009018			1	-			ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	
10937 PICKFORD WAY	4210009008			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
10906 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210009004			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
10900 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210009015			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.39	1940	
10942 PAIRBANKS WAT 10951 PICKFORD WAY	4210009022			1				ow Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1940	
	4210003003					2 0		Sw Density Onlyte Lanilly	IXI	incremental inilii A					- Non-vacaill	Singlo_lattiny	1.00	0.20	1340	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	low-	Low- I ncome	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate Income	Parcel Si (Acres)		General Plan signation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
10974 PICKFORD WAY	4210008028			1	1		7 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.33	1944	
10967 PICKFORD WAY	4210009002			1	-		2 Low Density	- 5 7	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.44	1941	
10930 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210009020			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1939	
10951 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010005			1	-		1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.38	1940	
10943 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010007			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
10966 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210009027			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1941	
10913 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010014			1	-		1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.45	1940	
11043 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210011007			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1940	
11020 RHODA WAY	4210011018			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	0	
11056 RHODA WAY	4210011025			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.46	1946	
11063 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210011003			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>·</b>	1.00	0.35	1941	
10937 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010008			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1930	
10931 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010009			1	-		1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1948	
10921 FAIRBANKS WAY	4210010011			1			1 Low Density		R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		<u> </u>	0.42	1928 1944	
11067 WESTWOOD BLVD 10871 OCEAN DR	4210011002 4210013004			1			1 Low Density 3 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1944	
1007 FOCEAN DR 11021 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210013004			1			,	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1950	
11021 WESTWOOD BLVD	4210011011			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
10752 FARRAGUT DR	4210013020			1			6 Low Density 2 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.47	1950	
11066 RHODA WAY	4210017002			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1940	
10831 OCEAN DR	4210011027			1	-		2 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.37	1944	
10748 FARRAGUT DR	4210013002			1			2 Low Density 2 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1941	
10749 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018022			1	-		1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1939	
10714 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018031			1	-		3 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1941	
10728 GARFIELD AVE	4210018008			1			1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	-	0	
10742 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018027			1	-		1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1948	
10728 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018030			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.32	1941	
10756 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018025			1			6 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1940	
10729 FRANKLIN AVE	4210018018			1	-		1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1940	
10729 FARRAGUT DR	4210018035			1	1		1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1942	
10750 BARMAN AVE	4210019014			1	1	2 0.1	2 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
10764 BARMAN AVE	4210019011			1	1	2 0.1	2 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.28	1938	
10749 FARRAGUT DR	4210018039			1	1	2 0.1	4 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.41	1941	
10717 GARFIELD AVE	4210019001			1	1		4 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
10728 BARMAN AVE	4210019018			1	1		1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.26	1947	
10709 BRADDOCK DR	4210019024			1	1	2 0.1	5 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.20	1946	
10739 BRADDOCK DR	4210019028			1	1	2 0.1	1 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.26	1939	
10749 BRADDOCK DR	4210019030			1	1	2 0.1	1 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
10759 BRADDOCK DR	4210019032			1	1	2 0.1	1 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.47	1940	
4214 ELENDA ST	4210021016			1	1	2 0.1	2 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.30	1948	
10848 WAGNER ST	4210022008			1	1	2 0.1	2 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.50	1941	
10808 WAGNER ST	4210022016			1	1	2 0.1	4 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.42	1939	
10816 WAGNER ST	4210022014			1	1		1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.11	1947	
10818 WAGNER ST	4210022013			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1928	
10835 GARFIELD AVE	4210024007			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.24	1939	
10825 GARFIELD AVE	4210024005			1	5		1 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1940	
10823 BARMAN AVE	4210023018			1			2 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.28	1940	
10842 BARMAN AVE	4210024019			1			1 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1944	
10819 BRADDOCK DR	4210024030			1	-		2 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.40	1940	
10818 BRADDOCK DR	4210024049			1			2 Low Density	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.30	1940	
10848 BRADDOCK DR	4210024043			1			2 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
10843 BRADDOCK DR	4210024035			1			2 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1939	
10831 FARRAGUT DR	4210025013			1			2 Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1940	
10844 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025017			1		2 0.1	1 Low Density	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.41	1946	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	OW-	Low- I ncome	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Siz (Acres)	ce Current Ge Desigr		Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Use	es Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
10843 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025031			1	1 :		1 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.27	1940	
10840 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025018			1			1 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.33	1947	
10817 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025026			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
10834 GARFIELD AVE	4210025036			1			1 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
10837 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025030			1			1 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.27	1949	
10816 FRANKLIN AVE	4210025023			1			3 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.32	1941	
10932 BARMAN AVE	4210027037			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.27	1946	
10931 BRADDOCK DR	4210027022			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.17	1941	
10942 BARMAN AVE	4210027035			1			2 Low Density Sin	J	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00		0	
10966 BARMAN AVE	4210027030			1			3 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
10941 BRADDOCK DR	4210027024			1			2 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.41	1940	
10935 BRADDOCK DR	4210027023			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
10915 BRADDOCK DR	4210027019			1			3 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1941 1941	
10923 BRADDOCK DR	4210027021			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35			single_family	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.45	1941	
4327 ELENDA ST 10947 BARMAN AVE	4210028004 4210028011			1			2 Low Density Sin 2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
10927 LINDBLADE ST	4210028011			1			,	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.23	1941	
10927 LINDBLADE ST	4210029007			1			1 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.24	1926	
10930 WAGNER ST	4210029019			1			2 Low Density Sin 2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.17	1926	
10936 WAGNER ST	4210029017			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_lamily	1.00	0.39	1939	
11031 WAGNER ST	4210029018			1			2 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_lamily	1.00	0.25	1920	———
11023 LINDBLADE ST	4210032002			1			Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.25	1941	———
11053 WAGNER ST	4210032002			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.25	1939	
11017 LINDBLADE ST	4210032001			1			3 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.33	1940	
11033 LINDBLADE ST	4210032004			1			2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.36	1939	
11053 LINDBLADE ST	4210032008			1			2 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.18	1939	
11027 BARMAN AVE	4210033003			1			2 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.43	1949	
11061 BARMAN AVE	4210033009			1			5 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11018 WAGNER ST	4210032018			1			5 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.39	1939	
11056 LINDBLADE ST	4210033011			1	1		2 Low Density Sin	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.41	1940	
11027 BRADDOCK DR	4210034016			1	1 :		2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.35	1927	
11050 BARMAN AVE	4210034025			1	1 :		2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.29	1940	
11046 BARMAN AVE	4210034026			1	1 :		2 Low Density Sin		R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
4044 HARTER AVE	4213007015			1	1 :		3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
4058 HARTER AVE	4213007013			1	1 :		4 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.06	1939	
4043 TILDEN AVE	4213007006			1	1 :	2 0.1	3 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.47	1946	
4040 HARTER AVE	4213007016			1	1 :	2 0.1	3 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
4102 HARTER AVE	4213007021			1	1 :	2 0.1	9 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.36	1946	
4037 HURON AVE	4213008008			1	1 :	2 0.1	6 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.33	1924	
4063 HURON AVE	4213008015			1	1 :	2 0.1	6 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
4032 TILDEN AVE	4213008026			1	1 :	2 0.1	6 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1949	
4036 TILDEN AVE	4213008027			1	1 :		6 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1949	
4112 TILDEN AVE	4213008036			1	1 :		3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
4047 HURON AVE	4213008010			1			6 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
4140 TILDEN AVE	4213008043			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
11018 ALETTA AVE	4213009004			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.35	1947	
4042 TILDEN AVE	4213008028			1			6 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.22	1946	
11034 ALETTA AVE	4213009008			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.33	1927	
11042 ALETTA AVE	4213009010			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
4133 HARTER AVE	4213010007			1			Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.26	1941	
4147 HARTER AVE	4213010010			1			5 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
4186 CENTER ST	4213010014			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.34	1944	
4158 CENTER ST	4213010021			1			3 Low Density Tw		R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.37	1941	
4162 CENTER ST	4213010020			1		2 0.1	3 Low Density Tw	o Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Lo Parcel Number	w- Low-	 Moderate	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4061 HARTER AVE	4213011015		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1942	
4147 CENTER ST	4213012008		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
4155 CENTER ST	4213012010		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
4170 CENTER ST	4213010018		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1942	
4151 CENTER ST	4213012009		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
4135 CENTER ST	4213012005		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
4178 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213013013		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
4191 CENTER ST	4213013009		1	2 0.11	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.30	1945	
4174 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213013014		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
4170 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213013015		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1948	
4154 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213012011		1	2 0.13	Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
4146 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213012013		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.42	1944	
4166 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213013016		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1942	
4161 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213014011		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1944	
4139 CENTER ST	4213012006		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1944	
4162 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213013017		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.09	1942	
4185 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213014017		1		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		3 Non-Vacant	o – ,	1.00	0.25	1944	
3944 TULLER AVE	4213020015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1946	
3928 TULLER AVE	4213020018				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.16	1947	
3924 TULLER AVE	4213020024				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.10	1941	
3964 TULLER AVE	4213021004				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	v = ,	1.00	0.25	1938	
3960 TULLER AVE	4213021003				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	o – ,	1.00	0.30	1949	
3968 TULLER AVE	4213021005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		B Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.35	1949	
5299 DOBSON WAY	4215002017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		B Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.33	1944	
5271 DOBSON WAY	4215002017				Low Density Single Family	 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		B Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1950	
5327 DOBSON WAY							Incremental Infill A			35				1.00	0.25	1950	
	4215002020				Low Density Single Family	R1						3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
4231 TULLER AVE	4213025006				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )				
5359 DOBSON WAY	4215002024				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1950	
5379 DOBSON WAY	4215002026		· ·	2 0.10	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )		0.25	1950	
11123 PICKFORD WAY	4215003014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.37	1950	
11111 PICKFORD WAY	4215003013		-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	o – ,	1.00	0.27	1950	
11147 WESTWOOD BLVD	4215004024		· ·		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.33	1950	
5195 KAREN CIR	4215004014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.32	1950	
11167 WESTWOOD BLVD	4215004026		· ·		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
5168 KAREN CIR	4215004008				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.45	1950	
11168 BRADDOCK DR	4215010003		-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
11138 BRADDOCK DR	4215010009				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.14	1947	
11134 BRADDOCK DR	4215010010				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.33	1944	
11144 BRADDOCK DR	4215010008			2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5	1.00	0.25	1944	
11130 BRADDOCK DR	4215010011			2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.38	1944	
11120 BRADDOCK DR	4215010013		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.46	1944	
11110 BRADDOCK DR	4215010014		1	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.13	1942	
11108 BRADDOCK DR	4215010015		1	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1949	
11133 GARFIELD AVE	4215010023		1	2 0.18	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1956	
4445 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4215010024		1	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.38	1956	
11153 BRADDOCK DR	4215011014		1	3 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.07	1947	
11107 BRADDOCK DR	4215011006		1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1942	
11166 BARMAN AVE	4215011021		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	
11175 BARMAN AVE	4215012012		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.11	1947	
11142 BARMAN AVE	4215011026				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.19	1944	
11169 BARMAN AVE	4215012013		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.38	1944	
11151 BARMAN AVE	4215012016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.00	1944	
11138 LINDBLADE ST	4215012023				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1944	
11165 BARMAN AVE	4215012023				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		B Non-Vacant	5	1.00	0.25	1944	
TIOS DAINMAN AVE	4213012014			2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	NI	incremental inilii A			30	i i	- Non-vacant	Single_lattiny	1.00	0.20	1940	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor L	ow- come	oderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
11132 LINDBLADE ST	4215012022		1		2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.17	1944	
11101 BARMAN AVE	4215012036		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
11114 LINDBLADE ST	4215012018		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.35	1942	
11125 BARMAN AVE	4215012032		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.39	1942	
11155 LINDBLADE ST	4215013013		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.48	1948	
11157 BARMAN AVE	4215012015		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>o</b> = <b>,</b>	1.00	0.38	1944	
11102 LINDBLADE ST	4215012017		1	-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.23	1944	
11142 LINDBLADE ST	4215012024		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.18	1944	
11178 WAGNER ST	4215013004		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1944	
11129 BARMAN AVE	4215012031		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1942	
11113 BARMAN AVE	4215012035		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.25	1947	
11172 WAGNER ST	4215013003		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.27	1947	
11182 WAGNER ST	4215013005		1			Low Density Single Family	CG	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		<u> </u>	0.25	1949 1944	
11128 WAGNER ST 11101 LINDBLADE ST	4215013018		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.41	1944	
11147 LINDBLADE ST	4215013033 4215013025		1		0.10	Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1944	
11131 LINDBLADE ST	4215013025		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1				35			<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.36	1944	
11131 LINDBLADE ST	4215013028		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.30	1944	
11147 WAGNER ST	4215014013		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.39	1944	
11147 WAGNER ST 11131 WAGNER ST	4215014012		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.33	1944	
11117 WAGNER ST	4215014017		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.37	1942	
11107 WAGNER ST	4215014017		1			Low Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1950	
11155 WAGNER ST	4215014020		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.01	1944	
4367 TULLER AVE	4215016016		 1			Low Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1946	
4372 GLOBE AVE	4215016019		 1			Low Density Single Family		Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1946	
4323 GLOBE AVE	4215017005		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1928	
4331 GLOBE AVE	4215017007		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1940	
4319 GLOBE AVE	4215017004		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1927	
4327 GLOBE AVE	4215017006		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1940	
4343 GLOBE AVE	4215017010		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	
4355 GLOBE AVE	4215017013		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.25	1947	
4315 GLOBE AVE	4215017037		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1926	
4351 GLOBE AVE	4215017012		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1927	
4335 GLOBE AVE	4215017008		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.41	1947	
4363 GLOBE AVE	4215017015		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1947	
4362 HUNTLEY AVE	4215017022		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
4370 HUNTLEY AVE	4215017020		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.19	1941	
4359 GLOBE AVE	4215017014		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
11240 BARMAN AVE	4215018016		1	1	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1946	
11257 BRADDOCK DR	4215018023		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
11220 BARMAN AVE	4215018007		1	2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
4330 HUNTLEY AVE	4215017038		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1968	
11250 BARMAN AVE	4215018020		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.02	1940	
4358 HUNTLEY AVE	4215017023		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.21	1930	
11216 BARMAN AVE	4215018006		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1940	
11230 BARMAN AVE	4215018011		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>5</b> - <b>,</b>	1.00	0.15	1953	
11237 BRADDOCK DR	4215018015		1	1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	
11262 BARMAN AVE	4215018024		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	
11245 GARFIELD AVE	4215019003		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.09	1952	ليتعم
11237 GARFIELD AVE	4215019004		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
11238 BRADDOCK DR	4215019014		 1	-		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
11217 FRANKLIN AVE	4215020005		 1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1952	
11266 BRADDOCK DR	4215019009		1			Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <i>i</i>	1.00	0.25	1939	
11241 FRANKLIN AVE	4215020010		1		2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_tamily	1.00	0.25	1952	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
11242 BRADDOCK DR	4215019013	•	1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
11258 BRADDOCK DR	4215019010		1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.42	1939	
11248 BRADDOCK DR	4215019012		1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
11218 BRADDOCK DR	4215019018		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
11224 BRADDOCK DR	4215019017		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	
11228 GARFIELD AVE	4215020017		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>,</b>	1.00	0.25	1952	
11257 FRANKLIN AVE	4215020013		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
11250 GARFIELD AVE	4215020020		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1952	
11266 FRANKLIN AVE	4215021001		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
11228 FRANKLIN AVE	4215021008		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1952	
11256 FRANKLIN AVE	4215021002		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1952	
11244 FRANKLIN AVE	4215021004		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
11251 FRANKLIN AVE	4215020012		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11236 FRANKLIN AVE	4215021006		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
4461 HUNTLEY AVE	4215023012		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.20	1952	
11286 BRADDOCK DR	4215023015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1941	
5423 JANISANN AVE	4216002006			1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.26	1950	
11106 ORVILLE ST 5353 KALEIN DR	4216001003			1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.25 0.25	1953 1950	
5353 KALEIN DR 5319 KALEIN DR	4216002014 4216002018			1 2 1 2	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
5419 BLANCO WAY	4216002018			1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1950	
5395 KALEIN DR	4216003013		4	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.11	1950	
5429 BLANCO WAY	4216002007			1 2		Low Density Single Family	 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
5442 BLANCO WAY	4216003010			1 2		Low Density Single Family	 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
5422 BLANCO WAY	4216003030			1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.23	1950	
5343 BLANCO WAY	4216004004		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.20	1950	
5379 BLANCO WAY	4216004004		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1950	
5349 BLANCO WAY	4216004005		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
5409 BLANCO WAY	4216004011		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1950	
5332 KALEIN DR	4216005004		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.48	1950	
5333 JANISANN AVE	4216005012		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
11121 ORVILLE ST	4216006011		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	5 - ,	1.00	0.25	1953	
5303 JANISANN AVE	4216005015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1950	
11124 MCDONALD ST	4216006015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
5372 KALEIN DR	4216005008		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
5382 JANISANN AVE	4216004028		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1950	
11160 ORVILLE ST	4216005017		1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.16	1953	
5342 JANISANN AVE	4216004024		1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
11191 ORVILLE ST	4216006027		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.22	1952	
11172 WOOLFORD ST	4216006032		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
11159 WOOLFORD ST	4216007023		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1953	
11139 MCDONALD ST	4216007006		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
11385 MCDONALD ST	4216008015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.33	1953	
11164 WOOLFORD ST	4216006033		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.34	1952	
11147 WOOLFORD ST	4216007014		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = ,	1.00	0.49	1953	
5215 PURDUE AVE	4216009008		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1952	
11156 WOOLFORD ST	4216006037		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.17	1953	
5208 BERRYMAN AVE	4216009030		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1951	
5257 PURDUE AVE	4216009002		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1951	
11206 MCDONALD ST	4216010019		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.22	1953	
11226 MCDONALD ST	4216010015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.35	1953	
11226 WOOLFORD ST	4216011001		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11276 WOOLFORD ST	4216011006		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11205 WOOLFORD ST	4216010025		1	1 2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_tamily	1.00	0.07	1953	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income Low- Income	Moderate-	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
11246 ORVILLE ST	4216012007		1 2	2 0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A	•		35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.48	1952	
11227 HAYTER AVE	4216012012		1 2	2 0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11225 HAYTER AVE	4216012019		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
11220 ORVILLE ST	4216012017				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
11257 PORT RD	4216012009				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1952	
11214 ORVILLE ST	4216012015		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1953	
11521 PATOM DR	4216014034		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1951	
11414 DILLER AVE	4216014002		1 1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11405 PATOM DR	4216014023				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1951	
11506 DILLER AVE	4216014029		1 1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1951	
11492 DILLER AVE	4216014030				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	· · ·	1.00	0.25	1951	
11433 PATOM DR	4216014020		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.37	1951	
11462 PATOM DR	4216015011		<u>1</u>		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1951	
11214 HAYTER AVE 5413 BERRYMAN AVE	4216017003 4216016004		1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950 1952	
11465 CULVER PARK DR	4216016004				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.37	1952	
5419 BERRYMAN AVE	4216015033		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
5426 DILLER AVE	4216016003				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11208 HAYTER AVE	4216017002				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.17	1951	
11269 RYANDALE DR	4216017002				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.30	1950	
11219 RYANDALE DR	4216017015				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.40	1950	
11293 PATOM DR	4216018015		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	8 - ,	1.00	0.45	1950	
11226 HAYTER AVE	4216017005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1950	
11269 PATOM DR	4216018018		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
11226 PATOM DR	4216019005				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.49	1950	
11220 PATOM DR	4216019004		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1950	
11238 PATOM DR	4216019007		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
11253 PATOM DR	4216018020		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.42	1950	
11246 PATOM DR	4216019008		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1950	
11262 PATOM DR	4216019010		1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.03	1950	
11245 CULVER PARK DR	4216019021		1 :		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.43	1950	
11219 CULVER PARK DR	4216019025		1 :	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
11261 CULVER PARK DR	4216019019		1 :		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.13	1950	
11202 CULVER PARK DR	4216020001		1 :	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
11226 CULVER PARK DR	4216020005		1 :	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.15	1950	
11286 CULVER PARK DR	4216020013		1 :	2 0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.48	1950	
11254 CULVER PARK DR	4216020009		1 :	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.48	1950	
11262 CULVER PARK DR	4216020010		1 :		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.47	1950	
11343 SEGRELL WAY	4216021012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11306 CULVER PARK DR	4216021015		1 :		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1952	
11324 CULVER PARK DR	4216021016				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	8 - ,	1.00	0.25	1952	
11359 SEGRELL WAY	4216021011				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.27	1952	
11426 CULVER PARK DR	4216021025		1 :		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
11505 SEGRELL WAY	4216022009				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11430 CULVER PARK DR	4216021026		1 1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
11467 SEGRELL WAY	4216022012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11455 SEGRELL WAY	4216022014		1 1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1952	
11506 CULVER PARK DR	4216022022		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.50	1951	
11466 SEGRELL WAY	4216028010		1		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1952	
11506 SEGRELL WAY	4216028013				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1952	
11514 SEGRELL WAY	4216028014				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952	
11454 SEGRELL WAY	4216028008				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.44	1952	
11478 SEGRELL WAY	4216028012				Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1952 1952	
11570 SEGRELL WAY	4216028020		1	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	i i	8 Non-Vacant	single_lamily	1.00	0.33	1952	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	low-	Low- ncome	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate Income	(Acroc)	-	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	t Description of Existing	Uses Existin Units/ FA				Conso- idation
11390 SEGRELL WAY	4216029015				1	3 0.1	12 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	4	Vacant	other	-	0	).25	1952	
11558 SEGRELL WAY	4216028019				1	2 0.1	12 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0		).38	1952	
11430 SEGRELL WAY	4216029022				1			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0		).25	1952	
11238 SEGRELL WAY	4216030007				•	2 0.1	11 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).11	1950	
11232 SEGRELL WAY	4216030006							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
11246 SEGRELL WAY	4216030008							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
4265 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025036				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).39	1949	
12803 SHORT AVE	4231004029							w Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1951	
4022 BOISE AVE	4231019042							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1944	
4181 MILDRED AVE	4231023023				-			w Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			t single_family	1.0		).29	1947	
5206 EMPORIA AVE	4218009010				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).31	1951	
10810 DESHIRE PL	4203002021							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0 1.0		).06 ).25	1956 1951	
10850 WHITBURN ST 11223 GARFIELD AVE	4203009019 4215019006				-			w Density Single Family w Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35			t single_family t single family	1.0		).25	1951	
11225 WOOLFORD ST	4216010021							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-		).25	1952	
11176 MCDONALD ST	4216007028					0 0.		w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	- 1.(		).26	1953	
11202 HAYTER AVE	4216017020				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).25	1950	
11294 HAYTER AVE	4216017001							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
5175 SELMARAINE DR	4218009020							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).31	1951	
10802 DESHIRE PL	4203002019							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1956	<u> </u>
10818 MOLONY RD	4203017063				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).44	1954	
10702 RANCH RD	4203008076							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).34	1956	
11007 OCEAN DR	4210013011				•			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).25	1950	
11017 OCEAN DR	4210013013							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).45	1950	
5722 TELLEFSON RD	4203019081				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		).32	1954	
10763 WHITBURN ST	4203004089				1			v Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single family	1.0		0.40	1948	
11103 MCDONALD ST	4216007012							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1953	
	4203022209				1			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-		-	0	
11278 RYANDALE DR	4216018012				1	2 0.1	14 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0	0 0	).20	1950	
11213 HUNTLEY PL	4215021018				1	2 0.1	13 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0	0 0	).25	1955	
11223 ORVILLE ST	4216011019				1	2 0.1	13 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0	0 0	).49	1953	
11224 ORVILLE ST	4216012018				1	2 0.1	12 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0		).42	1953	
10630 FLAXTON ST	4203007055				1	2 0.2	21 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0		).25	1954	
11325 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013029				1	2 0.2	21 Lov	w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	t single_family	1.0		).25	1951	
11298 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013030				1			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).22	1951	
5721 TELLEFSON RD	4203016247				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).35	1954	
11033 OCEAN DR	4210013016				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).41	1950	
10672 ESTERINA WAY	4203030110							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).43	1961	
10757 CRANKS RD	4203019078							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1954	
11003 OCEAN DR	4210013010							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
4455 HUNTLEY AVE	4215023013							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).37	1952	
5442 JANISANN AVE	4216003012							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).28	1950	
11202 RYANDALE DR	4216018001				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).44	1950	
11262 RYANDALE DR	4216018010							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
11220 RYANDALE DR	4216018004				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).25	1950	
10851 FLAXTON ST 10777 KELMORE ST	4203003032				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0 1.0		).29 ).25	1951 1948	
10777 KELMORE ST 10716 LUGO WAY	4203004061 4203008082							w Density Single Family w Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35 35			t single_family t single family	1.0		).25 ).43	1948	
11393 MALAT WAY	4203008082				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_ramily	1.0		).43	1954	
10734 CRANKS RD	4203018046							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_family	1.0		).43	1951	
6019 LINDA WAY	4203017045				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_lamily	1.0		).43	1954	_
11023 OCEAN DR	4203020238							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_lamily	1.0		).45	1907	
11422 SEGRELL WAY	4216029020							w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_lamily	1.0		).25	1950	_
5350 SAWTELLE BLVD	4216004031				-			w Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			t single_lamily	1.0		).41	1952	
JUSU SAWIELLE DEVD	4210004031					Z U.	IZ LOV	Density Single Family	NI	indicinentar milli A			30		Non-vacafil	congie_lattilly	1.0	0 0	.+1	1900	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
4408 KEYSTONE AVE	4209019016		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
4454 VINTON AVE	4209005016		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.47	1952	
11050 ALETTA AVE	4213009012		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1933	
3983 GLOBE AVE	4214002032		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1944	
4135 VAN BUREN PL	4206025019		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.46	0	
	4204013906		1	1 3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	#DIV/0!	0	
4297 JASMINE AVE	4209007020		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.27	1939	
10963 LINDBLADE ST 3817 GLOBE AVE	4210029024 4214001019			1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.25	1941 1951	
9430 LUCERNE AVE	4204001033			1 2 1 2		Low Density Single Family	R2	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill B			35			single_family single family	1.00	0.41	1951	
4127 LA SALLE AVE	4207014006			1 3		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Vacant	other	-	0.25	1930	
7000 WRIGHTCREST DR	4204013903		1	1 3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Vacant	other		- 0.20	0	
4200 MENTONE AVE	4209017001		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1946	
4381 MOTOR AVE	4209013013		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1952	
4156 HARTER AVE	4213009015		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1942	
4463 KEYSTONE AVE	4209020013		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.26	1952	
11043 BARMAN AVE	4210033006		1	1 2	2 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.31	1939	
11114 WAGNER ST	4215013016		1	1 3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Vacant		-	0.39	1942	
11113 LINDBLADE ST	4215013032		1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.18	1942	
3820 PERHAM DR	4204011045		1	1 2	2 0.22	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1959	
4020 BERRYMAN AVE	4233001013		1	1 2	2 0.19	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.15	1944	
4058 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004005		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1927	
6020 WRIGHT TER	4204013034		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.45	1964	
4101 COOLIDGE AVE	4233006023		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1948	
4064 COOLIDGE AVE	4233004004		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.33	1926	
5961 WRIGHTCREST DR	4204011015		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.23	1961	
3975 SHEDD TER	4204013042		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.47	1959	
5153 PICKFORD WAY	4210004002		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.49	1938	
5147 PICKFORD WAY	4210004003		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.46	1946	
10821 OCEAN DR 11367 HERBERT ST	4210013001 4233028027			1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant		<u>1.00</u> 1.00	0.45	1950 1946	
4047 BERRYMAN AVE	4233028027			1 2 1 3		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family other	-	0.42	1946	
4047 BERRYMAN AVE	4233004023			1 3		Low Density Single Family Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	- 1.00	0.12	1950	
11133 BRADDOCK DR	4215011010			1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.20	1931	
11265 GARFIELD AVE	4215019001		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.23	1945	
3983 SHEDD TER	4204013025		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.00	1963	
4164 HIGUERA ST	4206008015		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35			single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	
6003 WRIGHTCREST DR	4204011025		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.48	1958	
6021 WRIGHT TER	4204013024		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.43	1961	
3971 SHEDD TER	4204013041		1	1 2	2 0.23	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.42	1961	
11102 WESTWOOD BLVD	4215003044		1	1 2	2 0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.50	1950	
11158 BRADDOCK DR	4215010005		1	1 2	2 0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.13	1947	
11118 WAGNER ST	4215013017		1	1 3	3 0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	4	Vacant	other	-	0.21	1942	
4143 COMMONWEALTH AVE	4213014007		1	1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35	3	8 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1946	
11323 HERBERT ST	4233030009		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.37	1945	
11117 LINDBLADE ST	4215013031		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.41	1942	
5174 KAREN CIR	4215004007		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.33	1950	
5341 EMPORIA AVE	4218013022		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.39	1951	
4070 ALBRIGHT AVE	4233030007		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
5344 ETHELDO AVE	4218013020		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	0 = )	1.00	0.25	1951	
11201 ORVILLE ST	4216011025		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1953	
10772 CLARMON PL	4203003011		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.47	1952	
12387 HERBERT ST	4232007007		1	1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1950	
12363 HERBERT ST	4232007005		1	1 2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1950	

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12202 HERBERT ST	4232010024				1 2	0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A		I	35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1950	
12362 HERBERT ST	4232009004				1 3	0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	4	Vacant	other	-	0.25	1950	
12302 HERBERT ST	4232009009				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.38	1950	
12282 HERBERT WAY	4232009011				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1950	
12386 HERBERT ST	4232009003				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.29	1950	
11850 ATLANTIC AVE	4233013013				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
4083 BLEDSOE AVE	4233027020				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1945	
4106 MINERVA AVE	4233026001				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.40	1944	
4136 HUNTLEY AVE	4217011053				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
4071 TILDEN AVE	4213007044				1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	- 3	1.00	0.30	1942	
4243 BERRYMAN AVE	4233003045				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	o –     ,	1.00	0.23	1953	
10659 CRANKS RD	4203029210				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.42	1955	
6010 LINDA WAY	4203020252				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	1954	
10684 CRANKS RD	4203030126				1 2 1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1954	
10744 RANCH RD 10807 OVERLAND AVE	4203008073 4203003026				1 2	0.00	Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A			35 35		Non-Vacant	single_ramily single_family	1.00	0.16	1953 1951	
5721 EL RINCON WAY	4203003026				1 2		, , ,	R1				35				1.00	0.25	1951	
4211 MADISON AVE	4203028240				1 2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Two Family	R1 R2	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.45	1954	
11672 MCDONALD ST	4218009016				1 2		Low Density Two Family	R2 R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.49	1921	
11763 HAMMACK ST	4218009010				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
10813 CLARMON PL	4203003048				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.23	1952	
10780 WHITBURN ST	4203004062				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.30	1955	
10786 FLAXTON ST	4203004002				1 2	0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.44	1933	
11203 MALAT WAY	4203015001				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_tamily	1.00	0.25	1951	
10804 GALVIN ST	4203003036				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.50	1951	
11359 RUDMAN DR	4203014036				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.26	1951	
11203 GRAYRIDGE DR	4203013016				. <u> </u>		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	o –     ,	1.00	0.25	1951	
11346 RUDMAN DR	4203013001				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11303 MALAT WAY	4203018038				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.32	1951	
11354 STEVENS AVE	4203018048				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.13	1942	
10903 WHITBURN ST	4203009036				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
5185 STEVENS CIR	4215002004				1 2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.25	1950	
5203 DOBSON WAY	4215002006				1 2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
5174 STEVENS CIR	4215004017				1 3	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	4	Vacant	other	-	0.30	1950	
5247 DOBSON WAY	4215002011				1 2	0.16	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.29	1950	
5195 DOBSON WAY	4215002005				1 2	0.18	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
5213 DOBSON WAY	4215002007				1 2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.21	1950	
5482 BLANCO WAY	4216003026				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.45	1950	
11389 SEGRELL WAY	4216021009				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	- 5	1.00	0.27	1952	
11294 RYANDALE DR	4216018014				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.41	1950	
11576 CULVER PARK DR	4216022029				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11405 SEGRELL WAY	4216021008				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1952	
11418 CULVER PARK DR	4216021023				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.48	1951	
11570 CULVER PARK DR	4216022028				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11401 PATOM DR	4216014024				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11293 CULVER PARK DR	4216019015				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1950	
11406 CULVER PARK DR	4216021020				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.16	1951	
11815 ATLANTIC AVE	4233012018				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.29	1940	
10777 OREGON AVE	4208015016				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
4320 VINTON AVE	4209006002				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1953	
4327 JASMINE AVE	4209006017				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.42	1952	
4329 JASMINE AVE	4209006016				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.32	1952	
4182 LE BOURGET AVE	4209015023				1 2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			single_family	1.00	0.25	1948	
4390 MENTONE AVE	4209018016				1 2	0.17	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_ramily	1.00	0.43	1952	

