

MEETING DATE: 08/13/12

AGENDA ITEM: PUBLIC HEARING Adoption of a Resolution Confirming the Assessment and Ordering the Levy for the Sewer User's Service Charge - Fiscal Year 2012/2013

ATTACHMENTS

		<u>Pages</u>
1	Proposed Resolution	1-3
2	Engineer's Report	4-9
3	NBS Sewer Rate Study	10-36

1 RESOLUTION NO. 2012-R _____

2 A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
3 CULVER CITY, CALIFORNIA, CONFIRMING THE
4 ASSESSMENT AND ORDERING THE LEVY FOR THE
5 SEWER USER'S SERVICE CHARGES FOR FISCAL YEAR
6 2012-2013.

7 WHEREAS, the City Council previously completed proceedings in
8 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5.02 of the Culver City Municipal Code
9 ("CCMC") for the levy and collection of annual assessments for the system of sewer
10 user's service charges providing that each parcel of property shall pay its proportionate
11 share of the costs for operation, maintenance, repair and improvements of the City
12 sewerage system (the "Sewer User's Service Charges"); and,

13 WHEREAS, on July 2, 2012, the City Council approved the Assessment
14 Engineer's Report (the "Engineer's Report") and declared its intention to provide for the
15 levy and collection of annual assessments for Fiscal Year 2012-2013, to provide for the
16 costs and expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, repair and
17 improvements of the City sewerage system; and,

18 WHEREAS, the City Council has heard all testimony and considered all
19 objections to the assessment at a duly noticed public hearing held on August 13, 2012
20 and has determined to proceed with the levy of annual assessments for the District.
21

22 NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Culver City, DOES
23 HEREBY RESOLVE as follows:
24

25 1. The City Council hereby confirms the assessment and the
26 allocation of the levy amounts so that each parcel of property shall pay its proportionate
27 share of the costs for operation, maintenance, repair and improvements of the City
28

1 sewerage system, as is described in full detail in the Engineer's Report on file with the
2 Clerk.

3 2. The adoption of this resolution shall constitute the levy of an
4 assessment for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2012 and ending June 30, 2013.

5 3. The assessment for the Sewer User's Service Charges as set forth
6 in the Engineer's Report shall be performed pursuant to law. The County Auditor shall
7 enter on the County Assessment Roll the amount of the assessment and the
8 assessment shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as the County
9 property taxes are collected. After collection by the County, the net amount of the
10 assessment shall be paid to the City of Culver City.
11

12 4. Upon receipt of monies representing assessments collected by the
13 County, the City shall deposit the monies into a special fund known as the "Fund for
14 Sewer User's Service Charges" which was previously established upon the creation of
15 the District.
16

17 5. Immediately upon the adoption of this Resolution, the City Clerk
18 shall file a certified copy of this Resolution, which includes the Engineer's Report
19 containing the allocation of levy amounts and assessment, with the County Auditor.
20

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1 6. A certified copy of the Engineer's Report shall also be filed in the
2 Office of the City Engineer, with a duplicate copy on file in the Office of the City Clerk,
3 and shall be open for public inspection.
4

5 APPROVED and ADOPTED this _____ day of _____ 2012.
6
7

8 _____
9 ANDREW WEISSMAN, Mayor
 City of Culver City, California

10 ATTEST:
11

12 APPROVED AS TO FORM:
13

14 _____
15 MARTIN R. COLE, City Clerk
16 Attorney

17 _____
18 CAROL A. SCHWAB, City
19 Clerk

20 A12-00534
21
22
23
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26
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CHARLES D. HERBERTSON
Public Works Director/City Engineer

Culver **CITY**

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

9770 CULVER BOULEVARD, 2ND FLOOR
CULVER CITY, CALIFORNIA 90232-0507



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ENGINEER'S REPORT

ON THE ANNUAL LEVY

2012-2013

SEWER USER'S SERVICE CHARGE

IN THE CITY OF CULVER CITY UNDER THE

PROVISIONS

OF CHAPTER 5.02 OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF

CULVER CITY, CALIFORNIA

FILED with the City Clerk
on June 28, 2012

PRESENTED to the City Council
and APPROVED by Resolution
No. 2012-R____, adopted by said
City Council on July 2, 2012
and thereafter filed in the
Office of the City Clerk

Martin Cole
City Clerk
City of Culver City

TO: The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

FROM: Charles D. Herbertson, Public Works Director and City Engineer

CITY ENGINEER'S REPORT FOR SEWER USER'S SERVICE CHARGES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2012-13

Charles D. Herbertson RCE 46658
Public Works Director and City Engineer

1.0 Introduction

A major challenge confronting those responsible for wastewater infrastructure, transportation, treatment and disposal is acquiring adequate funds to finance and operate facilities and capital equipment, along with implementing appropriate pricing structures to ensure the self-sufficiency of the utility. The financing vehicle that is used by the utility and the timing of the financing are crucial in ensuring that wastewater customers are appropriately paying for facilities and services that they need, and not inappropriately financing facilities for future customers. It is a major goal of an effective financial plan to 'match' the economic impact on customers with the benefits received from the service.

Regulations governing Federal and State grant funds require the City of Los Angeles to maintain a Cost Recovery Program (Sewer User Charges System) which includes all operations and maintenance costs directly or indirectly related to the treatment and collection of liquid waste discharge by residents and businesses. As a result of Culver City's contractual relationship with the City of Los Angeles for wastewater treatment at the Hyperion Treatment Facility (Hyperion), Culver City (City) is also required to recover from each wastewater user their proportionate share of the costs incurred for wastewater collection capital improvements within Culver City, wastewater system operation and maintenance, City of Los Angeles capital improvements for conveyance to Hyperion and operation and maintenance at Hyperion. Accordingly, Culver City adopted a plan to collect wastewater user charges and implemented it for the first time in fiscal year 1980-81.

The City recovers wastewater user charges on an annual basis. Since the plan's inception, the County Auditor-Controller's offices, and the annual property tax bill, have been utilized as the vehicle for both billing and collection. This method has proven to be both functionally satisfactory and exceptionally economical.

In Fiscal Year 2003-2004 the City Council approved an update to the Sewer User's Service Charges (SUSC) structures and billing formulas.

2.0 Discussion

As it has been 9 years since the last update and due to several concerns expressed by certain property owners regarding the existing sewer formulas, the City Council approved staff's recommendation to enter into a contract with NBS to conduct a rate study of the current SUSC. The study has been completed and includes recommendations that will improve and best meet the City's goal of fairly and equitably collecting the annual sewer revenue requirements.

The first part of the Study contains a proposed five-year financial plan for the sewer enterprise funds in order to meet recommended operating, capital, and debt reserve balances and to adequately fund the City's proposed capital improvement program. The current unreserved cash balance is \$17.2 million, although most of this will be spent on capital improvement projects over the next four years.

The new targets for reserve balances recommended by NBS are as follows:

1. Operating Reserve – 25% or 90 days of operating and maintenance expenses.
2. Capital Rehabilitation and Replacement Reserve – 3% of system net assets. The net assets is based on the 2010/11 CAFR, plus capital asset additions and annual depreciation adjustments, it is estimated that the City's Net Asset value of the sewer system is approximately \$41.6 million.
3. Debt Reserve – the maximum annual debt service payment, as specified by the bond covenants.

These recommended targets for reserve balances equate to approximately \$4.5 million. The capital improvement program is proposed to total \$13.8 million in the five-year financial plan. This information was provided to NBS from City staff. Staff also provided NBS the projected charges by the City of Los Angeles, Culver City personnel costs, and administration and consultants expenses.

Based on the aforementioned recommended targets for reserve balances, proposed capital improvement program, and other expenses, the Study recommends 4% rate increases in each of the next three years, (Fiscal Years 2013/14 through 2015/16). At the end of the 5-year plan, the unreserved cash balance is projected to be approximately \$4.5 million which matches the recommended reserve balance

The second part of the Study was a cost-of-service analysis. The purpose of this analysis is to equitably allocate the sewer costs to each customer class. The process includes two steps, first classifying the four types of costs (volume, BOD, SS, and number of accounts) and then allocating them based on specific factors for each type of cost. The Study contains several Exhibits that show how this is calculated.

The results of this exercise show that the revenue requirements change in each of the customer classes. For example an additional 11% of the revenue should come from single family customers. It also shows a reduction of 13% of the revenue from the commercial/restaurants customer class.

The following table summarizes the cost-of-service analysis revenue requirements from each customer class for Fiscal Year 2012-2013:

Customer Class Code	Commodity Charge
101 Single-Family	+11% increase
102 Multi-Family	-1% reduction
200 Commercial/Business:	-2% reduction
300 Commercial/Restaurants:	-13% reduction
400 Institutional:	-4% reduction
600 Special Users	-8% reduction

The third part of the study was a rate design analysis, which evaluated how the revenue requirements should be collected from base charges vs. commodity rates. This part of the study looked at all the sewer enterprise fund expenses and determined which ones are fixed costs (base charges) and variable costs (i.e. commodity charges). Base charges should be used to recover costs such as personnel costs, capital improvement costs, office expenses, and most of the administrative costs and consultant charges. Commodity charges should be used to recover what the City pays to the City of Los Angeles for wastewater treatment-related costs, utilities at the seven sewer pump stations, and some of administrative and consultant charges. The study determined that approximately 60% of the sewer utility costs are fixed and 40% are variable. Therefore, fixed charges (base charges) should collect 60% of the sewer rate revenue, and commodity charges should collect 40%.