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4297 MOTOR AVE	4209014008		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.29	1940	
4196 MENTONE AVE	4209016025		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
4209 KEYSTONE AVE	4209025017		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.32	1939	
4197 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231024023		1	3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.19	1926	
4295 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025031		1	2	0.14	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1949	
4064 MOORE ST	4231027028		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1956	
4225 MCCONNELL BLVD	4231025008		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.47	1957	
4226 MOORE ST	4231025033		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.41	1939	
11915 ATLANTIC AVE	4233014021		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3841 CRESTVIEW RD	4204011039		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.45	1959	
3846 LENAWEE AVE 3845 LEEVIEW CT	4204010009		1	2	0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1955 1956	
6217 HETZLER RD	4204012025		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			<u>35</u> 35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.34	1956	
6217 HETZLER RD	4204006157 4204006153		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1 R1	Incremental Infill A Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.33	0	
6310 TOMPKINS WAY	4204006153		1	2		Low Density Single Family Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		- 1.00	- 0.30	1952	
3823 PERHAM DR	4204000103		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.30	1952	
11575 SEGRELL WAY	4216022001		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.35	1902	
5350 SLAUSON AVE	4218011046		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.24	1952	
5326 SLAUSON AVE	4218011040		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.22	1909	
5454 SELMARAINE DR	4218011033		1	2	0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.37	1951	
3980 TULLER AVE	4213021007		1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3974 TULLER AVE	4213021006		1	3		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35			other	-	0.10	1941	
4048 COLONIAL AVE	4231002057		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1931	
4058 COLONIAL AVE	4231002059		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.49	1944	
4054 COLONIAL AVE	4231002058		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.40	1924	
12375 HERBERT ST	4232007006		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1950	
5274 SLAUSON AVE	4218006026		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.28	1951	
5174 DAWES AVE	4218006059		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.31	1951	
5194 DAWES AVE	4218006061		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.40	1951	
11506 MCDONALD ST	4218006073		1	2	0.18	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
5165 DAWES AVE	4218006041		1	2	0.11	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
11626 MCDONALD ST	4218009042		1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.41	1951	
5185 SLAUSON AVE	4218009047		1	2	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.26	1951	
5275 DAWES AVE	4218006052		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.44	1951	
11565 MCDONALD ST	4218006071		1	2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.28	1951	
11652 MCDONALD ST	4218009018		1	2	0.15	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
5144 DAWES AVE	4218006055		1	2	0.13	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1951	
5265 SLAUSON AVE	4218009055		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1951	
5461 SELMARAINE DR	4218012018		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
5442 EMPORIA AVE	4218012019		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
11694 PORT RD	4218012033		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<b>v</b> = <b>v</b>	1.00	0.32	1951	
5302 SELMARAINE DR	4218011034		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.27	1951	
5313 SELMARAINE DR	4218012003		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.26	1951	
5335 EMPORIA AVE	4218013021		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1951	
11714 PORT RD	4218012035		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
11703 PORT RD	4218014030		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.25	1951	
5305 ETHELDO AVE	4218015007		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.41	1951	
11674 PORT RD	4218012001		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1951	
4334 HUNTLEY AVE	4215017039		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.31	1968	
	4204001069		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant		1.00		0	
	4206004040		1	2		Low Density Two Family	R2	Incremental Infill B			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00		0	
3813 LENAWEE AVE	4204010135		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00		0	
3815 LENAWEE AVE	4204010137		1	2		Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		Non-Vacant		1.00		0	
3814 LENAWEE AVE	4204010130		1	3	0.12	Low Density Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35	4	Vacant	other	-		0	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Low- Income	Moderate Income	Abov Moder	ate-	rcel Size Acres)		General Plan ignation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant Nonvaca		Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
3816 LENAWEE AVE	4204010131				1	3			Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		4 Vacant	other		-		0	
3812 LENAWEE AVE	4204010129				1	3	0.13 I	Low Density S	Single Family	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		4 Vacant	other		-		0	
3840 LENAWEE AVE	4204010134				1	2		Low Density S	<u> </u>	R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00		0	
3810 LENAWEE AVE	4204010128				1	2		Low Density S		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vaca			1.00		0	
3838 LENAWEE AVE	4204010133				1	2		Low Density S		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		3 Non-Vaca	<b>U</b> =	family	1.00		0	
4064 COLONIAL AVE	4231002913				1	3		Low Density		R1	Incremental Infill A			35		4 Vacant	other		-		0	
10555 VIRGINIA AVE	4209030901	40	20	2	10			General Corri		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU2	Neighborhoo		50				g portion of Virginia lot	-	-		
	4134003011					193		Regional Cen	iter	CRR	Mixed Use High		20	100				eld Shopping Center	0.95	0.25		
	4296001902					150		Industrial		IG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU2		20	50		) Vacant	WLAC		-	-	0	
	4296001903					150		Industrial		IG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU2		20	50		Vacant	WLAC		-	-	0	
3326 CAROLINE AVE	4312024016				4			Low Density		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> –	family	1.00	0.61	1950	
3330 CAROLINE AVE	4312024017				5			Low Density		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vaca		e 11	-	0.25	1927	
3322 CAROLINE AVE	4312024015				3			Low Density		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.25	1922 1947	
3805 ALBRIGHT AVE	4214005001 4214005002				3				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50 50		3 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> =		<u> </u>	0.53	1947	
11358 VENICE BLVD 3410 CAROLINE AVE	4312025012				3			Low Density	sity Multiple Fa	R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca 4 Non-Vaca			1.00	0.27	1949	
3420 CAROLINE AVE	4312025012				4			,	,		Neighborhood Multi Family		20				0 =	,	1.00	0.51	1923	
3414 CAROLINE AVE	4312025014				4			Low Density		R2 R2	Neighborhood Multi Family Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50 50		1 Non-Vaca 1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.24	1927	
3344 HELMS AVE	4312025013	2	<u> </u>		4				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.47	1927	Δ.
3340 HELMS AVE	4312027002	2							sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.08	1941	A
3336 HELMS AVE	4312027003	2							sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> =		1.00	0.20	1925	A
3341 CAROLINE AVE	4312027004	2						Low Density	<u> </u>	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	0 =		1.00	0.25	1923	A
3345 CAROLINE AVE	4312027022	2						Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.23	1922	A
3321 HELMS AVE	4312028004				5				sity Multiple Fa	=	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.41	1923	
3317 HELMS AVE	4312028003				3				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.67	1952	
4209 VAN BUREN PL	4204001028				5				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> =		1.00	0.25	1937	
4215 VAN BUREN PL	4204001027				4				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> –		1.00	0.37	1937	
4068 LINCOLN AVE	4207009023				5				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.25	1946	
4064 LINCOLN AVE	4207009022				5				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vaca	<b>U</b> =	· .	1.00	0.25	1927	
4029 MADISON AVE	4207011004				6				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		6 Vacant	other	··· <b>)</b>	-	-	0	
4030 LA SALLE AVE	4207011018				6		0.16	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil <sup>i</sup> CG	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	6	S Vacant	other		-	-	0	
4022 LA SALLE AVE	4207011017				5		0.16	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil <sup>·</sup> CG	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vaca	int single	family	1.00	0.55	1925	
4025 JACKSON AVE	4209001005				5		0.15	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil <sup>i</sup> RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vaca	nt single_	family	1.00	0.25	1925	
4021 JACKSON AVE	4209001004				5		0.16	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.44	1925	
3863 MIDWAY AVE	4208018007	2	2				0.14	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	2	1 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.27	1941	В
3850 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018027	2	2				0.14	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	2	1 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.25	1940	В
3840 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018026	2	2				0.14	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	2	1 Non-Vaca	nt single_	family	1.00	0.15	1941	В
3856 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018028	2	2				0.14	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil: RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	4	1 Non-Vaca	nt single_	family	1.00	0.75	1941	В
3870 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018031	1	_				0.12	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa	mil <mark>:</mark> RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.25	1941	В
3862 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018029	2							sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.56	1941	В
3866 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208018030	1	2						sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.25	1941	В
3851 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208019008	2					0.14	Medium Dens	sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	int single_	family	1.00	0.49	1941	С
3836 SPAD PL	4208019020	1	2					Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.25	1946	С
3848 SPAD PL	4208019022	1	2					Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<b>U</b> =	· .	1.00	0.25	1947	С
3824 SPAD PL	4208019018	1	2					Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca			1.00	0.25	1947	С
3842 SPAD PL	4208019021	1						Low Density	,	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	0 =		1.00	0.25	1947	С
3830 SPAD PL	4208019019	1	2					Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.35	1947	С
3854 SPAD PL	4208019023	1	2					Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca			1.00	0.25	1947	С
3863 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208019010				4	_			sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		1 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.25	1941	
3867 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208019011				3				sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca			1.00	0.49	1941	
3871 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208019013				3	_			sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	0 =		1.00	0.44	1941	
3869 WESTWOOD BLVD	4208019012				3		-		sity Multiple Fa		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<u> </u>		1.00	0.25	1941	
3857 SPAD PL	4208020009	1						Low Density		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	<b>v</b> =		1.00	0.85	1947	D
3837 SPAD PL	4208020012	1	2				0.11	Low Density	i wo Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Non-Vaca	int single_	Tamiy	1.00	0.25	1946	D

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Low- Income	Modera Incom	Moderate-	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Pl Designation	an Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP Designation	) Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
3864 GIRARD AVE	4208020025		2 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	D
3906 GIRARD AVE	4208020021		2 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.96	1939	D
3872 GIRARD AVE	4208020023		2 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	, ,	1.00	0.55	1930	D
3847 SPAD PL	4208020010		1 2	-			Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	D
3843 SPAD PL	4208020011		1 2	-			Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	, ,	1.00	0.49	0	D
3827 SPAD PL	4208020014		1 2	-			Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.30	1947	D
3900 GIRARD AVE	4208020022		2 <u>2</u> 222	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50 50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.19	1939 1947	D
3868 GIRARD AVE 3822 GIRARD AVE	4208020024 4208020034		2 2	2			Medium Density Multiple Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.33	1947	D D
3863 SPAD PL	4208020034		2 2	-			Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	- <u>5</u> ,	1.00	0.23	1939	D
3833 SPAD PL	4208020003		<u> </u>	-			Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	D
3815 SPAD PL	4208020015		2 2				Low Density Two Family		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.85	1947	D
3844 GIRARD AVE	4208020029		2 2				Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.40	1947	D
3840 GIRARD AVE	4208020030		2 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.84	1939	D
3858 GIRARD AVE	4208020026		2 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1940	D
3826 GIRARD AVE	4208020033		2 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1939	D
3822 COLLEGE AVE	4208021004				5	0.17	Medium Density Multiple	Famil	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	5	Non-Vacant	single family	1.00	0.27	1920	
3817 GIRARD AVE	4208021017				4	0.15	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	4	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1930	
3823 GIRARD AVE	4208021018				4	0.15	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	4	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1930	
3837 GIRARD AVE	4208021021				4	0.15	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	4	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1928	
3833 GIRARD AVE	4208021020				4	0.15	Medium Density Multiple	FamilyRMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	4	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1947	
3853 GIRARD AVE	4208021024				4		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.43	1947	
3857 GIRARD AVE	4208021025				4		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1950	
4061 ELENDA ST	4208024011				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.41	1949	
4081 ELENDA ST	4208024008				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1949	
4073 ELENDA ST	4208024010				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.25	1949	
4077 ELENDA ST	4208024009				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1949	
4111 ELENDA ST	4208026006		1 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.37	1949	E
4107 ELENDA ST	4208026007		1 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.57	1949	E
4117 ELENDA ST	4208026005		1 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	· · · · · ·	1.00	0.65	1949 1949	E
4103 ELENDA ST 4119 ELENDA ST	4208026043		1 2 1 2				Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50 50		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.28	1949	E
3822 PROSPECT AVE	4208026004 4208022005		1 2	2			Medium Density Multiple Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	, ,	1.00	0.42	1949	E
3823 COLLEGE AVE	4208022003				5		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1947	
3818 TILDEN AVE	4208022019				4		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.00	1941	
3817 HURON AVE	4213004003				5		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.23	1920	
11049 MATTESON AVE	4213004026		2 2	>	0		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	<b>5 – ,</b>	1.00	0.67	1949	F
3866 TILDEN AVE	4213004024		2 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.44	1947	F
11043 MATTESON AVE	4213004027		2 2	-			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.95	1949	F
3868 TILDEN AVE	4213004025		2 2	2			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.25	1947	F
3931 HURON AVE	4213003008		3 3	3			Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		-	0.88	1945	G
3924 TILDEN AVE	4213003022	3	3 3	3		0.21	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	6	Non-Vacant	single family	2.00	0.42	1953	G
3918 TILDEN AVE	4213003021	3	3 4	1		0.24	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	7	Non-Vacant	single_family	2.00	0.72	1940	G
11100 VENICE BLVD	4213005002				3	0.11	Medium Density Multiple	Famil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1954	
3813 TILDEN AVE	4213005025				4	0.14	Medium Density Multiple	FamilyRMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1938	
3918 BENTLEY AVE	4213006005				5		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.38	1940	
3914 BENTLEY AVE	4213006004				5		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.84	1940	
3921 BENTLEY AVE	4213017022				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.19	1940	
3919 BENTLEY AVE	4213017023				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.40	1940	
3929 BENTLEY AVE	4213017021				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.53	1947	
3857 BENTLEY AVE	4213018005				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.25	1939	
3853 BENTLEY AVE	4213018006				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	5 = ,	1.00	0.58	1964	
3951 BENTLEY AVE	4213017018				3		Medium Density Multiple		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant		1.00	0.26	1939	
3955 BENTLEY AVE	4213017017				3	0.11	Medium Density Multiple	FamilyRMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	Non-Vacant	single_tamily	1.00	0.34	1939	

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Very Parcel Number Incom	- LOW-	Moder: Incon	Mode	rate-	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current Ger Designa		Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Use	s Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
2316 MITCHELL AVE	4235019016			4			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.95	1954	
	4214004017			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		3 Vacant	other	-	-	0	
1277 CULVER BLVD	4217011054			4			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.61	1950	
025 CENTINELA AVE	4231001050			3			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20 20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1948 1908	
045 CENTINELA AVE	4231001048 4231002054			3 3			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50 50			single_family	<u> </u>	0.79	1908	
350 CAROLINE AVE	4312024021			4			ow Density Two		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.41	1941	
342 CAROLINE AVE	4312024021			4			ow Density Two		R2 R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_tamily	1.00	0.59	1947	
419 CAROLINE AVE	4312024019			4			ow Density Two		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.40	1941	
319 CAROLINE AVE	4312027016			4			ow Density Two	- /	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	-	1922	
341 HELMS AVE	4312028008			5			Medium Density	- 1		Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	
604 KINSTON AVE	4203003052			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		5 Non-Vacant	· · ·	-	0.57	1951	
526 HELMS AVE	4206003005			3			ow Density Two		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.45	1923	
527 SCHAEFER ST	4206003031			3			ow Density Two		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.59	1927	_
552 WESLEY ST	4206006009			3		0.12 L	ow Density Two	Family	R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.52	1939	
044 LINCOLN AVE	4207009018			5		0.16 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil: RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	ł	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.45	1938	
044 MADISON AVE	4207010025			5		0.16 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil <sup>,</sup> RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1923	
077 LINCOLN AVE	4207010018			3		0.11 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1929	
069 MADISON AVE	4207011012			5		0.16 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil: RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	ł	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.47	1924	
104 BALDWIN AVE	4207014020			5		0.16 L	ow Density Two	Family	R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Į	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.34	1923	
140 BALDWIN AVE	4207014038			5		0.15 L	ow Density Two	Family	R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.68	1964	
105 LINCOLN AVE	4207016001			5			ow Density Two		R2	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.37	1922	
913 SPAD PL	4208020002			5		0.16 L	ow Density Two	Family	CG	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	Ę	5 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1922	
812 PROSPECT AVE	4208022003			3			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.31	1935	
837 COLLEGE AVE	4208022022			5			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.28	1947	
845 COLLEGE AVE	4208022024			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.16	1923	
055 JACKSON AVE	4209001011			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.17	1926	
065 JACKSON AVE	4209001013			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			retail_commercial	1.00	0.53	1926	
075 JACKSON AVE	4209001015			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.50	1925	
0966 VENICE BLVD	4213001003			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.18	1927	
322 HURON AVE	4213001005			5			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.28	1941	
B62 HURON AVE	4213001013			5			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.67	1941	
B36 HURON AVE	4213001008			5			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.45	1948 1951	
910 HURON AVE 950 HURON AVE	4213002002 4213002038			5 5			Medium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20 20	50 50			single_family	<u> </u>	0.75	1951	
950 HORON AVE 944 TILDEN AVE	4213002038			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.77	1934	
956 TILDEN AVE	4213003025			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.92	1941	
847 HURON AVE	4213004009			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1941	
B32 TILDEN AVE	4213004018			4			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.03	1940	
B46 BENTLEY AVE	4213005008			4			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
944 BENTLEY AVE	4213006010			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.63	1939	<u> </u>
971 TILDEN AVE	4213006026			4			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.32	1942	
928 BENTLEY AVE	4213006007			5			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.25	1939	
1164 PIGGOTT DR	4213017007			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.48	1940	
973 BENTLEY AVE	4213017010			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single family	1.00	0.25	1939	
971 BENTLEY AVE	4213017015			4			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1940	
867 BENTLEY AVE	4213018003			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	-	0	
B33 BENTLEY AVE	4213018010			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
823 BENTLEY AVE	4213018012			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.25	1939	
843 BENTLEY AVE	4213018008			3			Aedium Density			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50			single_family	1.00	0.11	1939	
230 TULLER AVE	4213024004			3		0.11 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil: RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	:	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.27	1946	
216 TULLER AVE	4213024002			3		0.11 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil: RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	:	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1946	
1232 CULVER BLVD	4215016001			3		0.11 N	Aedium Density	Multiple Fam	nil RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	(	3 Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1947	
024 WADE ST	4231024029			13		0.20 1	ow Density Mult	inlo Eamily	00	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	11	Non-Vacant	single_family	2.00	0.16	1952	1

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	low-	Low- ncome	Moderate- Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current Gener Designatio		Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
3930 HURON AVE	4213002007			Ę	5	0.17	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	5	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.17	1926	
9650 LUCERNE AVE	4204001041			6	6	0.22	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	6	Non-Vacant	single_family	2.00	0.45	1950	
12308 MITCHELL AVE	4235019018			3	3	0.12	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.25	1969	
3831 MIDWAY AVE	4208018014			3	3	0.11	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	3	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.50	1941	
4076 LAFAYETTE PL	4207007025			6	ô	0.18	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	6	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.40	1920	
4233 EAST BLVD	4233012036			Ę	5	0.17	Medium Density Mu	ultiple Family	R1	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50	5	Non-Vacant	single_family	1.00	0.07	1938	
4069 LA SALLE AVE	4207012011			6	6		Medium Density Mu			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	other	-	0.37	1946	
	4207010049			Ę	5		Medium Density Mu		RMD	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Non-Vacant	<u> </u>	1.00	0.23	0	
4198 MARCASEL AVE	4233014002			7	7		Low Density Single		CG	Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		Von-Vacant	s = ,	1.00	0.43	1940	
12462 WASHINGTON PL	4231003014			3	3		Medium Density Mu			Neighborhood Multi Family		20	50		8 Non-Vacant		1.00	0.51	1949	
11299 WASHINGTON BLVD	4233032026			6	6		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.27	0.18	1976	X
11291 WASHINGTON BLVD	4233032025			3	3		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		1.02	0.69	1976	
11287 WASHINGTON BLVD	4233032013				1		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		1.11	1.50	1973	X
11282 WASHINGTON BLVD	4217011063				5		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.79	0.51	1981	X
11272 WASHINGTON BLVD	4217011065			Ę	<u>b</u>		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Low intensity strip commercial	0.59	0.43	1973	<u> Ү</u>
11280 WASHINGTON BLVD	4217011061				5		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.41	0.26	1971	Y 7
11268 WASHINGTON BLVD	4217011064				5		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		1.65	3.64	1990	<u> </u>
11262 WASHINGTON BLVD	4217011005				1		General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20 20	<u>35</u> 35		Non-Vacant Non-Vacant		0.59	0.22	1960 1958	AA
4318 SEPULVEDA BLVD 4316 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215014026 4215014025				3		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1 Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	1.21	0.34	1958	AA
4316 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215014025				<u>ა</u>		Neighborhood Serv Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.73	0.94	1951	AA
4320 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215013007				5 A		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.75	0.73	1951	=
4334 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215013008				+ 2		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.30	0.80	1951	AB
4360 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215013008			(	0 1		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.96	2.50	1950	
4354 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215012010				1		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.30	1.50	1970	AC
4364 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215012001				5		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Moderate intensity strip commercial	0.63	0.18	1953	-
4346 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215012006				5		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Moderate intensity strip commercial	0.80	0.10	1946	
4356 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215012037				3		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Moderate intensity strip commercial	0.60	0.33	1947	AC
4410 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215011003				1		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.89	0.00	1952	-
4416 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215011034				6		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.12	0.27	1968	AD
4406 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215011004				4		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.62	0.23	1962	
4477 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215020023			1(	)		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35		Non-Vacant		0.33	1.92	1974	
4439 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215019020				1		Neighborhood Serv	<u> </u>		Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.94	1.00	1948	
11204 BRADDOCK DR	4215019021			3	3		Neighborhood Serv			Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35			Strip commercial	0.90	0.19	1946	
4441 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215019019			2	2	0.07	Neighborhood Serv	ing Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35	2	Non-Vacant	Office	1.00	2.08	1976	AG
4411 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215018035			13	3	0.42	Neighborhood Serv	ing Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 1		20	35	13	Non-Vacant	Strip commercial	0.65	0.30	1989	
11469 JEFFERSON BLVD	4216028023	17	17			0.78	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	34	Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.38	0.53	1986	K
5401 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030031	6	7			0.30	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	13	Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.47	0.10	1957	L
11417 JEFFERSON BLVD	4216028003	8	8			0.36	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	16	Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.28	0.15	1953	K
5569 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029010	6	7			0.29	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	13	8 Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.31	0.31	1953	K
5431 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030025	13	13			0.60	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	26	Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.38	0.19	1950	L
5415 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030027	6	7			0.31	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	13	8 Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.30	0.64	1951	L
5495 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030023	10	10			0.45	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		) Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.42	0.15	1986	L
11405 JEFFERSON BLVD	4216028022	16	16				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.26	0.52	1962	K
5541 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029027	14	14				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		8 Non-Vacant		0.29	0.47	1957	K
5411 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030028	7	8				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.25	0.46	1951	М
	4216029030	9	9				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			transportation_utilities	0.94	0.01	1952	K
	4216028004	7	8				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			transportation_utilities	0.98	0.02	0	K
5567 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029009	6	6				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.34	1.53	1955	
5405 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030029	6	6				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.36	1.74	1953	L
5421 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030026	10	10				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.24	1.04	1951	L
5529 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029001	9	9				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.12	1.56	1986	К
5559 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029007	5	5				General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.53	0.65	0	К
5547 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029028	19	20			0.88	General Corridor		CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	39	Non-Vacant	mixed_use	0.28	1.06	1970	K

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Low- Incom		Moderate	(Acroc)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio		Conso- lidation
11441 JEFFERSON BLVD	4216028005	35	5 3	5		1.57 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	retail_commercial	0.53	3.96	1957	K
5563 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029008	5		6			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.61	0.94	1991	K
5573 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216029029	-	-	-			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.24	0.06	1952	K
5445 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216030024	10		0			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.45	0.60	1952	L
4025 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022016			1			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.49	0.37	1947	М
11222 WASHINGTON PL	4213022039			8			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.20	0.91	1974	М
4014 TULLER AVE	4213022045			5			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		-	-	0	М
4051 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022007		1	1			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		-	0.00	0	М
4024 TULLER AVE	4213022035			4			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		-	-	0	М
4043 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022010	1		1			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	_	Non-Vacant		0.38	0.23	1947	M
4020 TULLER AVE	4213022036		-	2			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		-	-	0	
4041 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022049		-	3			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail_commercial	0.20	0.23	1953	M
	4213022030 4213022018	2		1 2			General Corridor	CG CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50 50		Non-Vacant	retail commercial	- 0.18	- 0.23	0 1950	M
4017 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022018			Z					Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2			50					0.23	1950	M
11209 WASHINGTON BLVD 4016 TULLER AVE	4213022005	3		3			General Corridor	CG CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2 Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.91	0.09	1977	M
11204 WASHINGTON PL	4213022047	4		3 4			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail commercial	0.12	0.15	1965	M
11204 WASHINGTON PL	4213022040			4 3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.12	0.12	1946	M
4031 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022033			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail commercial	0.90	0.13	1977	M
4023 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022037			<u> </u>			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	—	0.81	0.44	1954	M
4027 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022015			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail commercial	0.54	0.26	1947	M
11215 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213022041			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	-	0.33	0.67	1959	M
4051 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022008	2		2			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail commercial	0.81	0.72	1949	M
4028 TULLER AVE	4213022043			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	—	0.57	0.97	1990	M
11201 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213022006			4			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	-	Non-Vacant		1.17	1.50	1977	M
11201 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213022048	-	-	9			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.15	1.06	1969	M
4045 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213022009		1	1			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			retail commercial	0.76	0.66	1961	M
3992 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017003	10	) 1	1		0.48 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Hotel parking		-	0	R
11167 WASHINGTON PL	4213017002			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Strip commercial	0.24	0.60	2013	R
11151 WASHINGTON PL	4213017001	8	3	8		0.37 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.24	0.19	1928	R
3970 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017004	5	5	5		0.23 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	10	Non-Vacant	Low intensity strip commercial	0.33	0.35	1984	R
4420 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014041	20	) 2	1		0.93 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	41	Non-Vacant	Office	0.26	1.15	1959	S
4238 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014040	4	1	4		0.19 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	8	Non-Vacant	Low intensity strip commercial	0.42	0.18	1984	S
4120 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014001	3	3 .	4		0.17 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	7	Non-Vacant	Parking	0.95	0.01	1927	S
4114 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014004	17	71	8		0.79 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	35	Vacant	Low intensity strip commercial	-	-	0	S
4130 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014044	11	1 1	2		0.52 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	23	Non-Vacant	Parking	0.98	0.01	1966	S
4224 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014042	3	3 .	4		0.17 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	7	' Non-Vacant	Office	0.33	1.24	1954	S
4246 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014039	4		4		0.18 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	Office/retail	0.10	0.45	1972	S
4114 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014045	-	-	3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.83	0.07	1979	S
4228 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014037	5		6			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Low intensity strip commercial	0.53	0.19	1952	S
4204 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014024	5		6			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.54	0.23	1955	S
0	4213014028	1		2			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Vacant	Parking	-	0.01	0	S
4200 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213014043			6			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Low intensity industrial use	0.56	0.16	1953	S
11218 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213023039	4	•	5			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Low intensity strip commercial	0.33	0.40	1947	Т
11208 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213023001	4	•	4			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.24	0.13	1978	T
11216 WASHINGTON BLVD	4213023030			3			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.40	0.36	1972	Т
4444 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215010029			8			Seneral Corridor	CN	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Strip commercial	0.33	1.13	1970	AE
4436 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215010028	6		6			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Low intensity strip commercial	0.20	0.29	2013	AE
4545 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215021023			-			General Corridor	R1	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.23	0.22	1962	AH
4491 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215021012			5			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.25	0.85	1954	AH
4520 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215007019			-			Seneral Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Storage/warehouse	0.12	1.89	1967	AI
4512 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215009012			7			General Corridor	CN	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.18	0.62	1958	AI
0	4215007001	8		9			General Corridor	CN	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Vacant	Storage/warehouse	-	-	0	AI
U	4215001020	7		8		0.34 (	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	15	Non-Vacant	Parking	1.06	-	0	AJ

Site Address/Intersection	Assessor Parcel Number	Very Low- Income	Low- Income	Moderate Income	Above Moderate- Income	Parcel Size (Acres)	Current General Plan Designation	Current Zoning	Proposed General Plan (GP) Designation	Proposed Zoning	Minimum Density Allowed	Maximum Density Allowed	Total Capacity	Vacant/ Nonvacant	Description of Existing Uses	Existing Units/ FAR	Imp-Land Ratio	Year Built	Conso- lidation
5380 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215001013			;		0.25	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	11	Non-Vacant	Office/retail	0.29	0.19	1999	AJ
5350 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4215001010	19	20	)		0.87	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	39	Non-Vacant	Low intensity strip commercial	0.16	0.47	1968	AJ
11111 JEFFERSON BLVD	4215001016	43	43	5		1.93	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	86	Non-Vacant	Low intensity strip commercial	0.32	0.46	1961	AJ
5347 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216003045	16	16	i		0.72	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50	32	Non-Vacant	Retail	0.52	0.53	2002	
5329 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216003037			5			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	Hotel/Motel	0.47	1.33	1954	
5309 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216003008			}			General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant		0.43	1.93	1967	AK
5399 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216003042					0.51	General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50		Non-Vacant	Office	0.22	1.65	1969	
5299 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4216002001						General Corridor	CG	Neighborhood/Corridor MU 2		20	50			Low intensity strip commercial	0.22	0.14	1955	
11046 JEFFERSON BLVD	4203006015						Regional Center	CRR	Mixed Use Medium		20	65			Shopping center with closed Toys R Us - 20% of site (		0.70	1962	
3868 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018019						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				accommodation	0.39	0.09	1926	
3848 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018017						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				commercial_centers	0.03	0.01	1954	
3850 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018018						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				accommodation	0.82	0.73	1940	
3838 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018016						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				accommodation	-	-	0	
3800 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018014						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				accommodation	-	-	0	
11166 VENICE BLVD	4213018013						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				mixed_use_commercial	0.05	0.25	1957	Н
3816 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018015						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				commercial_centers	0.07	0.17	1969	Н
	4232006019						General Corridor	CN	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.42	0.74	1961	Н
12402 WASHINGTON PL	4231001047			·			General Corridor	CN	Mixed Use Medium		20				commercial_centers	0.12	0.04	1954	
12329 WASHINGTON PL	4235019022						General Corridor	CN	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.53	0.60	1961	
5722 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001900						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20	65			transportation	1.00	-	1955	
	4134001018						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				transportation	0.97	0.19	0	
5901 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4134001016						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				commercial_centers	0.55	0.22	1978	
5649 SELMARAINE DR	4134001002						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	-	-	0	-
5664 SELMARAINE DR	4134001008						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.64	0.19	1965	
5665 SELMARAINE DR	4134001004						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.64	0.21	1950	
5734 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001015						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.69	0.25	1949	
5726 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001012						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.60	0.52	1955	
5728 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001013						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.54	0.43	1948	
5659 SELMARAINE DR	4134001003						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.60	0.19	1952	
5730 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001014						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.58	0.73	1955	
5677 SELMARAINE DR	4134001007		7				Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.83	0.27	1949	
5669 SELMARAINE DR	4134001005						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.64	0.23	1950	-
5722 BANKFIELD AVE	4134001902		2				Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20	65			light_industrial	0.40		1930	
5673 SELMARAINE DR	4134001006						Industrial	IG	Mixed Use Medium		20				light_industrial	0.64	0.11	1950	
11971 WASHINGTON BLVD	4233015035						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				Payless Shoesource went out of business	0.22	0.12	1977	
3928 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017036						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.80	0.77	1987	P
3932 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017035						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				Moderate intensity strip commercial	0.62	0.30	1963	
3916 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017033						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.63	0.41	1979	
3908 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017034						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				Moderate intensity strip commercial	0.64	0.88	1989	
3900 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213018020						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.70	1.19	1992	
3958 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017011						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20			Non-Vacant		0.85	0.47	1955	
3954 SEPULVEDA BLVD	4213017026						General Corridor	CG	Mixed Use Medium		20				Strip commercial parking	-	-	0	_
10828 JEFFERSON BLVD	4203006019				4		Regional Center	CRR	Mixed Use Medium		20				Target Shopping Center (capacity assumed at 20%)	0.38	1.20	1962	
10824 JEFFERSON BLVD	4203006020				28 81 41		Regional Center	CRR	Mixed Use Medium		<u>20</u> 20				Target Shopping Center (capacity assumed at 20%)	1.09	0.10	<u>1962</u> 0	N O
6150 W SLAUSON	4134002003	6	t		4		Regional Center	CRR	Mixed Use Medium						Trader Joes Shopping Center (capacity assumed at 20		0.16		-
							Regional Center	CRR	Mixed Use Medium		20	65			Trader Joes Shopping Center (capacity assumed at 20		0.10	1975	
6076 BRISTOL PKWY	4134005025	89					Regional Center	CRB	Mixed Use High		<u>20</u> 20	100		Non-Vacant		0.31	0.75	1979	
6031 UPLANDER WAY	4134005004						Regional Center	CRB CRB	Mixed Use High		20	<u>100</u> 100			light_industrial	0.28	0.35	1979 1979	
5821 UPLANDER WAY	4134005003						Regional Center	CRB	Mixed Use High		20				light_industrial	0.30	0.36		
5835 SUMNER WAY	4134005002	69	65			1.54	Regional Center	CKB	Mixed Use High		20	100	138	Non-vacant	wholesale_warehousing	0.36	0.44	1979	J

### VI. REVIEW OF 5TH CYCLE SITES INVENTORY

One of the Guiding Principles for the 2021-2029 Housing Element calls for an assessment of the probability of development based on the experience of the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element. This section reviews the outcome of the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element sites inventory, and considerations for using that outcome to benchmark the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle inventory for RHNA.