This proposed change will improve the stability of the revenue amount because if overall water consumption is lower than the previous year, only the revenue collected from the commodity charge would be lower. Water consumption has been significantly lower these past several years due to a combination of factors such as water conservation and economic slowdown as shown in the following table:

2006 calendar year	2,435,491 HCF consumption and not irrigation	\$8,683,340 sewer revenue
2007	2,451,378 HCF	\$8,668,401
2008	2,284,560 HCF	\$8,104,502
2009	2,285,866 HCF	\$8,107,837
2010	2,062,720 HCF	\$7,544,661

As a result, with no changes to the rates since 2007, sewer revenue has decreased by over \$1 million.

At the time of the writing of this report, Staff received the water consumption data for 2011. A preliminary review indicates that the water consumption is nearly the same as it was in 2010. It is important to note that while conducting the study, NBS relied on the 2010 water consumption numbers and revenue numbers.

3.0 Recommendation

Staff recommends that:

- 1.) Only rate reductions be approved for the 2012-13 tax rolls.

Customer Class Code	Commodity Charge
102 Multi-Family	-1% reduction
200 Commercial/Business:	-2% reduction
300 Commercial/Restaurants:	-13% reduction
400 Institutional:	-4% reduction
600 Special Users	-8% reduction

It is too late now to recommend an 11% increase to the single family residence rates because the City is required to meet the Proposition 218 requirements of a minimum 45 day notice of the Public Hearing and submit the sewer charges to the County Assessor's office by their August 10 deadline. Staff proposes that the 11% increase be gradually implemented over a three-year period, beginning in 2013-14. This is in addition to the 4% rate increases for all customer classes beginning next year (2013-14).

- 2.) Residential customers can request alternative credits for landscape irrigation in two ways: i) by installing a separate water meter for landscaping which will not be assessed sewer charges on the tax bill, or ii) prove by submitting calculations and evidence that the percentage reduction in the tabled formula is not adequate.
- 3.) Continue to use Los Angeles Auditor-Controller property tax roll for SUSC billing purposes for FY 2012-2013 as it eliminates costly billing systems, additional staff, and minimizes bad debt.

Proposed SUSC Rates for 2012-2013

Customer Class Code	Base Charge	Commodity Charge
102 Multi-Family	\$ 41.80 +	(W x \$3.80)
101 Single Family	\$ 42.32 +	(0.58W x \$3.85)
200 Commercial/Business:	\$ 41.37 +	(W x \$3.76)
300 Commercial/Restaurants:	\$ 36.89 +	(W x \$6.65)
400 Institutional:	\$ 40.50 +	(W x \$3.59)
500 School/Public:	\$ 42.32 +	(W x \$3.26)
600 Special Users		
601	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$3.79)
602	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$4.94)
603	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$4.94)
604	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$3.47)
605	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$2.97)
606	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$4.94)
607	\$ 39.03 +	(W x \$4.55)
609	\$ 39.10 +	(W x \$3.56)
610	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$0.71)
612	\$ 39.12 +	(W x \$0.36)
613	\$ 39.11 +	(W x \$0.36)
614	\$ 39.09 +	(W x \$0.36)
615	\$ 39.12 +	(W x \$3.02)
W=Annual Water Consumption in HCF Unit is a resident dwelling unit.		



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TRANSMITTAL

TO: MATE GASPAR, ENGINEERING SERVICE MANAGER
CULVER CITY

FROM: KIM BOEHLER, CONSULTANT
NBS

GREG CLUMPNER, DIRECTOR
NBS

SUBJECT: SEWER RATE STUDY FINDINGS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND
PROPOSED RATES

DATE: JUNE 26, 2012

PURPOSE

The purpose of this transmittal is to summarize the findings of the Sewer Rate Study that NBS performed for Culver City's Sewer Utility (City or Utility). NBS' findings focus on equitably allocating Utility costs to each customer class and adjusting base charges and commodity rates in a manner that meets Proposition 218 requirements and is fiscally sustainable. Projected revenue requirements and rate adjustments cover the next four years (2012-13 through 2015-16). Recommended rate adjustments for 2012-13 retain the City's current rate design, while rates after 2012-13 incorporate cost-of-service adjustments, including collecting 60% of rate revenue from base charges and 40% from commodity charges. These changes are explained in more detail below.

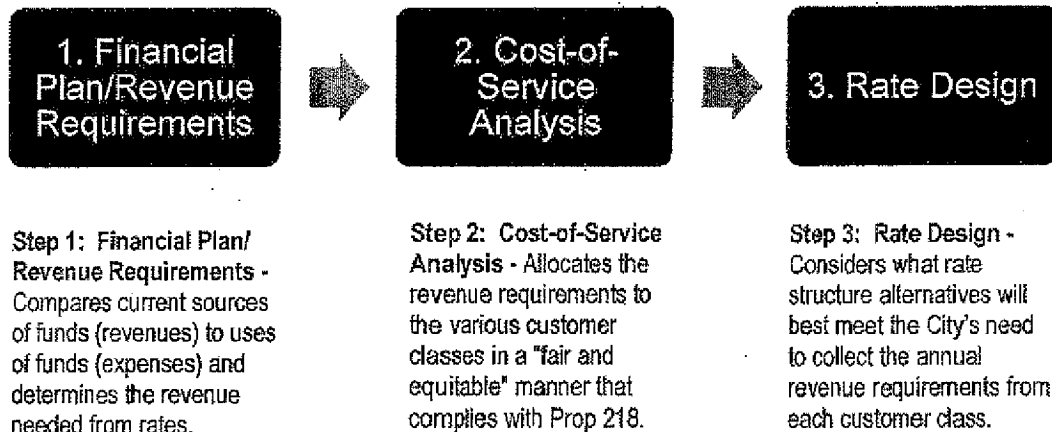
Two appendices are included in this transmittal:

- Appendix A: Selected Tables for the Financial Plan and Revenue Requirement Analysis
- Appendix B: Selected Tables for the Cost-of-Service and Rate Design Analysis

OVERVIEW

A comprehensive sewer rate study typically includes the three key components shown in Exhibit 1, which are based on industry standards such as the American Water Works Association (AWWA) and Water Environment Federation (WEF) cost of service methodologies. The cost-of-service component in particular addresses the general requirements of equity and fairness embodied in Proposition 218. In terms of the chronology, these three steps represent the order they were performed in this study.

Exhibit 1. Primary Components of a Rate Study



As a result of this rate study, changes in the total amount of rate revenue collected from each customer class, as well as changes to base charges and commodity rates, are recommended. The following are the key findings, followed by a summary of each of the three parts of this rate analysis.

KEY RATE STUDY FINDINGS

The following are NBS' key findings based on our analysis of the City's sewer revenue requirements, cost of service, and rate design issues. More details are provided in the following sections.

- **Revenue Requirements by Customer Class** – Based on the results of the cost-of-service analysis, the City's current sewer rates need to be adjusted to collect more revenue from single-family residential customers and less from other customer classes, particularly commercial/restaurant customers. However, this additional revenue that should be collected from the single-family residential customers will be "phased-in" over a period of three years.
- **Changes in Rate Design** – The City currently collects approximately 90% of its rate revenue from commodity (consumption-based) charges and only 10% from base charges. Based on a classification of current expenses as either fixed or variable, the City should collect closer to 60% of rate revenue from base charges and 40% from its commodity charges.
- **Landscape/Irrigation Factors for Residential Customers** – The City's most current water consumption data (for 2010) indicates that total water consumption per dwelling unit is approximately 10 hcf/month for single-family customers compared to 5.6 hcf/month for multi-family customers. City of Los Angeles data¹ indicates that 58% of single-family water usage is returned to the sanitary sewer collection system as effluent, compared to 85% for multi-family customers. In light of the lack of recent, actual flow-return data for these two customer classes, these assumptions are not unreasonable; due to landscape irrigation, single-family customers typically return a lower percentage of water consumption to the sewer system.

¹ From the City's 2003-04 Engineer's report, Table 2 - Summary of Users.

FINANCIAL PLAN AND REVENUE REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS

Projected Revenue Requirements and Rate Increases – NBS prepared a detailed five-year financial plan. The results of this plan indicate that the Utility is able to meet all obligations in Fiscal Year 2012/13 without rate increases, but will need a four percent rate increase in each of the next three years (2013/14 through 2015/16).

Exhibit 2. Summary of Five-Year Revenue Requirements and Rate Increases

Summary of Sources and Uses of Funds and Net Revenue Requirements	Budget	Projected			
	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17
Sources of Sewer Funds					
Rate Revenue Under Prevailing Rates	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661
Industrial Waste Inspection Fees	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Interest Earnings	202,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Total Sources of Funds	\$ 7,612,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661
Uses of Sewer Funds					
Operating Expenses	\$ 5,858,475	\$ 6,210,405	\$ 6,096,069	\$ 6,332,396	\$ 6,509,572
Debt Service	1,606,800	1,605,200	1,603,000	1,608,300	1,605,650
Rate-Funded Capital Expenses	-	-	-	482,386	-
Total Use of Funds	\$ 7,465,275	\$ 7,815,605	\$ 7,699,069	\$ 8,423,082	\$ 8,115,222
Surplus (Deficiency) from Rate Increases	\$ 147,386	\$ (254,944)	\$ (138,408)	\$ (862,421)	\$ (554,561)
Additional Revenue from Rate Increases	-	293,626	598,998	916,584	916,584
Surplus (Deficiency) after Rate Increase	\$ 147,386	\$ 38,682	\$ 160,590	\$ 54,163	\$ (367,977)
Projected Annual Rate Increase	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	0.00%
Cumulative Rate Increases	0.00%	4.00%	8.16%	12.49%	12.49%
Net Revenue Requirement	\$ (19,275)	\$ (55,505)	\$ (241,065)	\$ (1,215,082)	\$ (7,095,122)

1. Total Use of Funds less Industrial Water Inspection Fees and Interest Earnings. This is the annual amount needed from sewer rates. However, the proposed rates in this rate study have been set to recover the revenue currently collected from customers (i.e., \$7,544,660 less \$204,000 for the reduction in estimated revenue for FY 2012-13, per the Cost of Service Analysis results).