### 1. OUTCOME OF THE 5<sup>TH</sup> CYCLE SITES INVENTORY

For the previous 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element, the City had a RHNA of only 185 units:

- 48 very low income units
- 29 low income units
- 31 moderate income units
- 77 above moderate units

Based on units approved at the time of the Housing Element update, the City had already met its above moderate income RHNA units. -The residential sites inventory included in the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element identified a total capacity of 490 lower income units and 51 moderate income units for the remaining RHNA of 108 lower and moderate income units. These sites are presented as Tables B-3 through B-5 of the 2013-2021 Housing Element:

- Table B-3: Culver City Housing Strategy Sites
- Table B-4: Mixed Use Sites within TOD Area
- Table B-5: Vacant Land Inventory

Among the Culver City Housing Strategy Sites, only two of the sites were identified as Tier One sites, one of which – 4044-4068 Globe was developed. -Among the Tiers Two, Three, and Four sites, three projects are substantial rehabilitation of existing units or redevelopment of existing units that overall, did not intend to yield significant net increases in units. Nevertheless, these Culver City Housing Strategy sites were not pursued due primarily to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency. The site in Table B-4 in the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element is developed as the Ivy Station. -Table B-5 included seven vacant sites, two of which have been developed. -Among the remaining five vacant sites, two are less than 2,500 square feet and at best could accommodate only one unit each. -Overall, excluding the Culver City Housing Strategy Sites, four of the eight sites (50%) identified in the 5<sup>th</sup> sites inventory were developed.

Eurthermore, the City was able to meet a significant portion of its RHNA for the 2013-2021 Housing Element. Specifically, the City was able to achieve the following:

- 39 very low income units (81.3% of RHNA)
- 13 low income units (44.8% of RHNA)
- 25 moderate income units (80.6% of RHNA)
- 717 above moderate income units (931.2% of RHNA)

The 5<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element also includes Table B-6: Underdeveloped RMD Parcels. -These sites, with an estimated potential 660 new units, were intended to provide additional opportunities for above moderate income RHNA units only. However, upon close examination of these sites, the majority were not feasible sites. Many sites showed a zero or negative yield or the net yield ratio was too low to render redevelopment financially feasible. -For these exact reasons, the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle RHNA for the 2021-2029 Housing Element does not rely on areas that are currently developed as medium density residential for accommodating the RHNA because the likelihood of redevelopment is limited and the net yield is insignificant.

### 2. <u>BENCHMARKING AGAINST OUTCOME OF THE 5<sup>TH</sup> CYCLE</u> <u>SITES INVENTORY</u>

The outcome of the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle sites inventory can be used as a reference for developing the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle inventory of sites. However, benchmarking the outcome of the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle inventory as a standard for the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle sites inventory may be inappropriate for the following reasons:

### MAGNITUDE OF RHNA INCREASE

The 6<sup>th</sup> cycle RHNA for Culver City is 3,341 units – a 17-fold increase – compared to the RHNA of 185 units for the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle. Developing a sites inventory for 3,341 RHNA units is understandably far more challenging than compiling sites for 185 units (and half of it will already be met at the time of the Housing Element adoption). The City was able to use vacant sites – TOD and Mixed Use sites – to fulfill its remaining RHNA. There are few vacant sites left in Culver City (and none of significant size). The sites inventory for the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle must rely on nonvacant sites with potential for redevelopment over the next eight years. The characteristics and magnitude of the sites requirements make benchmarking the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle against the outcome of the 5<sup>th</sup> cycle sites less relevant.

### GENERAL PLAN 2045

The 5<sup>th</sup> cycle sites inventory relies on the current General Plan and zoning regulations for development potential. -However, the City is undergoing a comprehensive update to the General Plan. As part of the General Plan update, the City proposes to increase density for most of the City as shown in Table B-6. The significant land use policy change would incentivize redevelopment of existing nonvacant sites. A particular incentive that is critical to the City's 6<sup>th</sup> cycle RHNA strategy is allowing standalone residential development in Mixed Use areas. The current General Plan does not permit standalone residential development in these areas. Regional and local development trends all point to the preference and demand for residential development or mixed use development, over 100 percent commercial development.

Preferred Land Use A	ltemative	Existing Zoning		
Residential Types				
Incremental Infill A For Parcels < 4,950 SF	<ul> <li>Detached single unit residential, ADUs, JADUs</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing R1</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li><u>0</u> 2 stories</li> <li><u>0</u> 8.7 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<u>R1</u> <u> • Allows up to:</u> <u> o 2 stories</u> <u> o 8.7 du/ac</u>		
Incremental Infill A For Parcels > 4,950 SF	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes, inclusive of ADU/JADUs</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing R1</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li>4 units per lot (4th unit must be affordable)</li> <li>2 stories</li> <li>35 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Incremental Infill B	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes, inclusive of ADU/JADUs</li> <li>Standards consistent with existing R2/R3</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li>4 units per lot (4th unit must be affordable)</li> <li>2 stories</li> <li>35 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	R2 and R3       • Allows up to:         o       2 stories         o       35 du/ac		

### TABLE B-6: PREFERRED LAND USE ALTERNATIVE COMPARED TO EXISTING ZONING

Preferred Land Use A	lternative	Existing Zonii	ng
Incremental Infill C	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, duplexes, triplexes, and low density multifamily, inclusive of ADU/JADUs</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li><u>0</u> 2 stories</li> <li>0 15 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	RLD	<ul> <li>Allows up to:</li> <li>2 stories</li> <li>15 du/ac</li> </ul>
<u>Corridor Multi-</u> <u>Family</u>	<ul> <li>Detached or attached single unit residential, duplexes, triplexes, and moderate density multifamily, inclusive of ADU/JADUs</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li>9 units per lot</li> <li>2 stories</li> <li>30 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	RMD	<ul> <li>Allows up to:</li> <li><u>o 2 stories</u></li> <li><u>o 29 du/ac</u></li> </ul>
<u>Neighborhood</u> <u>Multi-Family</u>	<ul> <li>A mix of multifamily residential</li> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li><u>o</u> 3 stories</li> <li><u>o</u> 50 du/ac</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<u>RHD, RMD</u>	<ul> <li>Allows up to:</li> <li><u>o</u> 2 stories</li> <li><u>o</u> 29 du/ac</li> </ul>
Commercial and Mix	ed Use Types		
<u>Neighborhood/</u> Corridor MU 1	<ul> <li>Lower-scale, mixed use blending residential, commercial, and retail uses and public spaces serving both surrounding neighborhoods and visitors from nearby areas</li> <li>Allows up to 35 du/ac</li> </ul>	<u>CC, CD,</u> <u>CG, CN,</u> <u>CRB, CRR</u>	<ul> <li>Allows up to: <u>o 35' - 65'</u> <u>o 35 - 65 du/ac, no residential</u> <u>in CRB, CRR</u> <u>o Development intensity</u> <u>determined site-by-site based</u> <u>on adjacent standards and</u> <u>setbacks</u> </li> </ul>
Neighborhood/ Corridor MU 2	<ul> <li>Moderate-scale, mixed use blending residential, commercial, retail uses, and public <u>spaces</u></li> <li>Allows up to 50 du/ac</li> </ul>	<u>CC, CD,</u> <u>CG, CN,</u> <u>CRB, CRR</u>	<ul> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li>35' - 65'</li> <li>35 - 65 du/ac, no residential in CRB, CRR</li> <li>Development intensity determined site-by-site based on adjacent standards and setbacks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Mixed Use Medium	<ul> <li>A broad range of commercial, office, and residential uses serving both surrounding neighborhoods and visitors from nearby areas</li> <li>Allows up to 65 du/ac</li> </ul>	<u>CC, CD,</u> CG, CN, CRB, CRR	<ul> <li>Allows up to:         <ul> <li>35' - 65'</li> <li>35 - 65 du/ac, no residential in CRB, CRR</li> <li>Development intensity determined site-by-site based on adjacent standards and setbacks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<u>Mixed Use High</u>	<ul> <li>High-intensity active uses and mixed-use development, including retail stores, restaurant, hotels, services, residential, and office uses</li> <li>Allows up to 100 du/ac</li> </ul>	<u>CC, CD,</u> <u>CG, CN,</u> <u>CRB, CRR</u>	<ul> <li>Allows up to: <u>o 35' - 65'</u> <u>o 35 - 65 du/ac, no residential</u> in CRB, CRR         <u>o Development intensity</u> <u>determined site-by-site based</u> <u>on adjacent standards and</u> <u>setbacks</u> </li> </ul>

Preferred Land Use A	lternative	Existing Zoning		
Industrial Mixed Use	<ul> <li>A transition between mixed-use and high industrial areas with a mix of residential and industrial uses</li> <li>Allows up to 65 du/ac</li> </ul>	<u>IG, IL</u>	<ul> <li>Development intensity determined site-by-site based on adjacent standards and setbacks</li> <li>No residential allowed</li> </ul>	
<u>School</u>	<ul> <li>School sites and facilities</li> <li>Allows up to 8.7 du/ac</li> </ul>			

### RULE OF ADEQUATE SITES HAS CHANGED

AB 1397 sets strict requirements for adequate sites for lower income RHNA. Specifically, sites must be between 0.5 acre and 10 acres to be considered feasible for lower income. The City of Culver City has many very small sites that do not qualify for facilitating lower income RHNA under new State law. As shown in B-7, not even 500 parcels in the City meet the size requirement under AB 1397 and lot consolidation is required to assemble properties into an adequately sized site to facilitate development, especially affordable housing.

### TABLE B-7: PARCEL SIZES

Parcel Size	Number	Percent
<u>&lt;4,950 SF</u>	<u>1,635</u>	<u>17</u>
<u>4,950 SF to 0.5 acres</u>	7,233	<u>77</u>
0.5 acres to 10 acres	499	<u>5</u>
More than 10 acres	24	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>9,391</u>	<u>100</u>

However, as stated before, a site not meeting the criteria as RHNA sites can be equally developed according to its General Plan and zoning designations. There is no material difference to the property owner or developer whether the site is included in the inventory because the City of Culver City proposes to extend the by-right approval of projects with 20 percent lower income units to all multi-family projects regardless of whether the site is included in the inventory.

### LIKELIHOOD OF REDEVELOPMENT ON NONVACANT SITES

When a jurisdiction relies on nonvacant sites for more than 50% of the lower income RHNA, AB 1397 requires the resolution adopting the Housing Element to include a specific finding. This finding must state that **the uses on nonvacant sites identified in the inventory to accommodate the lower income RHNA are likely to be discontinued during the planning period and the factors used to make that determination.** In order to legitimately make this finding, HCD requires that local jurisdictions be as diligent as possible in selecting sites with potential for redevelopment and exclude sites that are not probable. Including a significant number of sites but then discounting them by a probability factor may appear to be internally conflicting with this finding that the City would have to make.

This Housing Element sites inventory uses objective criteria – year of structure, existing FAR, and improvement to land ratio, as well as local knowledge, to compile the sites inventory. This approach is intended to facilitate the ability to include the required finding when adopting the Housing Element. This is also a front-end approach to the probability analysis, rather than a back-end approach by including more potential sites using less stringent criteria and then discount the sites by a probability factor.

Eurthermore, using less stringent criteria to include more sites in the inventory and then discounting the sites by a probability factor may prematurely include sites that are less viable for redevelopment. This approach would make the 7<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element update more challenging, as sites identified in the 6<sup>th</sup> cycle Housing Element inventory that are not developed during the planning period, are subject to a higher standard of feasibility analysis during the next housing cycle round.

HCD's Sites Inventory Guidebook recommends a buffer for the lower and moderate income RHNA for 15 to 30%. This Housing Element compiles a sites inventory that includes a buffer of 71% overall and 110% for the lower income RHNA.

# APPENDIX C: INVENTORY OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS

### I. INTRODUCTION

This appendix identifies all multi-family rental housing projects in Culver City that are under an affordability covenant, along with those housing projects that are at risk of losing their affordability restrictions within the ten-year period of October 2021 to October 2031. This information is used in establishing quantified objectives for units that can be conserved during this planning period. The inventory of assisted units includes all units that have been assisted under any federal, state, or local program.

# II. INVENTORY OF ASSISTED UNITS

<u>Table C-1</u><u>Table C-1</u> provides an inventory of all government assisted rental properties in Culver City. Generally, the inventory consists of HUD 202 and 811, former Culver City Redevelopment Agency Housing Set-Aside Fund, and density bonus properties. Target income affordability levels include very low, low, and moderate income groups. A total of 319 assisted rental housing units were identified in Culver City.

### III. UNITS AT RISK

Affordable units that are at-risk of conversion during the period between 2021 and 2031 are included at the top of <u>Table C-1Table C-1</u>. As shown in the table, there are a total of 231 units that are at risk during this period: 59 very low income units, 134 low income units, and 38 moderate income units. The analysis of preservation options for these units is contained in Section II, Housing Needs Assessment.

### TABLE C- 1: INVENTORY OF INCOME-RESTRICTED RENTAL UNITS IN CULVER CITY

Address	Covenant Expires	Description	# of Units	Income Level	Owner
Units At Risk of Conversion	, 2021-2031				
5100 Overland Avenue	2022	Multi-unit complex for up-to-low income seniors. Purchased property for \$800,000 from Agency. Must submit HUD forms.	100	100 Up-to- Low	Rotary Plaza c/o Gloria Caster, Regional Mgr. Retirement Housing Foundation 911 No. Studebaker Road Long Beach, CA 90815
8692 Washington Blvd.	2027	Multi-family complex for low-to-moderate income households at affordable rents. Received total of \$329,000 in loans from Agency.	20	10 Low 10 Moderate	Tina and Anthony Mollica 3928 Van Buren Avenue Culver City, CA 90230
5166 Sepulveda Blvd.	2029	Multi-unit complex for elderly and low- income seniors with disabilities. Section 202 program. Purchased property for \$400,000 from Agency.	48	48 Very Low	Menorah Housing Foundation 10991 W. Pico Bl Los Angeles, CA 90064
3434 Caroline Avenue	2030	Group home for low income at a total house rent no more than \$781. Purchased from Agency with a forgivable loan of \$91,500.	3	3 Low	Caroline House Corp. Norma Delgado, General Mgr. 5601 W. Slauson Ave., Suite 180 Culver City, CA 90230
3975 Overland Avenue (Studio Royale)	In Perpetuity Studio Royale (1 VL & 2 L units) - 2031	Multi-unit complex for seniors. Agency provided tax exempt financing of \$4,638,000. Palm Court units transferred to Studio Royale (3995 Overland).	42	11 Very Low 21 Low 10 Moderate	G & K Management Gabby Chavez Head of Compliance P.O. Box 3623 Culver City, CA 90231
11124 Fairbanks Way	2031	Group home for low-to-moderate income for those with developmental disabilities at affordable rents. Received \$319,211 grant.	6	6 Up-to- Moderate	Kayne/ERAS Center 5350 Machado Lane Culver City, CA 90230
10918 Barman Avenue	2031	Group home for low-to-moderate income for those with developmental disabilities at affordable rents. Received \$390,500 for purchase of property.	6	6 Up-to- Moderate	Exceptional Children Foundation (ECF) Attn: Scott Bowling 8740 Washington Bl Culver City, CA 90230
10181 Braddock Drive/4180 Jasmine Avenue	2032	Group home for low-to-moderate income persons with developmental disabilities at affordable rents. Purchased property from Agency for \$412,250.	6	6 Up-to- Moderate	Home Ownership Made Easy (HOME) Norma Delgado, General Mgr. 5601 W. Slauson Ave., Suite 180 Culver City, CA 90230
Total At Risk			231	59 Very Low 134 Low 38 Moderate	

Address	Covenant Expires	Description	# of Units	Income Level	Owner
Units Not at Risk of Convers	ion				
4061 Grandview Bl.	DOBI – 2036 CCRA – 2061	Senior Assisted Living CCRA: 1 Low and 3 Moderate units Density Bonus: 8 Low and 11 Moderate units	23	9 Low 14 Moderate	Management Company: Sunrise Senior Living Attn: Janice Johndrow Janice.johndrow@sunriseseniorliving.com 206-618-7549
Culver Villas 4043 Irving Place	2068	Culver Villas-Low to Moderate-Pay \$5,000 check to Housing each monitoring cycle.	12	3 Low 9 Moderate	George Matsonsus Sal Gonzales Lonsdale Real Estate 4043 Irving Place, Unit #206 Culver City, CA 90232 (323)788-9309
Tilden Terrace 11042-11056 West Washington Blvd.	2069	Mixed income, mixed-use multi-family rental housing.	32	14 Very Low 6 Low 12 Moderate 1 Manager	Los Angeles Housing Partnership, Inc. (LAHP) Attn: Charles Kim 800 South Figueroa, Suite 1270 Los Angeles, CA 90017
Baldwin Project/Lucky Apartments 12821 Washington Blvd.	2075	Upward Bound House Preference Density Bonus	3	3 - Very Low	Jim Suhr Tooley Asset Services Company (424) 291-6580
4031-35 Jackson Avenue	In Perpetuity	Multi-family complex for low-to-moderate income households. Purchased by CCRA in 2002 for \$1,010,000.	9	3 Very Low 3 Low 3 Moderate	Culver City Housing Authority (CCHA) c/o Metropolitan 12240 Venice Blvd. #23 Los Angeles, CA 90066
Total Not At Risk			79	20 Very Low 21 Low 38 Moderate	
Total Units			310	79 Very Low 155 Low 76 Moderate	

Source: City of Culver City, Housing Division, 2021.

# APPENDIX D: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

### I. OVERVIEW

The City of Culver City implemented a robust engagement program for the General Plan, including the Housing Element. A summary of the engagement activities is attached at the end of this appendix. <u>This Appendix consists of a comprehensive package of community meetings, surveys, and other activities materials and summaries for the General Plan, specifically related to housing, and specifically related to the Housing Element. It includes links to more information where available.</u>

Throughout the General Plan/Housing Element development process, a key message from the community that most significantly influences the General Plan and Housing Element is the desire of the community to move toward a proactive local affordable housing agenda. The General Plan Preferred Land Use Alternative responds to this community goal by incorporating the Incremental infill concept that significantly reduces the amount of land available for single-family residential uses.- Replacing single-family homes are infill opportunities that allow up to four units per low-density residential lot, inclusive of accessory units. This approach will allow additional affordable housing opportunities to be spread throughout the community. The pro-housing community goal also led to density increase in almost all residential and mixed designations in the city and introduction of mixed use development in some industrial areas.

Other significant input from the community includes exploring affordable housing tools such as:

- Affordable Housing Overlay
- Streamlining for affordable housing development
- Emergency streamlining of housing development (increasing the threshold for site plan review requirements)
- Community land trust
- Article 34 authority

Specifically, the Housing Element includes a program to prioritize and explore the various options for affordable housing. The City Council has directed staff to begin studying these various tools, rather than delaying until after the adoption of the Housing Element.

Pursuant to AB 1397, RHNA sites that require rezoning after the statutory deadline of the Housing Element (October 15, 2021) would be subject to by-right approval if the project includes 20% affordable units. The Housing Element recommends extending by-right approval of all projects with 20% affordable units, regardless of whether the site is identified as a RHNA site.

# II. ENGAGEMENT SUMMARY

On June 14, 2021, a GPU Deliverables and Engagement Summary, detailing milestones to date, including housingrelated items, was presented to City Council. That document has been updated as of September 2021 and is included herein. While nearly every General Plan Update (GPU) engagement event and activity has touched on housing to a degree, the below summarizes the most recent and closely related to housing.

The General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) and Housing Technical Advisory Committee (HTAC) have received presentations on and discussed Culver City's existing conditions, issues, opportunities, and alternatives related to housing and reviewed the Draft Housing Element. The Advisory Committee on Housing and Homelessness (ACOHH) received a presentation on and discussed the Draft Housing Element. The Planning Commission (PC) and City Council (CC) held several meetings on land use and housing that informed the Draft Housing Element, including City Council's meetings on the Housing Element Guiding Principles and PC's review and discussion of the Draft Housing Element. See Introduction, Section VI. City Council Guiding Principles for further detail.

- August 13, 2020: GPAC Housing, land use, and community design
- September 10, 2020: GPAC Land use and community design
- October 8, 2020: GPAC Land use and community design
- December 8, 2020: HTAC Identify housing issues and opportunities
- January 27, 2021: Community workshop on land use scenarios
- January 27, 2021: CC/PC Land use scenarios
- March 11, 2021: HTAC Innovative housing programs, initiatives, tools
- April 8, 2021: GPAC Proposed land use alternatives
- April 12, 2021: CC Adopted Housing Element Guiding Principles
- April 20, 2021: HTAC Land use strategies and alternatives
- April 29 and May 5, 2021: Community workshops on land use alternatives
- April 29 to June 13, 2021: Online land use alternatives survey
- May 12, 2021: PC HEU kickoff
- June 10, 2021: GPAC Proposed land use alternatives
- June 23, 2021: CC/PC Discussion on exclusionary zoning practices and direction to staff on affordable housing studies
- June 23 and 28: CC/PC Direction on preferred land use map to inform the HEU sites inventory analysis
- July 22, 2021: GPAC Draft Housing Element review
- July 28, 2021: HTAC Draft Housing Element review
- July 28, 2021: PC Draft Housing Element review
- August 16, 2021: ACOHH Draft Housing Element review
- July 19 to October 1, 2021: Online Draft Housing Element public comment period

During July and August 2021, the City received draft Housing Element input from the GPAC, HTAC, ACOHH, and PC and the public through 147 pages of correspondence (Attachment 4) and 215 comments on the online Draft. The type of input received includes sites inventory and related methodology, housing plan (policies and programs), fair housing assessment, and other revisions that don't materially affect the document. Comments received on specific sections of the Draft H Housing Element EU were primarily on how the draft could be improved, other sites to consider for the inventory, and on where the Housing Element does not comply with the City of Culver City City Council's Housing Element Guiding Principles, some with suggestions on how to do so.

The GPU team considered all the diverse perspectives reflected in the community's comments and input received to date and revised technical aspects of the Draft Housing Element wherever feasible before submitting this draft version to the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) for their 60-day review period. The revised Draft Housing Element was submitted to HCD on September 10, 2021.

The community will continue to leave comments on the interactive public review draft online at pictureculvercity.com/draft-housing-element through October 1. Another round of revisions will be made during October-November, after the GPU team reviews all comments received on the online draft from July 10 to October 1 and HCD's comments are received. These revisions will be reflected in the Final Housing Element for Planning Commission and City Council consideration.

Also, the GPU team anticipates the Housing Element will be amended after adoption during the remaining GPU process based on the results of the Westside Cities Council of Governments' Regional Early Action Planning (REAP) Grant project. The REAP project seeks to develop a comprehensive subregional approach to accelerate housing production to accommodate critically needed affordable housing within the Westside subregion. Refer to Item C-4 on the August 9, 2021, City of Culver City Council agenda for the full REAP scope.

The following pages include engagement and event summary materials related to Housing Element engagement. A summary of engagement information can also be found at pictureculvercity.com/housing-element.

Insert Summary of Engagement (PDF)

# APPENDIX E: FAIR HOUSING ASSESSMENT I. OVERVIEW OF AB 686

In 2017, Assembly Bill 686 (AB 686) introduced an obligation to affirmatively further fair housing (AFFH) into California state law. AB 686 defined "affirmatively further fair housing" to mean "taking meaningful actions, in addition to combat discrimination, that overcome patterns of segregation and foster inclusive communities free from barriers that restrict access to opportunity" for persons of color, persons with disabilities, and other protected classes. The Bill added an assessment of fair housing to the Housing Element, which includes the following components:

- A summary of fair housing issues and assessment of the jurisdiction's fair housing enforcement and outreach capacity;
- An analysis of segregation patterns, concentrations of poverty, disparities in access to opportunities, and disproportionate housing needs;
- An assessment of contributing factors; and
- An identification of fair housing goals and actions.

The AFFH rule was originally a federal requirement applicable to entitlement jurisdictions (with population over 50,000) or participating jurisdictions (population under 50,000) through a county program to receive HUD Community Planning and Development (CPD) funds from HUD. Before the 2016 federal rule was repealed in 2019, jurisdictions receiving CPD funds were required to prepare an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) or Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI). AB 686 states that jurisdictions can incorporate findings from either report into the Housing Element.

This analysis relies on the following data sources: California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) 2021 Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) Data Viewer, 2018 Los Angeles County Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (2020 Al), U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) 2021 AFFH Data, 2015-2019 American Community Survey (ACS) (5-Year Estimates), and HUD Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) Data based on the 2013-2017 ACS, among others.

For the purpose of HUD CPD funds (CDBG, HOME, and ESG)<sup>21</sup>, the Los Angeles County Development Authority (LACDA) functions as the lead agency to receive these funds on behalf of 48 small cities (with population less than 50,000), including Culver City, and the unincorporated County areas. Collectively, this geography is known as the Urban County. Much of the data provided by HUD for AFFH analysis is based on this collective Urban County geography.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Community Development Block Grants (CDBG); HOME investment Partnership (HOME); and Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG).

# II. ASSESSMENT OF FAIR HOUSING ISSUES

### 1. FAIR HOUSING ENFORCEMENT AND OUTREACH

The Los Angeles County CDBG Urban County program contracts with the Housing Rights Center (HRC) for fair housing services. HRC contract does not include providing fair housing records for individual jurisdictions participating in the Urban County program.

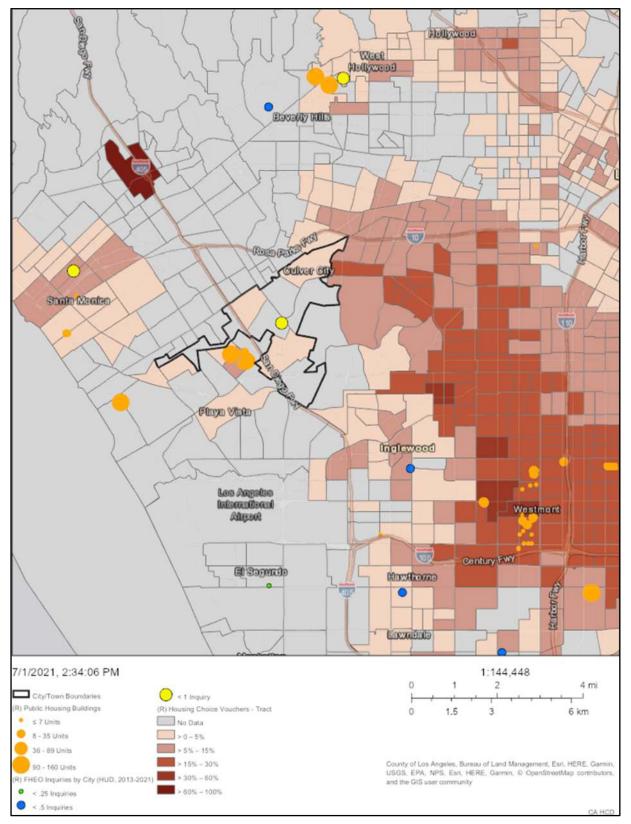
In FY 2019-2020, HRC received 2,038 calls for general housing inquiries and 356 calls related to fair housing inquiries. Among the 356 inquires, fair housing issues relating to disabilities (physical and mental) represented the majority (82%) of the protected classifications. Trailing distantly behind was source of income at 5% of the inquiries.