Capital Improvement Projects and Costs – The Utility has an adopted Capital Improvement Program (CIP) that has identified capital projects totaling \$13.8 million, which are planned in 2012/13 through 2015/16. These projects will be funded from a combination of cash reserves set aside for rehabilitation and replacement, and rate revenue.

**Exhibit 3. Adopted Capital Improvement Program
Fiscal Years 2012/13 through 2015/16**

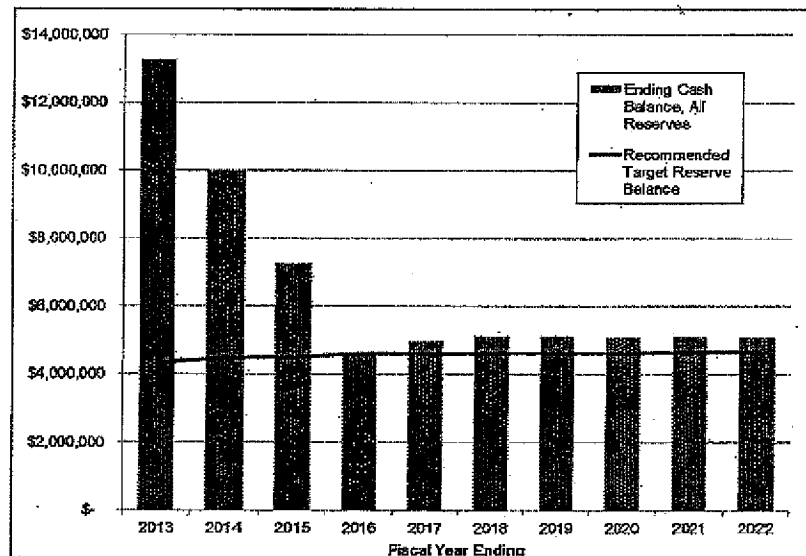
Project Description	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
Sewer Main Rehabilitation Project	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer Main Point Repair, Manhole Rehabilitation, and Sewer Video	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Sewer Pump Stations Improvement P-521	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Jasmine Second Force Main Project	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Overland pipeline diversion (Construction)	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hayden second force main Project	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2nd force main Braddock connection to Los Angeles	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
New Pump Station Selmaraine	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ -
New pipelines to divert Mesmer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
New siphon at sewer convergences at Culver/Madison	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Upsize Duquesne Sewer Pipe to 21 inch from Lucerne to Jefferson	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Financial System Replacement/Enhancements	\$ 26,472	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Project Costs	\$ 4,076,472	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000

Cash Management and Target Reserve Fund Balances – The Utility will begin Fiscal Year 2012/13 with a total cash balance of \$17.2 million. Exhibits 4 and 5 summarize the cash balances by reserve fund and show the recommended target reserves. Due to the costs of the planned capital improvement projects, the Utility will need to draw down the Capital Rehab & Replacement Reserve over the next five years.

Exhibit 4. Ending Cash Balance Compared to Recommended Reserve Target

Beginning Reserve Fund Balances and Recommended Reserve Targets	Budget	Projected			
	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17
Operating Reserve					
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,478,850	\$ 1,465,000	\$ 1,503,683	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,578,163
Recommended Minimum Target	1,465,000	1,553,000	1,524,000	1,583,000	1,627,000
Capital Rehab & Replacement Reserve					
Beginning Balance	\$ 14,101,776	\$ 10,187,340	\$ 8,887,340	\$ 4,127,614	\$ 1,410,000
Recommended Minimum Target	1,250,000	1,310,000	1,360,000	1,410,000	1,370,000
Debt Reserve					
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838
Recommended Minimum Target	1,608,838	1,608,838	1,608,838	1,608,838	1,608,838
Total Beginning Balance	\$ 17,189,464	\$ 13,261,178	\$ 11,999,861	\$ 7,260,452	\$ 4,597,001
Total Recommended Minimum Target	\$ 4,323,838	\$ 4,471,838	\$ 4,492,838	\$ 4,601,838	\$ 4,608,838

Exhibit 5. Ending Cash Balance Compared to Recommended Reserve Target



NBS' recommended targets for year reserve balances are as follows:

- **Operating Reserve** - 25% or 90 days of operating and maintenance expenses.
- **Capital Rehabilitation and Replacement Reserve** - 3% of system net assets².
- **Debt Reserve** - the maximum annual debt service payment, as specified by the bond covenants.

² Based on the 2010/11 CAFR, plus capital asset additions and annual depreciation adjustments, NBS has used a Net Asset Value of \$41.6 million.

COST-OF-SERVICE ANALYSIS

The purpose of the cost-of-service analysis is to equitably allocate the sewer utility costs, or the net revenue required from sewer rates, to each customer class. This process includes two primary steps:

1. **Classifying various expenditures to one of four types of costs:**
 - a. Volumetric-related costs
 - b. Strength-related costs, including:
 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, or BOD
 - Total Suspended Solids, or TSS
 - c. Customer-related costs
2. **Allocating costs to customer classes based on specific allocation factors for each of the four cost types:**
 - a. Volumetric-related costs are allocated using the percentage of total effluent (or water consumption as adjusted for landscaping uses) from each customer class.
 - b. BOD-related costs are allocated based on estimated total pounds of BOD generated per year by each customer class, and reflects the assumed concentrations of BOD for residential, restaurants, commercial offices, etc.
 - c. TSS-related costs are allocated based on estimated total pounds of TSS generated per year by each customer class, which reflects the concentrations of TSS for residential, restaurants, commercial offices, etc.
 - d. Customer-related costs are allocated based on the number of accounts in each customer class.

This analysis produced the results shown in Exhibit 6 below, along with a summary of the sewer rate revenue currently collected from each customer class compared to the revenue requirements based on the cost-of-service. As shown in this table, an additional 11% of the revenue should come from single-family customers, while the restaurants and hotels should have reductions in rate revenue of 13% and 8%, respectively.

Exhibit 6. Revenue Requirements by Customer Class from COS Analysis

Cost-of-Service: Summary of Allocation of Revenue Requirements								
Customer Class	Cost of Service Allocated Costs - 2012				Net Revenue Requirement by Class			
	(CA) 22%	(VOL) 53%	(BOD) 13%	(TSS) 12%	COS Rev. Req't	% of COS Rev. Req't	at Present Rates	Percent Difference
101 Single-Family	\$544,013	\$962,013	\$246,676	\$239,608	\$1,992,310	26.4%	\$1,788,571	11%
102 Multi-Family	\$587,925	\$1,522,095	\$390,290	\$379,107	\$2,879,417	38.2%	\$2,915,211	-1%
200 Commercial/Business	\$102,998	\$868,087	\$227,720	\$221,195	\$1,440,000	19.1%	\$1,472,993	-2%
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$15,849	\$225,777	\$188,523	\$202,890	\$632,840	8.4%	\$725,973	-13%
400 Institutional	\$5,406	\$113,140	\$37,194	\$16,011	\$171,751	2.3%	\$179,491	-4%
500 Schools/Public	\$1,043	\$7,444	\$1,273	\$1,053	\$10,814	0.1%	\$10,584	2%
600 Commercial/Hotels	\$3,319	\$259,430	\$84,956	\$71,318	\$418,020	5.5%	\$452,318	-8%
Total	\$1,253,513	\$2,685,958	\$757,752	\$727,040	\$7,545,151	100%	\$7,545,151	0%

We note that Exhibit 6 indicates that net revenue requirements of \$7,545,151 should be recovered through sewer rates. This total reflects the City's current level of rate revenue, per the 2012/13 budget, and therefore represents a "revenue neutral" level of rate revenue. However, as directed by City staff, proposed rates will include the reductions indicated in Exhibit 6, but none of the increases. As a result, total annual rate revenue is estimated to be approximately \$7.34 million.

RATE DESIGN AND PROPOSED RATES

The purpose of the rate design analysis is to determine how to collect fixed costs (i.e., base charges) and variable costs (i.e. commodity charges) from each of the customer classes. The primary factor in allocating rate revenue between these fixed and variable charges is the nature of the costs being collected. That is, fixed costs should be collected from fixed charges, and variable costs should be collected from variable charges.

Accurately allocating these fixed and variable charges improves the revenue stability of the sewer utility's rates, because changes in variable usage, or water consumption patterns, will be accounted for in the variable (commodity-related) charges. In other words, if overall water consumption dropped, the revenue collected from commodity-related charges would change in proportion to the commodity-related costs.

A basic evaluation of fixed and variable costs indicates that approximately 63% of the sewer utility costs are fixed and 37% are variable. Therefore, base charges and commodity rates should collect sewer rate revenue from fixed and variable charges in roughly these proportions. NBS' analysis incorporates these types of changes after 2012-13, rounding these percentages to 60% and 40% respectively.

The following table summarizes the 2011-12 rates and rate revenue along with the adjustments to 2012-13 sewer rates (note: this table reflects revenue requirements by customer class, but has made only the reductions previously shown in Exhibit 6).