During FY 2019-2020, 83 housing discrimination cases were opened, the majority were reconciled or withdrawn. Two cases were referred to litigation and three cases were referred to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH). Among the 83 cases opened, physical disability (47%), mental disability (22%), and source of income (19%) represented the majority of the protected classes.

Annually, HRC conducts outreach and education throughout the Los Angeles Urban County. Typical activities include Public Service Announcements/media/advertisements; community presentations; literature distribution; and management trainings.

For federally funded Urban County programs, the County has committed to complying with the Fair Housing Act, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601 et seq., by ensuring that housing is available to all persons without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status (having children under age 18), or sex. LACDA prohibits discrimination in any aspect of housing on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, or sex. Furthermore, HRC under contract with LACDA, monitors fair housing compliance for both state and federal fair housing laws.

Figure E-1 shows public housing buildings, HUD Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity inquiries (FHEO), and housing choice vouchers (HCV) for Culver City and the surrounding areas. There are no public housing buildings in Culver City. Between January 2013 and March 2021, HUD received 26 FHEO inquiries from Culver City residents; four related to disability, one related to race, three related to familial status, two related to sex, and 16 general inquiries. Less than 5% of renters in three Culver City tracts are receiving Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs). To protect the confidentiality of those receiving HCV Program assistance, tracts containing 10 or fewer voucher holders have been omitted from this data set.



### FIGURE E-1: PUBLIC HOUSING BUILDING, FHEO INQUIRIES, AND HCVS

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD 2020 Public Housing Program data, HUD FHEO 2013-2021 data, HUD 2020 HCV data), 2021.

### 2. INTEGRATION AND SEGREGATION

### RACE AND ETHNICITY

HUD tracks racial or ethnic dissimilarity<sup>22</sup> trends for Urban County programs. Dissimilarity indices show the extent of distribution between two groups, in this case racial/ethnic groups, across census tracts. The following shows how HUD views various levels of the index:

- <40: Low Segregation
- 40-54: Moderate Segregation
- •\_\_\_\_>55: High Segregation

HUD only records AFFH data, including dissimilarity indices for jurisdictions receiving CDBG funds. Culver City is part of the County CDBG program, collectively known as the Urban County. Because the HUD index is not available for Culver City alone, dissimilarity indices for the City were calculated using 2000 Census, 2010 Census, and 2015-2019 ACS block group demographics estimates. This section also includes an analysis of racial/ethnic minority trends geographically and over time using the 2021 HCD AFFH Data Viewer and ACS estimates.

<u>Regional Trend. Dissimilarity</u> indices for the Los Angeles Urban County and Los Angeles County region from 1990 to 2020 are shown in Table E-1. Dissimilarity between non-White and White communities in the Los Angeles Urban County and throughout the Los Angeles County region has worsened since 1990. For both Los Angeles Urban County jurisdictions and the entire County, dissimilarity between Black and White communities has improved slightly, while dissimilarity between Hispanic/White and Asian or Pacific Islander/White communities has worsened. Based on HUD's index, segregation between Asian or Pacific Islander/White in the Los Angeles Urban County communities is moderate, while segregation between non-White/White, Black/White, and Hispanic/White Los Angeles Urban County communities is high.

Racial/Ethnic Group	1990	2000	2010	2020			
Los Angeles Urban County (Including Culver City)							
Non-White/White	53.33	53.62	53.85	55.87			
Black/White	68.29	63.51	60.24	64.21			
Hispanic/White	62.81	64.99	64.38	65.12			
Asian or Pacific Islander/White	41.58	48.57	49.62	52.79			
Los Angeles County							
Non-White/White	55.32	55.5	54.64	56.94			
Black/White	72.75	68.12	65.22	68.85			
Hispanic/White	60.12	62.44	62.15	63.49			
Asian or Pacific Islander/White	43.46	46.02	45.77	49.78			

### TABLE E-1: RACIAL/ETHNIC DISSIMILARITY TRENDS – URBAN COUNTY AND LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Source: HUD AFFH Data, 2020.

Ethnic and racial composition of a region is useful in analyzing housing demand and any related fair housing concerns, as it tends to demonstrate a relationship with other characteristics such as household size, locational preferences, and mobility. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, approximately 54% of the Culver City population belongs to a racial or ethnic minority group. (Table E-2). In comparison, racial/ethnic minorities make up 74% of the population countywide.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Index of dissimilarity is a demographic measure of the evenness with which two groups are distributed across a geographic area. It is the most commonly used and accepted method of measuring segregation.

<u>Culver City's racial/ethnic minority population is smaller than neighboring jurisdictions to the east and south including Hawthorne (89.7%, Inglewood, (95.5%), and the City of Los Angeles (71.5%) but larger than the northern adjacent cities of Beverly Hills (22.2%), Santa Monica (35.4%) and West Hollywood (24.6%).</u>

Jurisdiction	<u>White</u>	<u>Black</u>	<u>Amer.</u> Ind.	<u>Asian</u>	<u>Pac. Isldr.</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Two or</u> <u>More</u>	<u>Hispanic/L</u> <u>atino</u>
LA County	<u>26.2%</u>	7.8%	0.2%	14.4%	0.2%	0.3%	2.3%	<u>48.5%</u>
<u>Culver City</u>	45.8%	<u>8.7%</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	16.2%	<u>0.1%</u>	0.6%	4.8%	<u>23.7%</u>
Beverly Hills	<u>77.8%</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	0.2%	<u>9.1%</u>	<u>0.0%</u>	0.4%	4.7%	<u>5.9%</u>
<u>Hawthorn</u>	10.3%	<u>24.1%</u>	0.2%	7.5%	<u>0.3%</u>	0.5%	2.2%	<u>54.8%</u>
Inglewood	4.5%	<u>39.6%</u>	0.3%	2.0%	0.4%	0.4%	2.2%	<u>50.6%</u>
Los Angeles (city)	<u>28.5%</u>	<u>8.6%</u>	<u>0.2%</u>	<u>11.5%</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>0.4%</u>	<u>2.3%</u>	<u>48.5%</u>
Santa Monica	64.6%	4.4%	<u>0.1%</u>	9.8%	<u>0.1%</u>	0.6%	<u>5.0%</u>	15.4%
West Hollywood	<u>75.4%</u>	<u>3.6%</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>5.6%</u>	<u>0.3%</u>	<u>0.3%</u>	<u>4.5%</u>	<u>10.3%</u>

### TABLE E-246: RACIAL/ETHNIC COMPOSITION OF LA COUNTY, CULVER CITY AND NEIGHBORING CITIES

Source: 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

<u>Figure E-2</u> shows the racial/ethnic minority concentrations in the region. Central Los Angeles County areas have high concentrations of non-White populations. The San Fernando Valley is also composed of mainly of block groups with non-White majority populations. Coastal communities, including coastal South Bay cities through Malibu, tend to have smaller racial/ethnic minority populations. The areas around Beverly Hills and West Hollywood also have smaller concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities.

Local Trend. Dissimilarity indices for Culver City were calculated using 2000 Census, 2010 Census, and 2015-2019 ACS block group demographic estimates (Table E-3). The 2015-2019 ACS data indicates that Culver City is less segregated than the Urban County and Los Angeles County collectively. Since 2000, segregation between Black and White communities and Asian and White communities has worsened. Dissimilarity indices for Hispanic and White populations have gone down since the 2000 Census. Based on HUD's dissimilarity index thresholds, Black and White populations are moderately segregated while segregation between White populations and non-White, Asian, and Hispanic populations is low. Entropy indices for were also calculated for Culver City block groups.<sup>23</sup> The entropy index is a multigroup measurement of segregation and diversity ranging from 0 to 1. A score of less than 0.37 indicates low diversity and a score greater than 0.74 indicates high diversity.<sup>24</sup> Culver City has an entropy index score of 0.10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Monkkonen, Paavo. University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA), Culver City Entropy Indices, August 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Othering & Belonging Institute at UC Berkeley, The Roots of Structural Racism Project – Technical Appendix, 2021.

### TABLE E-3: RACIAL/ETHNIC DISSIMILARITY TRENDS – CULVER CITY

Racial/Ethnic Group	<u>2000*</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2019</u>
Non-White/White	22.65	17.24	<u>21.71</u>
Black or African American/White	<u>39.27</u>	46.96	44.64
<u>Asian/White</u>	<u>13.72</u>	14.64	<u>29.57</u>
Hispanic or Latino/White	<u>35.31</u>	26.80	<u>26.14</u>

Note: One block group (tract 7030.01, block group 3) contains some area that is not is not within the Culver City limits.

<u>\* 2000 Census block group data was not available for one tract (7030.01, block groups 1-3)) and one block group (tract 7025.02, block group 3).</u>

Source: Veronica Tam & Associates, 2021; 2000 Census, 2010 Census, 2015-2019 ACS block group demographic estimates; HCD AFFH Guidance for All public Entities and for Housing Elements, April 2021.

Table E-4 shows the change in racial/ethnic composition in Culver City using the 2006-2010 and 2015-2019 ACS. Overall, the racial/ethnic minority population has increased since from 52.8% in 2010 to 54.2% currently. The White and Black/African American populations have decreased slightly, while the population of Asian, Hispanic/Latino, and persons of two or more races has increased.

### TABLE E-4: CHANGE IN RACIAL/ETHNIC COMPOSITION (2010-2019)

Race/Ethnicity	20	<u>2010</u>		<u>)19</u>
White	<u>18,314</u>	<u>47.2%</u>	<u>17,937</u>	<u>45.8%</u>
Black or African American	4,043	<u>10.4%</u>	<u>3,403</u>	<u>8.7%</u>
American Indian and Alaska Native	<u>58</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>0.1%</u>
Asian	<u>5,680</u>	<u>14.6%</u>	<u>6,329</u>	<u>16.2%</u>
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	<u>12</u>	<u>0.0%</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>0.1%</u>
Some other race	<u>218</u>	<u>0.6%</u>	220	<u>0.6%</u>
Two or more races	1,384	<u>3.6%</u>	<u>1,897</u>	<u>4.8%</u>
Hispanic or Latino	<u>9,118</u>	<u>23.5%</u>	<u>9,291</u>	<u>23.7%</u>
Total	38,827	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>39,169</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Source: 2006-2010 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

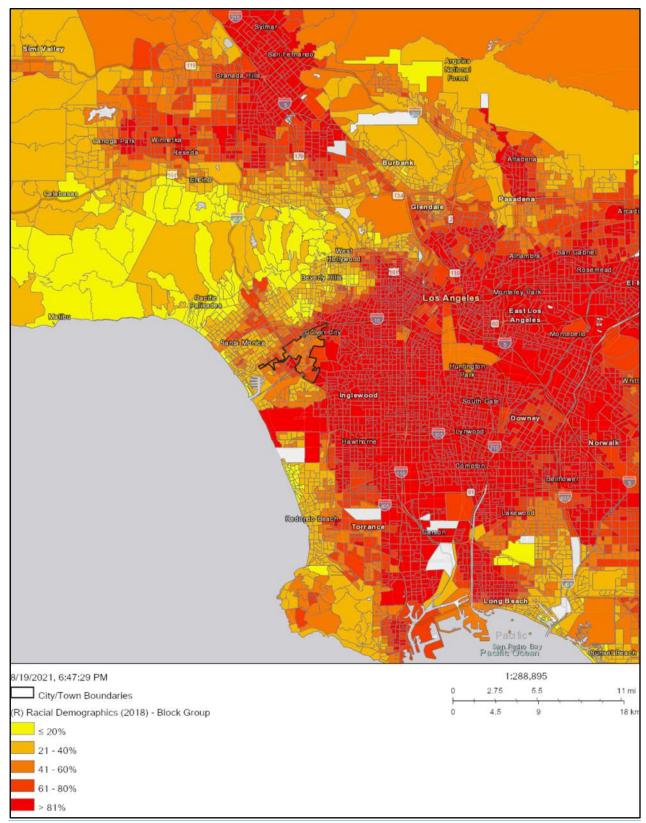
<u>Figure E-3 and Figure E-2</u> compare the racial/ethnic minority population in Culver City between 2010 and 2018. The racial/ethnic minority population in most block groups has increased since 2010. Block groups with the highest percent of racial/ethnic minorities (between 60 and 80%) are located along the western and northeastern City boundaries, and in block groups in the southern section of the City. Racial/ethnic minorities make up between 40 and 60% in a majority of the City.

Sites Inventory. Figure E-42(B) also shows the sites inventory used to meet the City's 2021-2029 Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA). RHNA sites are generally evenly distributed throughout Culver City. However, a larger proportion of lower income RHNA units are in block groups with higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities compared to moderate and above moderate income units (Table E-52Table E-5). Most very low and low income RHNA units are in block groups where 61% and 80% of the population. Approximately <u>6871.9</u>% of moderate income units and <u>70.984.1</u>% of above moderate income units are located in 41% to 60% racially/ethnically minority concentrated block groups. The majority (615.5%) of all RHNA units are in block groups where 41-60% of the population belongs to a racial or ethnic minority group, while 35.11.9% of all RHNA units are in block groups where 61-80% of the population belongs to a racial/ethnic minority group.

# TABLE E-52: BREAKDOWN DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY CONCENTRATION OF RHNA UNITS BY RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY

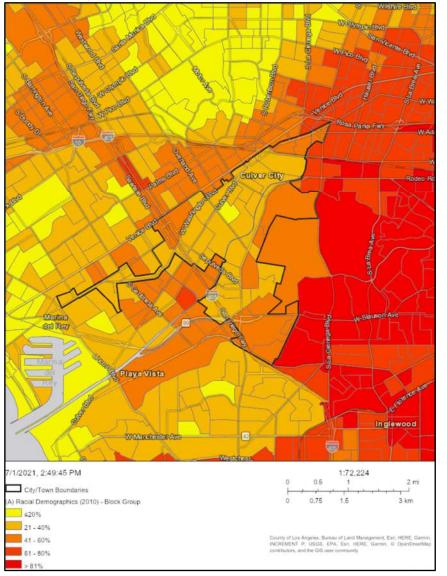
Racial/Ethnic Minority Concentration (Block Group)	Very Low Incom <del>e Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	Above Moderate Income <del>Units</del>	All RHNA Units
21-40%	0.0%	0.0%	<u>5.6%</u> 3.3%	<u>6.5%</u> 4.0%	<u>3.9%</u> 2.6%
41-60%	<u>46.5%</u> 33.9%	<u>46.2%</u> 33.5%	<u>68.0%</u> 71.9%	<u>70.9%</u> 84.1 %	<u>61.0%</u> 65.5%
61-80%	<u>53.5%</u> 66.1%	<u>53.8%</u> 66.5%	<u>26.4%</u> 24.8%	<u>22.7%</u> <del>11.9</del> %	<u>35.1%</u> 31.9%
Total	<u>1,679</u> 1,100	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u> <del>3,156</del>	<u>9,111</u> 7,319

Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.



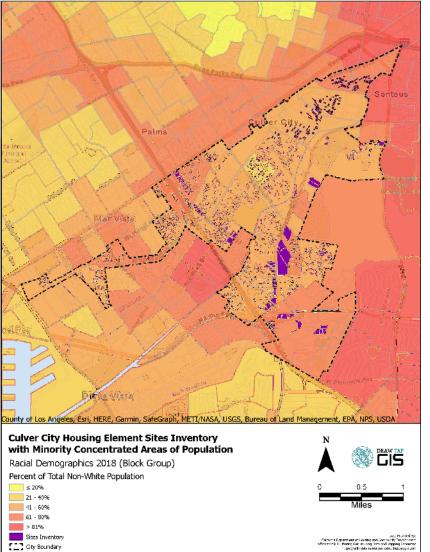
#### FIGURE E-2: REGIONAL RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY CONCENTRATIONS

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (Esri 2010, 2018), 2021.



#### FIGURE E-<u>3</u>2: (A) RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY CONCENTRATIONS (2010)

#### (B) RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY CONCENTRATIONS AND SITES INVENTORY (2018) FIGURE E-4: MINORITY CONCENTRATIONS AND RHNA SITES (2018)



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (Esri 2010, 2018), 2021.

### DISABILITY

Persons with disabilities have special housing needs because of their fixed income, the lack of accessible and affordable housing, and the higher health costs associated with their disability.

<u>Regional Trend.</u> According to the 2015-2019 ACS, approximately 9.3% of Culver City residents experience a disability, compared to 9.9% countywide. <u>The neighboring cities of Beverly Hills (8.7%)</u>, Hawthorne (9.6%), and Santa Monica (9.4%) have populations of persons with disabilities below the County average, while Inglewood (12.5%), the City of Los Angeles (10.1%), and West Hollywood all have larger populations of persons experiencing disabilities.

As shown in Figure E-5, tracts in Culver City are generally consistent with the concentrations of persons with disabilities in the region. Tracts with populations of persons with disabilities exceeding 20% are in the central Los Angeles County areas, Santa Monica (Sawtelle Veterans Affairs (VA) Center), San Fernando Valley, and San Gabriel Valley areas.

Local Trend. Since the 2008-2012 ACS, the disabled population in Culver City and the county has increased from 8% and 9.3%, respectively. The most common disability types in Culver City are independent living difficulties and ambulatory difficulties. Approximately 5.8% of the Culver City population has an independent living difficulty and 4.8% has an ambulatory difficulty. Disabilities are most common amongst elderly residents; 12.4% of the population 65 years and older and 19.6% of the population 75 years and older experience a disability. Despite the smaller proportion of persons with disabilities in Culver City has a larger population of seniors aged 65 or older (16.5%) compared to Los Angeles County as a whole (13.3%).

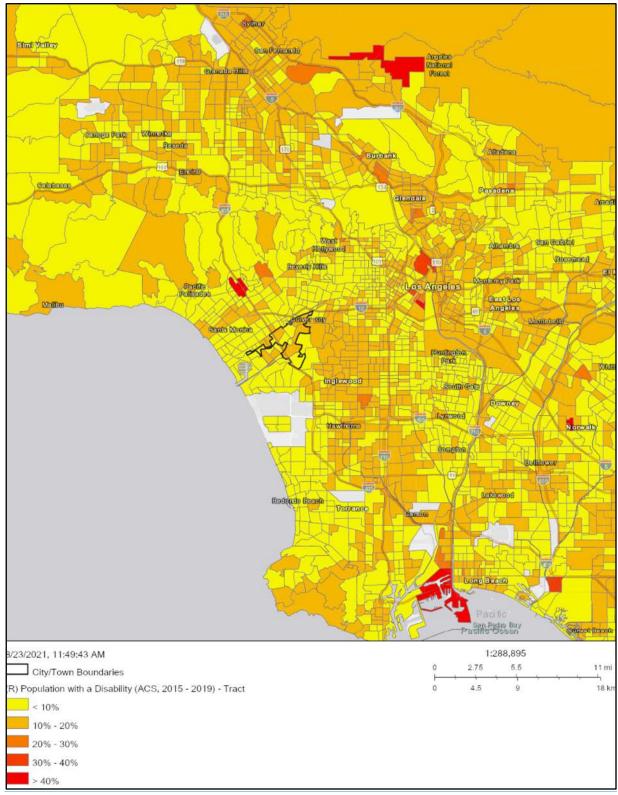
<u>Figure E-6 and Figure E-7</u> Figure E-3 compares the disability population over time using the 2010-2014 and 2015-2019 ACS. The concentration of persons with disabilities has increased in tracts in the northeastern and southern sections of the City. In three tracts, the 10 to 20% of the population are persons with disabilities. In the remainder of the City, less than 10% of the population experiences a disability. Tracts with larger populations of persons with disabilities are not generally concentrated in one area of Culver City.

<u>Sites Inventory. Figure E-7</u> Figure E-3(B) also shows the distribution of RHNA sites along with the current disability concentration by census tract. Some of the larger sites used to meet the City's 2021-2029 RHNA are in tracts in the southern areas of the City, where the persons with disabilities make up more than 10% of the total tract population. As presented in <u>Table E-63Table E-6</u>, approximately 37.56% of all RHNA units are in tracts where less than 10% of the population experiences a disability, and 62.54% of units are in tracts where 10-20% of the population experiences a disability. In general, a slightly larger proportion of lower income RHNA units are in tracts with a larger population of persons with disabilities. Approximately 685.5% of very low income units and 68.55.6% of low income units are in tracts with a disabled population exceeding 10%, compared to 60.92.1% of moderate income units, and 5860.5% of above moderate income units.

### TABLE E-63: BREAKDOWN OF DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY DISABLED POPULATION OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

Disabled Population (Tract)	Very Low Income <del>-Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Income <del>-Units</del>	Above Moderate Income <del>-Units</del>	All RHNA Units
<10%	<u>31.9%</u> 34.5%	<u>31.5%</u> 34.4%	<u>39.1%</u> 37.9%	<u>42.0%</u> 39.5%	<u>37.5%</u> 37.6 %
10-20%	<u>68.1%</u> 65.5%	<u>68.5%</u> 65.6%	<u>60.9%</u> 62.1%	<u>58.0%</u> 60.5%	<u>62.5%</u> 62.4 %
Total	<u>1,6791,100</u>	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u> <del>7,319</del>

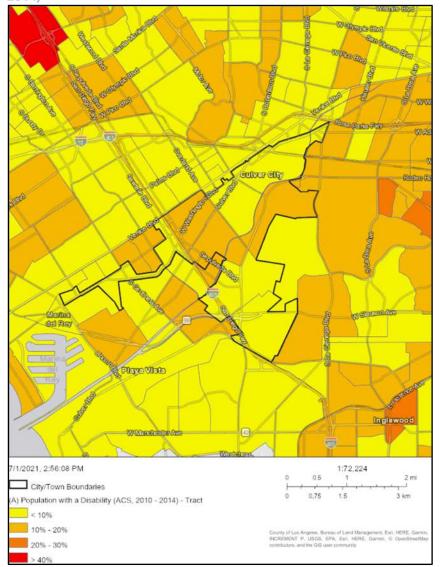
Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.



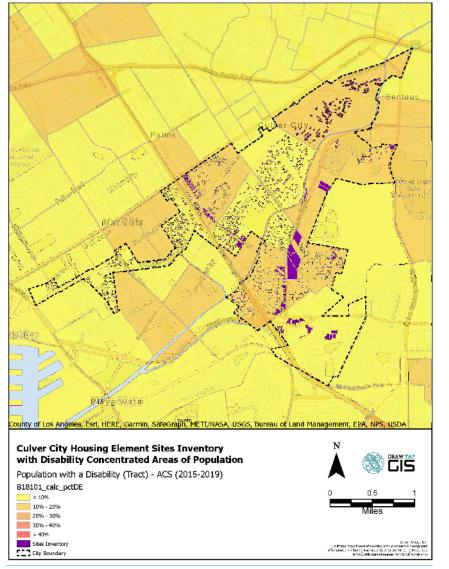
#### FIGURE E-5: REGIONAL CONCENTRATION OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES



FIGURE E-6: (A)-CONCENTRATION OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (2010-2014)



# FIGURE E-7: PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND RHNA SITES (2019)



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

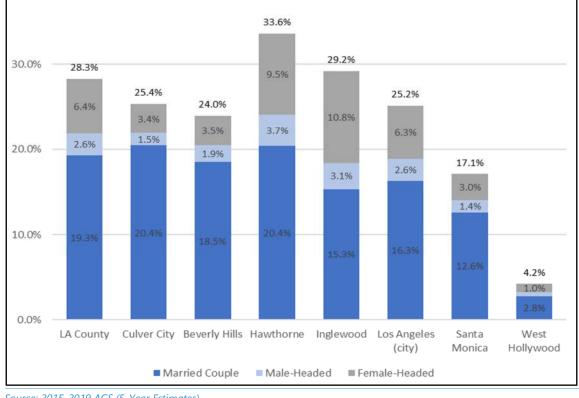
Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2010-2014 ACS), 2021.

## FAMILIAL STATUS

Familial status refers to the presence of children under the age of 18, whether the child is biologically related to the head of household, and the martial status of the head of households. Families with children may face housing discrimination by landlords who fear that children will cause property damage. Some landlords may have cultural biases against children of the opposite sex sharing a bedroom. Differential treatments such as limiting the number of children in a complex or confining children to a specific location are also fair housing concerns. Single-parent households are also protected by fair housing law.

<u>Regional Trend.</u> Approximately <u>25.4</u><del>26.6</del>% of Culver City households have one or more child under the age of 18 are households with children (Figure E-8). The City's share of households with children is smaller than the county (<u>28.3</u><del>33</del>%) and the neighboring cities of <u>Hawthorne (33.6%)</u>, and Inglewood (<u>29.2</u><del>35.1</del>%), and <u>but larger than the City of Los</u> Angeles (<u>29.3%</u>), but larger than Beverly Hills (<u>24</u><del>25.1</del>%), the City of Los Angeles (<u>25.2%</u>), but is larger than Santa Monica (17.1<u>8</u>%) and West Hollywood (4.2<u>3</u>%). Figure E-8 shows the distribution of households with children in Los Angeles County, Culver City, and neighboring jurisdictions. Hawthorne and Inglewood have the highest share of single-parent households. Culver City, Beverly Hills, Santa Monica, and West Hollywood have significantly smaller shares of single-parent households compared to 9% countywide.

Figure E-9 and Figure E-10 show the regional concentration of children living in married couple and single-parent female-headed households. Tracts where more than 40% of children live in female-headed households are concentrated in the central County areas around Inglewood and the City of Los Angeles, Long Beach, and in a few tracts in the San Fernando Valley and San Gabriel Valley areas. In most tracts, more than 60% of children live in married couple households.



### FIGURE E-8: HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN – LA COUNTY, CULVER CITY, AND NEIGHBORING CITIES

Source: 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

Local Trend. As discussed above, 25.4% of Culver City households are households with children, including 20.4% married couple households, 1.5% single male-headed households, and 3.4% single female-headed households. As shown in Table E-7, the City's share of households with children has remained constant since the 2006-2010 ACS. The proportion of married couple families with children has increased slightly, while the proportion of single-parent households are also protected by fair housing law. Only 4.9% of households in the City are single-parent households compared to only 9% countywide. Female-headed households with children require special consideration and assistance because of their greater need for affordable housing and accessible day care, health care, and other supportive services. Approximately 3.4% of households in Culver City are single female-headed households with children, fewer compared to the county (6.4%).

Hannah ald Tura	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2019</u>		
<u>Household Type</u>	<u>Households</u>	Percent	<u>Households</u>	Percent	
With Children	4,266	<u>25.3%</u>	4,258	25.4%	
Married Couple	3,216	<u>19.1%</u>	3,433	20.4%	
Male Headed	328	<u>1.9%</u>	248	1.5%	
Female Headed	722	4.3%	577	3.4%	
<u>Total HHs</u>	16,870	100.0%	16,796	100.0%	

# TABLE E-7: CHANGE IN HOUSEHOLD TYPE COMPOSITION (2010-2019)

Source: 2006-2010 & 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

As shown in <u>Figure E-11</u>Figure E-4, over 60% of children in all Culver City tracts live in married couple households. In the northern and southern areas of the City, over 80% of children live in married couple households. <u>Figure E-12</u>Figure <u>E-5</u> shows the percentage of Children in female-headed households. In two tracts, 20-40% of children live in female-headed households. Fewer than 20% of children in the remainder of the City live in female-headed households.

Sites Inventory. Figure E-11 and Figure E-125Figure E-12 also show the sites inventory used to meet the City's 2021-2019 RHNA. As discussed above, Culver City is partially comprised of tracts where 60-80% of children live in married couple households and tracts where over 80% of children live in married couple households. Approximately 525.5% of all RHNA units are in tracts where 60-80% of children live in married couple households, and 48.54.5% of units are in tracts where over 80% of children live in married couple households, and 48.54.5% of units are in tracts where over 80% of children live in married couple households. Approximately 52.5.5% of lower income units are in tracts with a higher concentration of children in married couple households. Approximately 62.658.5% of very low income units and 64.20.6% of low income units are in tracts where over 80% of children are in married couple households, compared to only 44.6% of moderate income units and 37.3.8% of above moderate income units (85.86.4%) are in tracts where fewer than 20% of children live in single-parent female-headed households. A larger proportion of children live in single-parent female-headed households. A larger proportion of children live in single-parent female-headed households. A larger proportion of children live in single-parent female-headed households. A larger proportion of children female-headed households.

# TABLE E-84: BREAKDOWN DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY PERCENT OF CHILDREN IN MARRIED COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS

Percent of Children in Married Couple Households (Tract)	Very Low Incom <del>e Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	Above Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	All RHNA Units
60-80%	<u>37.4%</u> 41.5%	<u>35.8%</u> 39.4%	<u>56.0%</u> 55.4%	<u>63.0%</u> 66.2%	<u>51.5%</u> 55.5%
>80%	<u>62.6%</u> 58.5%	<u>64.2%</u> 60.6%	<u>44.0%</u> 44.6%	<u>37.0%</u> 33.8%	<u>48.5%</u> 44.5%
Total	<u>1,679</u> 1,100	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u> -7,319

Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.

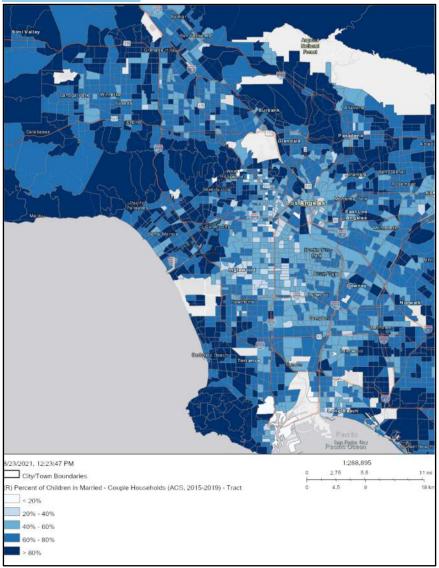
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### TABLE E-95: BREAKDOWN DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY PERCENT OF CHILDREN IN FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS

Percent of Children in Female-Headed Households _(Tract)	Very Low Income <del>Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	Above Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	All RHNA Units
<20%	<u>97.6%</u> 96.4%	<u>98.9%</u> 98.2%	<u>85.8%</u> 86.4%	<u>80.0%</u> 76.9%	<u>88.1%</u> 85.6%
20-40%	<u>2.4%</u> 3.6%	<u>1.1%</u> 1.8%	<u>14.2%</u> <del>13.6%</del>	<u>20.0%</u> 23.1%	<u>11.9%</u> 14.4%
Total	<u>1,679</u> 1,100	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u> 7,319

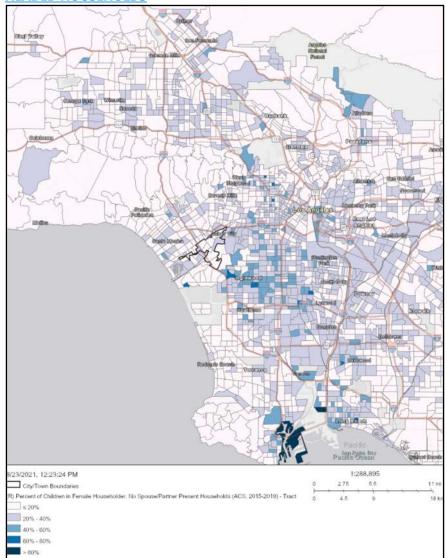
Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.