Exhibit 7. Existing and Proposed Sewer Rates and Rate Revenue Reflecting COS and Rate Design Adjustments

Customer Class	2011-12 Sewer Rates				2012-13 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements				2012-13 Annual Rate Revenue			
	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	2012-13 Annual Rate Revenue	Total Annual Revenue
101 Single-Family	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$1,788,571	\$1,788,571
102 Multi-Family	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$489,413	\$2,445,788	\$41.80	\$3.80	\$488,860	\$2,415,767	\$488,860	\$2,415,767	\$2,879,417	\$2,879,417
200 Commercial/Business	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$45,960	\$1,427,033	\$41.37	\$3.76	\$44,930	\$1,395,070	\$44,930	\$1,395,070	\$1,440,000	\$1,440,000
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$42.32	\$7.63	\$8,983	\$718,890	\$38.89	\$6.85	\$8,087	\$628,753	\$8,087	\$628,753	\$632,840	\$632,840
400 Institutional	\$42.32	\$3.75	\$2,412	\$177,079	\$40.50	\$3.59	\$2,308	\$169,443	\$2,308	\$169,443	\$171,751	\$171,751
500 Schools/Public	\$42.32	\$3.28	\$468	\$10,129	\$42.32	\$3.26	\$466	\$10,129	\$466	\$10,129	\$10,594	\$10,594
601 Special	\$42.32	\$4.10	\$254	\$67,310	\$39.11	\$3.79	\$235	\$62,206	\$235	\$62,206	\$62,441	\$62,441
602 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$85	\$70,674	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$78	\$85,315	\$78	\$85,315	\$85,393	\$85,393
603 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$42	\$65,382	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$39	\$60,425	\$39	\$60,425	\$60,464	\$60,464
604 Special	\$42.32	\$3.75	\$85	\$75,895	\$39.11	\$3.47	\$78	\$70,131	\$78	\$70,131	\$70,209	\$70,209
605 Special	\$42.32	\$3.21	\$212	\$74,093	\$39.11	\$2.97	\$193	\$68,475	\$193	\$68,475	\$68,671	\$68,671
606 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$42	\$68,815	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$39	\$82,081	\$39	\$82,081	\$82,120	\$82,120
607 Special	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$42	\$189	\$39.03	\$3.55	\$39	\$174	\$39	\$174	\$213	\$213
608 Special	\$42.32	\$4.93	\$42	\$1,385	\$39.10	\$4.55	\$39	\$1,280	\$39	\$1,280	\$1,319	\$1,319
609 Special	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$254	\$2,350	\$39.11	\$3.56	\$235	\$2,181	\$235	\$2,181	\$2,416	\$2,416
610 Special	\$42.32	\$0.77	\$42	\$85	\$39.12	\$0.71	\$39	\$818	\$39	\$818	\$857	\$857
612 Special	\$42.32	\$0.39	\$286	\$638	\$39.11	\$0.36	\$274	\$598	\$274	\$598	\$662	\$662
613 Special	\$42.32	\$0.39	\$42	\$613	\$39.09	\$0.36	\$39	\$566	\$39	\$566	\$605	\$605
614 Special	\$42.32	\$3.27	\$42	\$2,609	\$39.12	\$3.02	\$39	\$2,412	\$39	\$2,412	\$2,451	\$2,451
Total	\$769,462		\$2,775,509	\$7,545,151	\$769,462		\$2,775,509	\$7,545,151	\$769,462		\$2,775,509	\$7,545,151
% of Total			10%	30%			10%	30%			10%	30%

Exhibit 8 summarizes the proposed sewer rates for 2013-14 through 2015-16 that incorporate the cost-of-service based changes necessary to accomplish the following objectives:

- Phase-in cost-of-service based rate increases to two customer classes (single-family and Schools/Public accounts) over a three-year period.
- Increase all rates by 4% annually for 2013-14 through 2015-16, as indicated by the financial plan previously shown in Exhibit 2.
- Adjust sewer rates so they collect 60% of the revenue required from base charges and 40% from commodity rates.

Exhibit 8. Proposed Sewer Rates for 2013-14 through 2015-16

Summary of Proposed 2013-14 Through 2016-16 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements Including Rate COS-Adjusted Allocations to Base Charges and Commodity Rates ¹						
Customer Class	2013-14		2014-15		2015-16	
	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates (\$/hof)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates (\$/hof)	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates (\$/hof)
101 Single-Family	\$254.24	\$1.17	\$264.32	\$1.21	\$274.80	\$1.25
102 Multi-Family ²	\$202.97	\$1.17	\$211.48	\$1.21	\$220.42	\$1.25
200 Commercial/Business	\$254.24	\$3.30	\$264.32	\$3.43	\$274.80	\$3.56
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$254.24	\$8.54	\$264.32	\$8.80	\$274.80	\$7.07
400 Institutional	\$254.24	\$3.48	\$264.32	\$3.61	\$274.80	\$3.76
500 Schools/Public	\$254.24	\$2.67	\$264.32	\$2.78	\$274.80	\$2.89
601 Special	\$254.24	\$3.86	\$264.32	\$4.02	\$274.80	\$4.18
602 Special	\$254.24	\$5.11	\$264.32	\$5.31	\$274.80	\$5.53
603 Special	\$254.24	\$5.12	\$264.32	\$5.33	\$274.80	\$5.54
604 Special	\$254.24	\$3.58	\$264.32	\$3.73	\$274.80	\$3.88
605 Special	\$254.24	\$3.04	\$264.32	\$3.16	\$274.80	\$3.28
606 Special	\$254.24	\$5.13	\$264.32	\$5.33	\$274.80	\$5.55
607 Special	\$222.00	\$0.00	\$230.00	\$0.00	\$240.00	\$0.00
608 Special	\$254.24	\$3.98	\$264.32	\$4.14	\$274.80	\$4.30
609 Special	\$254.24	\$1.61	\$264.32	\$1.68	\$274.80	\$1.74
610 Special	\$254.24	\$0.55	\$264.32	\$0.58	\$274.80	\$0.60
612 Special	\$128.07	\$0.00	\$133.19	\$0.00	\$138.52	\$0.00
613 Special	\$254.24	\$0.24	\$264.32	\$0.25	\$274.80	\$0.26
614 Special	\$254.24	\$2.88	\$264.32	\$2.99	\$274.80	\$3.11

1. The base charges reflect residential classes and collect 60% of all sewer rate revenues; commodity charges collect 40%.

The overall sewer rate revenue collected from each customer class matches the cost-of-service revenue requirements.

2. Multi-Family base charges are 80% of Single-Family base charges based on the differences in per unit water consumption. Multi-Family commodity rates are also adjusted to meet the revenue requirements for this class.

CONSULTANT RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of this study, NBS recommends the City consider the following actions:

- Adopt this rate analysis as the basis for adjustments to the City's current sewer rates.
- Adopt a five-year financial plan, as summarized in Exhibits 2 through 4, as the "road map" for the Utility's financial management and cash management of reserves through 2016/17.
- Adopt the minimum *target* reserve fund balances as shown in Exhibit 4 and accumulate cash funds in excess of these targets into the Capital Rehab and Replacement Reserve with the intent of cash-funding planned capital improvements.
- Adopt and implement the proposed sewer rates shown above in Exhibits 7 and 8. This should not require a Prop 218 protest balloting process for the 2012-13 rates, but will necessitate a Prop 218 process each year thereafter in order to adopt and implement the recommended rates.

PRINCIPAL ASSUMPTIONS AND CONSIDERATIONS

In preparing this transmittal and the opinions and recommendations included herein, NBS has relied on a number of assumptions and considerations with regard to financial matters, conditions, and events that may occur in the future. The information and assumptions, including the Utility's budgets and information from Utility staff, were provided by sources we believe to be reliable.

While we believe the use of such information and assumptions is reasonable for the purpose of this transmittal, some assumptions will invariably not materialize as stated herein and may vary significantly due to unanticipated events and circumstances. Therefore, the actual results can be expected to vary from those projected to the extent that actual future conditions differ from those assumed by us or provided to us by others. Given that, the Utility should closely monitor future revenues, costs and capital plans to determine any significant variances from the results shown in this report and take appropriate management and City Council action to reconcile differences as needed.