### FIGURE E-9: REGIONAL CONCENTRATION OF CHILDREN IN MARRIED COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS





#### FIGURE E-10: REGIONAL CONCENTRATION OF CHILDREN IN FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

E-17

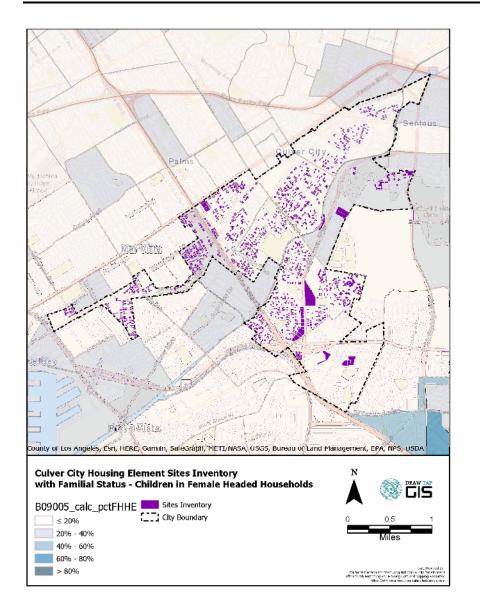
FIGURE E-11: <u>CONCENTRATION OF</u> CHILDREN IN MARRIED COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS AND RHNA <u>SITES</u> (2015-2019)

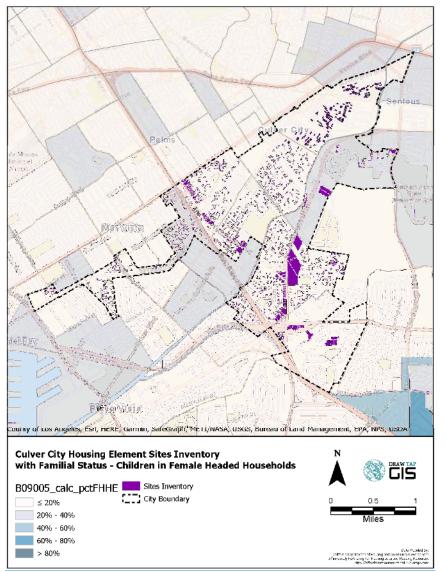
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FIGURE E-<u>12</u>5: <u>CONCENTRATION OF PERCENT OF</u> CHILDREN IN FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS AND <u>SITES INVENTORY RHNA SITES</u> (2015-2019)





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

# ΙΝΟΜΕ

Identifying low- or moderate-income (LMI) geographies and individuals is important to overcome patterns of segregation. <u>HUD defines a LMI area as a census tract or block group where over 51% of the population is LMI.</u>

<u>Regional Trend.</u> HUD's 2013-2017 CHAS data (<u>Table E-106</u><u>Table E-10</u>) shows that 32.4% of Culver City households earn 80 percent or less than the county area median income (AMI) and are considered lower income, a smaller share than the county (51.6%). According to the 2015-2019 ACS, the median household income in Culver City is \$95,044, higher than \$68,044 in the County and the adjacent jurisdictions of Hawthorne (\$54,215), Inglewood (\$54,400), the City of Los Angeles (\$62,142) and West Hollywood (\$74,044), but lower than Beverly Hills (\$106,936) and Santa Monica (\$96,570).

### TABLE E-106: INCOME DISTRIBUTION IN CULVER CITY AND LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Income Category	Culve	er City	Los Angeles County		
	Households	Percent	Households	Percent	
<30% AMI	1,940	11.7%	641,055	19.5%	
31-50% AMI	1,375	8.3%	482,070	14.6%	
51-80% AMI	2,040	12.3%	578,285	17.5%	
81-100% AMI	1,575	9.5%	312,595	9.5%	
>100% AMI	9,615	58.1%	1,281,195	38.9%	
Total	16,545	100.0%	3,295,200	100.0%	

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on the 2013-2017 ACS, 2020.

Figure E-13 shows concentrations of Lower and Moderate Income (LMI) concentrations by tract regionally. Tracts with high concentrations of LMI households exceeding 50% of the population are located in the central Los Angeles County areas, and parts of the San Gabriel Valley and San Fernando Valley. Generally, coastal areas, the South Bay cities of Palos Verdes Estates and Rolling Hills through Malibu, have fewer LMI households.

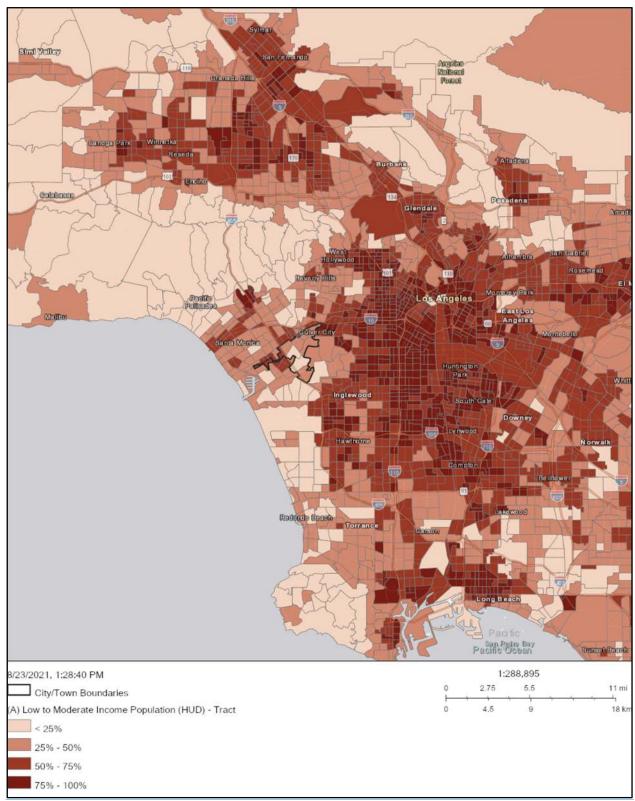
Local Trend. As discussed previously, less than a third of the Culver City population is considered low income. Figure E-14 Figure E-6 shows the Lower and Moderate Income (LMI) areas in the City by <u>census tractblock group</u>. HUD defines a LMI area as a census tract or block group where over 51 percent of the population is LMI. There are no block groups in Culver City with LMI populations exceeding 75%. The western side of the City has higher concentrations of LMI households making up 50 to 75% of the population. There is a total of five block groups in the City with LMI populations exceeding 50%. Most of the City is made up of block groups where the LMI population is less than 50%.

<u>Sites Inventory. Figure E-6Figure E-14</u> also shows the sites used to meet the City's RHNA. As discussed previously, sites are generally evenly distributed throughout the City. <u>Table E-117Table E-11</u> shows that <u>39.442.8</u>% of all RHNA units are in block groups where fewer than 25% of households are LMI, 45.72.5% of units are in block groups where 25-50% of households are LMI, and 14.87% of units are in block groups where 50-75% of households are LMI. Approximately 401.9% of moderate income units and <u>4853.8</u>% of above moderate income units are located in block groups where less than 25% of the population is LMI, compared to only <u>3129.8</u>% of very low income units and <u>29.327.8</u>% of low income units.

### TABLE E-117: BREAKDOWN OF RHNA UNITS BY LMI POPULATION

LMI Population (Block Group)	Very Low Income <del> Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	Above Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	All RHNA Units
<25%	<u>31.0%</u> 29.8%	<u>29.3%</u> 27.8%	<u>40.6%</u> 40.9%	<u>47.6%</u> 53.8%	<u>39.4%</u> 42.8%
25-50%	<u>43.7%</u> 43.5%	<u>43.9%</u> 43.6%	<u>44.1%</u> 42.7%	<u>48.4%</u> 41.6%	<u>45.7%</u> 42.5%
50-75%	<u>25.3%</u> 26.6%	<u>26.8%</u> 28.6%	<u>15.3%</u> <del>16.3%</del>	<u>4.0%</u> 4.6%	<u>14.8%</u> <del>14.7%</del>
Total	<u>1,679</u> 1,100	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u> -7,319

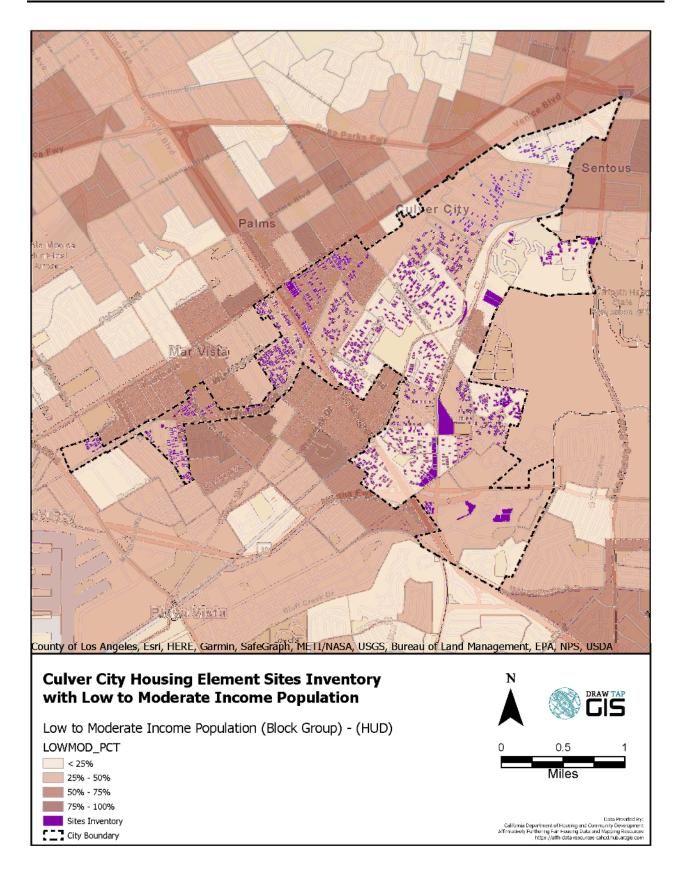
Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.

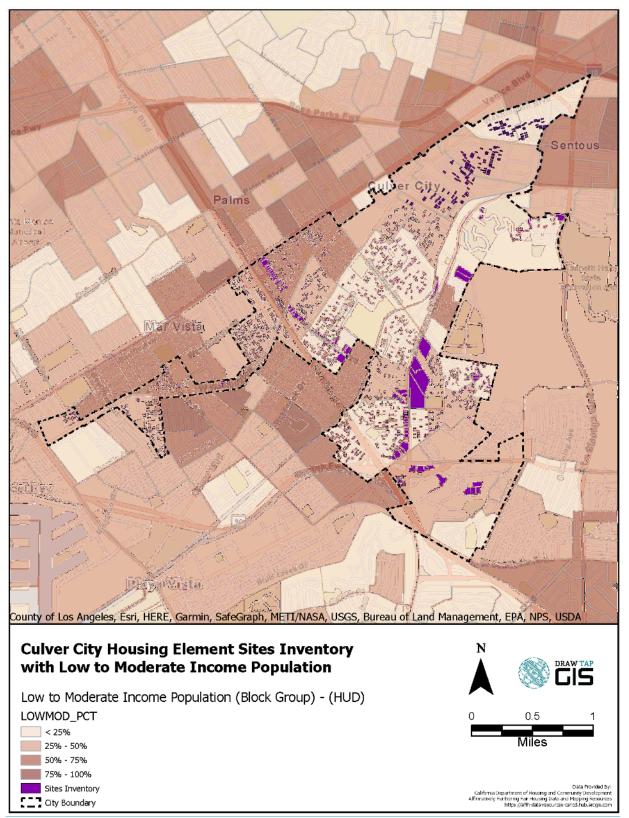


### FIGURE E-13: REGIONAL CONCENTRATION OF LMI HOUSEHOLDS

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2011-2015 ACS), 2021.

FIGURE E-146: CONCENTRATION OF LMI HOUSEHOLDS





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2011-2015 ACS), 2021.

# 3. RACIALLY OR ETHNICALLY CONCENTRATED AREAS OF POVERTY

# RACIALLY/ETHNICALLY CONCENTRATED AREAS OF POVERTY (R/ECAPS)

In an effort to identify racially/ethnically concentrated areas of poverty (R/ECAPs), HUD has identified census tracts with a majority non-White population (greater than 50%) with a poverty rate that exceeds 40% or is three times the average tract poverty rate for the metro/micro area, whichever threshold is lower. The California Fair Housing Task Force, made up of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (TCAC) and HCD, created Opportunity Maps to identify opportunity characteristics for California jurisdictions. The TCAC Opportunity Maps identify areas of high segregation and poverty. TCAC Opportunity Maps area discussed in detail in Section 4, Access to Opportunities, of this Fair Housing Assessment.

According to HUD's 2020 R/ECAP mapping tool based on the 2009-2013 ACS, there are no R/ECAPs in Culver City. There are also no areas of high segregation and poverty identified in the city. A regional view of R/ECAPs, <u>TCAC</u> designated areas of high segregation and poverty, and poverty status by tract -in Los Angeles County are is shown in Figure E-157Figure E-15. R/ECAPs, areas of high segregation and poverty, and poverty, and tracts with higher concentrations of persons under the poverty level are most concentrated in the central county areas. R/ECAPs and areas of high segregation and poverty closest to Culver City are in the City of Los Angeles, east and southwest of Culver City. There are no tracts in the city where the population of persons below the poverty level exceeds 20%. In all but three Culver City tracts, less than 10% of the population is below the poverty level. There are also no Fair Housing Task Force identified areas of high segregation and poverty in the City. The Fair Housing Task Force Opportunity maps are further described in Section 4, Access to Opportunities, of this analysis.

Table E-12 shows poverty status by race, ethnicity, and disability status. Culver City has a significantly smaller population of persons below the poverty level than the County. In the city, 13% of persons of a different race not listed, 9.8% of the Hispanic/Latino population, and 6.8% of the Asian population is below the poverty level compared to only 6.1% of the population citywide.

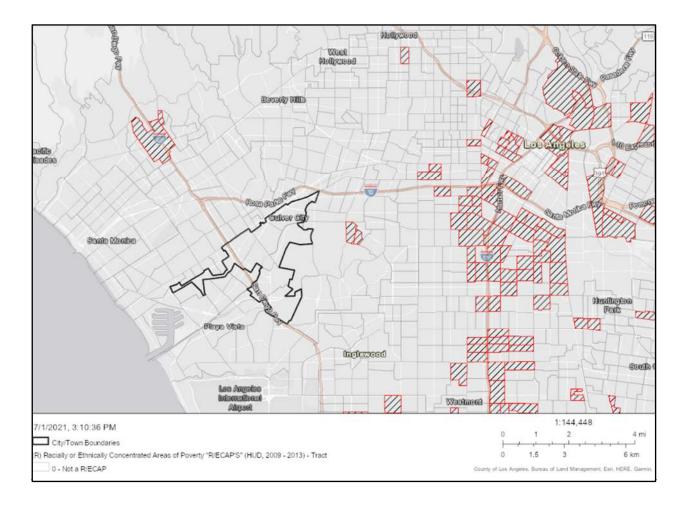
	<u>Culver City</u>		Los Ange	eles County
	<u>Total</u> Population	<u>% Below</u> Poverty Level	<u>Total</u> Population	<u>% Below Poverty</u> Level
Black/African American	3,360	2.9%	799,551	20.8%
American Indian/Alaska Native	123	0.0%	71,877	18.1%
Asian	6,369	<u>6.8%</u>	1,449,582	<u>11.1%</u>
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	43	<u>0.0%</u>	27,126	<u>11.5%</u>
Some other race	2,460	<u>13.0%</u>	2,097,544	<u>19.2%</u>
Two or more races	2,653	<u>4.5%</u>	393,536	<u>11.7%</u>
Hispanic/Latino	9,212	<u>9.8%</u>	4,835,446	<u>18.1%</u>
White alone, not Hispanic	17,833	<u>4.6%</u>	2,593,271	<u>9.6%</u>
<u>With a disability</u>			936,003	<u>21.2%</u>
<u>Total</u>	38,868	<u>6.1%</u>	9,928,773	<u>14.9%</u>

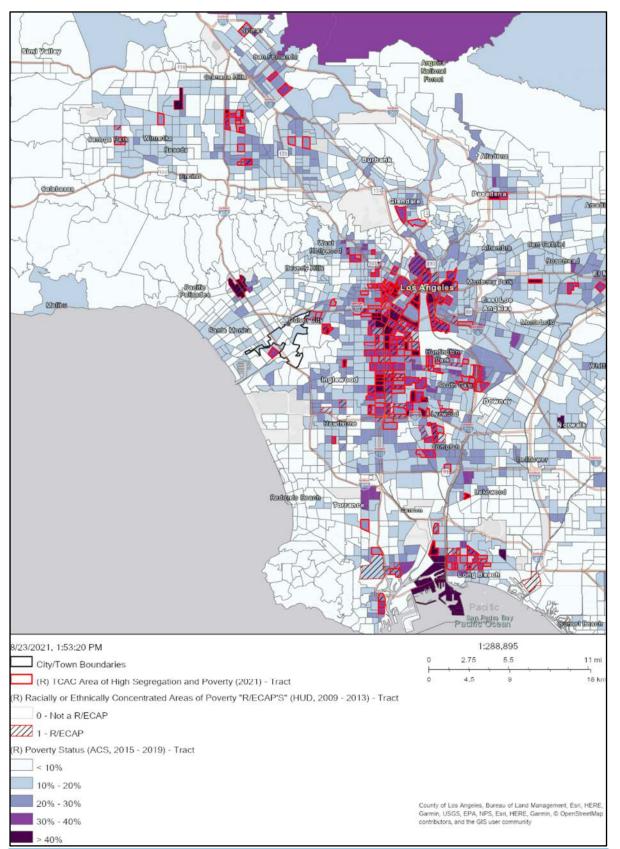
## TABLE E-12: POVERTY STATUS BY RACE/ETHNICITY AND DISABILITY STATUS

<u>-- = Data not available.</u>

Source: 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimate).

FIGURE E-157: R/ECAPSS, TCAC AREAS OF HIGH SEGREGATION AND POVERTY, AND POVERTY STATUS





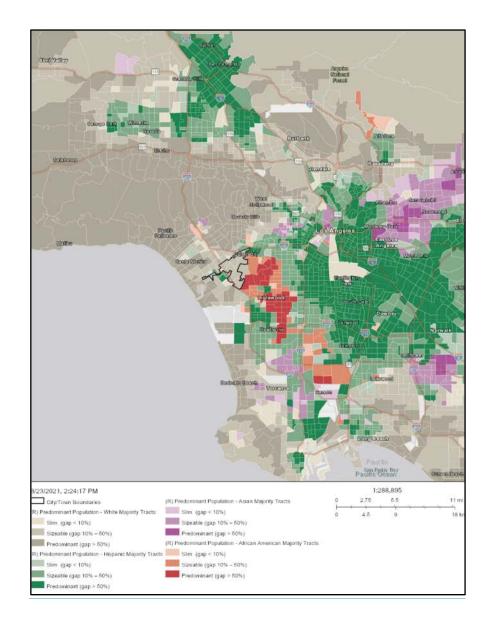
Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2009-2013; 2021 TCAC Opportunity Maps; 2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

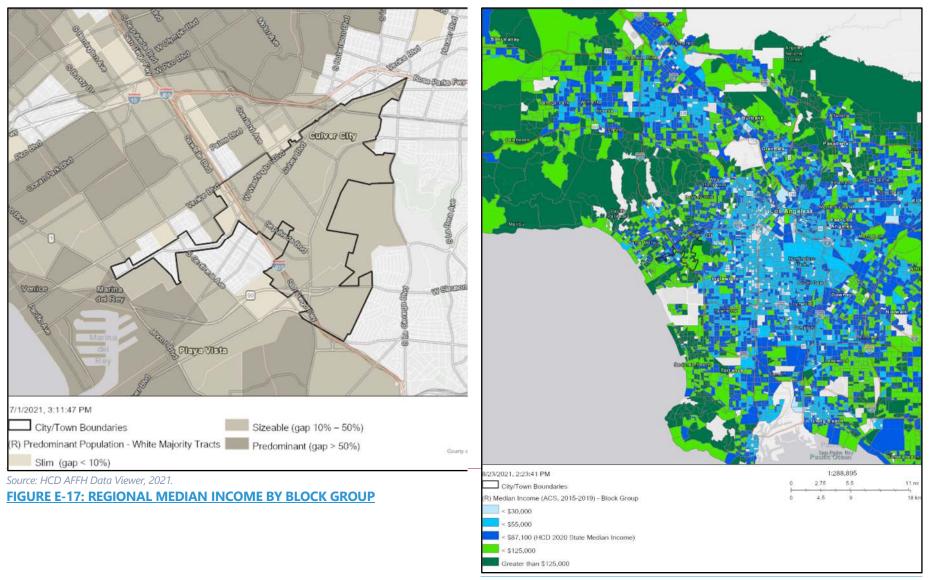
### RACIALLY/ETHNICALLY CONCENTRATED AREAS OF AFFLUENCE (RCAAS)

While racially concentrated areas of poverty and segregation (R/ECAPs) have long been the focus of fair housing policies, racially concentrated areas of affluence (RCAAs) must also be analyzed to ensure housing is integrated, a key to fair housing choice. A HUD Policy Paper defines racially concentrated areas of affluence as affluent, White communities. According to this report, Whites are the most racially segregated group in the United States and "in the same way neighborhood disadvantage is associated with concentrated poverty and high concentrations of people of color, conversely, distinct advantages are associated with residence in affluent, White communities." Based on their research, HCD defines RCAAs as census tracts where 1) 80% or more of the population is white, and 2) the median household income is \$125,000 or greater (slightly more than double the national median household income in 2016).

Figure E-16 shows racial/ethnic predominant populations and Figure E-17 shows median income by block group for the region. Central Los Angeles County areas comprised of mostly Hispanic majority tracts. The City of Inglewood and the surrounding areas have predominantly African American populations, parts of the San Gabriel Valley have Asian and Hispanic predominant populations, and several jurisdictions in the San Fernando Valley have Hispanic predominant populations. Many of these areas also have lower median incomes. In comparison, the coastal areas, from the South Bay to Malibu, the westside cities, Beverly Hills and the Pacific Palisades neighborhood, and parts of Burbank, Glendale, and Pasadena are comprised of tracts with White predominant populations. A majority of block groups in these areas also have median incomes exceeding the 2020 HCD median income of \$87,100.

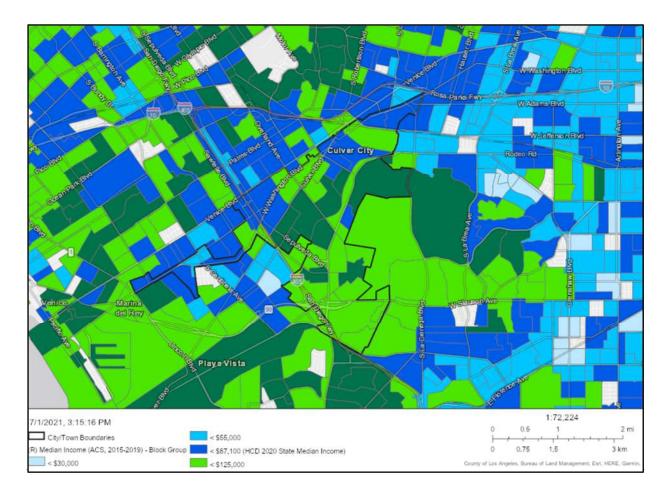
Figure E-18Figure E-8 shows racial/ethnic minority populations and median incomes by block group in Culver City. predominantly White populations by census tract and Figure E-9 shows median income by block group. Several block groups in the City have median incomes over \$125,000. Block groups along the northwestern City boundary have median incomes below \$125,000, many below the State average of \$87,100. Most tracts in Culver City are White predominant; however, as shown in Figure E-2 above, there are no block groups in the City where racial/ethnic minorities make up less than 20% of the population. Therefore, there are no areas in the City that are considered RCAAs. FIGURE E-<u>16</u>8: WHITE-PREDOMINANT CENSUS TRACTSRACIAL/ETHNIC POPULATIONS

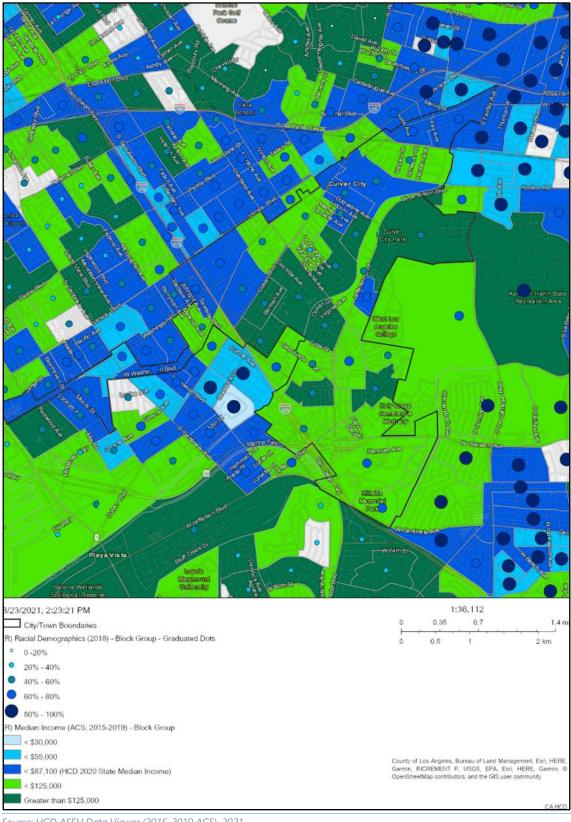




Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

FIGURE E-18: RACIAL/ETHNIC MINORITY POPULATIONS AND MEDIAN INCOME BY BLOCK GROUP





# 4. ACCESS TO OPPORTUNITIES

HUD developed an index for assessing fair housing by informing communities about disparities in access to opportunity based on race/ethnicity and poverty status. <u>Table E-148Table E-14</u> shows index scores for the following opportunity indicator indices (values range from 0 to 100):

- Low Poverty Index: The labor market engagement index provides a summary description of the relative intensity of labor market engagement and human capital in a neighborhood. This is based upon the level of employment, labor force participation, and educational attainment in a census tract. The higher the score, the less exposure to poverty in a neighborhood.
- School Proficiency Index: The school proficiency index uses school-level data on the performance of 4th grade students on state exams to describe which neighborhoods have high-performing elementary schools nearby and which are near lower performing elementary schools. The higher the score, the higher the school system quality is in a neighborhood.
- Labor Market Engagement Index: The labor market engagement index provides a summary description of the relative intensity of labor market engagement and human capital in a neighborhood. This is based upon the level of employment, labor force participation, and educational attainment in a census tract. The higher the score, the higher the labor force participation and human capital in a neighborhood.
- **Transit Trips Index:** This index is based on estimates of transit trips taken by a family that meets the following description: a 3-person single-parent family with income at 50 percent of the median income for renters for the region (i.e. the Core-Based Statistical Area (CBSA)). The higher the trips transit index, the more likely residents in that neighborhood utilize public transit.
- Low Transportation Cost Index: This index is based on estimates of transportation costs for a family that meets the following description: a 3-person single-parent family with income at 50 percent of the median income for renters for the region/CBSA. The higher the index, the lower the cost of transportation in that neighborhood.
- Jobs Proximity Index: The jobs proximity index quantifies the accessibility of a given residential neighborhood as a function of its distance to all job locations within a region/CBSA, with larger employment centers weighted more heavily. The higher the index value, the better access to employment opportunities for residents in a neighborhood.
- **Environmental Health Index:** The environmental health index summarizes potential exposure to harmful toxins at a neighborhood level. The higher the index value, the less exposure to toxins harmful to human health. The higher the value, the better environmental quality of a neighborhood.

To assist in this analysis, the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) and the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee (TCAC) convened in the California Fair Housing Task Force (Task Force) to "provide research, evidence-based policy recommendations, and other strategic recommendations to HCD and other related state agencies/departments to further the fair housing goals (as defined by HCD)." The Task force has created Opportunity Maps to identify resources levels across the state "to accompany new policies aimed at increasing access to high opportunity areas for families with children in housing financed with 9% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs)". These opportunity maps are made from composite scores of three different domains made up of a set of indicators. Based on these domain scores, tracts are categorized as Highest Resource, High Resource, Moderate Resource, Moderate Resource (Rapidly Changing), Low Resource, or areas of High Segregation and Poverty. <u>Table E-143</u> shows the full list of indicators.

### TABLE E-139: DOMAINS AND INDICATORS FOR OPPORTUNITY MAPS

Domain	Indicator
Economic	Poverty Adult education Employment Job proximity Median home value
Environmental	CalEnviroScreen 3.0 pollution Indicators and values
Education	Math proficiency Reading proficiency High School graduation rates Student poverty rates
Poverty and Racial Segregation	Poverty: tracts with at least 30% of population under federal poverty line Racial Segregation: Tracts with location quotient higher than 1.25 for Blacks, Hispanics, Asians, or all people of color in comparison to the County

Source: CA Fair Housing Task Force, Methodology for TCAC/HCD Opportunity Maps, December 2020.

**Regional Trend.** HUD provides AFFH data for jurisdictions receiving their own CDBG funds. Because Culver City is part of the Los Angeles County CDBG Program (Urban County), there is no HUD AFFH data for Culver City alone.

In the Los Angeles Urban County, Hispanic residents are most likely to be impacted by poverty, low labor market participation, and poor environmental quality. Black residents experience the lowest school proficiency and have the least access to employment opportunities. White residents scored the highest in low poverty, labor market participation, jobs proximity, and environmental health and Asian/Pacific Islander residents scored the highest in school proficiency. Hispanic residents are most likely to use public transit and Black residents have the lowest transportation costs.

Compared to the County, Urban County residents, regardless of race or ethnicity, were less likely to be exposed to poverty and have higher school proficiency. Residents countywide are more likely to use public transit and have lower transportation costs compared to Urban County residents. Environmental health is better in the Urban County for White, Black, and Native American residents, but worse for Hispanic and Asian residents.

### TABLE E-148: HUD OPPORTUNITY INDICATORS

	Low Poverty	School Prof <u>.icien</u> <del>cy</del>	Labor Market	Transit	Low Trans. Cost	Jobs Prox <u>₌imit</u> ¥	Envi. Health
Urban County (including Cul	ver City)						
Total Population							
White, Non-Hispanic	70.12	72.18	68.22	76.66	67.60	55.10	22.89
Black, Non-Hispanic	46.29	41.09	42.82	84.10	73.91	41.10	14.44
Hispanic	40.70	43.31	34.05	84.98	73.75	44.48	11.98
Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	68.38	72.86	66.73	82.22	68.98	51.22	13.86
Native American, Non- Hispanic	54.75	55.06	48.03	77.80	69.62	45.65	20.02
Population below federal pov	erty line						
White, Non-Hispanic	61.23	66.91	61.96	79.48	71.45	55.51	20.59
Black, Non-Hispanic	29.03	29.31	27.29	85.47	76.25	30.59	12.84
Hispanic	28.75	35.77	26.10	87.23	76.67	41.99	10.38
Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	61.63	70.67	62.58	83.88	72.41	51.16	13.30
Native American, Non- Hispanic	41.92	47.90	41.36	84.81	73.95	51.00	12.82
Los Angeles County							
Total Population							
White, Non-Hispanic	65.19	68.03	67.43	77.63	73.13	54.59	21.35
Black, Non-Hispanic	36.07	33.82	35.34	87.25	79.02	40.72	11.92
Hispanic	35.53	39.72	35.73	86.48	77.78	43.70	12.36
Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	55.03	61.94	57.64	85.13	75.98	51.11	13.13
Native American, Non- Hispanic	48.40	50.70	48.58	81.04	75.36	45.88	17.68
Population below federal pov	erty line						
White, Non-Hispanic	53.66	60.62	59.62	83.19	78.51	56.98	18.46
Black, Non-Hispanic	24.12	28.03	26.41	88.34	81.07	36.90	11.74
Hispanic	25.05	33.70	29.50	89.09	80.94	44.63	10.63
Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	45.45	57.59	51.41	88.58	80.61	52.88	11.05
Native American, Non- Hispanic	33.63	39.10	36.05	84.43	78.22	47.65	16.22

Source: HUD AFFH Data, 2020.

Figure E-19 shows the TCAC Opportunity Map for the region. High and highest resource areas are concentrated in the eastern County areas, from Beverly Hills to Calabasas, coastal areas, from the South Bay cities to Malibu, north San Gabriel Valley, and around Burbank. The central County areas are comprised of mostly low resource areas and areas of high segregation and poverty. Source: CA Fair Housing Task Force, Methodology for TCAC/HCD Opportunity Maps, December 2020.

Local Trend. Opportunity Map scores for Culver City census tracts are presented in Table E-15 and Figure E-2010. Nearly all tracts in the city are highest or high resource. In total, there are six highest resource tracts, three high resource <u>tracts, and one moderate resource tract in Culver City.</u> Tracts in the central and eastern areas of the City are categorized as highest<u>and high</u> resource<u>, two tracts are considered high resource, and O</u> one tract in the western corner on the City is considered moderate resource. There are no tracts in the City that are categorized as areas of high segregation and poverty. The moderate resource tract also contains block groups with higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities and LMI households (see Table E-11 and Figure E-14). The individual scores for the domains described above (economic, environment, and education) are further detailed in the following sections.

Tract	Economic Domain Score	Environmental Domain Score	Education Domain Score	Composite Score	Final Category
6037702400	0.899	0.099	0.804	0.444	Highest Resource
6037702501	0.977	0.341	0.873	0.814	Highest Resource
6037702502	0.933	0.267	0.891	0.705	Highest Resource
6037702600	0.93	0.165	0.911	0.703	Highest Resource
6037702700	0.945	0.33	0.727	0.528	Highest Resource
<del>6037702700</del>	<del>0.945</del>	<del>0.33</del>	<del>0.727</del>	<del>0.528</del>	Highest Resource
6037702801	0.814	0.496	0.767	0.422	High Resource
6037702802	0.892	0.21	0.552	0.215	High Resource
6037702803	0.751	0.184	0.438	-0.032	Moderate Resource
6037703001	0.913	0.139	0.561	0.232	High Resource

### TABLE E-1510: TCAC OPPORTUNITY MAP SCORES BY CENSUS TRACT

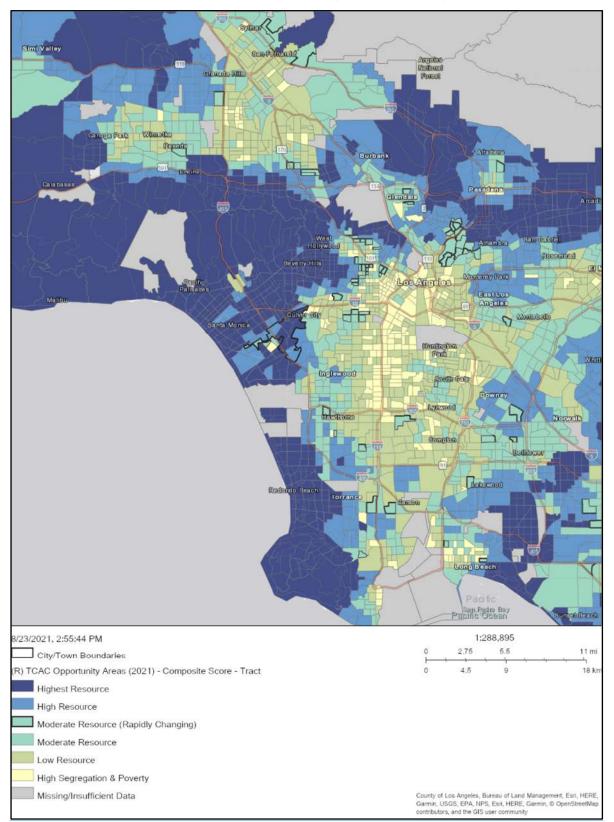
Source: CA Fair Housing Task Force, HCD/TCAC Opportunity Maps, 2021.

Sites Inventory. Figure E-19 Figure E-10 also includes the sites used to meet Culver City's 2021-2029 RHNA and Table E-16 shows how those sites are distributed by TCAC opportunity score. As discussed previously, there is only one tract categorized as moderate resource in the City. Approximately Only 67.4% of all RHNA units, including 2.13.2% of very low income units, 2.23.3% of low income units, and 9.6% of moderate income units, and 7.89% of above moderate income units, are located in the moderate resource tract. Most very low (53.78.5%) and low (55.560.6%) income units are in high resource tracts, and most moderate (6564.2%) and above moderate (70.94.3%) income units are in highest resource tracts.

## TABLE E-1610: BREAKDOWN DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY TCAC OPPORTUNITY SCORE

TCAC Opportunity Area -(Tract)	Very Low Income <del> Units</del>	Low Income <del>Units</del>	Moderate Income <del>-Units</del>	Above Moderate Incom <del>e Units</del>	All RHNA Units
Highest Resource	<u>44.2%</u> 38.4%	<u>42.3%</u> 36.1%	<u>65.0%</u> 64.2%	<u>70.9%</u> 74.3%	<u>59.2%</u> 60.3%
High Resource	<u>53.7%</u> 58.5%	<u>55.5%</u> 60.6%	<u>25.9%</u> 26.2%	<u>21.2%</u> <del>16.6%</del>	<u>34.8%</u> <del>32.2%</del>
Moderate Resource	<u>2.1%</u> 3.2%	<u>2.2%</u> <del>3.3%</del>	<u>9.0%</u> 9.6%	<u>7.8%</u> 9.0%	<u>6.0%</u> 7.4%
Total	<u>1,679</u> 1,100	<u>1,741</u> 1,136	<u>2,054</u> 1,927	<u>3,637</u> -3,156	<u>9,111</u> -7,319

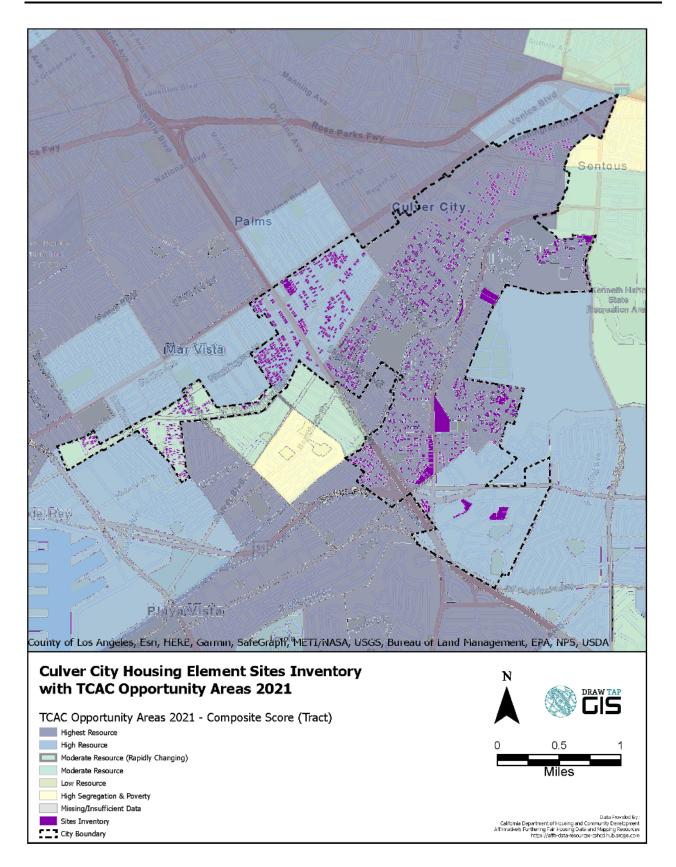
Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.

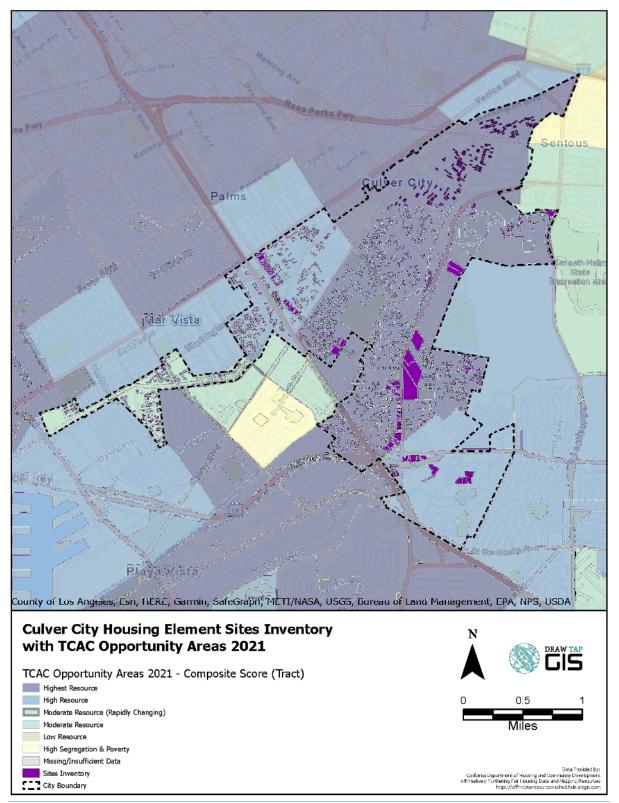


#### FIGURE E-19: REGIONAL TCAC OPPORTUNITY AREAS (FINAL CATEGORY)

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

# FIGURE E-<u>20</u>10: TCAC OPPORTUNITY AREAS (COMPOSITE SCOREFINAL CATEGORY) AND SITES INVENTORY







# ECONOMIC

As described previously, the Fair Housing Task Force calculates economic scores based on poverty, adult education, employment, job proximity, and median home values. <u>Refer to Table E-13 for the complete list of TCAC Opportunity</u> <u>Map domains and indicators.</u>

**Regional Trend.** Figure E-21 shows TCAC economic scores by tract regionally. Culver City and the neighboring jurisdictions of Santa Monica and Beverly Hills are all comprised of tracts with economic scores in the highest quartile. Central Los Angeles County areas tend to have lower economic scores compared to coastal areas, northern San Gabriel Valley areas, and eastern San Fernando Valley areas. Areas surrounding Long Beach and most of the San Fernando Valley also have lower economic scores.

<u>Local Trend.</u> According to the 2021 Task Force maps presented in <u>Figure E-2211Figure E-22</u>, all of Culver City received economic scores in the highest quartile. Culver City scored similar to jurisdictions to the west<u>and north</u>, but higher than Los Angeles County areas to the east.

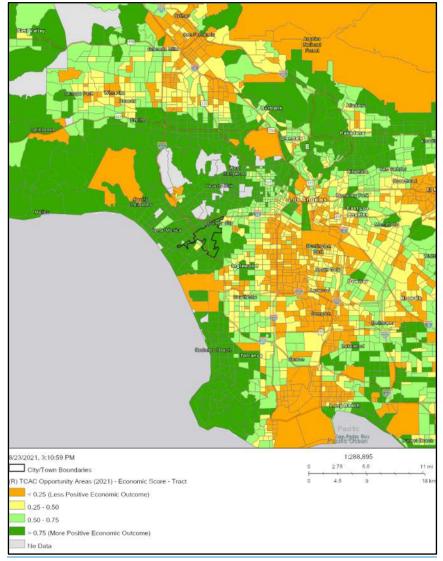
# EDUCATION

As described above, the Fair Housing Task Force determines education scores based on math and reading proficiency, high school graduation rates, and student poverty rates. Refer to Table E-13 for the complete list of Opportunity Map domains and indicators.

**Regional Trend.** Regionally, education and economic scores follow a similar trend (Figure E-23). Coastal cities, from the South Bay to Malibu, and areas around Burbank and Arcadia generally have the highest education scores in the County. The central County areas have a high concentration of tracts scoring in the lowest quartile for education.

Local Trend. As shown in Figure E-2412Figure E-24, the tract in the western corner of the city received a lower education score than the rest of the city. The central, southern, and northeastern areas of the city received education scores of 0.50 and above. As described above, the tract on the western side of Culver City with a lower education score is also categorized as a moderate resource area (see Figure E-20).

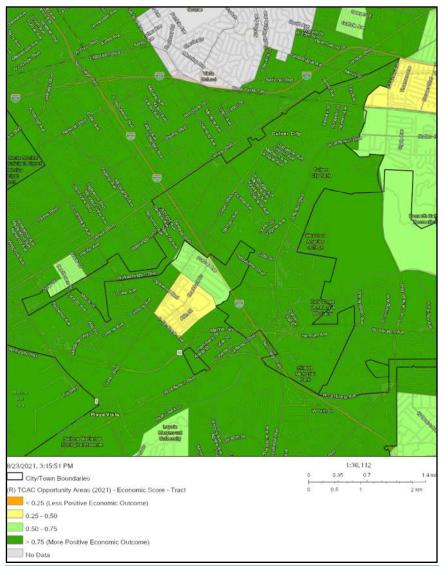
## FIGURE E-21: REGIONAL TCAC ECONOMIC SCORES



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

FIGURE E-2211: TCAC OPPORTUNITY AREAS (ECONOMIC SCORES)

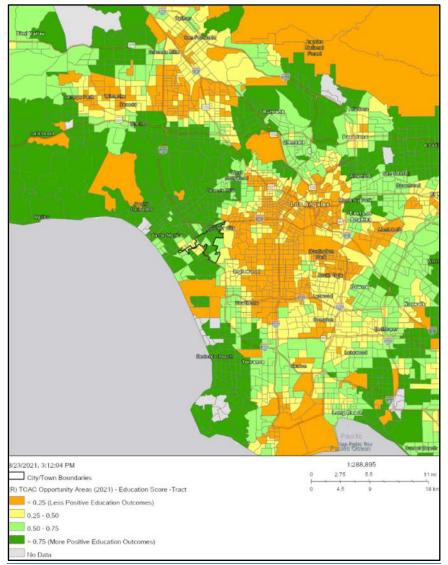




Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

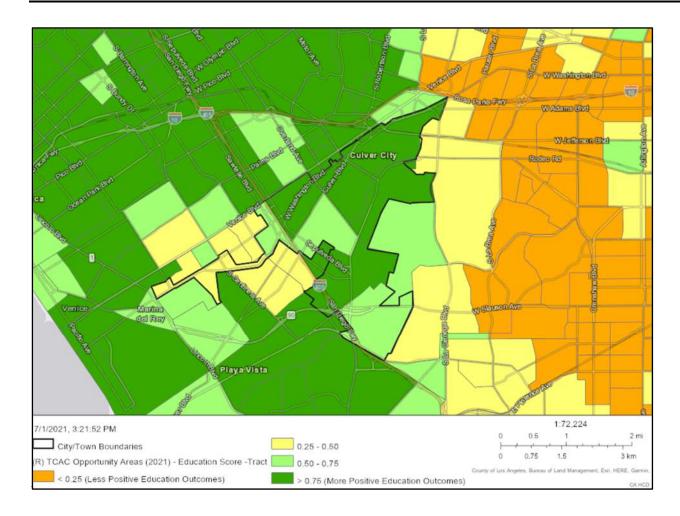
#### EDUCATION

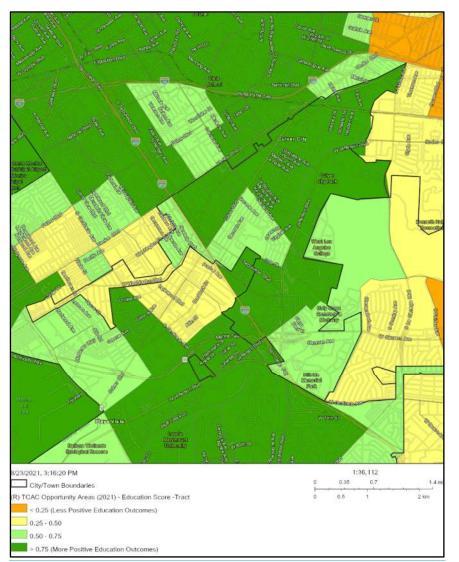
As described above, the Fair Housing Task Force determines education scores based on math and reading proficiency, high school graduation rates, and student poverty rates. As shown in Figure E-12, the tract in the western corner of the City received a lower education score than the rest of the City. The central, southern, and northeastern areas of the City received education scores of 0.50 and above. As described above, the tracts on the western side of Culver City with a lower education score is also categorized as a moderate resource area. FIGURE E-23: REGIONAL TCAC EDUCATION SCORES



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

FIGURE E-2412: TCAC OPPORTUNITY AREAS (EDUCATION SCORES)





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

# ENVIRONMENTAL

Environmental health scores are determined by the Fair Housing Task Force based on CalEnviroScreen 3.0 pollution indicators and values. The California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) compiles these scores to help identify California communities disproportionately burdened by multiple sources of pollution. In addition to environmental factors (pollutant exposure, groundwater threats, toxic sites, and hazardous materials exposure) and sensitive receptors (seniors, children, persons with asthma, and low birth weight infants), CalEnviroScreen also takes into consideration socioeconomic factors. These factors include educational attainment, linguistic isolation, poverty, and unemployment. Refer to Table E-13 for the complete list of Opportunity Map domains and indicators.

**Regional Trend.** Figure E-25 shows TCAC environmental scores by tract regionally. There are more tracts in the County that scored in the lowest quartile for environmental scores compared to economic and education scores. Areas around Inglewood, Malibu, Rancho Palos Verdes, Redondo Beach, Altadena, and Long Beach have the highest concentration of tracts with environmental scores in the highest quartile.

Local Trend. Figure E-2613Figure E-26 shows that tracts in the northeastern, southern, and western corners of Culver City received environmental scores in the lowest quartile. All tracts in Culver City scored below 0.50, indicating less positive environmental outcomes. These areas also have higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities. As described above, the tract in the western corner of the City also received lower education scores and is considered a moderate resource area (see Figure E-20 and Figure E-24). Despite the low environmental scores citywide, most tracts in Culver City are categorized as high and highest resource.

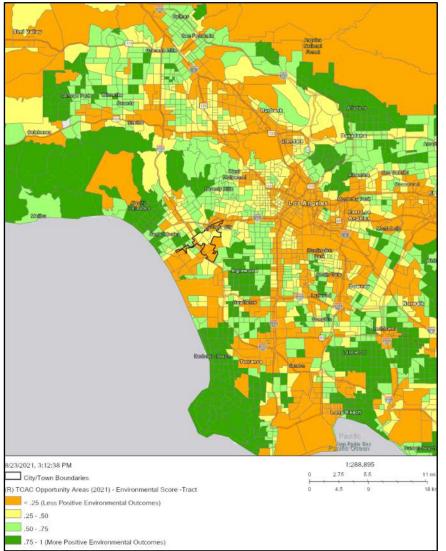
CalEnviroScreen 4.0 scores are shown in Figure E-27. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 is the OEHHA's most updated California Communities Environmental Health Screening Tool used to identify communities that are disproportionately burdened by multiple sources of pollution. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 scores are based on percentiles; lower percentile scores mean better environmental conditions. Most tracts scored in the 50th percentile or higher. One tract in the northeastern area of the city scored between the 31st and 40th percentile. The western tract scored in the highest percentile in the city (between the 71st and 80th percentile). As discussed previously, this tract also has a lower education score and is considered a moderate resource area (see Figure E-20 and Figure E-24).

Sites Inventory. Figure E-27 also shows the sites inventory used to meet the City's 2021-2029 RHNA. Sites are generally distributed throughout the city. As presented in Table E-17, over 50% of RHNA units are in tracts that scored in the 61st to 70th CalEnviroScreen 4.0 percentile. Only 8.9% of very low income units and 8.7% of low income units in tracts below the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile.

CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Percentile (Tract)	<u>Very Low</u> Income	Low Income	<u>Moderate</u> Income	<u>Above Moderate</u> Income	All RHNA Units
31-40%	0.0%	<u>0.0%</u>	14.3%	10.9%	7.6%
<u>41-50%</u>	<u>8.9%</u>	<u>8.7%</u>	14.3%	14.6%	<u>12.3%</u>
<u>51-60%</u>	25.4%	24.0%	14.2%	26.8%	<u>23.2%</u>
<u>61-70%</u>	<u>63.7%</u>	<u>65.2%</u>	<u>48.2%</u>	39.9%	<u>51.0%</u>
<u>71-80%</u>	<u>2.1%</u>	2.2%	<u>9.0%</u>	<u>7.8%</u>	<u>6.0%</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>1,679</u>	<u>1,741</u>	<u>2,054</u>	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u>

#### TABLE E-17: DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY CALENVIROSCREEN 4.0 SCORE

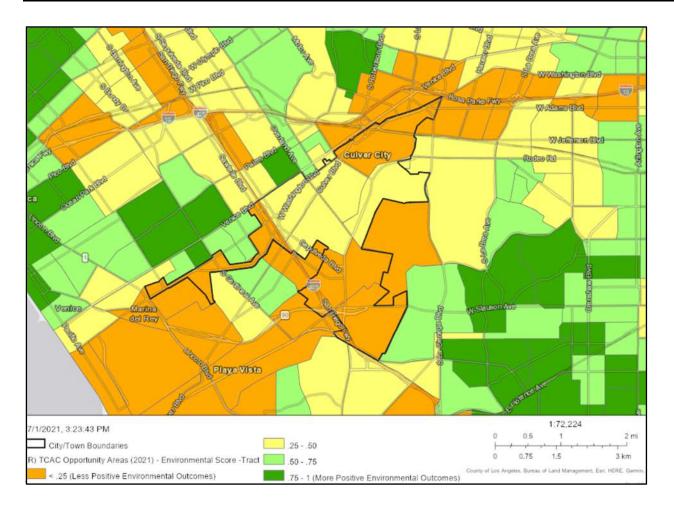
Note: The RHNA sites in this analysis include 1,410 Incremental Infill parcels that met the objective criteria for site selection.

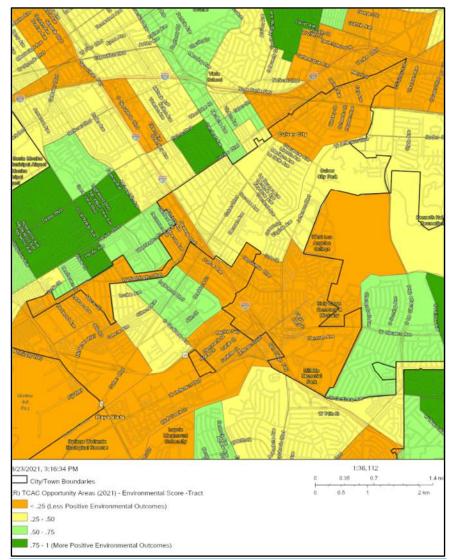


#### FIGURE E-25: REGIONAL TCAC ENVIRONMENTAL SCORES

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

FIGURE E-<u>2613</u>: TCAC OPPORTUNITY AREAS (ENVIRONMENTAL SCORES)





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2021 HCD/TCAC Opportunity Map), 2021.

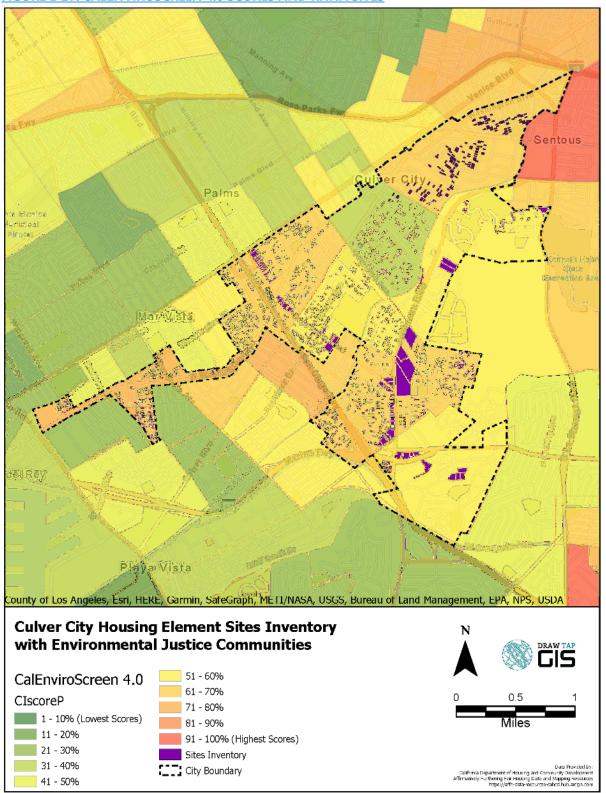


FIGURE E-27: CALENVIROSCREEN 4.0 SCORES AND RHNA SITES

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (CalEnviroScreen 4.0, 2021), 2021.

## T R A N S P O R T A T I O N

HUD's Job Proximity Index, shown in Table E-14 previously, can be used to show transportation need geographically. The Job's Proximity Index quantifies the calculates how accessibility of le a given residential neighborhood is based on as a function of its distance to all job locations within a Core Based Statistical Areas (CBSA). It applies more weight to, with larger employment centers weighted more heavily. Block groups with lower jobs proximity indices are located further from employment opportunities and have a higher need for transportation. Availability of efficient, affordable transportation can be used to measure fair housing and access to opportunities.- SCAG developed a mapping tool for High Quality Transit Areas (HQTA) as part of the Connect SoCal 2020-2045 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). SCAG defines HQTAs as areas within one-half mile from a major transit stop and a high-quality transit corridor. This section also utilizes All Transit metrics to identify transportation opportunities in Los Angeles County and Culver City.

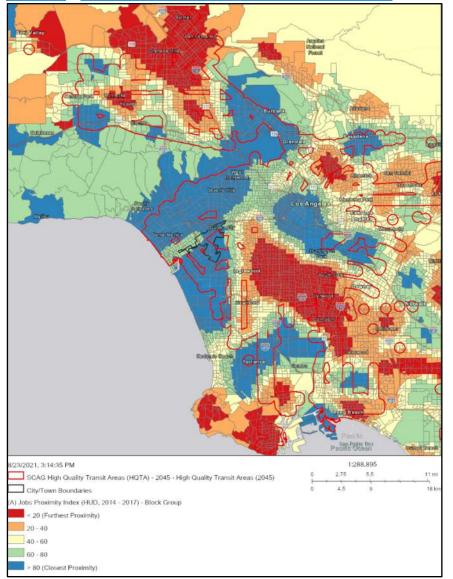
<u>Regional Trend.</u> All Transit explores metrics that reveal the social and economic impact of transit, specifically looking at connectivity, access to jobs, and frequency of service.<sup>25</sup> Culver City's All Transit Performance score of 8.8 is higher than the surrounding jurisdictions of Inglewood (7.7), Santa Monica (8.8), Beverly Hills (8.2), Hawthorne (7.3), Inglewood (7.7), Santa Monica (8.8), West Hollywood (8.7), the City of Los Angeles (7.7), and the County (6.8). The County's score of 6.8 indicates a moderate combination of trips per week and number of jobs accessible that enable a moderate number of people to take transit to work. Countywide, 6.7% or commuters use transit.

As shown in Figure E-28Figure E-28, block groups around Santa Monica/Beverly Hills, Glendale/Burbank, Torrance, downtown Los Angeles, and coastal areas around El Segundo have the highest jobs proximity index scores indicating there are accessible employment opportunities in those areas. Central County areas, from Inglewood to Bellflower, southern South Bay cities, and parts of San Fernando Valley have the lowest jobs proximity index scores. Most of the central County areas and San Fernando Valley are considered HQTAs.

<u>Local Trend.</u> The City's <u>All Transit</u> score of 8.8 illustrates an "excellent" combination of trips per week and number of jobs accessible that enable a moderate number of people to take transit to work. Culver City has a lower proportion of households with commuters that use transit (3.4%) than the County (6.7%).

HUD's Job Proximity Index, described previously, can be used to show transportation need geographically. Block groups with lower jobs proximity indices are located further from employment opportunities and have a higher need for transportation. As shown in Figure E-2914Figure E-29, employment opportunities are very accessible for most block groups in the City. Block groups in the northeastern, central, and southern sections of the City are located closest to employment opportunities. Employment opportunities are slightly less accessible on in the western side corner of the City. This area also received lower education and environmental scores and is also considered a moderate resource area according to the Fair Housing Task Force maps above(see Figure E-20, Figure E-24, and Figure E-26). Almost all of Culver City is considered an HQTA.

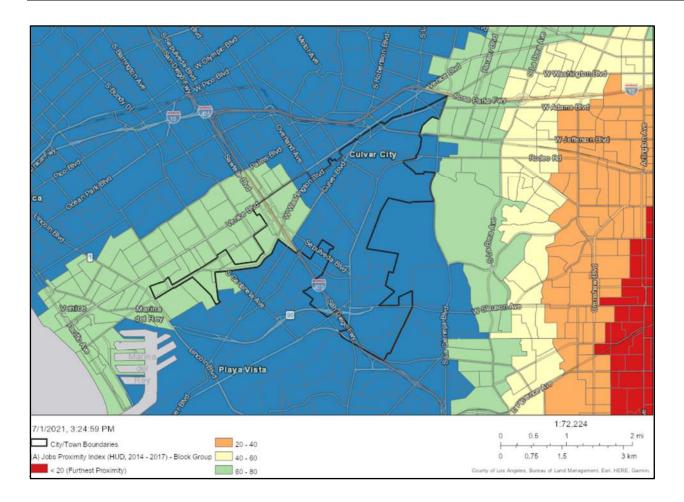
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> AllTransit. 2019 Metrics: AllTransit Performance Score. https://alltransit.cnt.org/. Accessed July 2021.