SEWER RATE STUDY – APPENDIX A

**SELECTED TABLES FROM THE FINANCIAL PLAN
AND REVENUE REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS**

RATE REVENUE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY									
	Budget		Projected						
	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21
Sources of Sewer Funds									
Rate Revenue Under Prevailing Rates	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661
Industrial Waste Inspection Fees	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Interest Earnings	202,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Total Sources of Funds	\$ 7,512,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661	\$ 7,560,661
Uses of Sewer Funds									
Operating Expenses:									
Personnel Services	\$ 1,367,370	\$ 1,394,717	\$ 1,422,612	\$ 1,451,064	\$ 1,480,085	\$ 1,509,687	\$ 1,539,881	\$ 1,570,878	\$ 1,602,082
Maintenance and Operations	4,491,105	4,815,687	4,673,457	4,881,832	5,029,487	5,182,625	5,340,328	5,504,585	5,673,787
Subtotal: Operating Expenses	\$ 5,858,475	\$ 6,210,405	\$ 6,096,069	\$ 6,332,896	\$ 6,509,572	\$ 6,692,312	\$ 6,880,210	\$ 7,075,283	\$ 7,275,879
Other Expenditures:									
Existing Debt Service	\$ 1,806,800	\$ 1,505,200	\$ 1,503,000	\$ 1,808,300	\$ 1,505,890	\$ 1,808,213	\$ 1,807,213	\$ 1,804,088	\$ 1,603,838
New Debt Service	-	-	-	482,386	-	-	-	-	-
Rate-Funded Capital Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Uses of Sewer Funds	\$ 7,465,275	\$ 7,715,605	\$ 7,599,069	\$ 8,123,082	\$ 8,116,222	\$ 8,298,625	\$ 8,488,022	\$ 8,679,361	\$ 8,879,716
Forecasted Surplus (Deficiency) before Rate Increase	\$ 147,386	\$ (254,944)	\$ (138,408)	\$ (862,421)	\$ (554,561)	\$ (737,864)	\$ (927,361)	\$ (1,118,690)	\$ (1,319,056)
Total Revenue Deficiency	\$ -	\$ 254,944	\$ 138,408	\$ 862,421	\$ 554,561	\$ 737,864	\$ 927,361	\$ 1,118,690	\$ 1,319,056
Increases/Decreases to Reserves	\$ -	\$ 2,621	\$ 276,824	\$ 67,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Less: Revenue from Prior Rate Increases	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (138,408)	\$ (588,988)	\$ (554,561)	\$ (737,864)	\$ (918,584)	\$ (918,584)	\$ (1,081,728)
Net Revenue Deficiency	\$ -	\$ 287,665	\$ 276,824	\$ 330,532	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,777	\$ 202,105	\$ 237,326
Calculation of Required Rate Increases									
Rate Revenue with No Rate Increase	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661
plus: Revenue from Prior Rate Increases	-	-	288,826	588,988	918,584	918,584	918,584	918,584	1,081,729
Total Rate Revenue Before Rate Increase	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,629,487	\$ 7,929,650	\$ 8,259,245	\$ 8,259,245	\$ 8,259,245	\$ 8,259,245	\$ 8,422,390
Projected Annual Rate Increase	0.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Cumulative Increase from Annual Rate Increases	0.00%	4.00%	8.16%	12.49%	12.49%	12.49%	12.49%	14.74%	18.18%
Impacts of Rate Increases									
Rate Revenues After Rate Increase ²	\$ 7,340,661	\$ 7,702,828	\$ 8,006,222	\$ 8,325,631	\$ 8,325,631	\$ 8,325,631	\$ 8,325,631	\$ 8,492,348	\$ 8,747,118
Net Cash Flow After Rate Increase	147,386	38,688	460,590	54,163	362,023	178,720	(10,777)	(36,960)	15,345
Coverage After Rate Increase	1.09	1.02	1.28	1.33	1.23	1.11	0.99	0.98	1.01

1. In this iteration of the analysis, the rate increases target a total cash reserve balance of \$4.5 million at the end of FY 2015/16.

2. Refer to Cost of Service Analysis for detailed calculations.

SOURCES & USES OF FUNDS FOR EXISTING CAPITAL NEEDS		Budget		Projected							
		FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22
<i>Sources of Capital Funds</i>											
Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	\$ -	-	-	-	\$ -
State Revolving Fund Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue Bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus Capital Reserve	4,076,472	3,300,000	3,200,000	2,717,614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rate Revenue	-	-	-	482,388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Sources of Capital Funds	\$ 4,076,472	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<i>Uses of Capital Funds</i>											
Funding of Capital Expenditures (Existing Needs)	\$ 4,076,472	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Uses of Capital Funds	\$ 4,076,472	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Funding Surplus (Deficiency)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM		FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
Sewer Main Rehabilitation Project		\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sewer Main Point Repair, Manhole Rehabilitation, and Sewer Video		\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Sewer Pump Stations Improvement P-521		\$ 100,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Jasmine Second Force Main Project		\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Overland pipeline diversion (Construction)		\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hayden second force main Project		\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2nd force main Braddock connection to Los Angeles		\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
New Pump Station Selma/rairie		\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ -
New pipelines to divert Mesmar		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
New siphon at sewer convergences at Culver/Madison		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Upsize Duquesne Sewer Pipe to 21 inch from Lucerne to Jefferson		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Financial System Replacement/Enhancements		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Project Costs		\$ 5,007,547	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 3,200,000

SUMMARY OF CASH ACTIVITY	Budget		Projected									
	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22		
Total Estimated Beginning Cash	\$ 17,190,264											
Operating Reserve												
Beginning Reserve Balance ¹	\$ 1,479,850	\$ 1,485,000	\$ 1,503,883	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,578,183	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 1,673,000	\$ 1,662,223	\$ 1,625,263	\$ 1,640,608	\$ 1,640,608	
Plus: Net Cash Flow (After Rate Increases)	147,388	38,693	460,590	54,163	362,023	178,720	(10,777)	(36,960)	15,345	(19,646)		
Plus: Transfer of Debt Reserve Surplus	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less: Transfers Out to Capital Replacement Reserve	(162,036)	-	(440,273)	-	(313,186)	(132,720)	-	-	-	-	-	
Ending Operating Reserve Balance	\$ 1,465,000	\$ 1,503,683	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,578,163	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 1,673,000	\$ 1,662,223	\$ 1,625,263	\$ 1,640,608	\$ 1,620,962		
Target Ending Balance (25% or 90 days of O&M)	\$ 1,465,000	\$ 1,553,000	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,583,000	\$ 1,627,000	\$ 1,673,000	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 1,789,000	\$ 1,819,000	\$ 1,871,000		
Operating Reserve Surplus (Deficit)												
Capital Rehab & Replacement Reserve												
Beginning Reserve Balance ¹	\$ 14,101,776	\$ 10,187,340	\$ 8,887,340	\$ 4,127,614	\$ 1,410,000	\$ 1,723,188	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	
Plus: Net Debt Proceeds	162,038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Plus: Transfer of Operating Reserve Surplus	(4,076,472)	(3,300,000)	440,279	-	313,188	132,720	-	-	-	-	-	
Less: Use of Reserves for Capital Projects			(3,200,000)	(2,717,614)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ending Repair & Replacement Balance	\$ 10,187,340	\$ 6,887,340	\$ 4,127,614	\$ 1,410,000	\$ 1,723,188	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	\$ 1,855,907	
Target Ending Balance (3% of Assets)	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 1,410,000	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 1,330,000	\$ 1,290,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,210,000	\$ 1,180,000		
Capital Rehab & Replacement Surplus (Deficit)												
Debt Reserve												
Beginning Reserve Balance ¹	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	
Plus: Reserve Funding from New Debt Obligations	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less: Transfer of Surplus to Operating Reserve												
Ending Debt Reserve Balance	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	
Target Ending Balance	\$ 1,508,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	\$ 1,608,838	
Debt Reserve Surplus (Deficit)												
Debt Coverage Ratio (After Rate Increase)	1.09	1.02	1.29	1.33	1.23	1.41	0.99	0.98	1.01	0.99		
Recommended Target Ending Balance - All Reserves	\$ 4,325,838	\$ 4,471,838	\$ 4,492,838	\$ 4,601,838	\$ 4,605,838	\$ 4,611,838	\$ 4,618,838	\$ 4,627,838	\$ 4,637,838	\$ 4,659,838		
Ending Surplus (Deficit)	\$ 8,572,500	\$ 3,285,023	\$ 2,707,614	\$ 14,371	\$ 153,386	\$ 925,907	\$ 303,160	\$ 157,109	\$ 367,514	\$ 427,663		

Total Minimum Reserves Recommended in this study: 25%, or 90 days of O&M expenses, plus 3% of Net Assets, plus the debt reserve requirement which is equal to the maximum annual debt service payment. For reference purposes, the total minimum reserves per existing City Policy: 70% of annual operations budget, plus two years of debt service payments, plus the annual capital improvements budget.

- For purposes of this analysis, it is assumed that available cash can be deposited into distinct Operating, Capital and Debt Reserve Funds. Accordingly, the total beginning cash balance of \$17,190,264 has been segregated as follows: \$1,479,850 has been assigned as the beginning cash balance in the Operating Fund, \$14,101,776 has been assigned as the beginning cash balance in the Capital Reserve and \$1,608,838 has been assigned as the beginning Debt Reserve balance. No fund have been assigned to the Developer Impact Fee Fund, because the City has no funds set aside for this fund currently.