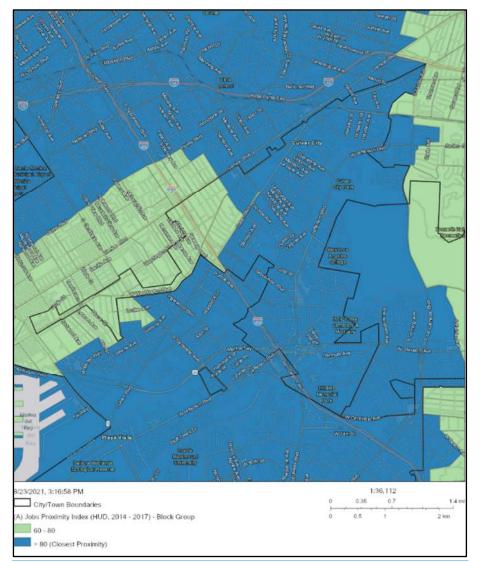


#### FIGURE E-28: REGIONAL JOBS PROXIMITY INDICES AND HQTAS

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2014-2017), 2021; SCAG 2045 HQTAs, 2021.

FIGURE E-2914: JOBS PROXIMITY INDEX BY BLOCK GROUP





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2014-2017), 2021.

Availability of efficient, affordable transportation can be used to measure fair housing and access to opportunities. SCAG developed a mapping tool for High Quality Transit Areas (HQTA) as part of the Connect SoCal 2020-2045 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). SCAG defines HQTAs as areas within onehalf mile from a major transit stop and a high-quality transit corridor. Almost all of Culver City is considered an HQTA: HQTAs are shown in Figure E-15.

#### FIGURE E-15: HQTAS



Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (HUD, 2014-2017), 2021.

# 5. DISPROPORTIONATE HOUSING NEEDS

Housing problems in Culver City were calculated using HUD's 2020 Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data based on the 2013-2017 ACS. <u>Table E-1811</u> Table E-18 breaks down households by race and ethnicity and presence of housing problems for Culver City and Los Angeles County households. The following conditions are considered housing problems:

- Substandard Housing (incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities)
- Overcrowding (more than 1 person per room)
- Cost burden (housing costs greater than 30%)

In Culver City, 35.6% of owner-occupied households and 49.1% of renter-occupied households have one or more housing problem. The City has a lower proportion of households with a housing problem compared to the County, where 38.9% of owner-occupied households and 62.3% of renter-occupied households experience a housing problem. In Culver City, Hispanic renter-occupied households and Black owner-occupied households have the most housing problems. Approximately 59% of Black owner-occupied households and 65% of Hispanic renter-occupied households experience a housing problem.

# TABLE E-1844: HOUSING PROBLEMS BY RACE/ETHNICITY

With Housing Problem	White	Black	Asian	Am. Indian	Pac. Isldr.	Hispanic	Other	All
Culver City								
Owner-Occupied	32.2%	59.2%	31.9%	0.0%		43.9%	30.0%	35.6%
Renter-Occupied	42.1%	50.0%	46.3%			64.5%	34.2%	49.1%
Los Angeles County								
Owner-Occupied	32.1%	41.5%	38.3%	39.7%	39.7%	48.2%	36.5%	38.9%
Renter-Occupied	52.6%	63.7%	56.3%	56.4%	55.5%	71.1%	55.7%	62.3%

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 2020.

# COST BURDEN

Households are considered cost burdened if they pay 30% or more of their gross income in housing costs, and severely cost burdened if they pay 50% or more of their gross income in housing costs.

**Regional Trend.** Cost burden by tenure for Los Angeles County based on HUD CHAS data is shown in Table E-19Table E-12. Approximately 45.4% of Los Angeles County households are cost burdened, including 35% of owner-occupied households and 54.2% of renter-occupied households. Non-Hispanic Black and Hispanic renter households have the highest rate of cost burden of 59.6% and 58.3%, respectively. Non-Hispanic White and non-Hispanic Pacific Islander owner households have the lowest rate of cost burden of 31.1% and 33.3%, respectively. Cost burden is more common amongst renter households than owner households regardless of race or ethnicity.

# TABLE E-19: COST BURDEN BY RACE/ETHNICITY – LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Race/Ethnicity	<u>Cost Burden</u> <u>(&gt;30%)</u>	<u>Severe Cost Burden</u> (>50%)	<u>Total Households</u>
Owner-Occupied			
White, non-Hispanic	<u>31.1%</u>	<u>14.8%</u>	<u>648,620</u>
Black, non-Hispanic	40.0%	<u>19.6%</u>	104,895
<u>Asian, non-Hispanic</u>	34.4%	15.8%	255,890
Amer. Ind, non-Hispanic	36.9%	16.3%	<u>3,215</u>
Pacific Isldr., non-Hispanic	33.3%	14.8%	2,165
<u>Hispanic</u>	<u>39.5%</u>	17.8%	<u>470,670</u>
Other	34.9%	17.2%	26,905
Renter-Occupied			
<u>White, non-Hispanic</u>	<u>49.4%</u>	<u>27.5%</u>	<u>541,545</u>
Black, non-Hispanic	<u>59.6%</u>	<u>34.8%</u>	206,950
<u>Asian, non-Hispanic</u>	47.6%	<u>25.5%</u>	226,765
Amer. Ind, non-Hispanic	<u>48.8%</u>	<u>26.8%</u>	4,420
Pacific Isldr., non-Hispanic	<u>47.9%</u>	<u>22.5%</u>	4,355
<u>Hispanic</u>	<u>58.3%</u>	<u>30.5%</u>	755,590
Other	<u>50.9%</u>	<u>27.5%</u>	<u>43,210</u>

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 2020.

Local Trend. As presented in Table E-19, Black owner households and Hispanic renter households in Culver City have the highest rate of cost burden in the City (58.5% and 58.2%, respectively). Cost burden amongst owner-households is lower than renter-households for all racial/ethnic groups other than Black households. None of the 15 American Indian owner-occupied households are cost burdened. White owner households, Asian owner households, and "other" renter households are the least cost burdened racial/ethnic groups. Overall, 37.6% of households in Culver City are cost burdened, including 33.4% of owner-occupied households and 42.5% of renter-occupied households. Cost burden is less common in Culver City than throughout the County.

Figure E-30 compares cost burdened owner households using the 2010-2014 and 2015-2019 ACS. The proportion of cost burdened homeowners has decreased since the 2010-2014 ACS, specifically in tracts along the northwest City boundary. Only 20-40% of owners in these tracts experience cost burden, compared to 40-60% throughout the rest of the City.

Cost burden trends for renter-occupied households is shown in <u>Figure E-3117Figure E-31</u>. Since the 2010-2014 ACS, the proportion of cost burdened renters has fluctuated throughout the City. Two tracts in the western corner of the City saw the proportion of cost burdened renters increase from 40-60% to 60-80%. These tracts also have higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities and LMI households and one is categorized as moderate resource (see <u>Error!</u> <u>Reference source not found.Figure E-2</u>, Figure E-14, and Figure E-20Figure E-2, Figure E-6, and Figure E-10). However, several tracts in the central and southern areas of the City saw a decrease in cost burdened renters.

### TABLE E-202012: COST BURDEN BY RACE/ETHNICITY – CULVER CITY

Race/Ethnicity	Cost Burden (>30%)	Severe Cost Burden (>50%)	Total Households
Owner-Occupied			
White, non-Hispanic	31.3%	15.2%	5,605
Black, non-Hispanic	58.5%	21.8%	735
Asian, non-Hispanic	26.7%	10.7%	1,350
Amer. Ind, non-Hispanic	0.0%	0.0%	15
Hispanic	36.4%	8.1%	990
Other	33.3%	13.3%	150
Renter-Occupied			
White, non-Hispanic	36.8%	19.5%	3,410
Black, non-Hispanic	42.6%	28.7%	680
Asian, non-Hispanic	34.4%	12.4%	1,295
Hispanic	58.2%	31.5%	2,045
Other	30.9%	3.6%	275

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 2020.

Sites Inventory. Figure E-30 and Figure E-31 also show the sites inventory used to meet the City's 2021-2029 RHNA. All RHNA units are in tracts where 20% to 60% of owners overpay for housing. A larger proportion of lower income units are in tracts where 40-60% of owners are cost burdened, while a larger proportion of moderate and above moderate income units are in tracts where only 20-40% of owners are cost burdened. More than half of the units used to meet the RHNA are in tracts where 40-60% of renters overpay for housing. There are more lower income units in tracts where less than 40% of renter overpay compared to moderate and above moderate income units.

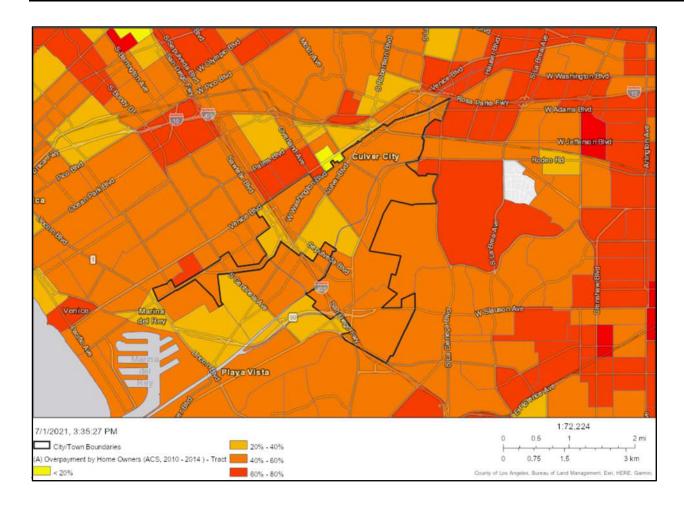
#### TABLE E-2021: DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY PERCENT OF COST BURDENED OWNERS

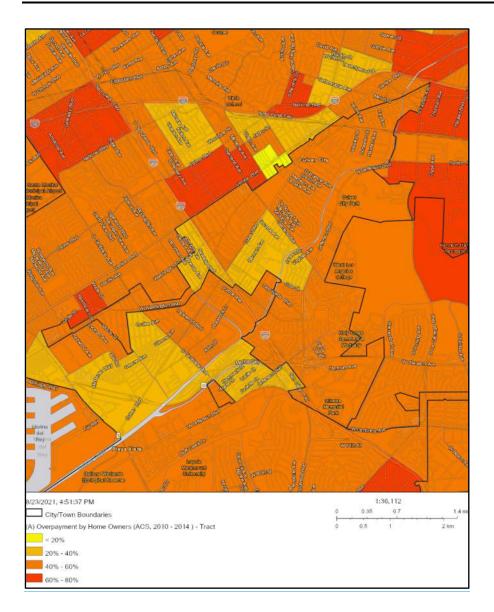
Overpaying Owners (Tract)	<u>Very Low</u> Income	Low Income	<u>Moderate</u> Income	<u>Above Moderate</u> <u>Income</u>	<u>All RHNA</u> <u>Units</u>
<u>20-40%</u>	<u>35.2%</u>	<u>36.1%</u>	<u>52.9%</u>	<u>43.5%</u>	<u>42.7%</u>
<u>40-60%</u>	<u>64.8%</u>	<u>63.9%</u>	<u>47.1%</u>	<u>56.5%</u>	<u>57.3%</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>1,679</u>	<u>1,741</u>	<u>2,054</u>	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u>

#### TABLE E-2122: DISTRIBUTION OF RHNA UNITS BY PERCENT OF COST BURDENED RENTERS

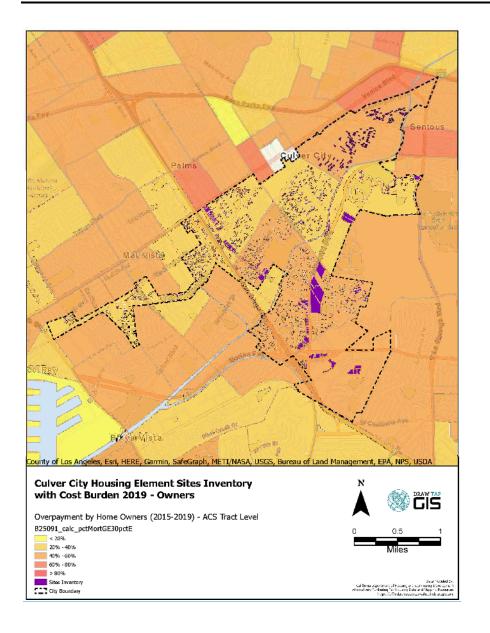
Overpaying Renters (Tract)	<u>Very Low</u> <u>Income</u>	Low Income	<u>Moderate</u> Income	<u>Above Moderate</u> <u>Income</u>	<u>All RHNA</u> <u>Units</u>
<u>20-40%</u>	<u>23.0%</u>	<u>22.8%</u>	14.3%	<u>17.7%</u>	<u>18.9%</u>
<u>40-60%</u>	44.2%	42.3%	<u>61.3%</u>	<u>69.7%</u>	<u>57.9%</u>
<u>60-80%</u>	<u>32.8%</u>	<u>34.9%</u>	24.4%	12.6%	23.2%
Total	<u>1,679</u>	<u>1,741</u>	<u>2,054</u>	<u>3,637</u>	<u>9,111</u>

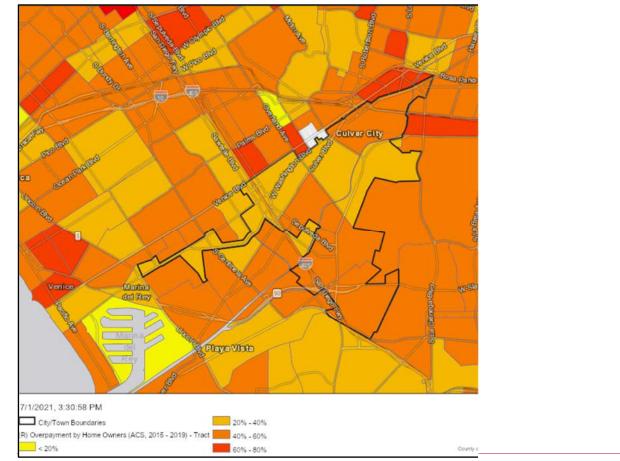
FIGURE E-30: (A) OVERPAYMENT BY HOMEOWNERS (2010-2014)





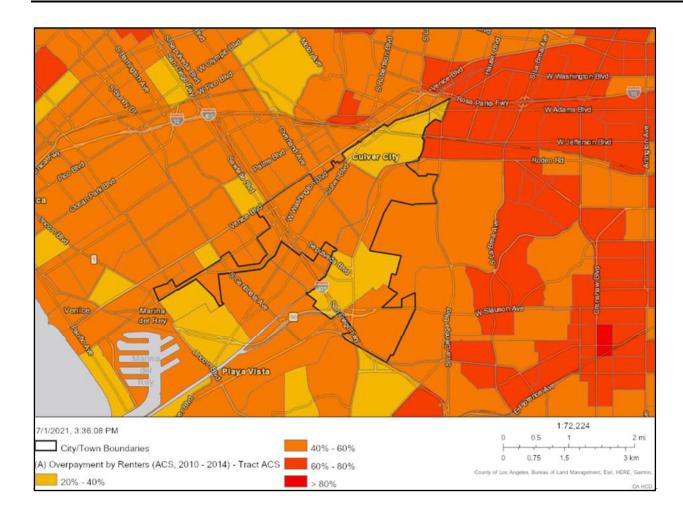
(B) OVERPAYMENT BY HOMEOWNERS (2015-2019)

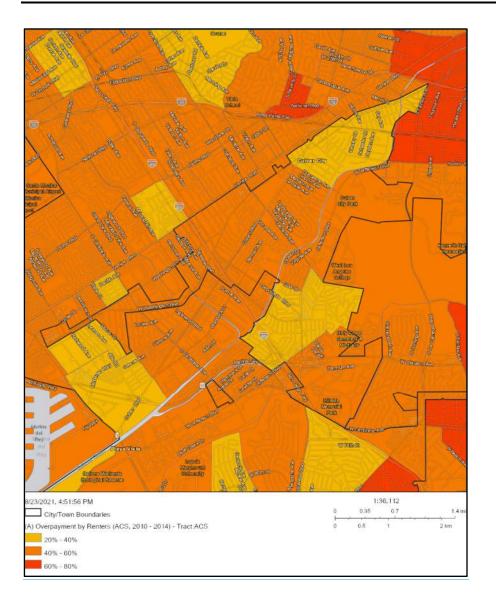




Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2010-2014 and 2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

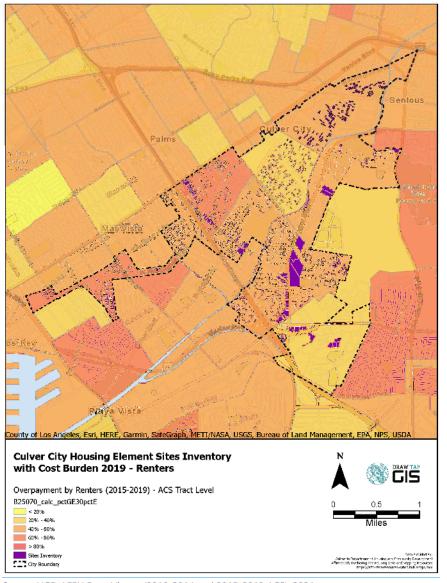
FIGURE E-<u>31</u>17: (A) OVERPAYMENT BY RENTERS (2010-2014)





(B) OVERPAYMENT BY RENTERS (2015-2019)





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2010-2014 and 2015-2019 ACS), 2021.

## O V E R C R O W D I N G

A household is considered overcrowded if there is more than one person per room and severely overcrowded is there is more than 1.5 persons per room. <u>HUD CHAS data based on the 2013-2017 ACS is used to show overcrowding in</u> <u>Culver City and Los Angeles County.</u>

**Regional Trend.** As shown in Table E-22 Table E-22 Table E-, approximately 5.7% of owner-occupied households and 16.7% of renter-occupied households throughout the County are overcrowded. Severe overcrowded is also an issue in the County, especially amongst renter households. Approximately 1.5% of owner households and 7.6% of renter households are severely overcrowded.

Figure E-32 shows concentrations of overcrowded households by tract regionally. Overcrowded households are most concentrated in the central County areas, including the City of Los Angeles, South Gate, and Compton, and in parts of the San Fernando Valley.

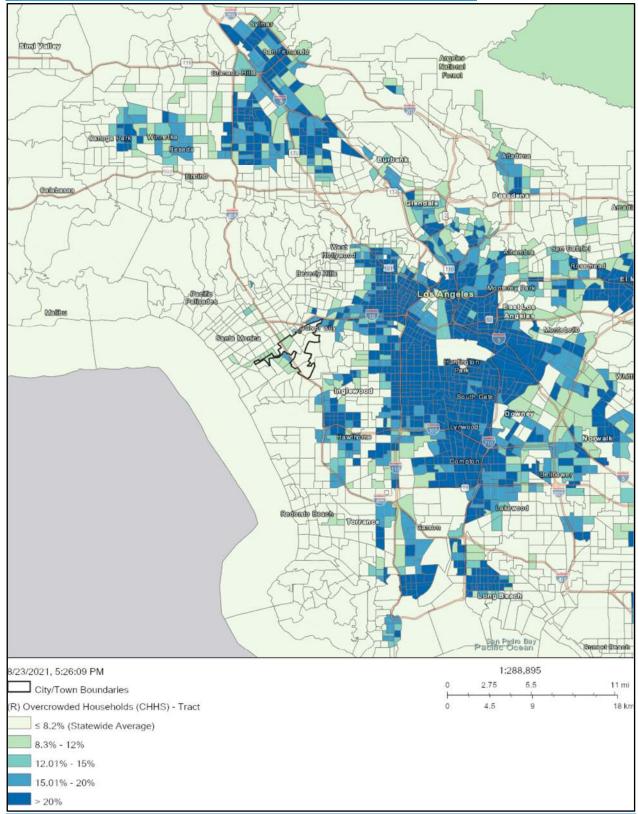
Local Trend. Table E-22Table E-22013Table E-20, below, shows that approximately 2.7% of owner-occupied households and 8.7% of renter-occupied households in Culver City are overcrowded. Overcrowding is less common in Culver City than the County, where 5.7% of owner-occupied households and 16.7% of renter-occupied households are overcrowded. Only 0.8% of owner households and 3.8% of renter households in Culver City are severely overcrowded.

Figure E-33Figure E-18 shows the concentration of overcrowded and severely overcrowded households in Culver City by census tract. Overcrowded households account for less than 8.2% (statewide average) of households in most tracts. Between 8.3 and 12% of households are overcrowded in two tracts in the western corner of the City. As discussed previously, these tracts also have a higher concentration of cost burdened renters, racial/ethnic minorities, and LMI households (see Figure E-2, Figure E-14, and Figure E-31Figure E-2, Figure E-6, and Figure E-17). One of the tracts with a higher concentration of overcrowded households is also a moderate resource area (see Figure E-20Figure E-10). There are no tracts in Culver City with a concentration of severely overcrowded households exceeding 56%.

Overcrowded (>1 person per room)			Severely Overcrowded (>1.5 person per room)		Total Households
	Households	Percent	Households	Percent	Tolur Householus
Culver City					
Owner-Occupied	240	2.7%	70	0.8%	8,840
Renter-Occupied	670	8.7%	295	3.8%	7,705
Los Angeles County					
Owner-Occupied	85,870	5.7%	23,025	1.5%	1,512,365
Renter-Occupied	298,460	16.7%	134,745	7.6%	1,782,835

## TABLE E-222313: OVERCROWDING BY TENURE

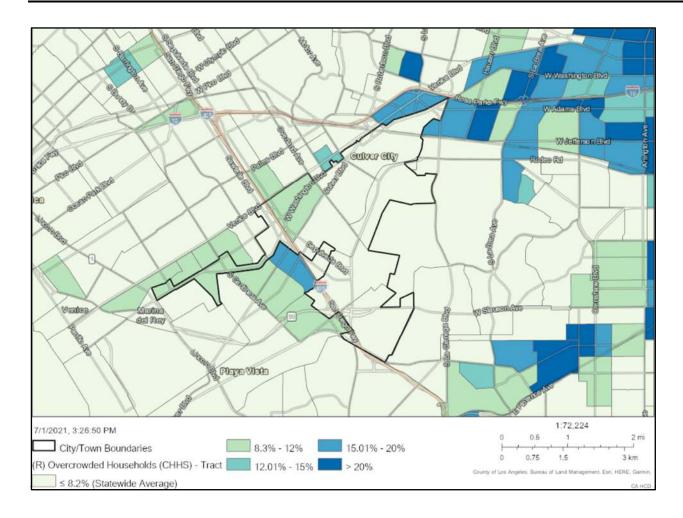
Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 2020.

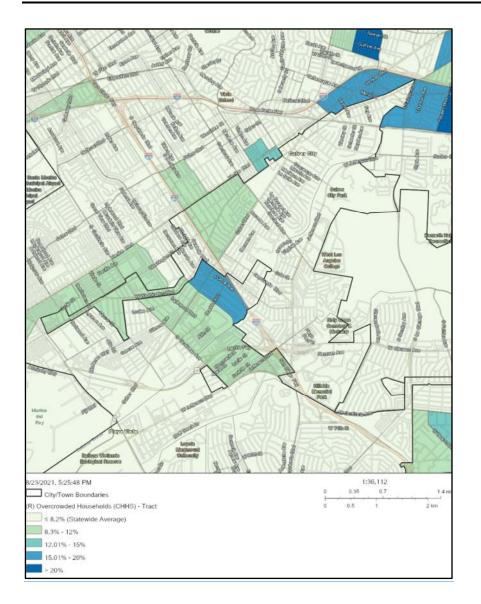


## FIGURE E-32: REGIONAL CONCENTRATION OF OVERCROWDED HOUSEHOLDS

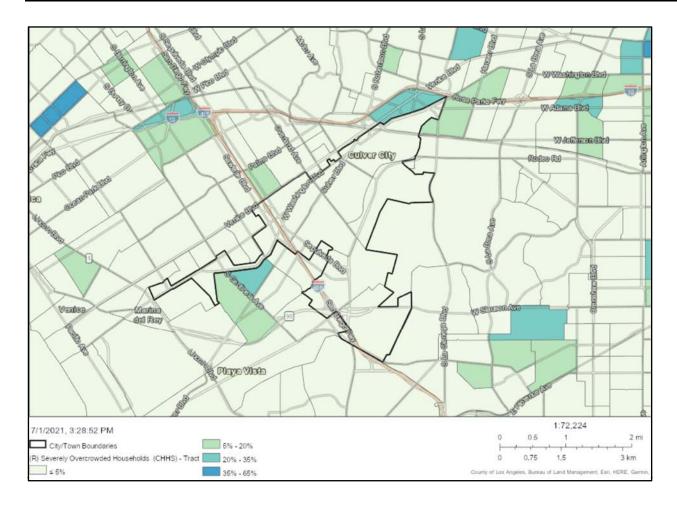
Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2020 HUD CHAS data), 2021.

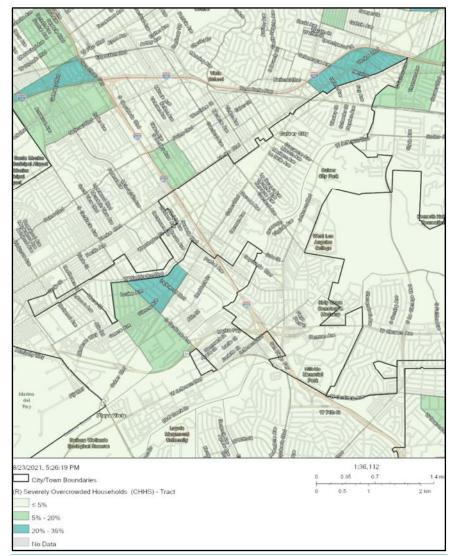
FIGURE E-<u>33</u>18: (A) OVERCROWDED HOUSEHOLDS BY CENSUS TRACT





(B) SEVERELY OVERCROWDED HOUSEHOLDS BY CENSUS TRACT





Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2020 HUD CHAS data), 2021.

## SUBSTANDARD HOUSING

Incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities <u>and housing stock age</u> can be used to measure substandard housing conditions. <u>Incomplete facilities are estimated using 2020 HUD CHAS data</u>, and housing age is based on the 2015-2019 ACS.

**Regional Trend.** Less than one percent of owner-occupied households and 2.8% of renter-occupied households in Los Angeles County lack complete plumbing or kitchen facilities (Table 23). Overall, only 1.7% of households in the County lack complete facilities.

Housing age can also be used as an indicator for substandard housing and rehabilitation needs. In general, residential structures over 30 years of age require minor repairs and modernization improvements, while units over 50 years of age are likely to require major rehabilitation such as roofing, plumbing, and electrical system repairs. In the County, 86% of the housing stock was built prior to 1990, including 60.5% built prior to 1970 (Table E-24Table E-24).

Local Trend. In Culver City, 0.7% of owner-occupied households and 4.4% percent of renter-occupied households lack complete plumbing or kitchen facilities, a larger proportion than the County. Overall, 2.4% of Culver City households lack complete facilities. -Countywide, only 0.5% of owner-occupied households and 2.8% of renter-occupied households lack complete plumbing or kitchen facilities.

According to the 2015-2019 ACS, approximately 92.4% of the housing stock in Culver City was built prior to 1990 and may be susceptible to deterioration compared to 85.9% Countywide (Table E-24Table E-Table E-24). Tracts 7026, 7027, and 7028.02, located along the western city boundary, have the highest concentration of housing units built more than 50 years ago. Tracts 7028.01 and 7028.03, also located in the western corner of the city, have the highest concentration of new housing units built in 1990 or later. The median year built for housing units by tract is show in Figure E-34.

## TABLE E-14: SUBSTANDARD HOUSING CONDITIONS TABLE E-242123: INCOMPLETE PLUMBING OR KITCHEN FACILITIES

	Lacking Complete Kitc	Lacking Complete Kitchen or Plumbing Facilities		
	Households	Percent	Total Households	
Culver City				
Owner-Occupied	60	0.7%	8,840	
Renter-Occupied	339	4.4%	7,705	
Los Angeles County				
Owner-Occupied	6,850	0.5%	1,512,365	
Renter-Occupied	50,030	2.8%	1,782,835	

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 2020.

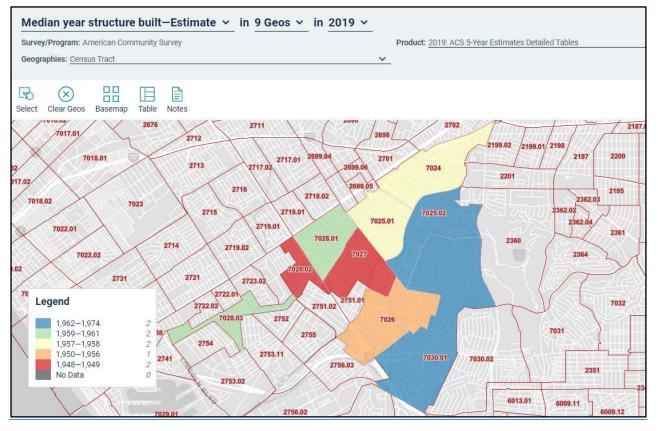
Housing age can also be used as an indicator for substandard housing and rehabilitation needs. In general, residential structures over 30 years of age require minor repairs and modernization improvements, while units over 50 years of age are likely to require major rehabilitation such as roofing, plumbing, and electrical system repairs. According to the 2015-2019 ACS, approximately 92.4% of the housing stock in Culver City was built prior to 1990 and may be susceptible to deterioration compared to 85.9% Countywide (Table E-14). Tracts 7026, 7027, and 7028.02, located along the western City boundary, have the highest concentration of housing units built more than 50 years ago. Tracts 7028.01 and 7028.03, also located in the western corner of the City, have the highest concentration of new housing units built in 1990 or later.

#### 1969 or Earlier 1990 or Later 7024 68.3% 22.0% 9.7% 2,056 7025.01 63.7% 31.7% 4.7% 2,214 7025.02 18.3% 77.8% 3.9% 2,170 7026 86.4% 9.5% 4.1% 2,369 7027 86.2% 6.1% 7.8% 1,322 7028.01 65.0% 21.0% 13.9% 2,259 7028.02 94.1% 3.6% 2.3% 912 7028.03 23.4% 12.4% 1,229 64.1% 7030.01 47.8% 44.0% 8.2% 3,307 Culver City 62.6% 29.8% 7.6% 17,703 25.4% 14.1% 3,542,800

## TABLE E-242515: SUBSTANDARD HOUSING CONDITIONSHOUSING STOCK AGE

Source: HUD CHAS Data (based on 2013-2017 ACS), 20202015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

FIGURE E-34: MEDIAN YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT BY CENSUS TRACT



Source: 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates).

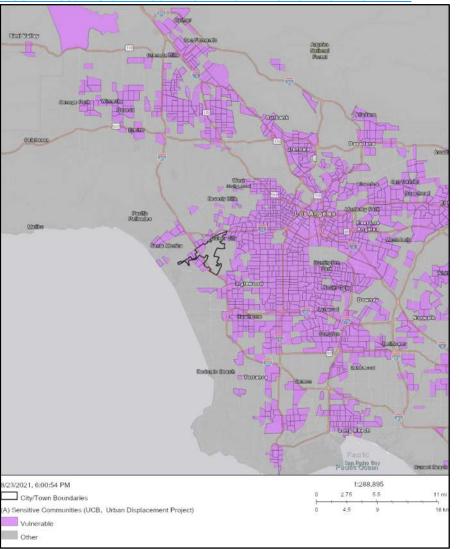
## DISPLACEMENT RISK

HCD defines sensitive communities as "communities [that] currently have populations vulnerable to displacement in the event of increased development or drastic shifts in housing cost." The following characteristics define a vulnerable community:

- The share of very low income residents is above 20%; and
- The tract meets two of the following criteria:
  - Share of renters is above 40%,
  - Share of people of color is above 50%,
  - Share of very low-income households (50% AMI or below) that are severely rent burdened households is above the county median,
  - They or areas in close proximity have been experiencing displacement pressures (percent change in rent above County median for rent increases), or
  - Difference between tract median rent and median rent for surrounding tracts above median for all tracts in county (rent gap).