SEWER RATE STUDY – APPENDIX B
SELECTED TABLES FROM THE COST-OF-SERVICE ANALYSIS

Classification of Expenses									
Budget Categories	Total Revenue Requirements	Flow	Strength		Customer Actual	Basis of Classification			
	2013	(VOL)	(BOD)	(TSS)	(CA)	(VOL)	(BOD)	(TSS)	(CA)
Personnel Services									
Regular Salaries	\$ 846,544	\$ 338,618	\$ 126,982	\$ 126,982	\$ 253,963				
Part-Time Salaries	\$ 25,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 3,750	\$ 3,750	\$ 7,500				
Overtime Pay	\$ 15,912	\$ 6,365	\$ 2,367	\$ 2,367	\$ 4,774				
Deferred Compensation	\$ 12,763	\$ 5,105	\$ 1,914	\$ 1,914	\$ 3,829				
Social Security	\$ 65,847	\$ 26,339	\$ 9,877	\$ 9,877	\$ 19,754				
Retirement	\$ 134,715	\$ 53,886	\$ 20,207	\$ 20,207	\$ 40,415				
Deferred Retirement	\$ 18,630	\$ 7,412	\$ 2,780	\$ 2,780	\$ 5,569				
Workers Compensation	\$ 69,286	\$ 27,714	\$ 10,393	\$ 10,393	\$ 20,786				
Group Insurance	\$ 151,154	\$ 60,462	\$ 22,673	\$ 22,673	\$ 45,346				
Retiree Health Savings	\$ 5,200	\$ 2,080	\$ 780	\$ 780	\$ 1,560				
Retiree Insurance	\$ 15,873	\$ 6,368	\$ 2,366	\$ 2,366	\$ 4,732				
Retiree Medical Pre-funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
State Disability Insurance	\$ 2,546	\$ 1,018	\$ 382	\$ 382	\$ 764				
Health Benefits	\$ 500	\$ 200	\$ 75	\$ 75	\$ 150				
Longevity Pay	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Uniform Allowance	\$ 3,400	\$ 1,360	\$ 510	\$ 510	\$ 1,020				
Total Personnel Services	\$ 1,367,370	\$ 546,943	\$ 205,106	\$ 205,106	\$ 410,211				
Maintenance & Operations									
Office Expense	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000				
Printing & Binding	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000				
Postage & Delivery	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000				
Communications	\$ 7,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,100				
Utilities	\$ 76,000	\$ 68,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,600				
Departmental Special Supplies	\$ 30,310	\$ 27,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,031				
Small Tools & Equipment	\$ 10,000	\$ 9,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000				
Training & Education	\$ 6,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,690				
Conferences & Conventions*	\$ 3,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,400				
Special Events & Meetings	\$ 3,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,500				
Memberships & Dues	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000				
Contributions to Agencies (1)	\$ 2,272,000	\$ 1,272,320	\$ 522,660	\$ 477,120	\$ -				
R&M - Equipment	\$ 98,000	\$ 35,200	\$ 13,200	\$ 13,200	\$ 26,400				
Garage Expenses	\$ 95,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 14,250	\$ 14,250	\$ 28,600				
Rental of Land	\$ 360,000	\$ 324,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,000				
Amortization of Equipment	\$ 33,412	\$ 30,071	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,341				
Med Services - DMV Certificate	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Med Services - Special Examinations	\$ 400	\$ 380	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40				
Refuse Disp Services - Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Other Contractual Services	\$ 733,316	\$ 659,984	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,332				
Insurance Premiums - Other	\$ 7,680	\$ 6,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 768				
Liability Reserve Charge	\$ 28,306	\$ 25,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,830				
Depreciation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Improvements other than Bldg.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Auto - Rolling Stock & Equipment	\$ 43,900	\$ 21,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,950				
IT Equipment - Hardware	\$ 21,613	\$ 2,161	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,452				
Administrative Charges	\$ 665,484	\$ 65,548	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 589,936				
Total Maintenance & Operations	\$ 4,491,105	\$ 2,588,656	\$ 550,010	\$ 504,570	\$ 849,869				
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 5,858,475	\$ 3,133,604	\$ 755,116	\$ 709,676	\$ 1,260,080				
Allocation of Operating Expenses	100%	53%	13%	12%	22%				
Revenue Requirements									
2009 Series A Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,606,800	\$ 803,400	\$ 401,700	\$ 401,700	\$ -				
TOTAL REVENUE REQUIREMENTS	\$ 1,606,800	\$ 803,400	\$ 401,700	\$ 401,700	\$ -				
Less Non-Rate Revenues									
(less) Industrial Waste Inspection Fees	\$ (70,000)	\$ (37,442)	\$ (9,022)	\$ (8,480)	\$ (15,056)				
(less) Interest Earnings	\$ (202,000)	\$ (108,047)	\$ (26,036)	\$ (24,470)	\$ (43,448)				
NET REVENUE REQUIREMENTS	\$ 7,193,275	\$ 3,791,518	\$ 1,121,757	\$ 1,076,630	\$ 1,201,577				
Allocation of Revenue Requirements	100%	53%	16%	15%	97%				

Classification of Expenses (cont.)						
Adjustments to Classification of Expenses						
Adjustment for Current Rate Level:	Total	(VOL)	(BOD)	(TSS)	(CA)	
2013 Net Revenue Requirement	\$7,193,275					
Current Level of Rate Revenue	\$7,545,151					
Adjustment Factor	1.0489					
Adjusted Net Revenue Req'ts	\$ 7,545,151	\$ 3,978,986	\$ 1,176,630	\$ 1,133,160	\$ 1,260,354	

1. Estimated Volumetric, BOD/TSS strength factors are from the City's 2003/04 Engineer's Report (Table 4).

Allocation of Revenue Requirements								
Classification Components	Net Revenue Requirements ¹	Customer Classes						
		101 Single-Family	102 Multi-Family	200 Commercial/Business	300 Commercial/Restaurants	400 Institutional	500 Schools/Public	600 Commercial/Hotels
Volume	\$ 3,976,986	\$962,013	\$1,522,095	\$888,087	\$225,777	\$113,140	\$7,444	\$258,430
Treatment								
- BOD	\$ 1,176,630	\$246,676	\$390,290	\$227,720	\$188,523	\$37,184	\$1,273	\$84,956
- TSS	\$ 1,131,180	\$239,608	\$379,107	\$221,195	\$202,890	\$16,011	\$1,053	\$71,316
Customer-Related	\$ 1,280,354	\$544,013	\$587,925	\$102,998	\$15,849	\$5,408	\$1,043	\$3,319
Direct Assignment	\$ -	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Revenue Requirement	\$ 6,488,510	\$1,825,610	\$2,519,217	\$1,090,118	\$630,999	\$172,174	\$3,369	\$109,581

1. These revenue requirements have been adjusted to meet the City's current revenue collected from sewer rates.

Proposed 2012-13 Sewer Rate Revenue - Base and Commodity Charges										
Customer Data		New Base Charges		Commodity Rates		Annual Rate Revenue		Target Rev. Reqts ²		
Customer Class	No. of Parcels/ Dwelling Units			Adjusted 2010 Consumption	New Rate (\$/cfd)	New Base Charges	Commodity Charges	Total Annual Revenue	Current Rate Revenue	COS Rev. Reqts
101 Single-Family*	6,736	\$42.32		401,513	\$3.85	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$1,788,571	\$1,788,571	\$1,788,571
102 Multi-Family*	11,092	\$41.80		635,272	\$3.80	\$463,650	\$2,415,767	\$2,879,417	\$2,879,417	\$2,879,417
200 Commercial/Business*	1,086	\$41.37		370,658	\$3.76	\$44,930	\$1,395,070	\$1,440,000	\$1,440,000	\$1,440,000
300 Commercial/Restaurants*	165	\$36.89		84,232	\$6.65	\$6,087	\$626,753	\$632,840	\$632,840	\$632,840
400 Institutional*	57	\$40.50		47,221	\$3.59	\$2,308	\$169,443	\$171,751	\$171,751	\$171,751
500 Schools/Public*	11	\$42.32		3,107	\$3.26	\$468	\$10,129	\$10,594	\$10,594	\$10,594
800 Special										
801 Special*	6	\$39.11		16,417	\$3.79	\$235	\$62,206	\$62,441	\$62,441	\$62,441
802 Special*	2	\$39.11		13,210	\$4.94	\$78	\$66,315	\$66,393	\$66,393	\$66,393
803 Special*	1	\$39.11		12,221	\$4.94	\$39	\$60,426	\$60,464	\$60,464	\$60,464
804 Special*	2	\$39.11		20,236	\$3.47	\$78	\$70,131	\$70,209	\$70,209	\$70,209
805 Special*	5	\$39.11		23,082	\$2.97	\$198	\$88,475	\$88,671	\$88,671	\$88,671
806 Special*	1	\$39.11		16,601	\$4.94	\$39	\$82,081	\$82,120	\$82,120	\$82,120
807 Special*	1	\$39.03		49	\$3.55	\$39	\$174	\$213	\$213	\$213
808 Special*	1	\$39.10		281	\$4.55	\$39	\$1,280	\$1,319	\$1,319	\$1,319
809 Special*	6	\$39.11		613	\$3.56	\$235	\$2,181	\$2,416	\$2,416	\$2,416
810 Special*	1	\$39.12		1,149	\$0.71	\$39	\$818	\$857	\$857	\$857
812 Special*	7	\$39.11		1,632	\$0.36	\$274	\$588	\$862	\$862	\$862
813 Special*	1	\$39.09		1,571	\$0.36	\$39	\$666	\$666	\$666	\$666
814 Special*	1	\$39.12		798	\$3.02	\$39	\$2,412	\$2,451	\$2,451	\$2,451
Totals	18,163			1,663,363		\$1,788,571	\$10,129	\$1,798,700	\$1,798,700	\$1,798,700
Grand Total										
								\$7,545,157	\$7,545,157	\$7,545,157

* Parcels, * Dwelling Units.

1. Adjusted for Irrigation factors.

2. Cost-of-Service (COS) analysis indicates some classes should be reduced. The *Target Rev. Reqts² are the lesser of Current or COS Revenue Requirement (which are highlighted in yellow).

Existing 2011-12 Sewer Rates and Rate Revenue					
Customer Class	Sewer Rates		Annual Rate Revenue		
	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges	Commodity Rates	Total Annual Revenue
101 Single-Family	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$1,788,571
102 Multi-Family	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$469,413	\$2,445,798	\$2,915,211
200 Commercial/Business	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$45,960	\$1,427,033	\$1,472,993
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$42.32	\$7.63	\$6,983	\$718,990	\$725,973
400 Institutional	\$42.32	\$3.75	\$2,412	\$177,079	\$179,491
500 Schools/Public	\$42.32	\$3.26	\$466	\$10,129	\$10,594
601 Special	\$42.32	\$4.10	\$254	\$67,310	\$67,564
602 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$85	\$70,674	\$70,758
603 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$42	\$65,382	\$65,425
604 Special	\$42.32	\$3.75	\$85	\$75,885	\$75,970
605 Special	\$42.32	\$3.21	\$212	\$74,093	\$74,305
606 Special	\$42.32	\$5.35	\$42	\$88,815	\$88,858
607 Special	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$42	\$189	\$231
608 Special	\$42.32	\$4.93	\$42	\$1,385	\$1,428
609 Special	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$254	\$2,360	\$2,614
610 Special	\$42.32	\$0.77	\$42	\$885	\$927
612 Special	\$42.32	\$0.39	\$296	\$636	\$933
613 Special	\$42.32	\$0.39	\$42	\$613	\$655
614 Special	\$42.32	\$3.27	\$42	\$2,609	\$2,652
Total			\$769,482	\$6,775,889	\$7,545,371
% of Total			10%	90%	100%

New 2012-13 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements					
Customer Class	Adjusted ¹ Sewer Rates		Annual Rate Revenue		
	Base Charges (\$/yr)	Commodity Rate (\$/hcf)	Base Charges	Commodity Rates	Total Annual Revenue
101 Single-Family	\$42.32	\$3.85	\$242,748	\$1,545,823	\$1,788,571
102 Multi-Family	\$41.80	\$3.80	\$463,650	\$2,415,767	\$2,879,417
200 Commercial/Business	\$41.37	\$3.76	\$44,930	\$1,395,070	\$1,440,000
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$36.89	\$6.65	\$6,087	\$626,753	\$632,840
400 Institutional	\$40.50	\$3.59	\$2,308	\$169,443	\$171,751
500 Schools/Public	\$42.32	\$3.26	\$466	\$10,129	\$10,594
601 Special	\$39.11	\$3.79	\$235	\$62,206	\$62,441
602 Special	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$78	\$65,315	\$65,393
603 Special	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$39	\$60,425	\$60,464
604 Special	\$39.11	\$3.47	\$78	\$70,131	\$70,209
605 Special	\$39.11	\$2.97	\$196	\$68,475	\$68,671
606 Special	\$39.11	\$4.94	\$39	\$82,081	\$82,120
607 Special	\$39.03	\$3.55	\$39	\$174	\$213
608 Special	\$39.10	\$4.55	\$39	\$1,280	\$1,319
609 Special	\$39.11	\$3.56	\$235	\$2,181	\$2,416
610 Special	\$39.12	\$0.71	\$39	\$818	\$857
612 Special	\$39.11	\$0.36	\$274	\$588	\$862
613 Special	\$39.09	\$0.36	\$39	\$566	\$605
614 Special	\$39.12	\$3.02	\$39	\$2,412	\$2,451
Total			\$761,657	\$8,579,637	\$7,341,194
% of Total			10%	90%	100%

1. Adjustments to base charges and commodity rates were made to generate the Target Revenue Requirements, including reductions in most customer classes based on the cost-of-service analysis results.

**Projected Sewer Revenue Requirements -
Including Rate Increases and COS Adjustments to Single-Family and Code 500 Customers**

Customer Class	Total Annual '11-12 Rate Revenue	One-Third of COS Rev. Regt. Adjustment ¹	Total Annual Rate Revenue		
			2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Projected Rate Increase			4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
101 Single-Family	\$1,788,571	\$67,913	\$1,928,027	\$2,002,431	\$2,079,812
102 Multi-Family	\$2,879,417	N.A.	\$2,994,594	\$3,114,377	\$3,238,953
200 Commercial/Business	\$1,440,000	N.A.	\$1,497,600	\$1,557,504	\$1,619,804
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$632,840	N.A.	\$658,154	\$684,480	\$711,859
400 Institutional	\$171,751	N.A.	\$178,621	\$185,766	\$193,197
500 Schools/Public	\$10,594	\$73	\$11,091	\$11,532	\$11,990
601 Special	\$62,441	N.A.	\$64,939	\$67,536	\$70,238
602 Special	\$65,393	N.A.	\$68,009	\$70,729	\$73,558
603 Special	\$60,464	N.A.	\$62,883	\$65,398	\$68,014
604 Special	\$70,209	N.A.	\$73,017	\$75,938	\$78,976
605 Special	\$68,671	N.A.	\$71,418	\$74,275	\$77,246
606 Special	\$82,120	N.A.	\$85,405	\$88,821	\$92,374
607 Special	\$213	N.A.	\$222	\$230	\$240
608 Special	\$1,319	N.A.	\$1,372	\$1,427	\$1,484
609 Special	\$2,416	N.A.	\$2,513	\$2,613	\$2,718
610 Special	\$857	N.A.	\$891	\$927	\$964
612 Special	\$862	N.A.	\$896	\$932	\$970
613 Special	\$605	N.A.	\$629	\$654	\$681
614 Special	\$2,451	N.A.	\$2,549	\$2,651	\$2,757
Total	\$7,341,194	\$67,986	\$7,702,828	\$8,008,222	\$8,325,831

1. This is added to the revenue requirements for these class in each of the next 3 years.

**Proposed 2013-14 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements
Including Rate COS-Adjusted Allocations to Base Charges and Commodity Rates**

Customer Class	Base Charges ¹ (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates ² (\$/hr)	Total Annual Rate Revenue ³		
			From Base Charges ¹	From Commodity Rates ²	Total Annual Revenue ³
101 Single-Family	\$254.24	\$1.17	\$1,458,327	\$469,700	\$1,928,027
102 Multi-Family ⁴	\$202.97	\$1.17	\$2,251,326	\$743,268	\$2,994,594
200 Commercial/Business	\$254.24	\$3.30	\$276,106	\$1,221,494	\$1,497,600
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$254.24	\$6.54	\$41,950	\$616,204	\$658,154
400 Institutional	\$254.24	\$3.48	\$14,492	\$164,129	\$178,621
500 Schools/Public	\$254.24	\$2.67	\$2,797	\$8,294	\$11,091
601 Special	\$254.24	\$3.86	\$1,525	\$63,414	\$64,939
602 Special	\$254.24	\$5.11	\$508	\$67,501	\$68,009
603 Special	\$254.24	\$5.12	\$254	\$62,629	\$62,883
604 Special	\$254.24	\$3.58	\$508	\$72,509	\$73,017
605 Special	\$254.24	\$3.04	\$1,271	\$70,147	\$71,418
606 Special	\$254.24	\$5.13	\$254	\$85,151	\$85,405
607 Special	\$222.00	\$0.00	\$222	\$0	\$222
608 Special	\$254.24	\$3.98	\$254	\$1,118	\$1,372
609 Special	\$254.24	\$1.61	\$1,525	\$988	\$2,513
610 Special	\$254.24	\$0.55	\$254	\$637	\$891
612 Special	\$128.07	\$0.00	\$896	\$0	\$896
613 Special	\$254.24	\$0.24	\$254	\$375	\$629
614 Special	\$254.24	\$2.88	\$254	\$2,295	\$2,549
Total			\$4,052,980	\$3,649,852	\$7,702,832
% of Total			53%	47%	100%

1. The base charges reflect residential classes but are adjusted to overall collect 60% of all revenues.
2. Commodity charges are individually adjusted for each customer class to meet COS revenue requirements.
3. The total rate revenue collected from each customer class are the cost-of-service (COS) revenue requirement.
4. Multi-Family base charges are 80% of Single-Family base charges based on the differences in per unit water consumption. Multi-Family commodity rates are also adjusted to meet the revenue requirements for this class.

**Proposed 2014-15 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements
Including Rate COS-Adjusted Allocations to Base Charges and Commodity Rates**

Customer Class	Base Charges ¹ (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates ² (\$/hcf)	Total Annual Rate Revenue ³		
			From Base Charges ¹	From Commodity Rates ²	Total Annual Revenue ³
101 Single-Family	\$264.32	\$1.21	\$1,516,146	\$486,285	\$2,002,431
102 Multi-Family ⁴	\$211.48	\$1.21	\$2,345,698	\$768,679	\$3,114,377
200 Commercial/Business	\$264.32	\$3.43	\$287,053	\$1,270,451	\$1,557,504
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$264.32	\$6.80	\$43,613	\$640,867	\$684,480
400 Institutional	\$264.32	\$3.61	\$15,066	\$170,700	\$185,766
500 Schools/Public	\$264.32	\$2.78	\$2,908	\$8,624	\$11,532
601 Special	\$264.32	\$4.02	\$1,586	\$65,950	\$67,536
602 Special	\$264.32	\$5.31	\$529	\$70,200	\$70,729
603 Special	\$264.32	\$5.33	\$264	\$65,134	\$65,398
604 Special	\$264.32	\$3.73	\$529	\$75,409	\$75,938
605 Special	\$264.32	\$3.16	\$1,322	\$72,853	\$74,275
606 Special	\$264.32	\$5.33	\$264	\$88,557	\$88,821
607 Special	\$230.00	\$0.00	\$230	\$0	\$230
608 Special	\$264.32	\$4.14	\$264	\$1,163	\$1,427
609 Special	\$264.32	\$1.68	\$1,586	\$1,027	\$2,613
610 Special	\$264.32	\$0.58	\$264	\$663	\$927
612 Special	\$133.19	\$0.00	\$932	\$0	\$932
613 Special	\$264.32	\$0.25	\$264	\$390	\$654
614 Special	\$264.32	\$2.99	\$264	\$2,387	\$2,651
Total			\$4,218,782	\$3,789,440	\$8,008,222
% of Total			53%	47%	100%

1. The base charges reflect residential classes but are adjusted to overall collect 60% of all revenues.
2. Commodity charges are individually adjusted for each customer class to meet COS revenue requirements.
3. The total rate revenue collected from each customer class are the cost-of-service (COS) revenue requirement.
4. Multi-Family base charges are 80% of Single-Family base charges based on the differences in per unit water consumption. Multi-Family commodity rates are also adjusted to meet the revenue requirements for this class.