**Regional Trend.** Figure E-35 shows sensitive communities at risk of displacement in the region. Vulnerable communities are most concentrated in the central County areas around the City of Los Angeles, Inglewood, South Gate, and Compton, East Los Angeles, and parts of the San Gabriel Valley and San Fernando Valley. There are fewer vulnerable communities in coastal areas and between Calabasas, Malibu, and Beverly Hills.

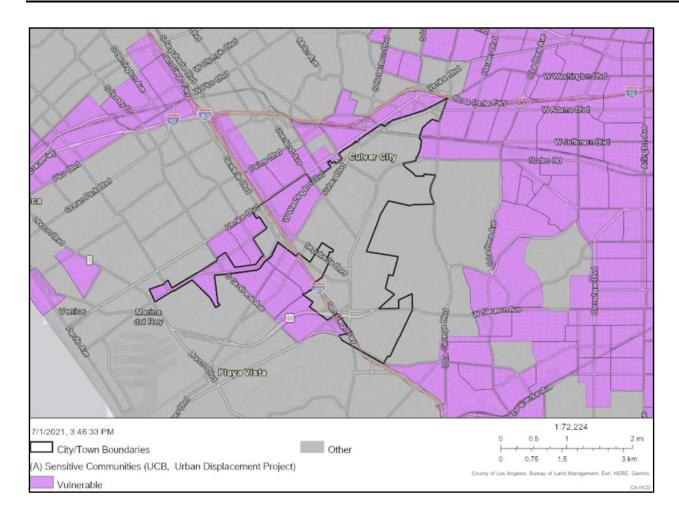
Local Trend. HCD has identified two vulnerable communities with populations that may be vulnerable to displacement in the event of increased redevelopment or drastic shifts in housing cost in Culver City. These vulnerable communities are located on the western side of the City (Figure E-3619Figure E-36Figure E-36). These tracts also have higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities, LMI households, and cost burdened renters (see Figure 2, Figure E-13, and Figure E-31Figure E-2, Figure E-6, and Figure E-17). These tracts also received lower jobs proximity index scores than the rest of the City (see Figure E-29Figure E-14). The tract in the far western corner is considered a moderate resource area (see Figure E-20Figure E-10).

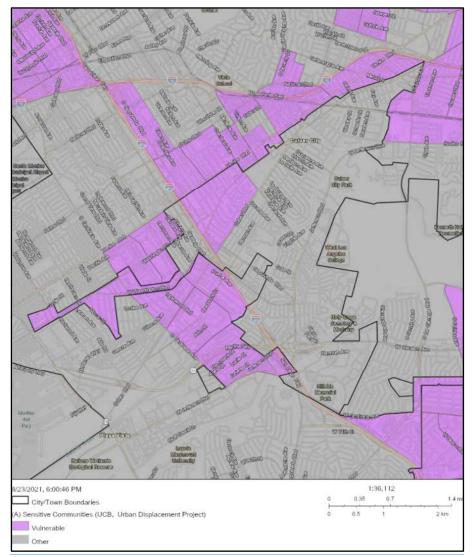


## FIGURE E-35: REGIONAL COMMUNITIES AT RISK OF DISPLACEMENT

Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2020 Urban Displacement Project), 2021.

FIGURE E-<u>36</u>19: SENSITIVE COMMUNITIES AT RISK OF DISPLACEMENT



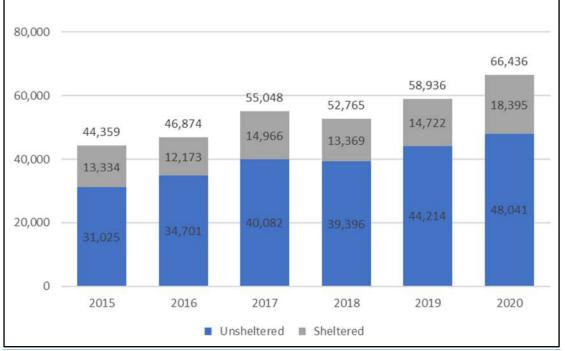


Source: HCD AFFH Data Viewer (2020 Urban Displacement Project), 2021.

## HOMELESSNESS

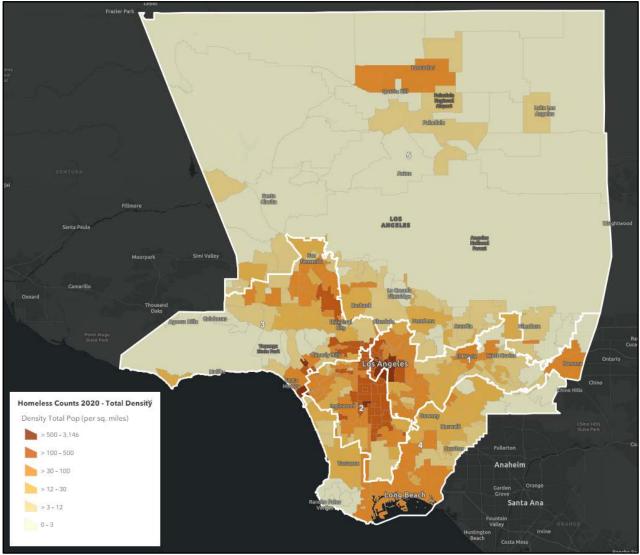
**Regional Trend.** The Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority (LAHSA) estimates there were 66,436 persons experiencing homelessness in the Los Angeles County, according to the 2020 Greater Los Angeles Homeless Point-in-Time (PIT) Count. Figure E-37 shows the Los Angeles County homeless populations from 2015 to 2020. Approximately 72% of the homeless population is unsheltered and 28% is sheltered. The homeless population has increased nearly 50% since 2015, and 12.7% since 2019. As of January 2020, the total Los Angeles County population has increased by only 0.5% since 2015 and decreased by 0.1% since 2019 according to Department of Finance (DOF) estimates.

Figure E-38 shows the density of homeless population density in persons per square mile by community. The central Los Angeles County jurisdictions have the highest density of persons experiencing homelessness. In general, the number of persons experiencing homelessness decreases towards the Los Angeles County boundaries. Jurisdictions with high concentrations of homelessness outside of the central County areas include Venice, unincorporated West Los Angeles, and North Hollywood.



### FIGURE E-37: LOS ANGELES COUNTY HOMELESS POPULATION PIT COUNT TREND (2015-2020)

Source: Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority (LAHSA), 2015-2020 LA County/LA Continuum of Care (CoC) Homeless Counts.



## FIGURE E-38: LOS ANGELES COUNTY HOMELESS COUNT DENSITY (2020)

Source: Los Angeles County Homelessness & Housing Map (based on 2020 LAHSA Homeless PIT Count), 2021.

Table E-25Table E-SEQ TABLE **\*** ARABIC 25Table E-25 shows the homeless populations in 2019 and 2020 by population type, gender, and health/disability. Approximately 19.3% of the homeless population belongs to a family with one or more child, 38.4% are chronically homeless, and 22.3% have a serious mental illness. Since 2019, the population of homeless family members (+45.7%), persons experiencing chronic homelessness (+54.2%), persons fleeing domestic violence (+40%), non-binary/gender non-conforming persons (+325.5), and persons with a substance use disorder (+104%) have increased the most drastically. The population of transgender persons and persons with HIV/AIDS experiencing homelessness have decreased by 81.4% and 4.7%, respectively.

### TABLE E-2526: HOMELESS POPULATION DEMOGRAPHICS (2019-2020)

	20	019	<u>2020</u>		Percent
	Persons	Percent	Persons	Percent	<u>Change</u>
Total	<u>58,936</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>66,436</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>12.7</u>
Individuals	<u>50,071</u>	85.0	<u>53,619</u>	<u>80.7</u>	<u>7.1</u>
Transitional Aged Youth (18-24)	<u>3,635</u>	<u>6.2</u>	4,278	<u>6.4</u>	17.7
Unaccompanied Minors (under 18)	<u>66</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>12.1</u>
Family Members*	<u>8,799</u>	14.9	<u>12,817</u>	<u>19.3</u>	45.7
Veterans	<u>3,878</u>	<u>6.6</u>	<u>3,902</u>	<u>5.9</u>	0.6
People Experiencing Chronic Homelessness	<u>16,528</u>	<u>28.0</u>	25,490	<u>38.4</u>	<u>54.2</u>
Fleeing Domestic/Intimate Partner Violence	<u>3,111</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>4,356</u>	<u>6.6</u>	40.0
Gender					
Male	<u>39,348</u>	<u>66.8</u>	44,259	<u>66.6</u>	<u>12.5</u>
<u>Female</u>	<u>18,331</u>	<u>31.1</u>	<u>21,129</u>	<u>31.8</u>	15.3
Non-Binary/Gender Non-Conforming	200	0.3	<u>851</u>	<u>1.3</u>	325.5
Transgender	<u>1,057</u>	1.8	<u>197</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>-81.4</u>
Health and Disability**					
Substance Use Disorder	<u>7,836</u>	<u>13.3</u>	<u>15,983</u>	<u>24.1</u>	104.0
<u>HIV/AIDS</u>	<u>1,306</u>	2.2	<u>1,245</u>	<u>1.9</u>	-4.7
Serious Mental Illness	<u>13,670</u>	23.2	14,790	<u>22.3</u>	<u>8.2</u>
Percent of Total County Population		0.6	<u></u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u></u>
*Members of families with at least one child under 18.					

\*\* Indicators are not mutually exclusive.

Source: Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority (LAHSA), 2019-2020 LA County/LA Continuum of Care (CoC) Homeless Counts.

The following data refers to the Los Angeles Continuum of Care (CoC) region, covering all Los Angeles County jurisdictions except for the cities of Long Beach, Pasadena, and Glendale. Special needs groups are considered elderly or disabled (including developmental disabilities), female-headed households, large families, farmworkers, and people experiencing homelessness.

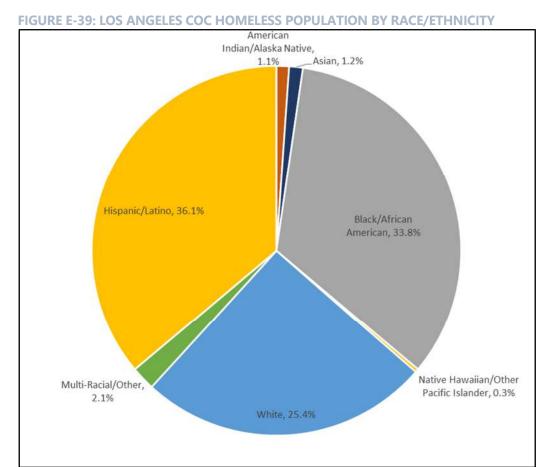
Approximately 19.5% of the homeless population are members of families with one or more child under the age of 18, 9.9% are elderly persons aged 62 and older, 17% have a physical disability, and 8.3% have a developmental disability. Only 32% of homeless persons with a developmental disability, 17.3% with a physical disability, and 21.5% of homeless seniors are sheltered. Over 75% of family members are sheltered (Table E-26Table E-26Table E-26).

### TABLE E-2627: HOMELESS POPULATIONS AND SPECIAL NEEDS GROUPS

Special Needs Group	Sheltered	Unsheltered	Total
Developmental Disability	<u>32.1%</u>	<u>67.9%</u>	<u>5,292</u>
Physical Disability	<u>17.3%</u>	<u>82.7%</u>	<u>10,833</u>
Family Members	<u>76.3%</u>	<u>23.7%</u>	12,416
<u>62+</u>	<u>21.5%</u>	<u>78.5%</u>	<u>6,290</u>

Source: LAHSA, 2020 LA CoC Homeless Counts; 2015-2019 ACS (5-Year Estimates)

Figure E-39 shows the homeless population by race and ethnicity. The Hispanic/Latino, Black/African American, and White populations make up the largest proportions of the homeless population. The Black/African American population is the most overrepresented in the Los Angeles CoC region. Approximately 33.8% of homeless persons are Black or African American, compared to only 7.8% of the population countywide. The American Indian and Alaska Native population is also overrepresented, making up only 0.2% of the County population, but 1.1% of the homeless population.



Davas (Ethericity	<u>Homeles</u>	<u>s Population</u>	Percent of Total
Race/Ethnicity	Persons	Percent	Population
<u>American Indian/</u> Alaska Nativ <u>e</u>	<u>686</u>	<u>1.1</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Asian	774	<u>1.2</u>	14.4
Black/African American	21,509	<u>33.8</u>	<u>7.8</u>
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>	<u>23,005</u>	<u>36.1</u>	<u>48.5</u>
<u>Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific</u> <u>Islander</u>	<u>205</u>	0.3	<u>0.2</u>
White	<u>16,208</u>	<u>25.4</u>	26.2
<u>Multi-Racial/Other</u>	1,319	2.1	2.6

Figure E-40 shows the distribution of homeless persons in the Los Angeles CoC region by age. Adults aged 25 to 54 make up most of the homeless population, followed by adults aged 55 to 61, and children under 18. Children account for 11.8% of the homeless population and seniors (age 62+) account for 9.9% of the population. Approximately 6.6% of the homeless population is transitional aged youths between the ages of 18 and 24.

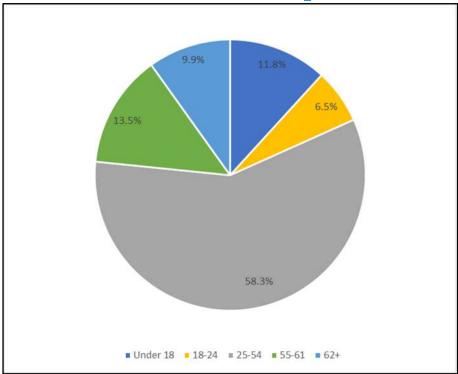
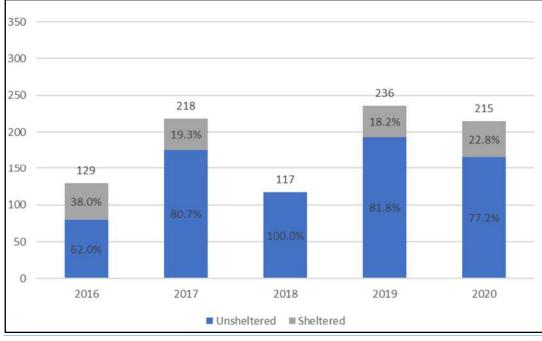


FIGURE F-40.105	ANGELES COC	HOMELESS POPI	JLATION BY AGE
I IGUILL L'HU. LOJ	ANGLED COC	I I O I VILLUJJ F OF V	

A ===	Homeles	s Population	Percent of Total
Age	Persons	Percent	Population
<u>Under 18</u>	<u>7,491</u>	<u>11.8</u>	22.0
18-24	4,181	<u>6.6</u>	<u>9.7</u>
25-54	<u>37,138</u>	<u>58.3</u>	43.2
<u>55-61</u>	<u>8,606</u>	<u>13.5</u>	<u>8.7</u>
<u>62+</u>	<u>6,290</u>	<u>9.9</u>	16.4
Source: LAHSA, 2020 LA CoC Home	less Counts: 2015-	2019 ACS (5-Vear Estim	nates)

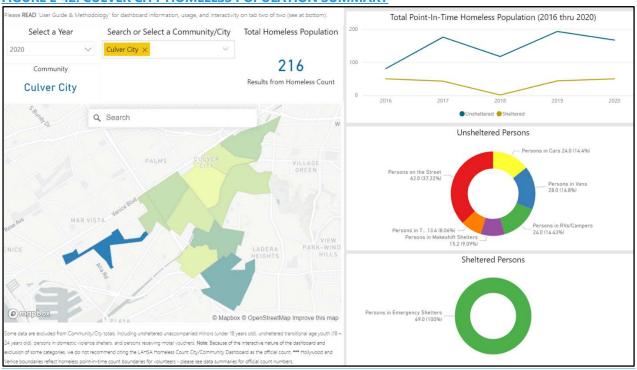
Local Trend. Figure E-41 shows the homeless population trend in Culver City from 2016 to 2020. As of 2020, there are 215 persons experiencing homelessness in Culver City. Of the 215 persons counted in Culver City during the 2020 Greater Los Angeles Homeless Count, 77% were unsheltered and 23% were sheltered. All sheltered persons in Culver City were in emergency shelters. Of the unsheltered population, 37.3% were on the street, 16.9% were in vans, 14.5% were in cars, 14.5% were in RVs/campers, 9% were in makeshift shelters, and 7.8% were in tents. The population of persons experiencing homelessness in Culver City has increased 66.7% since 2016 but decreased 8.9% since 2019.



## FIGURE E-41: CULVER CITY HOMELESS POPULATION PIT COUNT TREND (2016-2020)

Source: LAHSA, 2020 Greater Los Angeles City/Community Homelessness Reports Service Planning Area 5.

A summary of the homeless population in Culver City, provided by LAHSA, is shown in Figure E-42. As discussed previously, unsheltered persons make up more than 75% of the Culver City homeless population. The tract in the western and southern corners of the City had the largest homeless populations based on the 2020 PIT Count. Homeless counts by tract are shown in Table E-252527Table E-25Table E-27. Tract 7028.03, the western corner of the city, has the largest homeless population. This tract contains all the sheltered persons counted in Culver City as well as the Upward Bound House emergency shelter. According to the 2021 LAHSA Housing Inventory Count, Upward Bound House has a total of 50 beds, 44 of which were occupied in January 2021. Approximately 17.8% of the 2020 homeless population was counted in tract 7030.01 and 13.9% was counted in tract 7026, both located in southern Culver City.



### FIGURE E-42: CULVER CITY HOMELESS POPULATION SUMMARY

Note: Because of the interactive nature of the [LAHSA homeless count] dashboard and exclusion of some categories, LAHSA does not recommend citing this dashboard as the official count. Estimates shown in Figure E-41 are from the 2020 Greater Los Angeles City/Community Homelessness Reports rather than the dashboard.

Source: LAHSA 2020 Homeless Count by Community/City.

## TABLE E-282527: HOMELESS COUNT DATA BY CENSUS TRACT

Census Tract	Community Name	<u>Unsheltered</u>	Sheltered	Total	<u>Percent of</u> <u>Total</u>
702400	<u>Culver City</u>	24	<u>0</u>	24	10.9
<u>702501</u>	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>0.9</u>
702502	<u>Culver City/Baldwin</u> <u>Hills/Crenshaw</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>5.9</u>
702600	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>13.9</u>
702700	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>4.1</u>
<u>702801</u>	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>7.3</u>
702802	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>7.2</u>
702803	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>32.0</u>
<u>703001</u>	<u>Culver City/ Ladera</u> <u>Heights</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>17.8</u>
<u>Total</u>		<u>168</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>217</u>	<u>100.0</u>

Note: LAHSA does not recommend aggregating census tract-level data to calculate numbers for other geographic levels. Due to rounding, census tract-level data may not add up to the total for Los Angeles City Council District, Supervisorial District, Service Planning Area, or the Los Angeles CoC.

Source: LAHSA 2020 Homeless Count Data by Census Tract.

The Los Angeles County Coordinated Entry System (LA County CES) assesses individuals to match them with available housing resources and programs. From July to December 2020, 275 individuals in Culver City were assessed through CES, including 14 youths, 55 families, 39 veterans, and 49 persons aged 62 or older. Culver

<u>City is a part of Service Planning Area (SPA) 5, serving West Los Angeles communities including Beverly Hills,</u> <u>Brentwood, Culver City, Malibu, Pacific Palisades, Playa del Rey, Santa Monica, and Venice.</u> <u>Culver City and SPA 5 CES assessments and services are presented in Table E-262628<del>Table E-26Table E-28</del>.</u>

## TABLE E-292628: CES ASSESSMENTS BY TYPE AND SERVICES

	<u>Culver City</u>	<u>SPA 5</u>	City Percent of SPA 5
CES Assessments	· ·		·
<u>Total Persons</u>	<u>341</u>	<u>2,791</u>	<u>12.2</u>
Individuals	275	<u>2,267</u>	<u>12.1</u>
Youth	<u>14</u>	<u>173</u>	<u>8.1</u>
<u>Families</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>370</u>	14.9
Veterans	<u>39</u>	<u>531</u>	<u>7.3</u>
Persons Aged 62+	<u>49</u>	<u>461</u>	<u>10.6</u>
Types of Services Provided to Those Assesse	ed		
Interim Housing	<u>124</u>	<u>993</u>	<u>12.5</u>
Rapid Re-Housing	<u>76</u>	<u>699</u>	<u>10.9</u>
<u>Street Outreach (Contacts)</u>	<u>184</u>	1,232	14.9
<u>Street Outreach (Engagements)</u>	109	431	<u>25.3</u>
Other (Non-Permanent)	<u>74</u>	807	<u>9.2</u>
Placed into Permanent Housing*	<u>54</u>	458	<u>11.8</u>
Includes persons that have moved into permanent hous	ina durina the report period (thro	uah either rapid re-housi	na.

permanent supportive housing, or other permanent destinations).

Note: For households with more than one person (including families), the assessment of the head of household is applied to <u>all members.</u>

Source: LAHSA Homelessness Statistics by City (July 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020), March 2021.

## 6. SUMMARY OF FAIR HOUSING ISSUES

<u>Table E-27272916</u><u>Table E-27</u><u>Table E-29</u>, below, shows a summary of the issues identified in this Assessment of Fair Housing. Fair housing issues are most concentrated in tracts on the western side of the City along the northwestern border, where there are higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities, LMI households, and cost burdened renters. These areas are also considered vulnerable communities at risk of displacement, and one of these tracts is categorized as a moderate resource area.

## TABLE E-30272916 SUMMARY OF FAIR HOUSING ISSUES

Fair Housing Issue	Summary
Enforcement and Outreach	
Fair Housing Records	<ul> <li>HRC provides fair housing services, including outreach and education, to the Los Angeles Urban County including Culver City; however, no specific service records on Culver City are available.</li> <li>During the 2019-2020 FY, HRC received 356 fair housing inquiries opened 83 housing discrimination cases; most of the discrimination</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>cases were related to physical and mental disabilities.</li> <li>Between January 2013 and March 2021, HUD received 26 FHEO inquiries from Culver City residents.</li> <li>Less than 5% of renters in three Culver City tracts receive HCVs.</li> </ul>
Integration and Segregation	

Fair Housing Issue	Summary
Race/Ethnicity	<ul> <li>Based on HUD's dissimilarity index, non-White and White communities in the Urban County are highly segregated.</li> <li>54% of Culver City residents belong to a racial/ethnic minority group, compared to 74% in the County.</li> <li>The racial/ethnic minority population has grown since 2010 in most Culver City block groups.</li> <li>A larger proportion of lower income RHNA units are in block groups with higher concentrations of racial/ethnic minorities compared to</li> </ul>
Disability	<ul> <li>moderate and above moderate income units.</li> <li>9.3% of Culver City residents experience a disability compared to 9.9% in the County.</li> <li>A slightly larger share of lower income RHNA units are in tracts with larger populations of disabled persons compared to moderate and above moderate income units.</li> </ul>
Familial Status	<ul> <li>26.6% of Culver City households have one or more child; 4.9% are single-parent households and 3.4% are single-parent female-headed households.</li> <li>More than 20% of children live in female-headed households in only two tracts in the City.</li> <li>A larger proportion of lower income units are in tracts where over 80% of children are in married couple households and fewer than 20% of children are in female-headed households, compared to moderate and above moderate income units.</li> </ul>
Income	<ul> <li>32.4% of Culver City households earn less than 80% of the County AMI, compared to 51.6% countywide.</li> <li>The western side of the City has higher concentrations of LMI households making up 50-75% of the population.</li> <li>More lower income RHNA units are located in block groups where 50- 75% of the population is LMI compared to moderate and above moderate income units.</li> </ul>
Racially or Ethnically Concen	trated Areas of Poverty
Racially/Ethnically Concentrated Areas of Poverty (R/ECAPs)	<ul> <li>There are no R/ECAPs in Culver City; there are also no tracts categorized as areas of high segregation and poverty by the Fair Housing Task Force.</li> </ul>
Racially/Ethnically Concentrated Areas of Affluence (RCAAs)	<ul> <li>Most Culver City tracts are predominantly White, but none have racial/ethnic minority populations below 20%.</li> <li>Several block groups in the central and eastern sections of the City have median incomes exceeding \$125,000.</li> <li>None of the block groups in the City are considered RCAAs.</li> </ul>
Access to Opportunities	
	<ul> <li>Urban County residents are less likely to be exposed to poverty and have better access to higher quality schools than residents countywide; environmental health is better in the Urban County for White, Black, and Native American residents, but worse for Hispanic and Asian residents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Most tracts in Culver City are considered high and highest resource areas; the tract on the western end of the City is categorized as moderate resource.</li> </ul>

Fair Housing Issue	Summary
	• A majority of lower income RHNA units are in high resource areas, while a majority of moderate and above moderate income units are in highest resource areas.
Economic	• All of the tracts in the City scored in the highest quartile of economic scores.
Education	<ul> <li>Tracts on the eastern side of the City received higher education scores than the tract on the western side.</li> <li>The tract with the lowest education score is considered a moderate</li> </ul>
Environmental	<ul> <li>resource area.</li> <li>Tracts along the western, southern, and eastern City boundaries received environmental scores in the lowest quartile.</li> <li>Tracts in the northern/central areas of the City received environmental scores between 0.25 and 0.50; all tracts in Culver City received lower environmental scores below 0.50.</li> </ul>
Transportation	<ul> <li>Culver City received an All Transit Performance score of 8.8, higher than most surrounding jurisdictions and the County.</li> <li>The eastern, southern, and central sections of the City have the highest jobs proximity indices between 80 and 100; the block groups on the western side of the City received slightly lower jobs proximity indices between 60 and 80.</li> </ul>
	• Nearly all of Culver City is considered an HQTA.
Disproportionate Housing Ne	
	<ul> <li>35.6% of owner households and 49.1% of renter households in Culver City have one or more housing problem</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Hispanic renter-occupied households and Black owner-occupied households have the most housing problems in the City.</li> </ul>
	• Black owner households and Hispanic renter households have the highest rate of cost burden in the City.
Cost Burden	• The proportion of cost burdened owners has decreased in most tracts since the 2010-2014 ACS.
	• The proportion of cost burdened renters has fluctuated throughout the City since the 2010-2014 ACS; two tracts on the western side of the City saw an increase in cost burdened renters from 40-60% to 60-80%.
Overcrowding	• 2.7% of owner households and 8.7% of renter households are overcrowded in Culver City.
Overcrowding	• The concentration of overcrowded households exceeds the Statewide average in two tracts on the western side of the City.
	• Less than 1% of owner households and 4.4% of renter households lack complete plumbing or kitchen facilities in the City.
Substandard Housing Conditions	• Culver City has an aging housing stock, where 92.4% of housing was built prior to 1990 compared to only 85.9% countywide.
	• Tracts along the western City boundary have the largest proportion of housing units built in 1969 or earlier.
Displacement	• Two tracts on the western side of the City are considered vulnerable communities at risk of displacement.

## III. IDENTIFICATION AND PRIORITIZATION OF CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

The following are contributing factors that affect fair housing choice in Culver City.

## 1. LACK OF HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES IN HIGH RESOURCE AREAS AND HOUSING MOBILITY

Overpaying renters are most concentrated in two tracts in the western areas of Culver City. Fewer than 5% of renters in these all Culver City tracts receive HCVs despite the concentration of overpaying renters. The City lacks outreach and education methods to disseminate information about HCVs, including encouraging property owners to accept HCVs throughout the City, specifically in higher resource areas.

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

- Lack of local private fair housing outreach and enforcement
- Lack of local public fair housing enforcement
  - Insufficient outreach and education efforts related to fair housing, being only a participant to the County's program
- Lack of resources for fair housing agencies and organizations
- Concentration of overpaying renters

## 2. DISPLACEMENT RISK OF LOW INCOME RESIDENTS DUE TO ECONOMIC PRESSURES

Tracts on the western side of the City are considered vulnerable communities at risk of displacement. This area also has higher concentrations of LMI households and cost burdened renters and is a lower opportunity area. Between 60% and 80% of renter households in this section of the City overpay for housing.

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

- Displacement of residents due to economic pressures
- Land use and zoning laws
- Location and type of affordable housing
- Unaffordable rents
- Concentration of poverty in some tracts
- Availability of affordable housing

## 3. SUBSTANDARD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Approximately 0.7% of owner households and 4.4% of renter households in Culver City lack complete kitchen or plumbing facilities. Approximately 62.6% of the City's housing stock was built prior to 1970 (50+ years old), and over

90% was built prior to 1990 (30+ years old). Tracts along the western City boundary have the highest concentration of housing units aged 50 or older.

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

- Age of housing stock
- Cost of repairs or rehabilitation
- Lack of public investments in specific neighborhoods, including services or amenities

# APPENDIX EF: ACRONYMS

AB	Assembly Bill
AC	Acre
ADU	Accessory Dwelling Unit
AMI	Area Median Income
CDBG	Community Development Block Grant
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CHS	Culver City Comprehensive Housing Strategy
CPD	HUD Community Planning and Development
CPI	Consumer Price Index
CUP	Conditional Use Permit
DFEH	State Department of Fair Employment and Housing
DOBI	Density or Other Bonus Incentive DOBI
DOF	California Department of Finance
DU	Dwelling unit
DU/AC	Dwelling Unit Per Acre
ELI	Extremely low income
ERAF	Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund
FAR	Floor area ratio
FHEO	U. S. Department of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity
FMR	Fair market rent
FY	Fiscal Year
HCD	California Department of Housing and Community Development
HCV	Housing Choice Voucher
HH	Households
HMDA	Home Mortgage Disclosure Act
HOA	Homeowners Association
HOME	HOME Investment Partnership Act
HQS	Housing Quality Standards
HUD	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
ILR	Improvement-to-Land Ratio

JADU	Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit
LACDA	Los Angeles County Development Authority
LAHSA	Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority
LBNC	Low Barrier Navigation Center
LMIHAF	Low/Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund
LTMB	Landlord-Tenant Mediation Board
MAP	Mortgage Assistance Program
MF	Multi-family
MTA	Metropolitan Transportation Authority
NPP	Neighborhood Preservation Program
PLHA	Permanent Local Housing Allocation
PMI	Private Mortgage Insurance
PSH	Permanent Supportive Housing
RAP	Rental Assistance Program
RHNA	Regional Housing Needs Assessment
SB	Senate Bill
SCAG	Southern California Association of Governments
SF	Single-family
TOD	Transit Oriented Development
UBH	Upward Bound House
VL	Very low income
VASH	Veterans Affairs Supporting Housing
WLAC	West Los Angeles Community College