**Proposed 2015-16 Sewer Rates Incorporating COS Revenue Requirements
Including Rate COS-Adjusted Allocations to Base Charges and Commodity Rates**

Customer Class	Base Charges ¹ (\$/yr)	Commodity Rates ² (\$/hcf)	Total Annual Rate Revenue ³		
			From Base Charges ¹	From Commodity Rates ²	Total Annual Revenue ³
101 Single-Family	\$274.80	\$1.25	\$1,576,276	\$503,536	\$2,079,812
102 Multi-Family ⁴	\$220.42	\$1.25	\$2,444,863	\$794,090	\$3,238,953
200 Commercial/Business	\$274.80	\$3.56	\$298,437	\$1,321,367	\$1,619,804
300 Commercial/Restaurants	\$274.80	\$7.07	\$45,343	\$866,516	\$711,859
400 Institutional	\$274.80	\$3.76	\$15,664	\$177,533	\$193,197
500 Schools/Public	\$274.80	\$2.89	\$3,023	\$8,967	\$11,990
601 Special	\$274.80	\$4.18	\$1,649	\$68,589	\$70,238
602 Special	\$274.80	\$5.53	\$550	\$73,008	\$73,558
603 Special	\$274.80	\$5.54	\$275	\$67,739	\$68,014
604 Special	\$274.80	\$3.88	\$550	\$78,426	\$78,976
605 Special	\$274.80	\$3.29	\$1,374	\$75,872	\$77,246
606 Special	\$274.80	\$5.55	\$275	\$92,099	\$92,374
607 Special	\$240.00	\$0.00	\$240	\$0	\$240
608 Special	\$274.80	\$4.30	\$275	\$1,209	\$1,484
609 Special	\$274.80	\$1.74	\$1,649	\$1,069	\$2,718
610 Special	\$274.80	\$0.60	\$275	\$689	\$964
612 Special	\$138.52	\$0.00	\$970	\$0	\$970
613 Special	\$274.80	\$0.26	\$275	\$406	\$681
614 Special	\$274.80	\$3.11	\$275	\$2,482	\$2,757
Total			\$4,892,235	\$3,903,600	\$8,795,835
% of Total			55%	47%	100%

1. The base charges reflect residential classes but are adjusted to overall collect 60% of all revenues.
2. Commodity charges are individually adjusted for each customer class to meet COS revenue requirements.
3. The total rate revenue collected from each customer class are the cost-of-service (COS) revenue requirement.
4. Multi-Family base charges are 80% of Single-Family base charges based on the differences in per unit water consumption. Multi-Family commodity rates are also adjusted to meet the revenue requirements for this class.

ALLOCATION OF OPERATING EXPENSE FORECAST ¹ :			Allocation %'s		Allocation \$'s	
			Fixed	Variable	Fixed	Variable
Results of Analysis Below:			63.4%	36.6%	\$ 4,736,663	\$ 2,728,612
Personnel Services						
411100	Regular Salaries	\$ 846,544	100%		\$ 846,544	\$ -
411200	Part-Time Salaries	25,000	100%		\$ 25,000	\$ -
411300	Overtime Pay	15,912	100%		\$ 15,912	\$ -
431000	Deferred Compensation	12,763	100%		\$ 12,763	\$ -
432000	Social Security	65,847	100%		\$ 65,847	\$ -
433000	Retirement	134,715	100%		\$ 134,715	\$ -
433500	Deferred Retirement	18,530	100%		\$ 18,530	\$ -
434000	Workers Compensation	69,286	100%		\$ 69,286	\$ -
435000	Group Insurance	151,154	100%		\$ 151,154	\$ -
435400	Retiree Health Savings	5,200	100%		\$ 5,200	\$ -
435500	Retiree Insurance	15,973	100%		\$ 15,973	\$ -
436000	State Disability Insurance	2,546	100%		\$ 2,546	\$ -
437000	Health Benefits	500	100%		\$ 500	\$ -
440000	Uniform Allowance	3,400	100%		\$ 3,400	\$ -
Total: Personnel Services		\$ 1,367,370				
Maintenance & Operations						
512100	Office Expense	\$ 1,000	100%		\$ 1,000	\$ -
512200	Printing & Binding	2,000	100%		\$ 2,000	\$ -
512299	Postage & Delivery	10,000	100%		\$ 10,000	\$ -
512400	Communications	7,100	100%		\$ 7,100	\$ -
513000	Utilities	76,000		100%	\$ -	\$ 76,000
514100	Departmental Special Supplies	30,310	100%		\$ 30,310	\$ -
514600	Small Tools & Equipment	10,000	100%		\$ 10,000	\$ -
516100	Training & Education	6,690	100%		\$ 6,690	\$ -
516500	Conferences & Conventions	3,400	100%		\$ 3,400	\$ -
516600	Special Events & Meetings	3,500	100%		\$ 3,500	\$ -
516700	Memberships & Dues	2,000	100%		\$ 2,000	\$ -
517500	Contributions to Agencies (5)	2,272,000		100%	\$ -	\$ 2,272,000
600200	R&M- Equipment	88,000	100%		\$ 88,000	\$ -
600800	Garage Expenses	95,000	100%		\$ 95,000	\$ -
605200	Rental of Land	360,000	100%		\$ 360,000	\$ -
605400	Amortization of Equipment	33,412		100%	\$ -	\$ 33,412
614500	Med Services - Special Examina	400	100%		\$ 400	\$ -
619800	Other Contractual Services	733,316	75%	25%	\$ 549,987	\$ 183,329
650200	Insurance Premiums - Other	7,680	100%		\$ 7,680	\$ -
650300	Liability Reserve Charge	28,300	100%		\$ 28,300	\$ -
732100	Auto - Rolling Stock & Equipment	43,900	100%		\$ 43,900	\$ -
732150	IT Equipment - Hardware	21,613	100%		\$ 21,613	\$ -
670100	Administrative Charges	655,484	75%	25%	\$ 491,613	\$ 163,871
Total: Maintenance & Operations		\$ 4,491,105				
Debt Service						
2009 Series A Revenue Bonds:		\$ 1,606,800	100%		\$ 1,606,800	\$ -
Grand Total Revenue Requirement		\$ 7,465,275			\$ 4,736,663	\$ 2,728,612

¹ This table is used only to evaluate the total percentage of costs that are fixed vs. variable, for rate design purposes.

Development of the Volume Allocation Factor

Customer Class	Est. 2010 Volume ¹ (ccf)	% of 2010 Volume (Unadjusted)	Adjusted ² Volume	Adjusted Vol. Total (ccf)	Percent of Adjusted Vol.
101 Single-Family	692,263	33.6%	401,513	435,675	24.2%
102 Multi-Family	747,379	36.2%	635,272	689,323	38.3%
200 Commercial/Business	370,658	18.0%	370,658	402,195	22.3%
300 Commercial/Restaurants	94,232	4.6%	94,232	102,250	5.7%
400 Institutional	47,221	2.3%	47,221	51,239	2.8%
500 Schools/Public	3,107	0.2%	3,107	3,371	0.2%
600 Commercial/Hotels	107,860	5.2%	107,860	117,037	6.5%
Total	2,062,720	100.0%	1,659,863	1,801,090	100.0%

Target Total³ (ccf): 1,801,090

Avg. Annual Culver City Flow⁴ (MGD) 3.6910

1. City-provided water use data (2011/12 Sewer User Charges, Summary by User code).

2. Single- and Multi-Family adjustments reflect landscape-irrigation factors.

3. Total effluent from L.A. Hyperion records (effluent flow meters).

4. From flow meter data for April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011. Email from Public Works Dept, March 29, 2012.

Development of the Customer Allocation Factor

Customer Class	Number of Accounts	Adjusted (if needed)	Percent of Total
101 Single-Family	5,736	5,736	43.16%
102 Multi-Family	6,199	6,199	46.65%
200 Commercial/Business	1,086	1,086	8.17%
300 Commercial/Restaurants	165	165	1.24%
400 Institutional	57	57	0.43%
500 Schools/Public	11	11	0.08%
600 Commercial/Hotels	35	35	0.26%
Total	13,289	13,289	100%

Development of the Strength Allocation Factor									
Customer Class	Adjusted Annual Flow (cfs) ¹	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)			Total Suspended Solids (TSS)			Percent of Total	
		Avg Strength Factor ² (mg/l)	Calculated BOD (lb/yr)	Adjusted BOD (lb/yr)	Percent of Total	Avg Strength Factor ² (mg/l)	Calculated TSS (lb/yr)		Adjusted TSS (lb/yr)
101 Single-Family	435,676	135	529,986	529,986	20.96%	135	478,347	478,347	21.18%
102 Multi-Family	689,323	145	838,543	838,543	33.17%	145	756,839	756,839	33.51%
200 Commercial/Business	402,195	115	489,259	489,259	19.35%	115	441,588	441,588	19.55%
300 Commercial/Restaurants	102,250	135	405,045	405,045	16.02%	135	405,045	405,045	17.94%
400 Institutional	51,239	125	79,911	79,911	3.16%	100	31,964	31,964	1.42%
500 Schools/Public	3,371	50	2,734	2,734	0.11%	50	2,103	2,103	0.09%
600 Commercial/Hotels ³	117,037	250	182,529	182,529	7.22%	150	142,372	142,372	6.30%
Total	1,801,080		2,521,007	2,521,007	100%		2,259,258	2,259,258	100%

1. Reflects irrigation credits for single- and multi-family classes.

2. Estimated BOD/TSS strength factors are from the City's 2003/04 Engineer's Report (Table 2).

3. Estimated BOD/TSS from City's 2003/04 Engineer's Report (Table 2):